湖北省高中名校联盟2023届新高三第一次联合测评

英语试题

本试卷共8页。全卷满分150分。考试用时120分钟。

**注意事项：**

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。

2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。

3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

**第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the woman do?

A. Go out for dinner. B. Work on an article. C. See a movie with Johnson.

2. What does the woman like best?

A. Drawing. B. Shopping. C. Jogging.

3. When does the man want to arrive in Washington?

A. By 9: 00 am. B. By 8: 30 am. C. By 7: 30 am.

4. Which photocopier does the man want to buy?

A. The X40. B. The BT100. C. The RX200.

5. What are the speakers probably talking about?

A. An opera. B. A concert. C. A movie.

**第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）**

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟，听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. How does the man feel about going to the party?

A. Worried. B. Excited. C. Surprised.

7. What does the woman suggest the man do?

A. Talk with Joan.

B. Avoid saying stupid words.

C. Begin a talk with the weather.

听第7段材料，回答第8、9题。

3. What happened on the man’s way to the hotel?

A. The coach ran out of oil.

B. The coach had a breakdown.

C. He waited for one hour on the way.

9. Why did the man want to change the room?

A. His room was very dirty.

B. His room was very small.

C. The guests upstairs were noisy.

听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。

10. Why does the woman say the man is impossible?

A. He is seriously ill.

B. He didn’t see the bills.

C. They can’t afford to go out.

11. How much is the telephone bill?

A. $90. B. $70. C. $80.

12. What will the woman do next?

A. Turn up the heat. B. Go to the movies. C. Call the telephone office.

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What is the woman’s trouble?

A. She failed in an exam.

B. She can’t concentrate in class.

C. She is still confused about the task.

14. What is the man busy with at school?

A. Preparing a play. B. Setting up a club. C. Going to parties.

15. What day is it today?

A. Sunday. B. Friday. C. Saturday.

16. Why does the man decide to take part in the race

A. To support the woman.

B. To support people suffering from cancer.

C. To collect material for his cancer research.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. Who is the speaker most likely talking to?

A. New employees. B. Patients. C. Tourists.

18. Where is the health center?

A. On Tye Road. B. Next to a small garden. C. In the main building.

19. What does the speaker say about the swimming pool?

A. It’s free of charge.

B. It’s open all day long.

C. It’s in the leisure center.

20. Why does the speaker recommend Jenny’s Restaurant?

A. It saves time.

B. Its service is quite good.

C. It has good and cheap food.

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题; 每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

**Four Films Worth Seeing**

**CODA**

Ruby is the only hearing member in her fisherman’s family. She longs to individuate from her parents and pursue her dream to sing, but she feels weighed down by her responsibilities to them. One day, after a choir performance, Ruby’s dad is quiet and reflective. He wants to feel her joy, and to understand why music is so precious to her. So he asks her to sing to him in their backyard later that evening. As Ruby expresses herself and is “heard, ”she feels new power in her life, and so does her family.

**C’ mon, C’ mon**

Johnny is a lonely videographer immersed in a project interviewing kids about their thoughts about the future. His work is interrupted, though, when his sister Viv asks him to watch her son, Jesse. Johnny agrees and becomes a caregiver to his nephew. From caring for Jesse, he learns to understand better his own pain and what brings meaning to one’s life.

**Encanto**

This film is about the Madrigal family — three generations living together. Each member of the family is gifted a power by their magical house except 15-year-old Mirabel, who was never gifted any power. But then the family’s power begins to weaken, and Mirabel goes on a mission to find out why. In the search to help her family, she develops her own gifts. She learns how to listen, to empathize（共情）, and to work hard.

**King Richard**

The movie is about father Richard Williams, and his great drive to make his daughters, Serena and Venus Williams, become tennis superstars. He shows them that they can do or be anything with hard work and belief. Oracene, the Williams girls’ mother, is also determined to offer her support and efforts, even when Richard gets caught up in his focus for them.

21. According to C’mon, C’mon, what does Johnny learn from caring for Jesse?

A. How to become a caregiver.

B. What project to be devoted to.

C. What brings meaning to his life.

D. How to recover from his pain.

22. Which movie best shows parents how to lead kids to success?

A. CODA B. C’ mon, C’ mon

C. Encanto D. King Richard

23. In which column of a newspaper is this text probably found?

A. Entertainment B. Education

C. Lifestyle D. Science

**B**

The COVID-19 pandemic has been a frequent topic of conversation for most of us over the past year. As we dreamt of indoor dining, vacations, and hugging our friends again, my friend Ana texted that her mother, living in Brazil, had been infected by the coronavirus. I won’t go into details here, but the disruption to life in Brazil have been especially upsetting considering their social and cultural norms（规范）.

