**活用教材词汇，靶向高考写作(8开打印)**

**——人教版老教材选修M6单词拓展**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **活用教材词汇，靶向高考写作 —— M6U1“Art”单词拓展** | | |
| **1. abstract  /ˈæbstrækt/  adj.  抽象的；深奥的 n.  [C]摘要** | | |
| The **abstract** must be made **concrete** by examples. | | 抽象概念必须用例子来具体说明。 |
| **2. gallery  /ˈgælərɪ/   n. [C] 美术陈列室；画廊** | | |
| 1.The **gallery** houses 2000 priceless works of modern art.  2.The exhibition of Chinese folk literature will be held in the City **Gallery** from next Monday to Friday, 9 am to 6 pm. | | 1.美术馆收藏了2 000件现代艺术珍品。  2.中国民间文学作品展将于下周一至周五上午9点至下午6点在市美术馆举行。**（应）** |
| **3. consequently  /ˈkɒnsɪkwəntlɪ/ adv.  所以；因而** | | |
| 1.Most performanced poorly in school not because they lacked ability but because they found school unchallenging and **consequently** lost interest. | | 大多数人在学校表现不佳不是因为他们缺乏能力，而是因为他们觉得学校没有挑战性，因此失去了兴趣。**（概）** |
| **4. aim  /eɪm/   n. [C] 目标；目的** | | |
| 1.**Aimed to** promote mutual understandings between various cultures, the speech with the theme of“My story with China”, allows participants to demonstrate their oral Chinese skills as well as share amazing experiences in China.  2.As an old saying goes, living without a clear and achievable **aim** is like sailing without a compass.  3.Earth Day, marked on 22 April，is an annual event **aimed to** raise public awareness about environmental protection.  4.**Aiming** at developing our interests and improving our skills, I am writing to sincerely invite you to join the table tennis team in our school. | | 1.为了促进不同文化之间的相互理解，本次演讲的主题是“我与中国的故事”，让参与者在展示自己的汉语口语能力的同时，分享在中国的精彩经历。**（应）**  *mutual/ˈmjuːtʃuəl/ adj. 共同的；相互的，彼此的demonstrate/ˈdemənstreɪt/ vt. 证明；展示*  2.正如俗话所说，生活中没有明确的可完成的目标就像航海中没有罗盘一样。  3.定于4月22日的“地球日”是一个旨在提高公众环保意识的年度活动。**（应）**  4.旨在发展我们的兴趣并提高我们的技巧, 我写信真诚邀请您参加我们学校乒乓球队。**（应）** |
| **5.** **conventional  /kənˈvenʃənl/ adj.  常规的；传统的；因循守旧的** | | |
| 1.A **conventional** artist of this period was not interested in showing nature and people as they really were.  2.**conventional** methods/behaviour  3.according to the **conventional** view  4.a respectable married woman with **conventional** opinions. | | 1.传统艺术家们无意于如实地展现自然界和人物。  2.传统方法/循规蹈矩的行为**（应、概）**  3.根据传统观点  4.一个可敬的观念传统的已婚妇女。**（续）** |
| **6. typical  /ˈtɪpɪkl/   adj. 典型的；有代表性的；一贯的 (用于批评或抱怨)** | | |
| 1.She threw her hands into the air. "That is just **typical** of you, isn't it?"  2.Jack is late again. It’s **typical** of him to keep others waiting. =**Typically**, he always keeps others waiting.  3.It is **typica**l of students to stay up reading till late night before the final exam.  4.Both of us had the qualities and virtues that **are typical of** American actors.  5.It is **typical** of the young generation to take it for granted that parents should meet whatever they desire.  6.It is **typical** of her to narrow her eyes because she has a short sight. | | 1.她往空中挥挥双手说，“你一贯就是这个样子，是不是？” **（续）**  2.杰克又迟到了。让别人久等是他的一贯作风。  3.在期末考试前，学生们经常看书到深夜。**（应、）**  4.我们两人都有着共同的品质和美德，这些是美国演员的共同特点。  5.年轻一代理所当然地认为父母应该满足他们的一切欲望，这是他们的典型特征。**（应、概）**  6.因为有点近视，眯着眼睛是她的典型特征。**（续）** |
| **7. evident  /ˈevɪdənt/   adj.  明显的；明白的** | | |
| 1.It is **self-evident** that we will never have enough resources to meet the demand.  2.She had a purposeful air, and it became **evident** that this was not a casual visit.  3.Modern science has given clear **evidence** that smoking can lead to many diseases.  4.There is ample/abundant **evidence** that climate patterns are changing. | | 1.不言而喻，我们将永远不会有足够的资源来满足需求。**（应、概）**  2.她一副志在必得的样子，显然这不是一次随意造访。**（续）**  3.现代科学已经有了吸烟能导致许多种疾病的明确证据。**（应、概）**  4.有足够的证据表明气候模式正在改变。**（应、概）** |
| **8. adopt  /əˈdɒpt/   vt. 采用；采纳；收养** | | |
| 1.People began to concentrate less on religious themes and **adopt** a more humanistic attitude to life.  2.The gap between the rich and the poor makes it essential that the government **adopt** a dynamic solution to the problem.  3.After much deliberation, the authority decided to **adopt** measures to smooth the heavy traffic. | | 1.人们开始较少地关注宗教，而采用了一种更人道主义的态度对待生活。**（概）**  2.贫富差距使得政府必须采用动态的方案来解决这个问题。**（概）**  3.经过再三考虑之后，当局决定采取措施来疏通拥挤的交通。**（应、概）**  *deliberation /dɪˌlɪbəˈreɪʃn/ n. 考虑；审慎；商议；细想* |
| **9. humanistic /ˌhju:mə'nɪstɪk/  adj. 人道主义的** | | |
| 1.**Humanistic** culture balances the spiritual crisis caused by scientific culture.  2.The candidates should have good moral and humanistic quality, and strong abilities in investigation and decision-making, organization and management, oral and written expression. | | 1.人文文化平衡了科学文化造成的精神危机。**（概）**  2.申请者应具备良好的思想道德素质和较高的人文素养，具有较强的调查研究与决策、组织与管理、口头与文字表达能力。**（应）** |
| **10.possess  /pəˈzes/   vt.  拥有；具有；支配** | | |
| 1.Happiness is not wishing for what we don't have, but enjoying what we do **possess**.  2.Some traditional Chinese festivals **possess** unique and profound meanings, such as the coming Dragon Boat Festival in memory of the great poet Qu Yuan. | | 1.幸福不是期求所缺，而是享受所有。**（应、续）**  2.一些中国传统节日具有独特而深刻的意义，例如即将到来的纪念伟大诗人屈原的端午节。**（应）** |
| **11.superb  /su:ˈpɜ:b/  adj.  卓越的；杰出的；极好的** | | |
| 1.a **superb** meal/evening /team/lecturer  2.Each room of the hotel has a **superb** view of the sea.  3.His performance was absolutely **superb**.  4.In case of limitation of time or money, accessing the online college fairs, a **superb** free platform, helps acquaint you with the colleges you desire. | | 1.很棒的饭菜/美好的夜晚/非凡的队伍/出色的演讲者**（应、续）**  2.宾馆的每个房间都能将海景尽收眼底。**（应）**  3.他的表演精彩绝伦。**（应、续）**  4.在时间和金钱限制的情况下，访问在线大学博览会，一个极好的免费平台，帮助你了解你想要的大学。（2018浙江卷概要写作） |
| **12.perspective  /pəˈspektɪv/   n.  [U]透视画法；[C]透视图；观点** | | |
| 1.from a scientific/physical/ psychological + **perspective**/ angle  2.From a healthy **perspective**, some easy solutions can be beneficial to our hearing, such as wearing earplugs, turning down the volume, limiting the use and applying smart phone apps to monitor.  3.From a scientific **perspective**, McDonald specifically choose red to motivate people's appetite and yellow to recognize the logo easily. | | 1.从科学/生理学/心理学角度来说**（概）**  2.从健康的角度来看，一些简单的解决方案对我们的听力是有益的，比如戴耳塞，调低音量，限制使用和应用智能手机应用程序来监控。**（概）**  3.从科学的角度来看，麦当劳专门选择红色来激发人们的食欲，选择黄色则更容易识别标志。**（概）** |
| **13.coincidence  /kəʊˈɪnsɪdəns/   n. [C; U] 巧合（的事）；（事情、口味、故事等）相合** | | |
| 1.by lucky coincidence  2.No coincidences, no stories.  3.She has by **coincidence** or design made the bombshell announcement at a very opportune moment.  4.What a **coincidence**: My immediate superior was the man I had knocked down on the street. | | 1.巧合地;机缘巧合  2.无巧不成书。**（续）**  3.不知是机缘巧合还是精心设计，她的这一令人吃惊的宣布来的恰是时机。*※ bombshell/ˈbɒmʃel/n. 炸弹；突发事件；引起震惊的人或事***（续）**  4.真是无巧不成书，我的顶头上司就是被我在街上撞倒的那个人。**（续）** |
| **14.shadow /ˈʃædəʊ/   n. [C; U] 阴影；影子** | | |
| 1.A **shadow** of fear hanging over me, I...  2.A tall, **shadowy** figure silhouetted against the pale wall.  3.An unhappy childhood would cast a **shadow** on one's whole life. | | 1.恐怖的阴影笼罩着我，我…**（续）**  2.一个高大模糊的身影映在灰白色的墙上。**（续）**  *※silhouette /ˌsɪluˈet/ n. 轮廓，剪影 v.照出影子；显出轮廓*  3.不快乐的童年会给人的一生蒙上阴影。 |
| **15.ridiculous  /rɪˈdɪkjʊləs/  adj.  荒谬的；可笑的** | | |
| 1.I call it simply **ridiculous**.  2.“No Santa Claus !” She shouted. “**Ridiculous!** Don’t believe it.” That rumor has been going around for years, and it makes me mad. | | 1.我觉得这简直太荒谬了。  2.“没有圣诞老人!”她喊道。“荒谬!不相信它。“这个谣言已经流传很多年了，它让我很生气。  **（续）** |
| **16.controversial  /ˌkɒntrəˈvɜ:ʃl/  adj. 争论的；争议的** | | |
| 1.a highly **controversial** topic/issue  2.reach consensus on the **controversial** issue  3.People’s views are divergent on the change, which is an inevitable part of daily life and a **controversial** issue. | | 1.颇有争议的话题/问题**（应、概）**  2.在有争议的问题上达成共识*※ /kənˈsensəs/ n. 共识*  3.人们对这种变化有不同的看法，这是日常生活中不可避免的一部分，也是一个有争议的问题。**（概）**  *※ divergent /daɪˈvɜːdʒənt/ adj. 相异的，分歧的*  *※ inevitable /ɪnˈevɪtəbl/adj. 必然发生的* |
| **17.attempt  /əˈtempt/   vt.  尝试；企图n. [C; U]努力；尝试；企图** | | |
