

绝密★启用前

三湘名校教育联盟·2020届高三第二次大联考

英 语

本试卷共 8 页。全卷满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其它答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试题和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.18.

C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What can we learn from the conversation?

A. The woman doesn't have a computer.

B. Martha will use the man's computer.

C. The woman will use the man's computer.

2. How many apples does the man want to buy?

A. Eighteen.

B. Twenty-four.

C. Thirty-six.

3. What did the woman probably do yesterday?

A. She held a birthday party.

B. She bought a gift for her mother.

C. She went shopping with her mother.

4. How much change will the woman get?

A. Five dollars.

B. Ten dollars.

C. Fifteen dollars.

5. What do we know about the man?

A. He won't be given a day off.

B. He didn't finish the papers on time.

C. He has finished the papers ahead of schedule.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. How many stories does the building of the hospital have?

A. 5.

B. 12.

C. 13.

7. How will the man get there?

A. On foot.

B. By bus.

C. By taxi.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What will the man do on Monday?

A. Have his wedding.

B. Have a meeting.

C. See a doctor.

9. What is wrong with the man?

A. He has a toothache.

B. He has a headache.

C. He has a stomachache.

10. What is probably the woman?

A. A nurse.

B. A patient.

C. A waitress.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What does the man like?

A. Watching TV.

B. Cooking.

C. Washing up.

12. What can't the woman stand doing?

A. The cleaning work after the meal.

B. The noise caused by the guests.

C. The difficulty in buying the foods.

13. What kind of food does the man start to cook?

A. Italian food.

B. Indian food.

C. Chinese food.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. What is the boy's favorite food?

A. Ham and cookies.

B. Salad and bread.

C. Pudding and ham.

15. Which team is the boy in now?

A. Football team.

B. Basketball team.

C. Volleyball team.

16. What kind of sport does the boy's father play?

A. Golf.

B. Basketball.

C. Football.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. How long will the West Lake Expo last?

A. About ten days.

B. About twenty days.

C. More than thirty days.

18. Which activity is included in the West Lake Expo?

A. Dancing.

B. Painting.

C. Meeting.

19. What did Marco Polo say about Hangzhou?

A. The cultural center of ancient China.

B. The economic center of ancient China.

C. One of the most beautiful cities in the world.

20. What award has Hangzhou been given?

A. China's Clean City.

B. China's Green City.

C. China's Excellent Forest City.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出最佳选项。

A

In the last 50 years, sea surface temperatures around Antarctica have risen by 1—2℃, which is more than twice the global average.

Loss of species

Global warming could basically change the ecosystem, leading to the loss of some species. Sharks are going to arrive in Antarctica as long as the warming trend continues, a bit more slowly

than crabs—crabs are going to get there first, but once they do get there they are able to eat the organisms that live there.

Professor Wilga said the arrival of sharks and shell-crushing bony fishes would lead to great changes in the number and proportions(比例) of species found there.

Shrimp, ribbon worms and brittle stars are likely to be the most attackable to population declines. Animals living in shallow water in Antarctica are unique on Earth today because they evolved(进化) in a very cold environment over tens of millions of years.

Extreme conditions

In the course of a process we call Antarctic cooling that started about 40 million years ago, all major seafloor predators such as sharks and crabs went extinct in Antarctica because they were not able to deal with these extreme conditions.

However, today global warming is removing barriers to invasions and we've seen recently that crabs, especially king crabs, are on the doorstep of Antarctica—they can potentially re-invade the shallow waters if warming continues.

Urgent local and global actions are needed to protect this last environment and measures are needed to stop alien species being brought in through ships.

Strange creatures

Animals that live on the seafloor of Antarctica are some of the strangest creatures on Earth. The extreme cold and darkness has presented huge challenges to marine life over the passage of time, leading to the evolution of fish equipped with anti-freeze proteins in their blood.

21. How will these alien species affect the ecosystem in Antarctica?
- A. They will change the extremely cold conditions in Antarctica.
B. They will change the numbers and proportions of species in Antarctica.
C. The sea surface temperature of Antarctica will rise more quickly.
D. The number of shrimp and ribbon worms will increase in Antarctica.
22. How does the author feel about the alien species' invasion to Antarctica?
- A. Worried. B. Doubtful. C. Satisfied. D. Excited.
23. Which is the best title of this passage?
- A. Creatures in Antarctica Are Unique
B. The Extreme Conditions in Antarctica
C. Alien Species Are Not Found in Antarctica
D. Alien Species May Change Antarctic Ecosystem

B

As seniors in college looking forward to life's next goals—graduation and employment—it is essential to have a sense of feeling important. Every time I look through job listings, there is a small, and sometimes not so small current running through my mind, spitting out little charges that are meant to stop me from even applying. The charges come in the form of words that seem to shout out like “It is not even worth trying!” or “You look as if you were a qualified man. . .”