Ana is Brazilian, and I’m from the US. While living in New York City, we became fast friends despite the few awkward cultural differences I learned to deal with. She was comfortable with intimacy; I preferred to keep my distance. She liked the company of many; I liked the friendship of few. It was awkward for me to lean in for a quick hug, only to be embraced then kissed on the cheeks. To this day, I’m not an excellent cheek kisser, but I try. She is one of many people over the years who have educated me, in a way, about delighting in cultural difference.

I called Ana to check on her mother and I was primarily curious about how social and cultural norms have been affected. It’s difficult, said Ana, because the necessary health regulations are opposite to “what we believe and everything we know about living in a community and displaying feelings of love”, but she hasn’t given up hope. I asked if the shifts made during the pandemic will change cultural norms. “Absolutely not,” said Ana. This is who Brazilians are in nature and change doesn’t happen overnight. They spend a lot of time and energy investing in relationships, and the deeply rooted social conventions won’t change quickly.

Over the years, Ana has shared many stories that emphasize the differences in our upbringing. I delight in our differences, even if kissing on the cheek makes! me uncomfortable. We find our commonalities, like talking with our hands, being expressive, and valuing community. And we learn from our differences. COVID disrupted many things, but through all of this, Ana said, we must constantly be adjusting, understanding, and doing what’s best for our communities and the people we love.

24. Which of the following words can best replace the underlined word in Paragraph 1?

A. Adjustment. B. Disturbance.

C. Commitment. D. Preference.

25. What can we learn about Ann from Paragraph 2?

A. She is good at educating other people.

B. She enjoys the close contact with others.

C. She prefers to stay alone in her own comfort zone.

D. It took a long time for her to make friends with me.

26. Why doesn’t Ana think the pandemic will change social and cultural norms?

A. Because the Brazilians are born to be sociable.

B. Because the social conventions are easy to change.

C. Because the health regulations consist with her beliefs.

D. Because Brazilians rarely value investment in relationships.

27. What would be the best title for the passage?

A. My Attitude towards Friendship

B. A Valuable Lesson in the Pandemic

C. The Influence of COVID-19 on Life

D. My Acceptance of Cultural Differences

**C**

There are many sources of debate on a long Toad trip, including route selection, the choice of snacks, and, probably most importantly, what to Play on the radio. Finding a way for all parties to listen to their own audio without the need for headphones has been a goal of car makers for decades, and scientists may have finally managed it.

A team from the University of Le Mans in France carefully positioned microphones, speakers and filters（过滤器）to create personalised sound zones (PSZs) inside a car, and the small regions are where sound from a set of speakers can be heard clearly. Outside these, it can not be heard.

One barrier which scientists have previously been unable to overcome was the impact of moving one’s seat. They were able to form a PSZ, but unable to move it to follow a person if they moved the seat forwards or backwards.

The French team created a new algorithm(算法) specifically to tackle this issue, which handles the sound waves to create “bright” and “dark” zones in the car. “Loudspeakers are placed in the headrests, and specific filters for each transducer(换能器) are calculated to reproduce a sound signal that maintains good quality in the zone under consideration and is strongly weakened in other zones.” said Dr Lucas Vindrola, the author of the study. “The key to the technique working properly is having sufficient microphones placed around the car to detect how many people are in the car and where they are sitting. The price to pay is to have control microphones in the passenger section, so that the algorithm can work.”

However, the technique is not yet ready to be commercially rolled out as a luxurious optional extra just yet, as it currently works only for a limited range of frequencies.

28. What was once a challenge for scientists?

A. PSZs could hardly be formed.

B. The sound of moving a seat is loud,

C. They couldn’t create movable PSZs.

D. The seats couldn’t be moved back and forth.

29. What is Paragraph 4 mainly about?

A. How the impact of moving one’s seat was addressed.

B. Why enough microphones are placed around the car.

C. When the algorithm can work well for all passengers.

D. Where “bright” and “dark” zones are created in the car.

30. What can we infer about the new technique?

A. It currently works without limitation.

B. It has been put into use commercially.

C. It can function well with enough microphones.

D. It is costly to detect the position of microphones.

31. What is the main purpose of the passage?

A. To launch a new debate.

B. To tackle an old problem.

C. To advertise an algorithm.

D. To introduce a new technology.

**D**

Several days ago Spanish fashion brand Zara sparked a fee debate after releasing its latest campaign featuring a Chinese model with freckles（雀斑）. Actually, there are some different beauty standards between the East and the West.