| 1.The proposal **attempts** to deal with what is called the “death valley”of autonomous vehicles.  2.After countless fruitless **attempts**, we were all worn out, with heads drooping. | | 1.该提案试图解决一些人所说的无人驾驶汽车“死亡谷”问题。**（概）**  2.经过无数次无果而终的尝试，我们都精疲力竭，垂头丧气。**（续）** |
| **18.on the other hand  另一方面** | | |
| 1.Starting your own business could be a way to achieving financial independence. **On the other hand**, it could just put you in debt.  2.**On one hand**, AI relieves us from intensive labor and data analysis. **On the other hand**, it may put us at the risk of autonomous weapon. | | 1.开始你自己的事业可能是一种获得经济独立的方法。 另一方面，它可能将你置于债务之中。  2.一方面，人工智能让我们从密集的劳动和数据分析中解脱出来。另一方面，它可能会让我们面临自动武器的风险。**（概）** |
| **19.landscape  /ˈlændskeɪp/   n. [C] (常用单数)风景；景色** | | |
| 1.The scenery along the journey is just like a breath-taking **landscape** painting.  2.The fantastic/ magnificent **landscape** unfolded before us/ greeted us after scrambling up the side of a cliff.We rigged up a shelter for the night on a narrow ledge.  *※ scramble /ˈskræmbl/ v. （迅速而吃力地）爬 n. （尤指需要手脚并用的）艰难行走，攀登* | | 1.沿路的风景就像一幅美丽的山水画卷。**（续）**  2.爬上悬崖后，壮丽的景色展现在我们面前。我们在一个突出的狭窄岩石上匆匆架起一个帐篷过夜。**（续）**  *※ magnificent /mæɡˈnɪfɪsnt/ adj. 高尚的；壮丽的；华丽的*  *※ cliff /klɪf/ n. 悬崖；绝壁*  *※ rig /rɪɡ/ v. 操纵；装配；装扮* |
| **20.specific  /spəˈsɪfɪk/   adj.  确切的；特定的** | | |
| 1.**specific** instructions /information  2.based on general ideas rather than **specific** examples  3.Your plan /choice should depend on the **specific** situation. | | 1.明确的指示/具体的信息  2.以普遍的观念而不是以特殊的例子为基础  3.你的计划/选择应该根据具体情况而定。**（应、概）** |
| **21.figure /ˈfɪgə/ n. [C] 画像；身材；数字** | | |
| 1.The old lady has her slim **figure** and is free of wrinkles by exercising a lot.  2.Susie wore a close-fitting black dress which made the most of her **figure**.  3.Margaret was good-looking and charming, and had a lovely **figure**. | | 1.这个老妇人身材苗条，由于经常锻炼脸上没有一点儿皱纹。**（续）**  2.Susie穿一条黑色紧身连衣裙，把她的身材衬托得恰到好处。**（续）**  3.Margaret漂亮、迷人，体态优美。**（续）** |
| **22.carve  /kɑ:v/ vt.  雕刻；刻记** | | |
| The exciting yet dangerous experience was deeply **carved**/**engraved** in our mind permanently. | | 这段刺激但又危险的经历永远铭刻在我们的脑海里。**（续）** |
| **23.delicate  /ˈdelɪkət/ adj.  脆弱的；容易生病的；精致的** | | |
| 1.a **delicate** fragrance/flavour/hands/balance  2.She was a shy, **delicately** pretty girl with enormous blue eyes.  3.The **delicate** scent of roses hung in the air. | | 1.清新的芳香/鲜美的味道/纤细的双手/微妙的平衡**（应、续）**  2.她是个羞怯纤美的姑娘，长着一双蓝色的大眼睛。**（续）**  3.空气里飘着淡淡的玫瑰花香。**（续）** |
| **24.allergic /əˈlɜ:dʒɪk/   adj.  过敏性的；对……过敏的；对…十分反感；厌恶** | | |
| 1.Severe **allergic** reactions may accompany the use of the drug.  2.You could see he was **allergic** to housework. | | 1.严重的过敏反应可能伴随药物的使用。**（应、概）**  2.你可以看出他很讨厌做家务**（续）** |
| **25.effectively  /ɪˈfektɪvl ɪ/  adv.  有效地** | | |
| Cooperation is of vital significance in the fiercely competitive and dynamic world. It’s essential for us to be equipped with teamwork spirits in order to complete our task efficiently and **effectively**. | | 合作在当今极具竞争和活力的社会是相当重要的。为了更高效更有效益地完成任务，我们有必要具备团队合作精神。**（应、概）** |
| **26.exhibition /ˌeksɪˈbɪʃn/    n. [U] 展览；[C]展览会 [正式用语]表现，显示（感情、品质或能力）** | | |
| 1.put sth **on exhibition**/ on show/on display  2.We are organizing an art **exhibition**/fair for high school students in the city.  3.She **exhibited** no fear in the face of danger. | | 1.展出某物  2.我们在为本市的高中学生组织艺术展。**（应）**  3.面对危险她毫无惧色。**（续）** |
| **27.aggressive  /əˈgresɪv/  adj.  敢作敢为的；侵略的；好斗的** | | |
| 1.a dangerous**aggressive** dog  2.It suddenly dawned on him that the **aggressive** boy was actually very lonely and kind in heart, who had the common desire for a true friend.  3.Once infected with rudeness,we are more **aggressive**, less creative and worse at jobs. | | 1.一条危险的恶犬**（续）**  2.他突然意识到，这个咄咄逼人的男孩其实是一个非常孤独和善良的人，他有一个跟大家一样的愿望，希望有一个真正的朋友。**（续）**  3.一旦被这种无礼行为感染，我们会变得更富有攻击性，更没创造力，工作表现变得更糟糕。**（概）** |
| **28.scholar  /ˈskɒlə(r)/   n. [C] 学者；聪颖勤奋的学生** | | |
| 1.If Sam were here, he would be so excited about meeting a famous **scholar** in the flesh.  2.I was never much of a **scholar**. | | 1.如果萨姆在这儿，他会很激动见到那位著名的学者本人。**（续）**  2.我从来不是那种用功的好学生。**（续）** |
| **29.flesh  /fleʃ/ n. [U] 肉；肌肉；(the ～)肉体； in the flesh  活着的；本人** | | |
| 1.It makes my **flesh** creep to think of it.  2.The **flesh** around the ankle had swollen up.  3.Once he hit the hill,he'd be easy caught up and the wolf's teeth would be tearing into his **flesh**. | | 1.一想起它，我就心惊肉跳。**（续）**  2.脚踝四周的皮肉肿胀起来了.**（续）**  3.一旦上了山，他就很容易被追上，狼的牙齿会把他撕咬得皮开肉绽。**（续）** |
| **30.bunch /bʌntʃ/  n. [C] 束；串(~ of sth)** | | |
| 1.From the drawer Mr. Mach took out a chain, with a bunch of keys dangling at its end.  2.Clutching a big bunch of roses现在分词做伴随状语, Elizabeth walked slowly towards Ms. Wolff，the stage lights blazing hot and beads of perspiration trickling down Elizabeth’s face两个独立主格结构. | | 1.马赫先生从抽屉里拿出一条链子，末端挂着一串钥匙。**（续）**  2.伊丽莎白手里拿着一大束玫瑰花，慢慢走向沃尔夫，舞台灯光灼热，汗珠顺着伊丽莎白的脸上滴下来。**（续）** |
| **31.preference  /ˈprefrəns/  n. [U] 喜爱;偏爱 [C]偏爱的事物** | | |
| 1.We give preference to applicants with some experience.  2.Other requirements include good interpersonal communication abilities, proper manners, and a strong sense of responsibility. **Preference** will be given to those experienced in similar activities. | | 1.我们优先录用有经验的申请人。**（应）**  2.其他要求包括良好的人际沟通能力，得体的举止和强烈的责任感。有类似活动经验者优先考虑。  **（应）** |
| **32.appeal  /əˈpi:l/ vi.  有感染力；呼吁；求助；上诉** | | |
| 1.The government **appealed** to the public for donation for the earthquake­hit areas.  2.It is the CRH’s higher speed than cars’ and lower price than planes’ that hold wide **appeal** for people.  3.Would you really help?’ he said with an **appealing** look.  4.She gave him a soft **appealing** look that would have melted solid ice. | | 1.政府呼吁公众为地震灾区捐款。**（应）**  2.中国高铁的速度比汽车快，价格比飞机低，广受人们青睐。**（应、概）**  3.“你真的愿意帮忙吗？”他满脸恳求地说。 *（恳求的；可怜的；希望同情的）***（续）**  4.她向他投去一种会融化坚冰的温柔恳求的表情。  **（续）** |
| **33.fragile  /ˈfrædʒaɪl/  adj.  精细的；易碎的；脆弱的** | | |
| 1.in **fragile** health  2.a **fragile** relationship  3.He leaned back in his **fragile** chair.  4.When you walk into the gallery, you feel as if you were inside a **fragile**, white seashell. | | 1.身体虚弱**（续）**  2.不牢固的关系**（应、续、概）**  3.他向后靠在他那把不结实的椅子上。**（续）**  4.当你走进艺术画廊，你感觉好像置身于一个精致的白色贝壳中。**（应、续）** |
| **34.reputation  /ˌrepjuˈteɪʃn/   n. [C; U] 名声；名誉** | | |
| 1.She enjoyed a high **reputation** among her fellows.  2.Typical of the Scotch, Burns had a **reputation** for being funny and charming. | | 1.她在同伴中的口碑甚佳。**（应、续）**  2.彭斯是个典型的苏格兰人，他以风趣和富有魅万而闻名。**（应、续）** |
| **35.civilization  /ˌsɪvəlaɪˈzeɪʃn/  n. [U]文明；文化；文明社会** | | |
| 1.The reputation of this museum lies in the variety of its art collection, which covers more than 5000 years of **civilization** from many parts of the world, displaying more than just the visual delights of art.  2.As a country consisting of a great diversity of ethnic groups and with time-honored history and **civilization**, China abounds in intangible cultural heritages. | | 1.这家博物馆以其种类繁多的艺术收藏品而闻名，它涵盖了世界各地5000多年的文明, 展示的不仅仅是视觉上的艺术乐趣。**（应）**  2.作为一个由众多民族组成的国家，中国有着悠久的历史和文明，有着丰富的非物质文化遗产。**（应）** |
| **36.visual  /ˈvɪʒuəl/   adj.  视觉的；看得见的** | | |
| 1.Actors showed youth and vitality without reservation in front of the audience, and presented an audio-**visual** banquet for the audience.  2.So many wonderful paintings came into my sight that I was totally immersed in it. I bet it will be a big pity if you miss the great chance. And it must be a big **visual** feast for you.  3.Considering the **visual** feast is golden opportunity to have a taste of our culture, I highly recommend every art lover come and enjoy it! | | 演员们将青春与活力毫无保留的展现在观众眼前，为观众献上了一场视听盛宴。**（应、续）**  2.这么多美妙的画作进入我的视线，我完全沉浸其中。如果你错过了这个好机会，我敢说那将是一个很大的遗憾。这对你来说一定是一场视觉盛宴。2021年6月浙江卷“ 参观国画展的宣传报道”  3.考虑到这场视觉盛宴是品尝我们文化的黄金机会，我强烈推荐每一个艺术爱好者来享受它。2021年6月浙江卷“ 参观国画展的宣传报道”**（应）** |
