**绍兴市2024年浙江高考科目考试适应性试卷**

**英语试题**

第一部分听力（共两节，满分30分）

第一节（共5小题；每小题1. 5分，满分7. 5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What class will Charles choose?

A. The Geography class. B. The Science class. C. The Literature class.

2. Why does the woman call the man?

A. To place an order. B. To make a complaint. C. To arrange a delivery date.

3. What day is it today?

A. Saturday. B. Sunday. C. Monday.

4. Where will the speakers probably meet the woman’s mother?

A. At the farm house. B. At the hotel cafe. C. At the restaurant.

5. What does the woman mean?

A. She wishes to take up the position.

B. She is used to working over the weekends.

C. She is hesitant to take over the responsibility.

第二节（共15小题；每小题1. 5分，满分22. 5分）

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. What kind of room did the man book?

A. A single room. B. A presidential suite. C. A double room.

7. How does the hotel deal with the mixup?

A. They give Charles his reserved room.

B. They allow Charles a generous discount.

C. They offer Charles the suite for no extra charge.

听第7段材料，回答第8至10题。

8. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Salesman and customer. B. Fellow workers. C. Teacher and student.

9. What does the man suggest the woman do?

A. Find another pleasant job.

B. Devote herself to the present job.

C. Return to college for self-improvement.

10. How does the woman sound?

A. Unconfident. B. Impatient. C. Disappointed.

听第8段材料，回答第11至13题。

11. What does the man do?

A. A doctor. B. A teacher. C. A musician.

12. Why did the man drop out of college?

A. He got tired of schooling.

B. He lost his mother to cancer.

C. He wanted to get on-the-job training.

13. What do we know about Raphael?

A. He was open-minded.

B. He was a strict teacher.

C. He started a Chinese music group.

听第9段材料，回答第14至17题。

14. Where does the dialogue happen?

A. At the customs office. B. At the airport. C. At a delivery station.

15. What does the man want to deliver?

A. Some books. B. Some brochures. C. Some DVDs.

16. How much should the man pay if he uses International Signed For?

A. f9. 50. B. £10. 50. C. £11. 50.

17. How will the man deliver his package?

A. By surface mail. B. By airmail. C. By Air Sure.

听第10段材料，回答第18至20题。

18. How soon will the speaker get his novel published?

A. In two months. B. In three months. C. In eight months.

19. What led the speaker to switch his major in university?

A. The poor job prospect as a reporter.

B. His lasting passion for fiction-writing.

C. The heavy pressure from the professor.

20. What does the speaker mainly talk about?

A. His writing experiences. B. His childhood hobby. C. His working career.

第二部分阅读理解（共两节，满分50分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题2. 5分，满分37. 5分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳答案。

A

**Have you heard of these four monuments?**

Carhenge. Floralis Genérica. Traffic Light Tree. Hand of the Desert-these are four unusual monuments from around the world you might like to visit.

• **Carhenge**

Carhenge is in Alliance, Nebraska （USA）. As the name suggests, it has a lot in common with Stonehenge, the famous stone circle on Salisbury Plain. But while Stonehenge was built with stones, Carhenge was created with cars. The monument was made in 1987 by a local artist Jim Reinders and his family. He used old cars and even an ambulance. At first, the people of Alliance didn't like it, but they soon changed their minds after it became popular with tourists, who brought lots of money to the town.

**• Floralis Genérica**

Floralis Genérica is a massive statue of a flower. It stands in a pool of water in front of the National Museum of Fine Arts in Buenos Aires, Argentina. Eduardo Catalano, a native of Argentina, gave the statue as a gift to the city in 2002. Every morning, the flower opens. Ask anyone who has seen it and they'll tell you that watching it open is an unforgettable sight. In fact, many people believe it is one of the most beautiful statues in the world.