In East Asia, freckles might be considered a “destructive weakness” for celebrities, especially actors or singers. Although normal people don’t care that much, subconsciously they might prefer a “clean” face. Generally speaking, freckles are more likely to appear if people are out in the sun frequently, and most East Asian women avoid the sun as best they can.

Having freckles, instead, is a trademark for unconventional beauty in the Western world, and some call freckles “angel kisses”. For most westerners, having freckles is no longer just something you have to live with; instead, it is something to be desired. After all, not everyone is lucky enough to have freckles.

When it comes to eye shapes, it seems Western and Chinese beauty standards don’t see eye-to-eye. Many Chinese think girls with big eyes are the most beautiful. If their eyes have a double fold eyelid, that is considered perfect. However, most foreigners seem to prefer Chinese girls with slanted（斜的）and narrow eyes and eyebrows. Chinese known model Lyv Yan is often considered the country’s most beautiful by foreigners, while quite a few Chinese people think her appearance doesn’t fit with traditional beauty standards.

Young, girly feature or hot and mature feature? Zhao Liying from China, Aragaki Yui from Japan and Lim Yoon-A from South Korea enjoy high popularity in Asia, as they boast bright faces with warm smiles, which win them lots of male fans. The three young celebrities represent Asia’s beauty standards: women with cute, girly features. Most women in Asia try their best to stay young accordingly. Unlike Chinese girls, Western girls think a more mature look shows independence and uniqueness. The superhero Wonder Woman is an ideal type for most.

As ties continue to grow between China and the West, it is unavoidable that these beauty standards develop. But one thing’s for sure — no matter how you look, you are who you are, and that should be satisfaction enough.

32. What do most western people think of having freckles?

A. It is something unbearable.

B. It is a destructive weakness.

A. It is something to wish for.

D. It is a symbol of traditional beauty.

33. What do the underlined words “see eye-to-eye” mean in Paragraph 4?

A. Have the same opinion.

B. Recognize their strengths.

C. Misunderstand each other.

D. Argue against one another.

34. Why do western girls prefer to appear mature?

A. They think this beauty standard is better.

B. They want to look independent and unique.

C. They hope to have high popularity in Asia.

D. They admire Wonder Woman very much.

35. What does the text mainly talk about?

A. What Zara’s beauty standard is.

B. Why Chinese people don’t like freckles.

C. What causes the different beauty standards.

D. How easterners and westerners think of beauty.

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Perhaps you’ve sopped doing what you want because you’re afraid of what others think of you. You feel that you must do what they expect and that you must meet their expectations, otherwise you’ll lose their approval 36 Then, you’ll be able to do what you want freely.

Think about yourself, about what you really like and are interested in. You must lead your life independently. 37 However, you might feel afraid to do it because you’ve always done everything to gain the approval of others. You need to get out of that zone, move to new places, and explore your full potential.

By surrounding yourself with people who think like you, you’ll realize that you don’t feel judged. Then, you’ll start doing what you really want. 38 Your new friends will integrate into your life and you’ll also keep your genuine friends. On the other hand, those who are always ready to see the negative and question what you’re trying to do will drift away.

To overcome your fear of what others think and of their non-approval, you should start talking about your plans. For instance, you might want to tell a handful of friends about your wishes and dreams 39 You’ll feel confident in yourself and you’ll be able to go on your new path without any fear.

It’s unavoidable that not everything will be plain sailing, and you’ll find obstacles along your way. 40 People in your environment often don’t understand what you do no matter how much you explain it, so ignore them.

A. There is no need to think about what you want.

B. You don’t have to change your circle of friends.

C. Your life belongs to you, as well as your actions.

D. By talking to them, you’ll be able to organize your plans and ideas.

E. If this is the case, it’s time to start working on your self-esteem（自尊）.

F. You must do what you want without being affected by what others think.

G. However, you must trust in yourself and seek the necessary strength to move forward.

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Today’s birthday gift was to my friend Oscar in Portland who is unhoused. I got him a $50 Kroger 41 so that he can buy fresh fruits and vegetables. Oscar and I have been talking a lot about his health and how important 42 is. It’s really 43 for Oscar to get good food. Most of what is 44 to him are not fresh foods. As he has an immune（免疫的）disease, these kinds of foods are really making it 45 . Now that spring is here, 46 , he can get fresher produce.

I 47 him to the book called Fiber Fueled. After reading it, I started learning to make meals just from plants. The more I learn about plant fueled eating, the better I feel about this decision. And this book is specifically about 48 the body’s capacity to cure itself. So my friend 49 the book from the library and it will come in so. He wants to learn about this too since he has serious immune issues. That’s how he lost his job and then his 50 .

I want him to 51 , and find a job and a home again. And I won’t stop helping him until that 52 . Once my social security checks come in, I plan to make sure he gets Kroger cards every time I get paid so that he has plenty of fresh produce.