| **37.fragrant  /ˈfreɪgrənt/  adj.  香的；令人愉快的** | | |
| 1.The **fragrant** breeze gently touched my face, as if comforting all the tiredness and terror along the trip.  2.A sweet **fragrance** greeted him.  3.The forest was cool and **fragrant**,and the walk through it calmed my spirits. | | 1.芬芳的微风轻轻抚摸着我的脸庞，仿佛抚慰着我所有的的疲惫和恐惧。**（续）**  2.迎面而来的是一阵香甜的气息。**（续）**  3.森林里凉爽芬芳，漫步其中让我心情平静。**（续）** |
| **38.permanent  /ˈpɜ:mənənt/   adj.  永久的；持久的** | | |
| 1.**permanent** job/ staff  2.a **permanent** state of tension  3.the heavy, **permanently** locked gate  4.Heavy drinking can cause **permanent** damage to the brain. | | 1.固定工作/终身职工  2.长期的紧张状态**（应、概）**  3.厚重的、长年锁着的大门**（续）**  4.饮酒过量可能造成永久性脑损伤。**（概）** |
| **39.committee /kəˈmɪtɪ/   n. [C] 委员会** | | |
| So thoughtful and caring was **the committee** that they arranged a reasonable racing track, along which red flags and signs were set every 500 meters, enabling competitors to know how long they had run and got encouraged. | | 组委会是如此的体贴和关心，他们安排了合理的赛道，每500米设置红旗和标志，让参赛者知道他们跑了多长时间，并得到鼓励。**（应）** |
| **活用教材词汇，靶向高考写作 —— M6U2“Poems”单词拓展** | | |
| **1. poetry /ˈpəʊɪtrɪ/ n.  [U]诗（总称）；诗意；优雅的气质** | | |
| 1. In **poetry**, you'll admire echoes of human emotions and enjoy linguistic diversity through poetic expression. 2. There was **poetry** in all her gestures. 3. The music department is housed in a building which is **pure poetry**. | | 1.在诗歌中你会欣赏人类情感共鸣，并通过诗歌的表达享受语言多样性。**（应、概）***echo /ˈekəʊ/ v. 反射；重复；回声n. 回音；共鸣；效仿*  *linguistic /lɪŋˈɡwɪstɪk/ adj. 语言的；语言学的*  *linguistic and cultural barriers 语言和文化上的障碍*  2.她一举一动都很优美。**（续）**  3.音乐系在一幢诗般美丽的大楼里。**（续）** |
| **2. tick  /tɪk/   vt.  给……标记号；发出滴答声** | | |
| Time ticking away(独立主格结构), Mother hadn't been home yet, making me worry about her. | | 时间一分一秒地过去了，母亲还没回家，这使我很担心她。**（续）** |
| **3. hush /hʌʃ/ v. 安静；停止说话 n. 寂静，安静** | | |
| 1.The air was heavy with the **hush** of suspense and expectancy.  2.A **deathly hush** fell over / pervaded the room as he walked in. | | 1.空气中充满了焦急和期待的寂静。**（续）**  *suspense /səˈspens/ n. （对即将发生的事等的）担心；焦虑*  2.房间变得/弥漫着死一般的沉寂。 *pervade/pəˈveɪd/ vt. 遍及；弥漫***（续）** |
| **4. convey  /kənˈveɪ/   v.  传达；运送; 传达（信息），表达（思想）** | | |
| It's my privilege to stand here, on behalf of all the exchange students, **conveying** our heartfelt gratitude to the dear teachers and fellow students of Ashville College. | | 我很荣幸站在这里，代表所有的交换生，向阿什维尔学院亲爱的老师和同学们表达我们衷心的感谢。**（应）**  *privilege /ˈprɪvəlɪdʒ/ n. 特权；优待* |
| **5.concrete  /ˈkɒŋkri:t/ adj.  具体的（而非想象或猜测的）n.混凝土；具体物** | | |
| **1. concrete** evidence/proposals/proof  2.It is easier to think in **concrete** terms rather than in the abstract. | | 1.确凿的证据/具体的建议/确实的证明  2.结合具体的事物来思考要比抽象思考容易些。**（应、续、概）** |
| **6.diamond  /ˈdaɪəmənd/   n. [U] 钻石** | | |
| 1. The stars sparkled like **diamonds**. 2. His smile shines like **diamonds**. 3. “Why not….?”Maria whispered to me mysteriously with her eyes shining like lovely **diamonds**. “Dad said we can’t …” I said hesitantly. | | 1.星星像钻石一样熠熠生辉。**（续）**  *sparkle['spɑːkəl] n. 闪耀；火花；活力 v.闪耀；发光*2*.*他的微笑闪耀像钻石。**（续）**  3.“为什么不……?玛丽亚神秘地小声对我说，她眼睛像可爱的钻石一样闪闪发光。“爸爸说我们不能……”我犹豫地说**（续）** |
| **7.flexible  /ˈfleksəbl/ adj.  灵活的；可弯曲的；柔顺的** | | |
| 1. a **flexible** schedule  2. Good job candidates must show a **flexible** approach to problems. | | 1.灵活的计划表**（应）**  2.优秀的求职者必须具备灵活处理问题的能力。**（应）** |
| **8.****cottage /ˈkɒtɪdʒ/  n. [C] 村舍；小屋** | | |
| It is truly delightful place with its winding streets and pretty **cottages**. | | 这真是一个令人愉快的地方，蜿蜒的街道和漂亮的小屋。**（续）** |
| **9.****sparrow /ˈspærəʊ/   n.[C]  麻雀** | | |
| With a flap of its wings the sparrow flew off. | | 麻雀忒儿一声飞了**（续）**  *flap /flæp/ （上下或左右）拍打，振（翅），拍击* |
| **10.****kitten  /ˈkɪtn/   n.[C]  小猫** | | |
| 1. The kitten pricked up his ears and miaowed at me proudly as if to announce his victory. 2. The kitten had settled comfortably in her arms and was purring enthusiastically. | | 1.猫竖起耳朵，骄傲地对我喵叫，好像在宣布他的胜利。**（续）**  *prick /prɪk/ up one’s ears（动物，尤指马或狗）竖起耳朵*  *miaow /miˈaʊ/ n. （猫叫声）喵 v. （猫）喵喵叫*  2.小猫舒服地卧在她怀里，起劲地打着呼噜。*purr /pɜː(r)/ （猫）呼噜声;（机器等）轰鸣声***（续）** |
| **11.run out of  用完***（不及物动词词组+of, 无被动）* | | |
| While it was looming like a dark cloud, we threw the bread at the bear a little at a time until it had **run out**. | | 熊像噩梦般一直萦绕着我们，我们一点点地向它投面包，直到面包也没有了。  *loom/luːm/ v. 令人惊恐地隐现；（不祥之事）似将发生* |
| **12.tease  /ti:z/ vi. & vt.  取笑；招惹；戏弄** | | |
| 1. Don't get upset─I was only teasing.  2. **tease** sb insultingly/ willfully  3. **tease** sb about bald head / clumsy walk | | 1.别不高兴，我只是在逗你玩。**（续）**  2.侮辱性地/故意地逗弄**（续）***/ɪn'sʌltɪŋli/*  3.取笑某人的秃头/笨拙的步伐。**（续）** |
| **13.salty  /ˈsɔ:ltɪ/ adj.  含盐的；咸的** | | |
| Salty,warm tears streamed down her pale cheeks to her swollen dry lips. | | 咸咸的、温暖的泪水从她苍白的脸颊流下，落到她肿胀干燥的嘴唇上。**（续）** |
| **14.droop  /dru:p/ vi.  (因疲倦或沮丧等而)下垂；萎靡** | | |
| 1.So exhausted was she that her eyelids were beginning to droop, yawning and drowsing.  2.James hid his face in his hands and drooped his head, feeling guilty.  3.Our spirits **drooped** when we heard the bad news.  4.After countless fruitless attempts, we were all worn out, with heads **drooping**.  5.“I’m sorry, and I should have taken your advice,” I murmured, **head drooping**. Joe chuckled in relief, “You are safe. That’s enough.” | | 1.她太疲倦了，眼睑开始往下垂，打起了呵欠，昏昏欲睡起来。**（续）**  *drowse /draʊz/ v. 打瞌睡；昏昏沉沉地消磨（时光）n. 瞌睡；假寐----drowsy /ˈdraʊzi/ adj. 昏昏欲睡的*  2.詹姆斯低头捂脸，，十分内疚。**（续）**  3.听到这坏消息，我们情绪低落下来/精神委靡不振。**（续）**  4.经过无数次无果而终的尝试，我们都精疲力竭，垂头丧气。**（续）**  5.“对不起，我应该接受你的建议。”我喃喃地说，低着头。乔如释重负地轻笑着说:“你安全了。这就够了。”**（续）**  *chuckle /ˈtʃʌkl/ v. 咯咯的笑* |
| **15.dread  /dred/   v. /n.非常害怕；极为担心(+doing )** | | |
| 1.This was the moment he **had been dreading.**  2.We lived **in dread of** him discovering our secret.  3.She has **an irrational dread of** school.  4.dreadful mistake/news /weather /loneliness  5.The bullying wind was howling **dreadfully** like a homeless dog hungry for a delicious bone. | | 1. 这是他一直最担心的时刻。**（续）**  2. 害怕他发现秘密，我们终日惶恐不安。  3.她莫名其妙地害怕学校。**（续）**  */ɪˈræʃənl/ adj. 不合理的；无理性的；荒谬的***（续）**  4.很大的错误/坏消息/讨厌的天气/可怕的孤独**（应）**  5.咄咄逼人的冷风像一只无家可归的狗渴望着美味的骨头一样呼啸。**（续）**  *bully /ˈbʊli/ v. 欺负；威吓* |
| **16.endless /ˈendlɪs/ adj.  无穷的；无止境的** | | |
| 1.Cars filed past in an **endless** stream.  2. I've had enough of their **endless arguing**. | | 汽车川流不息，鱼贯而过。**（续）**  2.我听够了他们无休止的争吵。**（续）** |
| **17.branch  /brɑ:ntʃ/   n. [C] 枝条；支流；部门** | | |
| 1.The storm split a **branch** off from the main trunk, which whipped across the car window.  2.She bumped her head against a lowbranch**.**  3.The **branch** was tantalizingly out of reach. He felt himself slipping and clutched at another **branch**. | | 1.暴风雨把一根树枝从树干上刮了下来, 突然划过车窗。**（续）**  2.她的头撞到一根低矮的树枝上。**（续）**  3.够不到那树枝，让人干着急。他感到自己滑了一下，便一把抓住另一根树枝。  */ˈtæntəlaɪzɪŋli/ adv. 逗人地；…得令人着急***（续）** |
| **18.melt /melt/ （melted; melted, molten） vi.融化；溶化；软化** | | |
| 1.The tension in the room began to **melt**. 2.Her trusting smile **melted** his heart.  3.When hearing these words, Scot felt his inner doubts/anxiety **melt** away.  4.The youths dispersed and **melted into** the darkness. | | 1.屋里的紧张气氛开始缓和。**（续）**  2.她那信任的微笑使他的心变软了。**（续）**  3.听到这些话，斯科特觉得内心的疑虑/焦虑消失了。**（续）**  4.年轻人们散开了，消失在夜色中。**（续）**  *disperse /dɪˈspɜːs/ v. 分散；传播 adj. 分散的* |
| **19.brimful  /ˈbrɪmfʊl/  adj.  盈满的；满到边际的** | | |
| 1.She was brimful of energy and enthusiasm.  2.With eyes brimful of tears | | 1.她精力充沛，热情洋溢。**（应、续）**  2.盈满的眼泪**（续）** |
| **20.await  /əˈweɪt/  vt.  等候；期待** | | |
| 1.With the **long-awaited** Chinese speech contest drawing,...  2.Dad finally managed to fix the van and a fantastic 58-day vacation was unfolded before us, **awaiting** us to enjoy, explore and embrace. | | 1.随着期待已久的汉语演讲比赛的开始，……**（应）**  2.爸爸终于修好了货车，一个奇妙的58天假期展现在我们面前，等待着我们去享受、探索和拥抱。**（续）** |
| **21.revolve  /rɪˈvɒlv/   v. （使）旋转; 围绕 (某个主题)** | | |