**• Traffic Light Tree**

The Traffic Light Tree is situated at Heron Quay, in one of London's financial districts. The tree has 75 sets of traffic lights. It was created by French artist, Pierre Vivant, and was installed in 1998. A computer controls the lights, which are turned on and off randomly. The roundabout where the tree is was voted the most popular roundabout in the UK in a recent survey.

• **Mano del Desierto （Hand of the Desert）**

The Hand of the Desert is in the Atacama Desert in Chile. The sculpture was designed by the Chilean sculptor Mario Irarrazabal. From a distance, it looks as if there's a giant in the sand who has stuck his hand out of the ground.

If you're looking for something new to see, you know where to go!

21. Why did the people of Alliance change their attitude toward Carhenge?

A. It reminded them of Stonehenge. B. It brought them financial benefits.

C. It added beauty to their community. D. It displayed the creativity of the designer.

22. Which of the four monuments was designed by a foreign artist?

A. Carhenge. B. Floralis Genérica.

C. Traffic Light Tree. D. Mano del Desierto.

23. Where is the text probably from?

A. A guide book. B. A news report.

C. A science magazine. D. An architecture advertisement.

B

Lima, the capital of Peru, is the world's second largest desert city. The region is water-stressed. The annual rainfall is less than 4 cm. Access to water is an ongoing problem for the residents in and around the South American capital.

When industrial engineer Abel Cruz was a boy, his weekly work was to climb down a valley in the foothills of the Peruvian Andes to fetch the family's water from a spring. "It was downhill from the house, far away and steep, " he says. Cruz began dreaming up better ways to collect water. Then he noticed that subtropical plants capture rain and mist with their wide leaves. Actually Lima doesn't lack in humidity (湿度), averaging 83% year-round. Located in the foothills of the Andean mountains, it is close to the Pacific Ocean, which ensures that blankets of dense fog roll in for three-quarters of a year. Eventually, Abel Cruz struck upon the idea of a fog net.

Each upraised net is 20 square metres, where micro-droplets of water suspended in the foggy atmosphere condense(凝结) and drip down into collection tanks. Approximately 200 to 400 litres of water is collected daily from each net. Locals can fetch it in buckets for small-scale farming. Working in Lima with support from the Creating Water Foundation, Cruz has installed over 3, 600 nets on hillsides around the city to capture fog drifting in from the Pacific Ocean. Cruz raised funds for hundreds of nets in Peru with his revolutionary initiative Peruvians Without Water. He aims to set up even more fog harvesters, and to treat the water to make it drinkable.

"The planet has less and less fresh water, "Cruz points out, "because the glaciers that are natural reservoirs are disappearing. So we must find a way to accumulate and save water for times of drought. " The technology is life-changing for the poor households who normally have to rely on water tanks being delivered to them. His approach ends extreme poverty and brings rural development. Moreover, he is trying to bring healthy and clean water also to urban areas lacking water.

24. Why does the author mention Cruz's childhood experience in paragraph 2?

A. To illustrate the urgency of reducing poverty.

B. To highlight his responsibility for the family.

C. To trace the origin of Cruz's great invention.

D. To stress Lima's terrible geographical conditions.

25. What do we know about Cruz's invention?

A. It was inspired from subtropical plants.

B. It used collection tanks to condense water.

C. It lowered costs in building irrigation channels.

D. It solved the drinking water issue with fog harvesters.

26. What may Abel Cruz's efforts lead to?

A. Guaranteeing crop harvests in Peru.

B. Promoting the recycle of water resources.

C. Ending poverty by improving traditional farming.

D. Improving the life quality for people in water-stressed areas.

27. What's the author's purpose in writing the passage?

A. To describe the functions of an innovative fog-catcher.

B. To call people's attention to the worsening water crisis.

C. To seek more support in raising funds for water collection.

D. To introduce Abel Cruz's invention and its great significance.

C

To build a prosperous (繁荣的) society, a fundamental understanding of the modern economy as a driving force in today's world is essential.