I met with a professor last week about a specific posting that really got me excited. Maybe the first time I could actually imagine myself in a position. I do not want to tell you which one because then there will be one more person applying for it. However, the professor said to me, “You and thousands of other people are interested in that job.” His response successfully dampened(抑制) my initial enthusiasm. So I went back to work on my cover letter, feeling like one little itty-bitty(极小的) sardine swimming in a school of thousands, with far less motivation than I had initially.

Of course, the realities are good, and we should never feel deserving of, or entitled to, a position. I would say there are only a few select students out there. The cream, who has academic

advantages,would be sure to stand out. The rest of us, struggling through our course loads, are the crop. But being the crop does not make us any less important!

The point is that, like the old Hasidic story goes in Jewish tradition, we should always remember to carry two slips of paper in our pockets, especially during times of challenge and transition. When feeling beat down, or lost within a school of sardines, take out one slip of paper that says “For my sake, the world was created”. But for fear that you become a person filled with self-importance, carry a second slip of paper to serve as a gentle reminder, “I am but dust and ashes.”

24. What does the author imply in Paragraph 1?

- A. He doesn't want to work after graduation.
- B. He has no confidence in finding a good job.
- C. He tries to behave himself after graduation.
- D. He shows no interest in most jobs in the list.

25. After talking with the professor, the author was _____.

- A. inspired B. confused C. discouraged D. embarrassed

26. What does the underlined part “the crop” in Paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. The plants in the field. B. Common members of a group.
- C. Those who enjoy their life. D. Those who are tied to a position.

27. What's suggested in the last paragraph?

- A. Control our feelings when faced with different problems.
- B. Read as many old stories as possible in our daily life.
- C. Learn how to make ourselves important to others.
- D. Understand the function of two sheets of paper.

C

Will November 11 Singles Day replace Black Friday in America? Officially in America, Thanksgiving is a major holiday before Christmas, falling on the fourth Thursday of November. The day after that is what is known as Black Friday, a holiday that marks the beginning of the Christmas shopping season.

Black Friday is so called because, first, it occurs on a Friday; second, sellers put so many items on sale that always they'll sell a lot and make a profit and return to being “in black”— in the old days, profit figures were recorded in the accounting book with black ink (while losses are recorded with red).

Black Friday is synonymous with the biggest shopping day of the year in America, just as November 11 Singles Day is celebrated as the biggest shopping day in China. In 2019, for example, Chinese e-commerce giants Alibaba and JD.com reported more than \$60 billion in sales. In comparison, Adobe Analytics, the retail (零售) data tracking service, estimates that the long U. S. holiday shopping weekend generated total retail sales of \$29 billion. Singles Day 2019's record sales made Black Friday look like a church bazaar. In other words, Chinese sales will have dwarfed (使显得矮小) their American counterparts. This is what leads some people to talking about Singles Day replacing Black Friday as the biggest shopping day of the year.

“In terms of figures, they have a point. But that's where the comparison ends.” said Zhang Xin, trainer at China Daily, “I don't believe in talking big and bragging about facts and figures. I believe Americans will continue to enjoy their holiday tradition as fervently as ever.”

“On the Chinese side, I'm just happy that Chinese single people will have a day to remember and to celebrate in their name.” Zhang Xin said, “Being single can be tough, so I think Singles Day is a great day to mark in their name. If it is really any consolation, for those single people who don't have any money to spend on that particular day, it can be extra tough. Besides, no matter

how much you spend as a single person, you are still single person. Still and all, since every dog has its day, I think, by and large, all things considered, it helps to have a day named after one self.”

28. When does Black Friday fall?

- A. On the fourth Thursday of November. B. On the fourth Friday of November.
C. The day before Thanksgiving Day. D. The day before Christmas Day.

29. What does the question in the first paragraph serve as?

- A. A summary B. A background C. An argument D. A lead-in

30. Why do some people think Black Friday will be replaced by Singles Day?

- A. Because the population in China is larger than that in America.
B. Because people in America pay less attention to Black Friday.
C. Because Singles Day brings more retail sales than Black Friday.
D. Because there is increasing number of single people in America.

31. What does Zhang Xin really want to say in the last two paragraphs?

- A. Americans don't like November 11 Singles Day.
B. Black Friday may not be replaced by November 11 Singles Day.
C. November 11 Singles Day shouldn't be marked for those poor single people.
D. It's meaningless to compare Black Friday with November 11 Singles Day by figures.