| 1.The debate **revolves**around how to develop specific presentation techniques and improve your spoken English level.  2.the debate **revolves** around how the pandemic will change our society. | | 1.这场讨论围绕如何发展具体的演讲技巧和提高你的英语口语水平。**（应）**  2.辩论围绕着这一流行病将如何改变我们的社会展开。**（应）** |
| **22. utter  /ˈʌtə/ vt. 说；发出（声音）adj. 完全的；彻底的** *utterly /ˈʌtəli/ adv. 完全地* | | |
| 1.Filled with fury, Sam was unable to **utter** a single word.  2.My wife and I were in **utter** despair.  3.He **uttered** a snorting laugh. | | 1.萨姆气得一句话也说不出来。**（续）**  2.我和我的妻子完全绝望了。**（续）**  3.他嗤笑了一声。（续）  *snort /snɔːt/ （表示气愤或被逗乐）喷鼻息，哼* |
| **23.sorrow /ˈsɒrəʊ/   n. [U] 悲伤；悲痛；懊悔** | | |
| They have been immersed in the deep **sorrow** since then. | | 从那以后他们一直沉浸在悲伤中。 **（续）**  *immerse /ɪˈmɜːs/ 深陷于，沉浸在* |
| **24.bare /beə/  adj.  赤裸的；光秃的；稀少的；最少的** | | |
| 1.She likes to walk around in bare feet.  2....an old, twisted tree, many of its branches brittle and **bare**. *brittle /ˈbrɪtl/ adj.易碎的，脆弱的* | | 1.她喜欢光着脚走来走去。**（续）**  2.…一棵扭曲的老树，它的树枝很多是脆弱而光秃的。**（续）** |
| **25.stem  /stem/ n. 茎；干；血统 v. 来自于...; 起源于...** | | |
| All my problems **stem from** carelessness/ diffidence. | | 我所有的问题都源于粗心/缺乏自信。  *diffidence/ˈdɪfɪdəns/ 缺乏自信；胆怯***（应、续）** |
| **26.appropriate  /əˈprəʊpriət/   adj.  适当的；正当的** | | |
| 1.an appropriate response/measure  2.Taking appropriate exercise regularly is essential good health.  3.A lack of proper training can also account for their failure to write **appropriately.** | | 1.恰如其分的反应/ 恰当的措施**（应续概）**  2.定期进行适当的锻炼对身体健康是必要的。**（应）**  3.缺乏适当的训练也可以解释他们写不好的原因。 |
| **27.sponsor /ˈspɒnsə/   n. 赞助人；主办者；倡议者vt.  发起；倡议** | | |
| Would you please **sponsor** my school’s campaign “Help the Needy”? | | 请问你们能赞助我开展我校的“帮助有困难的人”活动吗？**（应）** |
| **28.blank  /blæŋk/    n. 空白 adj. 空白的；空虚的；单调的** | | |
| 1.Fearing to fall behind, he felt his heart pounded frantically and his mind went **blank**.  2.She stared at me with a blank expression on her face. | | 1.由于害怕落在后面，他感到心跳加剧，大脑一片空白。**（续）** *frantically /ˈfræntɪkli/ adv. 疯狂似地*  2.她木然地盯着我。**（续）** |
| **29.darkness /ˈdɑ:knɪs/  n. [U] 黑暗；漆黑** | | |
| **1.Darkness** spread, wrapping around him and disorientating him.  2.A power failure plunged the house into **darkness**.  **3.Darkness** as black as ink flowed over the land.  **4.Darkness** crept into the forest like a snake.  **5.Darkness** gently hummed a lullaby.  *hum /hʌm/ v. 哼（曲子）；发低哼声*  *lullaby /ˈlʌləbaɪ/ n. 摇篮曲；催眠曲*  6.Twilight merged into **darkness**.  *merge /mɜːdʒ/ vt. 合并；吞没)*  *twilight /ˈtwaɪlaɪt/ n. 黄昏，暮色 adj. 朦胧的*  7.Immediately, an utter **darkness** ruled the forest. | | 1.黑暗弥漫开来，将他笼罩, 使他迷失方向。  *wrap /ræp/ vt. 包；缠绕；隐藏；掩护*  *disorientate/dɪsˈɔːriənteɪt/ v. （使）迷失方向*  2.电源故障使一切陷入黑暗。**（续）**  *plunge /plʌndʒ/ v. 使突然地下落；骤降*  3.黑暗如漆黑的墨汁流淌在大地上。  4.黑暗象一条蛇似的潜入森林。  *creep /kriːp/ -crept- crept /krept/vi. 爬行；蔓延*  5.黑暗轻轻地哼着摇篮曲。  6.暮色消失在黑暗中。  7.立刻，一片漆黑笼罩着森林。 |
| **30.let out 发出；放走；泄露；出租** | | |
| 1.**let out** a brief cackle/ a loud guffaw/ a cry of horror / a groan of dismay/ a scream of pain/ a bellow of tearful rage  2.Throwing their hats into the air; the fans of the winning team **let out** loud shouts of victory.  3.It remains unknown who let out the secret. | | 1.发出短暂的咯咯声/嘎嘎大笑起来/惊恐的叫声/沮丧的叹息声/痛苦的尖叫/悲愤的吼叫**（续）**  *cackle /ˈkækl/ （禽，尤指母鸡或鹅）咯咯叫；咯咯地笑*  *guffaw /ɡəˈfɔː/ 哄笑；狂笑; 哈哈大笑*  *groan /ɡrəʊn/ 呻吟*  *dismay /dɪsˈmeɪ/ n. 沮丧，灰心；惊慌*  *bellow /ˈbeləʊ/ （公牛等）吼叫；（对某人）大声吼叫*  2.获胜队的支持者把帽子抛向空中 发出胜利的欢呼声。**（应、续）**  3.目前尚不清楚是谁泄露了秘密。 |
| **31.load  /ləʊd/   n. 负担；负荷物（尤指沉重的）v.装载；承载** | | |
| 1.upload/ download  2.with a heavy load of guilt and panic  3.Taking a **load** off my mind, I drove back home — a lovely drive along winding roads rich in the picturesque scenes that delighted beauty-loving eyes. | | 1.上传/下载**（应、续、概）**  2.带着沉重的愧疚和极大的恐慌**（续）**  3.如释重负，我开车回到家——沿着蜿蜒曲折的道路行驶，沿途风景如画，令人赏心悦目。**（续）**  *winding /ˈwaɪndɪŋ/adj. 蜿蜒曲折的*  *picturesque [,pɪktʃə'resk] adj. 生动的；图画般的* |
| **活用教材词汇，靶向高考写作 —— M6U3“A healthy life”单词拓展** | | |
| **1. cigarette /ˌsɪgəˈret/   n. [C] 香烟；纸烟** | | |
| He **lit** a **cigarette**, the end of which **glowed** red. | | 他点燃了一支香烟，烟头发着红光。  *glow /ɡləʊ/v. 发出微弱而稳定的光***（续）** |
| **2. abuse  /əˈbju: z/   n. [U]滥用；虐待vt. 滥用；虐待** | | |
| She **let loose a stream of abuse** at… /she **screamed abuse** at ... | | 她破口大骂起来...**（续）** |
| **3. stress  /stres/  n. 压力；重音 v.  加压；紧张；强调；重读** | | |
| 1.She failed to **withstand the stresses and strains** of ...life.  2."You need more practice," the teacher **emphasized/ stressed** （强调） | | 她承受不了...的生活压力和紧张。**（续）**  *strain /streɪn/ n. 张力；拉紧*  “你需要更多的练习，”老师强调说。**（续）** |
| **4. obesity  /əʊ'bi:sətɪ/  n. （过度）肥胖；肥胖症** | | |
| One **drawback** is that children become **immersed** in their screen time and **reluctant** to do exercise, **resulting in** problems such as **obesity**. | | 一个缺点是，孩子们会过分沉溺于电脑屏幕中，不愿意运动，从而导致肥胖等问题。  **（应）** |
| **5.adolescent  /ˌædəˈlesnt/  n. 青少年adj.  青春期的** | | |
| **adolescent** growth/ health  **navigate** us **get through adolescenc**e | | 青少年生长/青少年健康  引导我们度过青春期**（应、续、概）** |
| **6.due  /dju:/ adj.  欠款的；预定的；到期的；恰当的** | | |
| 1.I've just been asked to attend an important conference, so I will arrange for my friend Li Lei to pick you up. He will be awaiting you **in due time**（适时地）at the arrival exit. You can contact him at 13955667788 if necessary.  2.It is high time that authorities / all students **paid due attention to** enhancing awareness of frugality. | | 1. 我刚刚接到通知要参加一个重要会议，所以我会安排我的朋友李雷来接你。他将等待你在适当的时候在到达出口。如果有必要，你可以打13955667788跟他联系。**（应）** 2. 当局/所有学生早该重视增强节俭意识了。**（应、概）** *frugality /fruˈɡæləti/ n. 俭省，节俭* |
| **7.tough  /tʌf/  adj.  困难的；强硬的** | | |
| The strong are not strong before they experience **toughly**, and the weak are always weak when they are full of fear and negativity. | | 1. 强者之所以是强者，是因为在生活中不甘示弱，奋勇前进。弱者之所以是弱者，是因为在生活中犹豫不决，畏缩不前。**（续）** |
| **8.accustom /əˈkʌstəm/ vt.  使习惯于** | | |
| The **accustomed classroom murmur** rose upon **the dull air** once more. | | 教室里惯有的低语声又在沉闷的空气中响起。**（续）** |
| **9.bad-tempered  /ˌbædˈtempəd/   adj.  脾气暴躁的；易怒的** | | |
| 1. throw a **temper tantrum** 2. **hair-trigger** temper   *adj. 一触即发的* | | 1.耍小孩脾气； 发了一顿脾气**（续）**  */ˈtæntrəm/ n. （尤指儿童）耍脾气，使性子*  2.脾气暴躁 **（续）** |
| **10.automatic  /ˌɔ:təˈmætɪk/** *adj.  自动的* **autonomous /ɔːˈtɒnəməs/** *adj. 自主的* | | |
| 1. If you do the same thing over and over again, you begin to do it **automatically**. 2. The past year witnessed how we adapted to the new surroundings and culture shock, and became **more autonomous learners** with the unreserved help of all of you. | | 1.你知道，如果你反反复复做同一件事情，你就会自动地做它。  2.在过去的一年里，我们在大家的无私帮助下，适应了新的环境和文化冲击，成为了更加自主的学习者。**（应）** |
| **11.mental  /ˈmentl/   adj.  精神的；智力的** | | |
| 1. It is high time that authorities paid **due** attention to **enhancing students’ mental and physical health**. 2. keep **mentally and physically** healthy | | 1.当局早该重视增强学生的身心健康了。**（应、概）**  2.保持身心健康 |
| **12.effect  /ɪˈfekt/   n.  结果；效力** | | |
| 1. dramatic/ long-term effects 2. The overall effect of the painting is overwhelming. 3. Her words **had a magical/ negative/ positive effect** on us. | | 1.引人注目的影响/长期效应**（应、续、概）**  2.这幅画的总体效果气势磅礡。**（续）**  3.她的话对我们有一种魔力般的作用。**（续）** |
| **13.lung  /lʌŋ/   n. 肺** | | |
| "I'm going before things get any worse!" he **screamed at the top of his lung** as he **stomped** out of the bedroom, **slamming** the door. | | “我要在情况变得更糟前离开！”他叫嚷着顿足走出了卧室，砰地关上门。**（续）** |
| **14.****pregnant  /ˈpregnənt/   adj.  怀孕的 饱含；充溢着** | | |
| 1. a **pregnant** pause/silence  2.Her silences **were pregnant with** criticism. | | 1.耐人寻味的停顿/心照不宣的沉默**（续）**  2.她的沉默里充满了批评之意。**（续）** |
| **15.breathless  /ˈbreθl ɪ s/ adj.  气喘吁吁的；屏息的** | | |
| 1. **be puffing/pʌf/ and panting /pænt/**   2.the **breathless** heat of a summer afternoon  3.I was a little **breathless** and my heartbeat was bumpy and furious.  4.Colin was heaving **with great breathless sobs**. | | 1.呼哧呼哧喘气**（续）**  2.夏日午后的闷热**（续）**  3.我有点胸闷,我的内心狂跳不已。**（续）**  4.科林身体起起伏伏，哭得喘不过气来。  *heave /hiːv/ vt. 使起伏***（续）** |