What kind of prosperity have we achieved so far? The widespread definition of prosperity focuses on economic power and growth as measures of success. Let's take a look at history. The Second Industrial Revolution enabled mass production and created a sufficient supply of goods. This has greatly increased the importance of money in its role as "a store of value, " and "a medium of exchange. "As a result, we have pursued economic power as the only indicator of prosperity, such as GDP. Waves of globalization and technological evolution have promoted overall economic growth, but have allowed the few who are strong to achieve greater power while exploiting the many who are weak. Consequently, inequality has worsened, and disunity has intensified.

The path to a truly prosperous world requires a shift in focus towards the most suitable happiness for all, in addition to economic power. Defining happiness, however, is a complex task. What makes people happy? The degree to which the same thing creates happiness differs from person to person. Happiness is subjective and complicated. This is a world of "multiple values" where each of us determines worth as opposed to "one fixed price" based merely on an economic perspective. Individuals shouldn't be defined by a single identity or role but by multidimensional nature as well as multiple roles making independent choices and taking actions for their happiness in different aspects.

Businesses must be pioneers in pursuing not only economic growth but also the happiness of all citizens of society. Companies can contribute through the pursuit of social value as well as economic profit. At the heart of this lies "purpose". A company's purpose defines the value it brings to society. The true worth of a company should be determined not just by the return s it creates for shareholders but by the value it creates for society as a whole.

28. What is the author's attitude to the widely accepted standard of prosperity?

A. Indifferent. B. Critical. C. Uncertain. D. Approving.

29. What is the side effect of technological evolution?

A. The slower economic growth speed.

B. The sharp reduction of job opportunities.

C. The enlarged gap between the rich and the poor.

D. The increasing conflict between different nations.

30. Which statement will the author agree with according to the passage?

A. Happiness is changeable and beyond control.

B. Happiness largely depends on economic power.

C. The pursuit of profit determines a company's true worth.

D. A prosperous world should be measured by multiple values.

31. Who are the main intended readers of the text?

A. Social psychologists. B. Enterprise administrators.

C. School educators. D. Technological researchers.

D

A recent survey in the US found that Gen Z-ers and Millennials (千禧一代） visit libraries more often than their parents or grandparents. The young love libraries because they are secure, comfortable, free and-as my 11-year-old would say-"aesthetic". This means they look good in the background of an Instagram post or TikTok video. It's also a great place to meet people. If you're both young and in a library, chances are you have similar interests.

And then, too, there are the books. Gen Z-ers are turning out to be big readers, especially of paper books. Even though, or perhaps because, they have in their pockets the most limitlessly distracting devices ever invented, many are deliberately choosing to pick up a piece of 15th-century technology instead. They like the fact that books are self-contained and require concentration.

There is, sometimes, a sense of nostalgic (怀旧的) cosplay in the way young people read. In New York, for example, the latest TikTok-fuelled craze is reading with strangers in bars. You have to buy a ticket in advance, and then you all gather and sit in silence for 30 minutes, reading whatever book you've brought along. Like an expensive version of going to the library, except that afterwards you all have a drink and talk about books.

The very thought of it makes me suffer, but that's because I'm a child of the 1970s and 80s. To me, reading is a private pleasure, while screens-TV or cinema-are social. I did once, in a fit of ambitious parenting, introduce a "family reading hour", during which my husband and children were pressed to join me at the fireside for some silent reading. It could not have felt more performative if we had dressed up in top hats and crinolines (旧时的衬裙). But still, I applaud these young readers — for knowing what is good for them, for seeking out human connection, for finding the beauty and pleasure in old institutions, and for bringing new life to the library.