Oscar’s page on Twitter is @MyHomelesMeals. More than anything, he shows 53 for every single person who helps him on a daily 54 . He always shares what we send if he can, too. He recently joined Service Space because he said their mission statement is 55 with his values. He’s quite an exceptional young man.

41. A. card B. cake C. book D. dinner

42. A. medicine B. treatment C. nutrition D. communication

43. A. splendid B. incredible C. impossible D. difficult

44. A. turned in B. given out C. sorted out D. focused on

45. A. worse B. better C. easier D. healthier

46. A. definitely B. desperately C. endlessly D. hopefully

47. A. introduced B. distributed C. presented D. devoted

48. A. making up for B. taking hold of C. making room for D. taking advantage of

49. A. packaged B. preferred C. ordered D. Searched

50. A. family B. apartment C. plants D. friends

51. A. emerge B. recover C. shine D. tolerate

52. A. passes B. varies C. happens D. updates

53. A. affection B. passion C. confidence D. gratitude

54. A. basis B. range C. target D. pursuit

55. A. content B. concerned C. consistent D. familiar

**第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Shenzhou-13 return capsule, carrying the three Chinese astronauts, Zhai Zhigang, Wang Yaping and Ye Guangfu, 56 (safe) landed back on Earth on Saturday morning after a record breaking six-month mission in space. China declared the Shenzhou-13 mission 57 complete success after the medical team waiting on site confirmed that all three astronauts were 58 good health.

Zhai, the commander of the mission, was the first 59 (come) out of the capsule, waving his hand to the cheering crowd on site with a big smile. He said he felt very good. He 60 (follow) by Wang, the first female Chinese astronaut who had entered China’s space station. “I want to tell my daughter, mom returned after reaching for the stars,” she said. Ye 61 (exit) last from the capsule. “My first fight to space lasted six 62 (month), which was a challenge to me. My space dream came true,” he said.

During the six-month journey in the space station, the crew confirmed key technologies for the construction of the space station, 63 (involve) in-orbit transposition of spacecraft and robotic arm operation of heavy loads. Besides 64 (science) missions, the crew also gave two live science lectures from the space station, during 65 they conducted various experiments and answered questions from students watching the class on Earth.

**第四部分 写作（共两节；满分40分）**

**第一节 （满分15分）**

假如你是李华，你们学校下周将举办首届茶文化交流节，英国罗素中学 (Rossell School) 的部分师生受邀来参加活动。你作为学生代表，将在为他们举办的欢迎会上发言，请你写一篇发言稿。要点如下：

1. 表示欢迎；

2. 介绍交流节活动；

3. 邀请对方分享英国茶文化。

注意：

1. 词数80左右：

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

**第二节（满分25分）**

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

“Go back, Mom! Go back!” shouted my six-year-old daughter, June. I quickly turned around to cast my doubtful eyes on the back seat, worried I had forgotten her younger sister. I was relieved to see the girls safe and sit in their car seats, but June’s expression was one of pure anxiety. “Mom, we have to go back,” she insisted. “Someone needs our help!”

As I looked back from the drive’s seat, I spotted a young man in rags playing his guitar. His skinny, poor-looking dog rested next to his feet near an old, worn cardboard sign that read, “Homeless, please help.”

We’d come across homeless people before and had talked about their needs and struggle. I should seize the chance to set a good example for my daughters to give a helping hand. So I searched for some cash, only to find I had nothing but credit cards. “I’m sorry, sweetheart, but I don’t have any cash,” I said. “I have some, Mom!” June replied. She opened her little pink purse and pulled out a five-dollar bill. “Oh, good. I’ll pay you back when we get home,” I responded with a sigh of relief. “No, Mom,” she insisted, “I want to help him. I don’t want you to pay me back. I want to give him my money.”

As we drove down the crowded rows of the parking lot, I reassured her that we would get to him. When we got there, I called out, “Excuse me, sir!” He cautiously walked toward our car and answered, “Yes, ma’am?” “Here you go, sir. ”June stretched out her entire body to hand him her five-dollar bill through the window and explained, “I want you to have this.” He smiled and hesitatingly asked, “This was your money?” “Yes! I want you to have it,” she proudly answered. “Thank you,” he said, touched by her thoughtfulness

We exchanged a smile, and as we drove away, my younger daughter Scarlett began to cry. I hadn’t noticed that she had emptied her purse and was holding two quarters in her tiny hands.

注意：

1. 续写词数应为150左右；

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

“Mom, I wanted to help, too, ”she sobbed.

Now with tears in his eyes, he said in disbelief. “You want to help me?”