| **16.strengthen  /ˈstreŋθn/  vt.  加强；巩固；使坚强vi.  变强** | | |
| 1.It might help you **strengthen your resolve**.  2. Carrying forward traditional Chinese virtues helps to improve cultural soft power and **strengthen** our cultural confidence. | | 也许对你坚定决心会有所帮助。**（应、续、概）**  弘扬中华传统美德有助于增强文化软实力，增强文化自信。**（应）** |
| **17.resolve  /rɪˈzɒlv/  n. 决心；决定v. 决定；溶解 vi. 解决** | | |
| **1.resolve** an issue/a dispute/a conflict/a crisis  2. I looked at the list and **felt my resolve weakening**.  3. No one could **stir him from his resolve**.  4.With jaws clenched, I **resolved** to keep edging closer, inch by inch. | | 1.解决问题╱争端╱冲突╱危机**（应、概）**  2.我看着那张单子，感到决心开始动摇。  3.谁也动摇不了他的决心.**（续）**  */stɜː(r)/ v. 搅拌 stir sb from sth 使某人远离某事*  4.我咬紧牙关，决心一寸一寸地靠近它。*clench /klentʃ/ v. （表愤怒、决心或不安时）攥紧（拳头等），咬紧（牙齿等）* |
| **18.relaxation  /ˌri:lækˈseɪʃn/ n. [U] 放松；松弛** | | |
| 1. Learn relaxation techniques. 2. Enjoy the relaxation of burning off stress! 3. Everyone needs some free time for **rest and relaxation.** | | 1.学习放松技巧。**（应、续、概）**  2.享受甩掉压力的放松吧！**（应、续、概）**  3.人人都需要一些休息和放松的空闲时间。**（应、续、概）** |
| **19.desperate  /ˈdespərət/   adj. 绝望的，拼命的** | | |
| 1. He took a deep breath, **desperately** trying to keep calm. 2. She couldn’t restrain her **desperate** anger. 3. So **desperate** was he that he drowned sadness in wine. | | 1.他深深地吸了口气，竭尽全力保持镇定。  2.她无法抑制她那不顾一切的愤怒。 */rɪˈstreɪn/ vt. 抑制，控制*  3.他如此绝望，以至于借酒浇愁。**（续）** |
| **20.weaken  /ˈwi:kən/ v. （对某事的决心）动摇；减弱** | | |
| Nothing could weaken his resolve to continue. | | 什么也不能削弱他继续下去的决心。  **（应、续）** |
| **21. ashamed  /əˈʃeɪmd/   adj.  感到惭愧或羞耻的(不用于名词前)** | | |
| Despite our gaps, I am not **ashamed** to admit that I loved my father with the usual passion of a young boy for his father. | | 尽管我们之间有分歧，但是我并不耻于承认我爱我的父亲，有着一个普通的小男孩对父亲的深爱。**（续）** |
| **22. comprehension** /ˌkɒmprɪˈhenʃn/ *n. 理解（力）* **comprehensive** *adj. 综合的；有理解力的* | | |
| 1This was utterly beyond her comprehension.  2.They turned to one another with the same expression of **dawning comprehension, surprise, and relief**.  3.To celebrate the upcoming Dragon Boat Festival, I sincerely invite you to my home to not merely enjoy the festival together, but also help you **gain more comprehension** about the inner beauty of Chinese culture.  4. **comprehensive** quality/ evaluation  5.With Sino-British scientific technology and culture being exchanged, we have developed the **comprehensive** capability in global vision, professional skills and English language competences. | | 1.这完全超出了她的理解力。**（应、续）**  *utterly /ˈʌtəli/ adv. 完全地；绝对地*  2.他们带着一样恍然大悟、惊奇、松了一口气的表情相互看了看。**（续）**  3.为了庆祝即将到来的端午节，我真诚地邀请你们到我家来，不仅一起享受这个节日，而且帮助你们更多地理解中国文化的内在美。**（应）**  4.综合素质/综合评价**（应、续、概）**  5.随着中英科技文化的交流，我们在全球视野、专业技能和英语语言能力方面形成了综合能力。**（应）** |
| **23. in spite of  不顾；不管 =despite** | | |
| **1.In spite of** ups and downs, she never **takes her fate lying down**.  **2.In spite of** my **outward** calm I was very shaken.  **3.In spite of** his disappointment, he **managed / forced a weak smile.** | | 1.尽管经历了人生的跌宕起伏，她从没有屈从命运的摆布。*take sth lying down 甘心忍受*  2.尽管表面看似镇静，我内心却非常慌乱。  *outward 向外的；外面的*  3.尽管他很失望，他还是勉强露出一丝淡淡的微笑。**（续）** |
| **24. slippery  /ˈslɪpərɪ/   adj.  滑的** | | |
| It was beginning to rain hard and the ground /the path was wet and **extremely slippery**.  His hand **was slippery with** sweat.  The forest is thick and the moss is slippery. | | 1.天开始下大雨，路面很滑。  2.他的手汗津津的。  3.林深苔滑。**（续）**  *moss /mɒs/ n. 苔藓；泥沼* |
| **25.at risk 处于危险中** | | |
| Loud music can **cause a threat to** / **endanger**/ **threaten** our hearing // **put** our ears **at stake**/ **at risk**/ **in danger**, which can do permanent **devastate** to our sensory cells, resulting in incurable hearing loss | | 高强度的音乐对我们的听力造成威胁，这会对我们的感觉细胞造成永久性的破坏，导致无法治愈的听力损失。  *devastate /'devəsteɪt/ (utterly destroy)* |
| **26. inject  /ɪnˈdʒekt/  vt.  注射；注入; 增添 instil /instill /ɪnˈstɪl/ v. 逐渐灌输/培养** | | |
| 1.**inject/ instill** + vigor/dynamism+ into  2.**instil** confidence/discipline/fear into sb  3.His comments **injected** a note of humour into the proceedings. | | 1.注入动力 */ˈvɪɡə/ ; /ˈdaɪnəmɪzəm/* **（应、续、概）**  2.逐步树立信心╱守纪律╱产生恐惧  3.他的发言给整个活动增添了一丝幽默的气氛。**（续）** |
| **27. needle  /ˈni:dl/  n.  针；（注射器的）针头** | | |
| 1.pins and needles  2.We're on **pins and needles** waiting for the news whether she got the job.  3.Searching for one man in this city is like looking for a **needle** in a haystack.  4.It was so quiet that you might hear a **pin** drop. | | 1.如坐针毡；焦躁不安；手脚发麻  2.我们一直坐立不安地等着听她是否得到那份工作的消息。  3.在这个城市里找一个人无异于大海捞针。*/ˈheɪstæk/ n. 干草堆***（续）**  4.静得连针掉在地上都能听见。  *pin /pɪn/n. 大头针，别针，针vt. 将……用针别住* |
| **28. spill /spɪl/（spilt, spilt） v.  溢出；洒落** | | |
| 1.The doors opened and people spilled into the street.  2.Her emotions suddenly spilled over.  3.My thoughts spilled out and my pen started to dance. | | 1.门开了，人们涌上街道。  2.她突然控制不住她的感情了。  3.我思如泉涌奋笔疾书。**（续）** |
| **29. embarrassed  /ɪmˈbærəst/   adj.  尴尬的；陷入困境的** | | |
| 1.Then she offered me a cigarette and I **felt so embarrassed and awkward.**  2.**Embarrassment** rooted her to the spot.  3.She couldn't disguise her glee at their **embarrassment.**  4.Her face glowed with embarrassment. | | 1.她递给我一支烟，我尴尬得手足无措。  2.她尴尬得呆住了。  3.看到他们难堪的样子她不禁喜形于色。  *glee /ɡliː/ n. 快乐 disguise /dɪsˈɡaɪz/ vt. 掩饰*  4.她窘得满脸通红。**（续）** |
| **30. awkward /ˈɔ:kwəd/   adj.  局促不安的；笨拙的** | | |
| 1.There was an awkward silence.  2.Alexandra looked plump and awkward in her cast-off clothing.  3.He tried to dance, but he was too clumsy and awkward.  4.She fell **awkwardly** and broke her ankle. | | 1.一阵令人尴尬的沉默。  2.亚力山德拉穿着她那件丢弃的衣服，显得臃肿而又笨拙。*/plʌmp/adj. 饱满的；胖乎乎的*  */ˈkæst ɔːf/ adj. 遭遗弃的；丢失的*  3.他试着跳舞，但是太笨拙，太别扭。  4.她笨重地摔了一跤，摔断了踝关节。**（续）** |
| **活用教材词汇，靶向高考写作——M6U4“Global warming”单词拓展** | | |
| **1.** **consume  /kənˈsju:m/ vt.  消费；消耗；使充满（强烈的感情）；使...着迷** | | |
| 1.The electricity industry **consumes** large amounts of fossil fuels.  2.Celine **was consumed with** guilt.  3.Rage **consumed** Mike.  4.Basketball is his **consuming** passion.  5.A candle lights others and **consumes** itself.  6.It was possible that the lifestyle of people working long hours deteriorated over time, for example as a result of poor diet or increased alcohol **consumption**. | 1.电力工业消耗大量的矿物燃料**（应/概）**  2.席琳深感内疚。**（续）**  3.迈克无比愤怒。**（续）**  4.篮球令他着迷。*consuming .adj 令人着迷的*  5.蜡烛燃烧自己，照亮别人。**（应、续）**  6.长时间工作的人的生活方式有可能随着时间的推移而恶化，例如由于饮食不良或饮酒增加。※*deteriorate /dɪ'tɪərɪəreɪt/ v. 恶化，变坏--deteriorated adj. 恶化的；已变质的* ※*consumption/kənˈsʌmpʃn/***（概）** | |
| **2. renewable  /rɪˈnju:əbl/   adj.  能再生的；可更新的** | | |
| 1.**renewable** sources of energy such as wind and solar power  2.The work permit is not **renewable**.  3.feel refreshed and slightly **renewed**. | 1.像风力和太阳能这种用之不竭的能源**（应、续、概）**  2.这份工作许可证不能延期。**（应）**  3.感觉神清气爽，恢复精神。**（续）** | |
| **3. greenhouse  /ˈgri:nhaʊs/  n. [C] 温室；花房** | | |
| A low-carbon lifestyle reduces **greenhouse** gas emissions and saves resources. | 低碳生活方式减少温室气体排放，节约资源。**（应、概）** | |
| **4. graph  /gra:f/ n. [C] 图表；坐标图；曲线图** | | |
| The **data** of this **graph** makes a clear presentation of the future environmental **tendency**. | 这张图表的数据清楚地描述了未来环境的趋势**（应、概）** | |
| **5. random  /ˈrændəm/ adj.  胡乱的；任意的** | | |
| 1.a **random** sample/selection  2.I sat down on the floor and pulled a few books off the shelf **at random**.  3.It amazed me what **random** actions of kindness could mean to the people who received it. | 1.随机抽样/选择**（应、续、概）**  2.我坐在地上，从书架上随便拿了几本书。**（续）**  3.让我惊讶的是，不经意的的善举对收到的人来说意味深远。**（续）** | |
| **6.** **phenomenon  /fɪˈnɒmɪnən/   n.  现象 (pl. phenomena)** | | |
| There is no doubt that the earth is becoming warmer and that it is human activity that has caused this global warming rather than **a random but natural phenomenon.** | 毫无疑问,地球是在变暖,而地球变暖正是人类活动导致而成的,并非是一种无规律的自然现象。**（应、概）** | |