32. Which of the following is a reason why the young love libraries?

A. They enjoy the sense of safety and freedom.

B. They are free to use social media in libraries.

C. They consider e-reading a way to discover beauty.

D. They expect to meet people with different interests.

33. What do we know about the latest TikTok-fuelled craze in New York?

A. It's a trend of reading with the family in bars.

B. It's a learning approach advocating silent reading.

C. It's a gathering attended by strangers free of charge.

D. It's a reading fashion integrating the old and the new.

34. What can be learned about the author's understanding of reading from paragraph 4?

A. It is a delightful social experience. B. It is a way of personal enjoyment.

C. It is a significant parenting pattern. D. It is a painful routine practice.

35. Which of the following is the best title for the text?

A. A Gen Z Way to Refresh Libraries

B. A Realistic Look of Library Reading

C. A Broad View of Libraries and Social Media

D. A New Way to See Human Connection with Libraries

第二节（共5小题；每小题2. 5分，满分12. 5分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Dear Fresher, joining a university can be a pleasant but challenging experience: horrific and yet beautiful, scary but exciting. 36

Do not panic if, like me, you do not make friends on the first day or week. Before I met Sanaa, I had tried to force myself to make friends with classmates in my other majors. Then I was starting to get convinced that there was something wrong with me. 37 Eventually, when I started making more friends, it made sense why the friendships I had forced did not work out. It was my first lesson in understanding my uniqueness, and reminding me that my "friends" are somewhere, out there. 38

So, dear Fresher, as I say welcome to university life, I am also saying, give yourself time-to understand your school, your course, and your new rhythm of life. Do not fall into the trap of people-pleasing to fit in.

39 Of course, you must leave room to grow and breathe- to discover amazing cultures, new accents, and new ways of matching your clothes-but do not do anything that needs you to abandon your genuine self in order to become.

Finally, it might not look like it, but the four, five, or six years you will be in university will pass by really quickly. 40 Perhaps that is DIYs, writing blog posts, participating in club activities in your department, or joining the dance troupe.

So, dear Fresher, go forward, and leave your mark! You will be surprised at how much experience that will contribute to your CV.

A. It is a big turn on the pages of your life.

B. Extracurricular activities build confidence.

C. I no longer struggle too hard to fit square pegs into round holes.

D. It is a good idea for you to make friends with like-minded people.

E. That was why I got uninspired by every friendship I tried to make.

F. While the new phase of life is challenging, remember who you truly are.

G. Seek out opportunities to do stuff you are passionate about during your free time.

**第三部分语言知识运用（共两节，满分30分）**

第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I was interested in volunteering at a hospital because both of my parents work in hospitals. I wanted to see what the 41 was after hearing them talk about it. To be more 42 , I wanted to work at the VA— Veterans(老兵) Affairs hospital - in Palo Alto because the 43 of VA is"to serve those who served" and I really 44 this very idea.

To my greatest joy, I was 45 the VA program, and throughout this summer break I've spent around 110 hours 46 at VA Palo Alto in different departments. To be honest, I had never at all felt more welcomed and 47 in every department I went to. After some initial experiences, I 48 to work in the Office of Information Technology （OIT） since I am interested in computers, and I wanted to see how they are used in a hospital setting.

My overall experience of volunteering at VA can be 49 into the words of "eye-opening and 50 .”Throughout my whole life I have been 51 to health care, from both my parents being physicians and my health problems, but I have never 52 been on the other side of the glass, so to speak. What I 53 most about my experience was the 54 to see what it's like to help people. I want to continue volunteering at VA because I believe there is no other experience that can be as 55 as working in a hospital that treats Veterans.