D

A Dutch company has developed technology to follow the movements and activities of cows. The high-tech system, powered by AI and motion sensors, is called “The Intelligent Dairy Farmer’s Assistant.” The company, Connecterra, launched the system in the United States in December after several years of testing and operations in Europe.

A device is put around the neck of the cow to record its movements. This information is then processed by a computer that uses AI to learn about the animal’s behavior over time. The system can tell farmers what the cow is doing in real time. This information can help predict when cattle get sick, become less productive or are ready for mating.

Richard Watson owns the Seven Oaks Dairy in Waynesboro, Georgia. He was one of the first American farmers to use the high-tech system.

“It can pick up whether the cow is eating, whether it is walking, whether it is drinking, whether it is laying down, standing up.”

Watson said the system is a big help because it is impossible for farmers to keep up with the activities of each cow individually. He added that having a computer identify which of his 2,000 cattle need attention could help improve farm productivity by up to 10 percent. He estimates this difference could greatly increase his profits.

“Just a 10 percent or five percent increase, or improvement in productivity, means hundreds of thousands of dollars to us, aside from the fact that we just want happier and healthier and more welfare in our animals, anyway.”

The founder and head of Connecterra is Yasir Khokhar. He says the idea for the system came while he was living on a dairy farm south of Amsterdam.

“It turns out the technology farmers use is really outdated in many aspects,” Khokhar told the Associated Press. He added that most of the technology that does exist is difficult to use. He says modern agriculture greatly needs new technology like this.

The company says information about the cows can be collected and seen on a cellphone or other mobile device. A text message can also inform farmers of concerns involving the animals.

32. How does “the Intelligent Dairy Farmer’s Assistant” help farmers?

- A. By giving alarms to farmers.

- B. By focusing farmers' attention on cattle.
C. By sending real-time information about cows to farmers.
D. By telling farmers which cow is less productive or ready to mate.
33. What's Watson's attitude towards the high-tech system?
A. Indifferent. B. Neutral. C. Passive. D. Confident.
34. Why did Khokhar come up with the idea of the high-tech system?
A. Because he once lived on a dairy farm.
B. Because some agricultural technologies were out of date.
C. Because he wanted to increase the income of farmers.
D. Because some farming systems turned out to be a failure.
35. What does the passage mainly talk about?
A. Modern agriculture in America.
B. Ways of raising cows more efficiently.
C. A Dutch company known as a high-tech system.
D. "Smart Farm" technology tracking behavior of cows.

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

The Spring Equinox(春分)

The traditional Chinese lunar calendar divides a year into 24 solar terms. The Spring Equinox, as the fourth term of the year starts on March 20 and ends on April 4 in 2020. 36. On the day of the Spring Equinox, sun is directly above the equator(赤道). After the equinox, the sun moves northwards, resulting in gradually longer day time in the Northern Hemisphere and longer night in the Southern Hemisphere.

The ancient Chinese people divided the fifteen days of the Spring Equinox into three "hou's" or five-day parts. 37; thunder cracks the sky in the second hou; lightning occurs frequently in the third hou, which vividly reveals the climate feature during the Spring Equinox.

38. It is an old custom that dates back to 4,000 years ago. People practice this tradition to celebrate the coming of spring. It is believed that if someone can make the egg stand, he will have good luck in the future. Some believe that the Spring Equinox is the best time to practice this game because on this day the axis of the earth is relatively balanced against the orbital plane of the earth's rotation around the sun, which makes it easier to erect an egg.

Spring Equinox is also a good time to fly kites. 39. So to pray for health, they wrote their medical issues on paper kite. When the kite was in the air, people would cut off the string to let the paper kite float away, symbolizing the flying away of diseases. 40. On the Spring Equinox, people write a blessing on the kite, hoping that the gods in the sky would see it.

- A. Later flying kites developed into a popular game of spring
B. In ancient times, people did not have good medical resources
C. The Spring Equinox signals the equal length of the day and night time
D. It suggests that people flying kites help preserve health and bring good luck
E. Farmers will reward cattle with sticky rice balls to express their gratefulness
F. As the old saying goes, swallows fly back to the North in the first hou
G. Standing an egg upright is a popular game across the country during the Spring Equinox

第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

There's a program for middle schools called Treps that teaches kids about business and

product development. The students are given the task to learn to 41 products on their own, and at the end of the program the school gym is 42 up like a trade show where all the kids get to sell the products. They each get a 43, make signs and dress up a little. The school gym is 44 to the public and attracts a crowd.