| **7. subscribe /səbˈskraɪb/  vi.  同意；捐赠；订阅 vt.  (签署)文件；捐助** | | |
| 1.Without disagreement, they **subscribe to** the view that it is humans' existence and their random energy consuming that result in this phenomenon.  2. The tour of Edinburgh **is fully subscribed**.  3.He **subscribed** a large sum of money to the local charity. | | 1. 他们一致赞成是人类的存在和任意的能源消耗才造成了这一现象。**（应、概）**   2.爱丁堡旅游的名额已经满了。**（应、概）**  3.他向当地慈善机构捐了一大笔钱。**（应、续）** |
| **8. oppose  /əˈpəʊz/   vt.  反对；与（某人）较量*opposed  /əˈpəʊzd/  adj.  反对的；对立的*** | | |
| be **opposed** to (doing) sth. | | 反对=be against sth./object to (doing) sth. |
| **9. quantity  /ˈkwɒntəti/   n. [C;U] 量；数量** | | |
| With more forests being destroyed, huge quantities of good earth are being washed away each year. | | 随着更多的森林被毁，每年有大量肥沃的泥土被冲走。**（应、概）** |
| **10. tend  /tend/   vi.  趋向；易于；照顾--tendency** | | |
| 1.It means that more heat energy **tends** to be trapped in the atmosphere causing the global temperature to go up.  2.Ambulance crews were tending to the injured  3.I have a tendency to talk too much when nervous. | | 1.这意味着更多的热量被困在大气层中,从而引起全球温度上升。**（概）**  2.救护车上的救护人员在照料受伤者。**（续）**  3.我紧张时总爱唠叨。**（续）** |
| **11. result in  导致**  **consequence  /ˈkɒnsɪkwəns/ n. [C] 结果；后果；影响** | | |
| ①He had been hard-working at his study. **As a consequence/result**, he passed the exam easily.  ②**As a consequence/result of** his hard work, he passed the exam without any difficulty. | | 他学习刻苦。因此,他轻松地通过了考试。③His passing the exam with ease **resulted from/was due to** his hard work at his study.  ④His hard work at his study **resulted in/led to** his passing the exam effortlessly.**（应、续）** |
| **12.** **trend  /trend/   n. [C] 趋势；倾向；走向**  **13. catastrophe  /kəˈtæstrəfi/  n. [C] 大灾难；浩劫** | | |
| Dr Foster thinks that the **trend** which increases the temperature by 5 degrees would be a **catastrophe**. | | 福斯特博士认为气温升高5度的趋势可能是一场大灾难。**（概）** |
| **14. mild  /maɪld/   adj.  温和的；温柔的；淡的** | | |
| 1.She looked at him in **mild** surprise.  2.the **mildness** of sunny spring day  3.Forrest was normally **mild-mannered**, affable, and untalkative.  4.So weak does the body's immune system become that the person often becomes very ill from usually mild sicknesses. | | 1.她略带吃惊地看着他。**（续）**  2.春日阳光融融温暖**（续）**  3.福里斯特通常态度温和，和蔼可亲，不善言辞。※*affable /ˈæfəbl/ adj. 和蔼可亲的***（续）**  4.身体的免疫系统变得如此脆弱，以至于人们经常因为轻微的疾病而变得非常虚弱。**（概）** |
| **15.** **range /reɪndʒ/   n.  [C]种类；范围vt. 漫游；来回走动** | | |
| 1.He **ranges** far and wide in search of inspiration for his paintings.  2.He shouted angrily at anyone within range. 3.Her eyes **ranged** the room.  4.The show had a large audience, ranging from children to grandparents.  5.People under stress tend to develop their full range of potential.  6.Recently stress has been regarded as a cause of **a whole range of** medical problems.  7.In addition to these traditional activities, we have **a wider range of** choices such as travelling and visiting our relatives or friends. | | 1.他四处漫步，寻找绘画的灵感。**（续）**  2.他看见谁，就对谁吼叫。**（续）**  **3.**她的目光在屋子里来回扫视。**（续）**  4.这个节目受众很广，老少皆宜。**（应）**  5.处于压力下的人更容易发挥自己的全部潜能。**（应、续、概）**  6.近年来，压力被认为是一系列医疗问题的一个原因。**（应、概）**  7.除了这些传统的活动，我们有更多的选择，如旅行和拜访我们的亲戚或朋友。**（应）** |
| **16. even if/though   即使** | | |
| 1.**Even if** we start reducing the amount of greenhouse gases, the climate is going to keep on warming for decades or centuries.  2.**Even if** you're fluent in English, you may experience linguistic difficulties in the UK. | | 1.即使我们开始减少温室气体的含量,在(未来)几十年或几个世纪内,气候仍会持续转暖。**（应、概）**  2.即使你英语流利，在英国你也许还是会遇到语言困难。**（应、概）** |
| **17.** **glance  /glɑ:ns/  vi.  看一下；扫视n. [C] 一瞥** | | |
| 1.She shot/ cast him a sideways glance.  2.He could tell what was wrong at a glance.  3.At first glance the problem seemed easy.  4.I only had time to glance at the newspapers. | | 1.她从眼角瞥了他一眼。**（续）**  2.他一眼看出了问题所在。**（续）**  3.乍一看问题似乎很简单。**（续）**  4.我只匆匆浏览了下报纸。 **（续）** |
| **18. steady  /ˈstedi/   adj.  平稳的；持续的；稳固的** | | |
| 1.We are making slow but steady progress.  2.The rain fell steadily.  3.The lift rocked slightly, steadied, and the doors opened.  4.as steady as a rock | | 1.我们虽然缓慢但是在稳步前进。**（续）**  **2.**雨不紧不慢地下着。**（续）**  3.电梯微微一晃又稳下来，接着门开了。4.稳如泰山，十分可靠**（续）** |
| **19. widespread  /ˈwaɪdspred/  adj.  分布广的；普遍的**  **20.** **on the whole  大体上；基本上** | | |
| On the whole **global warming** is a phenomenon that arouses widespread concern. | | 总的说来，地球变暖是引起极大关注的一个现象。**（应、概）** |
| **21.economical  /ˌi:kəˈnɒmɪkl/   adj.  节约的；经济的；简练的** | | |
| 1.His gestures were economical, his words generally mild独立主格结构.  Electric cars are clean, quiet, and economical. | | 1.他的手势简练，言语通常是温和的。**（续）**  2.电动车无污染，无噪音，而且经济。**（应、概）** |
| **22. average  /ˈævərɪdʒ/ adj. 平均的 n.平均数；平均水平；一般水准** | | |
| 1.On average, students have to spend 3 hours finishing homework every day, but if we are stuck by difficult questions, the time will be extended.  2.His academic performance is well above average, but he is still humble and helpful. | | 1.学生平均每天要花三个小时来完成作业，但是如果遇到难题，完成作业的时间就得延长。**（应）**  2.他的学业表现远超同学，但是他仍然十分谦虚，而且乐于助人。**（续）** |
| **23. existence  /ɪgˈzɪstəns/   n. 生存；存在；(尤指艰难或无聊的）生活** | | |
| The family endured a miserable existence in a cramped apartment. | | 这家人在狭小的公寓里艰难度日。  ※*cramped /kræmpt/ adj. 狭窄的***（续）** |
| **24. on behalf of  代表……一方；作为……的代言人** | | |
| 1.It's my privilege to stand here, **on behalf of** all the exchange students, to extend our heartfelt gratitude to the dear teachers and fellow students of Ashville College. | | 1.我很荣幸站在这里，代表所有的交换生，向阿什维尔学院亲爱的老师和同学们表示衷心的感谢。**（应）** |
| **25. individual /ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuəl/   n. 个人；个体  adj.  单独的；个别的** | | |
| 1.The earth is home to every **individual**, and it’s our duty to protect the environment voluntarily.  2.For the sake of our environment and life, we are expected to learn to sort the rubbish and make it a habit. Every **individual** can make a difference and let’s bring a brighter future for the planet! | | 1.地球是每个人的家园，自愿保护环境是我们的义务。**（应、概）**  2.为了我们的环境和生活，我们应该学会分类垃圾，并养成这样做的习惯。每个人都可以发挥作用，让我们为地球带来一个更光明的未来!**（续）** |
| **26. advocate /ˈædvəkeɪt/ vt.  拥护；提倡；主张** | | |
| 1.advocate the spirit of social service and voluntary contribution  2.We advocate recycling papers and plastics. | | 1.提倡社会服务和志愿贡献的精神**（应/续/概）**  2.我们提倡循环利用纸张和塑料。**（应/概）** |
| **27. put up with  忍受；容忍** | | |
| Together, individuals can make a difference. We do not have to put up with pollution. | | 众人拾柴火焰高。我们不必去忍受污染。**（应）** |
| **28.electrical  /ɪˈlektrɪkl/   adj.  电的；与电有关的**  **29.appliance  /əˈplaɪəns/   n. 用具；工具；器具** | | |
| Switch an **electrical appliance** off so long as you  are not using it | | 在你不使用电器时，把它关掉。**（应、概）** |
| **30. casual  /ˈkæʒuəl/   adj.  随便的；漫不经心的；偶然的** | | |
| 1.We’ll have a big feast together, chatting casually.  2.She dresses with casual elegance.  3.He tried to sound casual, but I knew he was worried. | | 1.我们会一起吃顿大餐，随便聊聊。**（应）**  2.她的穿着随意而不失雅致。**（续）**  3.他讲话时试图显得不在乎，但我知道他心里着急。**（续）** |
| **31. circumstance  /ˈsɜ:kəmstəns/ n.  环境；情况 (多用复数形式)** | | |
| Under no circumstances should youngsters follow部分倒装 negative information on mass media blindly.  Our circumstances are so desperate that it is uncertain whether we will ever return alive.  Whatever our circumstances, we generally still have dreams and hopes . | | 在任何情况下，青少年都不应盲目跟从大众媒体上的负面信息。**（续）**  我们身陷绝境，都不知道自己能不能活着回去。**（续）**  无论我们的环境如何，我们通常仍然有梦想和希望。**（续）** |
| **32. refresh  /rɪˈfreʃ/   vt.  使恢复；使振作** | | |
| 1.The right vocation at the right time can **refresh** your body and mind.  2.Initiatives to refresh endangered languages have become more numerous in recent years. | | 1.在合适的时间度过适宜的假期可以让你的身心焕然一新。**（应、续、概）**  2.近年来，让濒危语言重获活力的举措越来越多。*initiative /ɪˈnɪʃətɪv/n.主动权；积极性***（概）** |