41.A. opportunity B. decision C. experience D. adventure

42.A. specific B. private C. flexible D. cautious

43.A. concept B. mission C. profession D. advantage

44.A. contributed B. generated C. transformed D. shared

45.A. accepted into B. committed to C. concerned about D. withdrawn from

46.A. studying B. volunteering C. observing D. exercising

47.A. convinced B. determined C. valued D. amused

48.A. applied B. refused C. promised D. arranged

49.A. classified B. summarized C. divided D. combined

50.A. normal B. relevant C. reliable D. worthy

51.A. attached B. devoted C. exposed D. submitted

52.A. actually B. totally C. absolutely D. appropriately

53.A. respect B. treasure C. understand D. agree

54.A. ability B. responsibility C. approach D. courage

55.A. relaxing B. challenging C. fulfilling D. thrilling

第二节（共10小题；每小题1. 5分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

To write his own medical text, Li Shizhen referenced over 800 medical texts, countless books on history and geography, and works of literature. He even studied the complete works of many ancient poets, from 56 he selected a surprising number of verses about medicine. However, the greatest issue he encountered was the widespread 57 (inconsistent) in the use of drug names. Realising the importance of field research outweighed 58 of extensive reading, in 1565 Li travelled far and wide into the mountains and wilderness. He covered what are today's provinces of Hunan, Jiangxi, Anhui and Jiangsu, and many other places.

After over a decade of field research, Li 59 (successful) completed the first draft of his masterpiece, Bencao Gangmu, or the Compendium of Materia Medica in 1578. He revised 60 work at least three times right up until his death in 1593.

Since its first publication in 1596, the book 61 (receive) world-wide recognition. British naturalist Charles Darwin acknowledged the book 62 an "ancient Chinese encyclopedia. "In 2011, the book 63 (list)on the UNESCO Memory of the World Register. In 2017, an international conference was held in Beijing 64 (celebrate) Li's 500th birthday.

Today, there are a 65 （grow）number of international exchanges centering on Li Shizhen and his book, and many people around the world can still find the wisdom of human development in this ancient classic.

**第四部分写作（共两节，满分40分）**

第一节（满分15分）

假定你是某国际学校学生会主席李华，本学期你校将为外籍学生开设一系列以中国传统文化为主题的研讨活动（workshop）, 请你写一则通知，内容包括：

1. 介绍活动；2. 阐明理由；3. 邀请参加。

注意：1. 词数80左右；2. 可适当增加细节，使内容充实，行文连贯。

Notice

The Students' Union

第二节（满分25分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Kevin woke to the blaring beep of his alarm clock. "Can't wait for that camping trip, "Kevin thought, filled with excitement. As he was leaving home, his dad grabbed him by the hand and said, "Before you go, just tell me the directions on where you and your friends are going to stay. "

"But dad!" Kevin complained.

"No buts!" Kevin's dad added.

"Fine. "Kevin told him the directions and left.

The three friends, Kevin, Jay and Nathan, had been planning this adventure for weeks, packing their stuff-tents, snacks, and a map-preparing for a 3-day outdoor exploration. Excitement ran through Kevin as they departed for their campsite. "This trip is going to be awesome, " Nathan excitedly yelled as they set off. But little did they know that nature had a surprise in store for them.

The first day at the campsite was going great, setting up tents, collecting firewood, and sharing stories. "Man, we nailed these tents, " Kevin said. "I know it was easy really, "Nathan replied. The friends were happy.

Yet towards night, as the dark clouds gathered overhead, the atmosphere shifted, and a sudden storm erupted with unforgiving anger. Rain poured down from the heavens like a relentless waterfall, transforming the peaceful campsite into a muddy battleground. Worse still, a huge tree was uprooted and crashed down with a deafening crack on their only means of escape - their car. Kevin's eyes widened in horror as he spotted the damaged wreckage beneath the fallen giant. "Our car!" he screamed over the howling wind, his voice a mix of disbelief and despair. "We're stuck here, " he declared, his words barely audible against the backdrop of thunder and raindrops. They realized that their plans had been violently spoiled by forces beyond their control. The once quiet campsite now stood as a deserted battlefield, the fallen tree serving as a painful reminder of the unpredictable nature of the world around them.

注意：1. 续写词数应为150左右；2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Paragraph 1: The next day, they found themselves facing the immediate problem of finding water.

Paragraph 2: On the third night, a distant engine sound broke the terrible stillness.