Some of the kids there 45 have a crowd at their stand, because the products made by themselves are unique and interesting. But there are some other kids, with 46 that aren't very good, just don't stand out, aren't getting attention. At first, they stand there with a 47 face but later you can see the 48 in their eyes because everyone walks by the stands uninterested. I always think it 49 to visit the stands of those kids, buy something, and 50 them for how hard they must have worked on it. Just the confirmation that someone likes what they make and notices their effort can 51 them. I usually bring \$100 to this event merely for this 52. As the night goes on, if they still haven't sold much, I will send my daughter over there to buy something from them.

The other day, as an education expert, I was 53 with some parents about this. They asked me why I encouraged the kids who made terrible products, saying "54 confirmation means they won't learn anything". I told them, "These kids know their products aren't a 55, but that doesn't mean they should 56. It takes courage to 57 there and try to sell their products. If nobody buys anything, or nobody 58 their effort, they will probably quit next time." Hearing these, all the parents agreed.

A little encouragement can go a 59 way and sometimes a small lie can be a big 60 in the right direction.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. try | B. deliver | C. design | D. find |
| 42. A. turned | B. rolled | C. given | D. set |
| 43. A. guide | B. table | C. stand | D. cottage |
| 44. A. respectful | B. good | C. amazing | D. open |
| 45. A. always | B. never | C. seldom | D. again |
| 46. A. creations | B. targets | C. situations | D. paintings |
| 47. A. angry | B. curious | C. cheerful | D. autious |
| 48. A. disappointment | B. excitement | C. desire | D. expectation |
| 49. A. impossible | B. simple | C. strange | D. necessary |
| 50. A. allow | B. reward | C. praise | D. award |
| 51. A. shake | B. value | C. kill | D. encourage |
| 52. A. subject | B. purpose | C. trial | D. experience |
| 53. A. arguing | B. dealing | C. discussing | D. comparing |
| 54. A. constant | B. false | C. direct | D. correct |
| 55. A. challenge | B. hit | C. contribution | D. standard |
| 56. A. fall in | B. slip away | C. turn up | D. give up |
| 57. A. stand up | B. step forward | C. get away | D. work out |
| 58. A. notices | B. appreciates | C. announces | D. needs |
| 59. A. boring | B. active | C. basic | D. long |
| 60. A. burden | B. experiment | C. push | D. problem |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容(1 个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

Despite the sudden jump in imported infections in the past few days, the number of inbound trips 61. _____ (be) 120,000 on average a day since the WHO declared the novel coronavirus (新型冠状病毒) outbreak a pandemic (流行病) on March 11, 62. _____ is an 80 percent drop year-on-year, according to the National Immigration Administration.

A number of Chinese 63. _____ (live) abroad are returning to China regardless of the huge economic cost and difficulties involved. The fact 64. _____ (reflect) the effectiveness of the prevention and control measures. 65. _____ (compare) with foreign countries, the Chinese government's resolute and comprehensive response have met the 66. _____ (expect) of the Chinese people.

Therefore, the returnees' (海归的) choice should be respected if they fulfill the prevention and control requirements of both China and their host country.

The wrongdoings of a few returnees who hid their symptoms at airports 67. _____ thus forced their close contacts into quarantine (隔离期), too, should not remind the government 68. _____ (close) the door to its own people.

But such issues can be resolved by systemic reform, effective distribution of labor and introduction of advanced technology. Also, the fact that China's approach, which has always been aimed at corporate and 69. _____ (peace) development and common good, has proved effective in the fight 70. _____ the pandemic shows it can be used as reference by other countries.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (Λ), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下画一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

Dear Jonah,

I'm Li Hua, chairman of the Students' Union of your school. I'm writing this letter to invite you to take part in the open ceremony of our school choir. We will be honor to invite you to give us speech on campus songs, for which we're told that you're not only a successful professor, and also a good singer. We would appreciate them if you could give us some advices on singing skills before listening to our songs.

We will be extreme grateful if you can manage to come. We're looking forward to your early reply.

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假设你是李华, 收到了正在学中文的外国朋友 Peter 送给你的马克吐温写的一本书 *The Adventures of Tom Sawyer* (《汤姆索亚历险记》), 作为回赠, 你想送一本能体现中国文化的书, 请给 Peter 写封电子邮件。

要点: 1. 对他表达感谢和对这本书的喜欢;

2. 简单介绍你赠送的这本书;

3. 希望他了解中国文化。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear Peter,

Yours,

Li Hua