| **33.contribution /ˌkɒntrɪˈbju:ʃn/  n. [C] 贡献；捐款；捐赠; 稿件；作品** | | |
| 1.Remember - your **contribution** counts!  2.These measures would make a valuable contribution towards reducing industrial accidents.  3.All **contributions** for the May issue must be received by Friday. | | 1.记住,你的贡献是很有价值的。**（应、续）**  2.这些措施将会对减少工业事故起重要作用。**（应、概）**  3.所有五月份的投稿必须在星期五之前收到。**（应）** |
| **34.****commitment /kəˈmɪtmənt/   n. [C; U] 承诺；交托；信奉** | | |
| 1.She has made a commitment to going bottle-free.  2.I’m overworked at the moment — I’ve taken on too many commitments. | | 1.她已承诺不饮用瓶装水。**（应）**  2.我目前劳累过度，承担的事情太多了。**（应、续）** |
| **活用教材词汇，靶向高考写作 —— M6U5“The power of nature”单词拓展** | | |
| **1. volcano [vɔl'keinəu] n. 火山 crater ['kreitə] n. 火山口；弹坑 lava ['lɑ:və] n. 火山岩** | | |
| 1.The **volcano** spit out***拟人***lava from its mouth.  *spit /spɪt/-spit -spit v. 吐痰；吐出*  2.It’s a dormant **volcano** that starts in the clouds and plunges down to meet the sea***夸张***. | | 1.火山从火山口喷出熔岩。**（续）**  2.它是一座休眠的火山，从云中俯冲到大海。**（续）**  *dormant/ˈdɔːmənt/ adj. 休眠的；静止的*  *plunge /plʌndʒ/ v. 使突然地下落； 猛冲向；骤降* |
| **2. erupt [i'rʌpt] vi.（火山）爆发；(愤怒/激情/喜悦等)迸发 -- eruption [i'rʌpʃən] n.** | | |
| 1. **erupt** into hysterical laughter/ tears/ fury  2. an **eruption** of despair | | 1.哈哈大笑/嚎啕大哭/勃然大怒 **（续）**  ***hysterical*** */hɪˈsterɪkl/ adj. 歇斯底里；情绪狂暴不可抑止的*  ***fury*** */'fjʊərɪ/ n.狂怒；暴怒 --****furious*** */ˈfjʊəriəs/ adj. 激烈的*  2.一阵突然的绝望**（续）** |
| **3. ash [æʃ] n. 灰；灰末** | | |
| 1.All her dreams had turned to **ashes**.  2.He brushed the cigar **ash** from his sleeve. | | 1.她所有的梦想都化为泡影。**（续）**  2.他掸掉了袖子上的烟灰。**（续）** |
| **4. alongside [ə'lɔŋ'said] adv. / prep. 在旁边；沿着边** | | |
| 1.A police car pulled up **alongside** us.  2.Nick caught up with me and rode alongside.  3.A bit later, they spotted what they assumed was a dog running **alongside** a man on a bike. As they get closer, they realized that the dog was a wolf． | | 1.一辆警车在我们旁边停了下来。**（续）**  2.尼克赶上了我，并排骑车前进。**（续）**  3.过了一会儿，他们发现了一只他们以为的一只狗在一个骑自行车的人旁边奔跑。当他们走近时，才发现原来是只狼。**（续）2017.06浙江高考 读后续写** |
| **5. equipment [i'kwipmənt] n. 设备；装备** | | |
| 1.The five-star hotel is newly built, with the latest **equipment** and beautiful decorations.  2.Meanwhile, you may **equip** yourself with a camera to capture pleasant moments and the beautiful scenery.  3.**Equipped** with excellent spoken English, I’m sure I can meet with your essential requirements. | | 1.这家五星级酒店是新建的，有最新的设备和漂亮的装饰。**（应）**  2.同时，你也可以带上相机，捕捉美好的瞬间和美丽的风景。**（应）**  3.具备良好的英语口语能力，我相信我能满足你的基本要求。**（应）** |
| **6. appoint [ə'pɔint] vt. 任命；委派; 确定（时间、地点）** | | |
| 1.Everyone was assembled at the **appointed** time.  2.She dashed off to keep an **appointment**. | | 1.全体人员均按规定时间召集到场。**（应）**  *assemble /əˈsembl/ v. 集合，聚集；收集；装配；组装*  2.她急匆匆地赶去赴约。**（续）** |
| **7. evaluate [i'væljueit] vt. 评估；评价；估计** | | |
| 1.The technique fulfills some of the requirements of this **evaluation criteria**, but has some significant drawbacks. **（概）**  2. They took some samples of products for **evaluation**. **（概）** | | 1.该技术满足本评估标准的某些条件，但是有一些重大的缺点。  *fulfill /fʊlˈfɪl/ vt. 履行；实现；满足*  *criteria /kraɪ'tɪərɪə/ n. 标准，条件（criterion 的复数）*  2.他们抽取了一些产品样本以作评估。 |
| **8. burn to the ground 全部焚毁** | | |
| Fires curled over the house, **dancing** higher than ever, and the whole village was completely engulfed in flames and heavy smoke, **burnt to the ground** eventually. | | 大火在房子上面缭绕，比以往任何时候都窜得更高了，整个村庄完全被火焰和滚滚浓烟吞没了, 最终被夷为平地。**（续）**  *curl /kɜːl/ v. 卷曲；；呈螺旋（或卷曲）状移动；缭绕*  *engulf /ɪnˈɡʌlf/ vt. 吞没；吞食，狼吞虎咽； 使陷于* |
| **9. wave [weiv] n. 波浪；波涛 vi. 波动；起伏；挥手** | | |
| 1.**wave** sb to stop/ wave goodbye to sb；**wave** his hands/arms/blouse crazily/ madly/ wildly  2.Guilt and horror flooded her **in waves**.  3.**A wave of panic** spread through the crowd.  4.The brunches were **waving** in the breeze.  5.The boat was at the mercy of the boiling **waves**, and was soon swallowed up. | | 1.挥手让某人停车/ 向某人挥手道别； 挥舞某人的手/胳膊/衬衫**（续）**  2.歉疚和恐惧一阵阵涌上她的心头。**（续）**  3.一阵恐慌传遍人群。**（续）**  4.树枝在微风中摇曳。**（续）**  5.小船任由汹涌的波涛摆布，很快就被吞没了。**（续）***at the mercy of 受…支配；听命于* |
| **10. fountain ['fauntin] v. 泉水般地喷出或涌出 n. 喷泉；源泉** | | |
| 1.Social life is the **fountain** of wisdom of writers.  2.Water sprang from the **fountain**. | | 1.社会生活是作家智慧的源泉。**（应、续）**  2.水从喷泉中涌出。**（续）**  *spring n. 春天；弹簧；泉水；活力；跳跃*  *v. 生长；涌现；跃出 sprang /sprung- sprung* |
| **11. absolute ['æbsəlju:t] adj. 绝对的；完全的 --absolutely adv.** | | |
| 1.**absolute** confidence/ trust/ silence/ truth / power/ authority  2.“I'm **absolutely** thrilled to have done what I've done,” he declared.  3.An **absolute** silence ruled the small house隐喻. After what seemed several centuries夸张, Dad turned to us, “You have touched my flowers, right?” A beam of fear swept over me隐喻. | | 1.充满信心；绝对信任；万籁俱寂；绝对真实；无上权力；绝对权威**（应、续、概）**  2.他宣称道：“我为自己的所作所为感到兴奋不已。”**（续）**  3.这所小房子里寂静无声。似乎过了几个世纪，父亲转向我们，“你们碰过我的花，对吗?”一阵恐惧袭上我的心头。**（续）** |
| **12. suit [sju:t, su:t] n. 一套外衣；套装vt. 适合；使适宜** | | |
| 1.You'd better choose the interesting activities which suit you.  2.Soon, the other siblings **followed suit**跟着做  3.A young lady was coming toward him. Her figure was long and slim; her blonde hair lay back from her ears; her lips and chin had a gentle firmness, and in her pale green **suit** she was like springtime coming alive比喻. | | 1.你最好选择那些你感兴趣并适合你的活动。**（应、概）**  2.很快，其他的兄弟姐妹也纷纷效仿。**（续）**3.一位年轻的女士向他走来。她身材修长苗条; 她的金发从耳朵后梳; 她的嘴唇和下巴有一种温柔的紧致，穿着古绿色的衣服，她就像春天般走来。**（续）***blonde /blɒnd/ adj. 亚麻色的；金色的；白肤金发碧眼的* |
| **13. make one’s way 前往；强调克服困难艰难地或想方设法去某地** | | |
| 1.There being a big flood独立主格结构, the rescue team still made their way to the disaster area.  2.fight / nudge / feel / wind / crack / inch one's way *nudge[nʌdʒ] vt.(用肘)轻推* | | 1.尽管发生了大洪水，但救援队仍然艰难地向灾区进发。**（续）**  2.努力辟出一条路挤进；推进；摸索着前进；蜿蜒而行；艰难地进入； 慢慢前行**（续）** |
| **14. potential [pəu'tenʃəl] n. 潜在性；潜能 adj. 可能的；潜在的** | | |
| 1.**potential** customers/ problems/ danger  2.Our school brought in quantities of advanced teaching equipment, which helps to **dig out students' potential**. | | 1.潜在的客户/问题/危险**（应、续、概）**  2.学校引进了许多先进的教学设备。这些设备有利于发掘学生的潜能。**（应）** |
| **15. sample ['sɑ:mpl, 'sæ-] n. 样品；样本** | | |
| 1.a **sample** survey/ a random **sample**  2.We based our analysis on blood samples and diet questionnaires from 842 participants.  3.The survey covers a representative **sample** of schools. | | 1.抽样调查；随机抽选**（应、概）**  2.我们把分析基于842名参与者的血液样本和饮食问卷调查。**（应、概）**  3.调查覆盖了有代表性的一些学校。**（应、概）** |
| **16. candidate ['kændideit] n. 候选人；候补者** | | |
| I am writing to recommend myself as a qualified **candidate** for the job of secretary. | | 我认为我是秘书工作的合适人选，所以我写信推荐自己。**（应）** |
| **17. threat [θret] n. 恐吓；威胁；构成威胁的人或物；（不好的）征兆** | | |
| 1.Traffic issues not only affect our everyday life, but also **pose a major threat to** people's life security.  2.It's neither aliens nor a rare disease that will **threaten** the human race in the future, but climate change.  3.The gathering dark clouds **threatened**预示(坏事) 可能发生 an approaching thunderstorm. | | 1.交通问题不仅影响我们日常生活，而且对人们的生命安全构成重大威胁。**（应、概）**  2.未来威胁人类的不是外星人，也不是罕见的疾病，而是气候变化**（应、概）**  3.乌云密布预示暴雨将至。**（续）** |
| 1. **tornado [tɔ:'neidəu] n. 龙卷风 hurricane ['hʌrikən] n. 飓风；风暴**   **typhoon [tai'fu:n] n. 台风 thunderstorm ['θʌndəstɔ:m] n. 雷暴** | | |
| 1. At midnight the **thunderstorm/typhoon** quieted, the clouds parted and stars shone through the dark.  2. Alice looked up, and there stood the Queen in front of them, with her arms folded, **frowning** like a thunderstorm. | | 1.半夜，暴风雨/台风停了，乌云散了，繁星照耀夜空。**（续）**  2.爱丽丝抬头一看，王后站在他们面前，交叉着胳膊，皱着眉头，就像一场暴风雨即将来临。**（续）** |
| **19. precious ['preʃəs] adj. 贵重的；珍贵的** | | |
| 1. After this life-risking journey, they realized the **precious** love between them could conquer every difficulty in life.  2. After we calmed down, the locals told us that the bears were losing their homes and food because of human activities and climate changes. On the way back home, I checked the **precious** pictures in the camera, lost in thought. | | 1.在经历了这段冒险的旅程后，他们意识到他们之间的爱可以战胜生活中的一切困难。**（续）2016.10浙江高考卷 读后续写**  2.我们平静下来后，当地人告诉我们，由于人类活动和气候变化，这些熊正在失去家园和食物。在回家的路上，我查看了相机里珍贵的照片，陷入了沉思。**（续）2020.06浙江高考卷** |
| **20. fog [fɔɡ] n. 雾 v.(fogged, fogging) 使模糊；使(玻璃表面)起雾；(喻)使困惑** | | |
| 1.The forest/town was covered in a thick blanket of **fog**.  2.Hot steam drifted about her, **fogging** up the window.  3.The windscreen was starting to **fog up**.  4.She stared at him, confusion **fogging** her brain独立主格结构. | | 1.森林/小镇被厚厚的雾笼罩着。**（续）**  2.她周围一片热蒸汽，窗玻璃也起了雾。（续） *drift /drɪft/ vi. 漂流；气流；流动*  3.挡风玻璃开始起雾。**（续）**  4.她凝视着他, 脑子里一团雾水。**（续）** |
| **21.rainbow ['reinbəu] n. 彩虹** | | |
| 1.The moon/sunlight was casting a **rainbow** through the spray from the waterfall.  2.The cameras haven’t lied about its magnificence. If anything, they have not quite captured the sparkling buildings in a **rainbow** of tones that tower into the air.  3.How can we see the **rainbow** without going through rainstorm? | | 1.月亮/阳光在瀑布溅起的水雾中映出了一道彩虹。**（续）**  2.摄像机忠实地记录了它的宏伟壮丽。如果说有什么不同的话，那就是他们没有完全捕捉到那些高耸入云、色彩如彩虹般闪闪发光的建筑物。**（续）**  3.不经历风雨，怎能见彩虹**（续**） |
| **22. unconscious [,ʌn'kɔnʃəs] adj. 失去知觉的；未察觉的** | | |
| 1.Having heard a scream, I rushed downstairs only to see my hostess lying **unconscious** on the floor, surrounded by her guests.***only＋不定式”结构在句中作结果状语，表示出人意料的结果***  2.The young man flopped back, **unconscious**. | | 1.听到一声尖叫后，我冲到楼下，却看到我的女主人躺在地上，不省人事，周围都是她的客人。**（续）**  2.那年轻人仰面倒下，不省人事。**（续）**  *flop /flɒp/v. 沉重下坠；（因疲惫而）猛然扑通坐下；沉重地躺下* |
| **23. shoot [ʃu:t] v.(shot-shot) 射中；射伤 --- shot [ʃɔt] n. 射击；枪炮声** | | |
| 1-1The pickpocket **shot** his hand into her bag.  1-2A plane **shot** across the sky. / The car **shot** forward.  1-3His hand **shot** out to grab her. / He shot a hand and gripped his wrist.  1-4Flames were **shooting** up through the roof.  1-5One more look and he noticed flames shooting out from under the disabled vehicle.  2.The rose is putting out new shoots.  3-1Terrified, Elli and I tried all the bear defense actions we knew. We yelled at the bear, hit pots hard, and fired blank **shotgun** shells 猎枪弹 into the air. ***2020.07浙江高考卷 读后续写***  3-2He shot an arrow from his bow.  4-1a shooting pain in the back  4-2The pain shot up her arm.  5-1She shot/ cast him a sideways glance.  5-2She shot an angry glance at him. / She shot him an angry glance.  6-1Making the best of this close encounter, I shot some pictures of the bear. ***2020.07浙江高考卷 读后续写***  6-2I decided to try for a more natural shot 照片; (电影的) 连续镜头of a fox peering from the bushes.  *peering /pɪərɪŋ/ v. 仔细看，端详，凝视*  7-1Taylor scored with a low **shot** into the corner of the net.  7-2My feet slipped as I was about to **shoot** and I missed the ball.  7-3She managed to **shoot** jump **shots** just over their heads and into the net. | | **1.v. 快速移动；（朝某方向）冲，奔，扑**  1扒手迅速地将手伸进了她的包。**（续）**  2飞机掠过天空。/ 车急速向前开。**（续）**  3他猛地伸出手去抓她。**（续）**  4火不断从房顶蹿上来。**（续）**  5他再一看，注意到火苗从抛锚的汽车底部喷射出来。**（续）**2016·全国新课标I完形填空  **2.n [C] 嫩枝；新芽**  玫瑰正抽出新芽。 **（续）**  **3.（枪或其他武器）射击；发射**  1害怕极了，我和埃利尝试了所有我们知道的防熊措施。我们对着熊大吼，狠狠敲击锅罐，朝着空中发射了空的霰弹。**（续）**  2他张弓射了一箭。**（续）**  **4. 剧痛穿刺**  1背部的一阵剧痛**（续）**  2疼痛顺着她的胳膊窜了上来 **（续）**  **5.突然把…投向; 瞥**  1她从眼角瞥了他一眼。**（续）**  2她很生气，瞪了他一眼。**（续）**  **6.拍摄**  1充分利用这次和北极熊近距离邂逅的机会，我拍了几张它的照片。**（续）**  2我决定尝试拍摄一只狐狸从灌木丛中偷窥的一个更自然的镜头。**（续）**  **7. 射门；投篮**  1泰勒一脚低射，把球射入网角。 **（续）**  2当我正要射门的时候脚下滑了一下，一脚踢空。  3她设法跳起投篮，正好越过他们的头顶，射入网中。**（续）** |
| **24. tremble ['trembl] vi. 摇晃；摇动；颤抖** | | |
| 1.leaves **trembling** in the breeze  2.Her voice **trembled** with excitement.  3.Suddenly, I saw her lips begin to **tremble** and tears begin to flow down her cheeks.  4.Father tried to conceal his anger, but the **trembling** voice failed him拟人. | | 1.在微风中摇曳的树叶**（续）**  2.她激动得声音颤抖。**（续）**  3.突然，我看到她的嘴唇开始颤抖，眼泪开始从她的脸颊流下。**（续）**  4.父亲试图掩饰他的愤怒，但是那颤抖的声音使他无法平静下来**（续）**  *conceal/kənˈsiːl/ vt. 隐藏；隐瞒* |
| **25. sweat [swet] n. 汗 vi. 出汗** | | |
| 1.**sweating** profusely  2.His hand was slippery with **sweat**.  3.**sweat**-soaked hair sticking to one's forehead and neck *soak/səʊk/ v. 浸泡；渗透* | | 1.满头大汗; 汗流浃背**（续）** *profusely/prəˈfjuːsli/ adv. 丰富地; 大量地--bleeding profusely 血流如注*  2.他的手汗津津的。**（续）**  3.汗湿的头发粘在前额和脖子上**（续）** |
| **26. anxious ['ænkʃəs] adj. 忧虑的；不安的--anxiety [æŋ'zaiəti] n.** | | |
| 1.Having been told the Learning Center provides help for students, I'm **anxious** to get help from you.  2.Dramatically, all my **anxiety**, exhaustion and displeasure erupted like a volcano. | | 1.被告知辅导中心可以给学生提供帮助，我急于想从您那儿得到一些帮助。**（应）**  2.突然之间，我所有的焦虑、疲惫和不快都像火山一样爆发了。（续）  *dramatically /drəˈmætɪkli/ adv. 剧烈地，明显地；戏剧性地; 急剧地* |
| **27. panic ['pænik] v. panicking/ panicked 惊慌 n. 惊慌；恐慌** | | |
| 1.The crowd **panicked** at/over/about the sound of the guns.  2.There's no need to get into a panic使陷入惊慌状态. The exam is not as difficult as you imagine.  3.He dashed in, looking **panic-stricken**.  4.**Panic** began to boil in his stomach比喻. | | 1.人们因枪声而感到恐慌。**（续）**  2.没有必要陷入恐慌中，这次考试没有你们想象的那样难。**（应、续）**  3.他冲了进来，看上去惊慌失措。**（续）**  4.他开始恐慌起来。**（续）** |
| **28.vary from … to … 由……到……不等** | | |
| 1.The conceptions and practices of child education vary from culture to culture.  2.Tastes and preferences vary from individual to individual. | | 1.教育孩子的观念和做法因文化的差异而有所不同。**（应、概）**  2.人的爱好和选择各不相同。**（应、概）** |
| **29. diverse [dai'və:s] adj. 多种多样的；不同的*diversity [dai'və:səti] n.*** | | |
| 1.The school is committed to developing the **diversity** in education of the students.  2.We should preserve the biological diversity.  3.With many contemporary companies stressing commitments to **diversity and inclusion**, telecommuters are becoming increasingly unproblematic across the board. | | 1.这所学校致力于发展学生教育的多样性。**（应）**  2.我们应该保护生物的多样性。**（应、概）**  3.许多当代公司都在强调要致力于多元化和包容性，远程办公在整个行业越来越不成问题。**（概）**  *telecommuter /ˌtelikəˈmjuːtə/ 在家上班族; 远程工作* |
| **30. spectacular [spek'tækjulə] adj. 引人入胜的；壮观的 ；令人惊叹的**  **spectacle /ˈspektəkl/ n. 壮观；盛大的演出；精彩的表演；壮观的场面** | | |
| 1.spectacular scenery/achievement/ fireworks displays  2.He made a spectacular save.  3.The sunset was a stunning spectacle.  4.The carnival parade was a magnificent spectacle. | | 1.壮丽的景色/ 了不起的成就/ 壮观的烟花表演**（应、概）**  2.他那扑救的动作令人叹为观止。**（续）**  3.夕阳西斜，异常壮观。**（续）**  4.狂欢节游行场面热烈，蔚为大观。**（续）** |
| **31. bathe [beið] vi. 洗澡；游泳；（尤为柔和、令人愉悦的光线）撒满覆盖；使沐浴（在光线里）** | | |
| 1.The moon **bathed** the countryside in a silver light.  2.**Bathed** in the warm noon sunshine, Asad couldn’t help smiling, glad that his simple honesty was rewarded with such a large circle of nice friends!  3.Fahad treated Asad a lunch, "You deserve it, honest boy." The whole room was **bathed** in happiness, with air being sweet. | | 1.月光下的乡村沐浴在一片银辉之中。**（续）**  2. 沐浴在中午温暖的阳光下，阿萨德不禁微笑，很高兴他朴素的诚实收获了这么大帮的朋友!**（续）**  3.法哈德请阿萨德吃了一顿午餐，“你应得的，诚实的孩子。”整个房间沐浴在幸福之中，空气清新。**（续）** |
| **32.arouse [ə'rəuz] vt. 激发；唤醒某人** | | |
| 1.**arouse** sb's intense interest/ curiosity/ anger/ suspicions  2.**arouse** the competitive spirit  3.**arouse** students' awareness of water crisis  4.**arouse** widespread concern | | 1.引起某人强烈的兴趣/好奇心/愤怒/怀疑**（应、续、概）**  2.激发竞争精神 **（应、续、概）**  3.激起学生们对水资源的危机意识  4.引起广泛关注**（应、概）** |
| **33.appreciation [ə,pri:ʃi'eiʃən] n. 欣赏；感激；感谢** | | |
| 1.Please accept this gift in appreciation of all you've done for us.  2.I'd appreciate it if you could give me the opportunity.  3.The crowd murmured in appreciation. . | | 1. 承蒙鼎力相助，不胜感激，谨备薄礼，敬请笑纳。**（应）**  2.如果您能给我这个机会，我将不胜感激。**（应）**  3.人群低声赞叹着。**（续）** |
| **34.peak [pi:k] n. 山顶；顶峰 = summit** | | |
| 1.The **peak** looked to him exactly like a giant fist, with the thumb sticking straight up.  2.Traffic reaches its peak between 8 and 9 in the morning.  3.She's at the peak of her career. | | 1.在他看来，山峰就像一只巨大的拳头，大拇指笔直地竖着。**（续）**  2.上午8、9点钟之间是交通高峰期。**（应、续）**  3.她正处在事业的巅峰。**（续）** |