

2019—2020 下学期高三年级九调考试

英语试卷

第 I 卷 (选择题 满分 100 分)

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19. 15.

B. £ 9. 18.

C. £ 9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. Which season do we know from the conversation?

A. Spring.

B. Summer.

C. Winter.

2. Who did the woman call?

A. Her dad.

B. Her husband.

C. Her father-in-law.

3. What does the man want to express?

A. His thanks.

B. His skills.

C. His plans.

4. How many red roses does the man need?

A. 11.

B. 12.

C. 13.

5. When will the woman go to the class?

A. At 10:00 am.

B. At 4:00 pm.

C. At 6:00 pm.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the man think of the show?

A. Surprising.

B. Funny.

C. Impressive.

7. How many colors does the woman mention?

A. Six.

B. Five.

C. Four.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. Why did the man go to Paris and Berlin?

A. To attend a meeting.

B. To have a holiday.

C. To have fun.

9. Which country is the woman probably from?

A. Netherlands.

B. Spain.

C. China.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至第 12 题。

10. What did the woman think about skiing at first?
A. Very difficult. B. A little bit easy. C. Rather simple.
11. What is the hardest part for the woman to ski?
A. Rising to her feet. B. Keeping the balance. C. Checking the equipment.
12. What did Billy enjoy when skiing with ease?
A. Perfect skills. B. Skiing speed. C. Natural scenery.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至第 16 题。

13. How long has Amy Purdy been disabled?
A. 10 years. B. 11 years. C. 12 years.
14. What happened to the woman?
A. She lost her legs. B. She lost her hands. C. She gave in to her life.
15. What has Amy taken part in?
A. A memorizing competition.
B. A writing competition.
C. A snowboard racing.
16. How does the man feel about Amy's life attitude?
A. Positive. B. Concerned. C. Disappointed.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至第 20 题。

17. What kind of worker is Shirley?
A. Warm-hearted. B. Stubborn. C. Careless.
18. What problem did Shirley suffer from?
A. Hearing trouble. B. Cancer. C. Heart attack.
19. What did customers do for Shirley?
A. Bought a car. B. Set up a club. C. Gave some advice.
20. How does Shirley treat the customers?
A. She treats them like strangers.
B. She often tries her best to help them.
C. She always smiles and takes care of them.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Opening in 1934, the Brookfield Zoo quickly received a worldwide reputation for its special displays and unique exhibits.

Address: 1st Avenue between Ogden Avenue and 31st Street, Brookfield, Illinois

Phone: 7086888000

Getting to the Brookfield Zoo by Public Transportation:

The Metra Rail Burlington Northern line runs from Union Station downtown to the “Zoo Stop” (Hollywood Station) and from there it's only a 2-block-northeast walk to the zoo.

Driving from Downtown:

Drive along the Eisenhower Expressway west to First Avenue exit. Head south about 2.5 miles and follow the signs to the zoo entrance.

Parking at the Brookfield Zoo:

Parking fees are \$9 for cars and \$12 for buses.

The Brookfield Zoo Hours:

The Brookfield Zoo is open 365 days per year.

Monday—Saturday: 9: 30 am. to 6: 00 pm.

Sunday: 9: 30 am. to 7: 30 pm.

The Brookfield Zoo Tickets:

Adults (ages 12—64), \$13.50;

Seniors (ages 65+), \$9.50;

Children (ages 3—11), \$9.50;

Children (ages 2 and under), free

The Brookfield Zoo Featured Exhibits:

Tropic World; Wolf Woods; Living Coast; Seven Seas; Fragile Kingdom; Australia House; Habitat Africa.

About the Brookfield Zoo:

The Brookfield Zoo is located just 14 miles west of downtown Chicago. It's home to a variety of animal species, and its use of natural barriers and moats (壕沟) is so much more relaxing and enjoyable than watching a lion pace back and forth in a cage. The absence of bars also makes for great wildlife photo opportunities. The Brookfield Zoo also focuses on education, with detailed displays about the animals being viewed and the interactive program that lets kids get some hands-on experience to learn what it takes to run a zoo as well as face painting and crafts.

For more information about the Brookfield Zoo, visit www.brookfieldzoo.org.

21. Where is the entrance to the Brookfield Zoo?

- A. At the Eisenhower Expressway
- B. At the Hollywood Station.
- C. At 31st Street.
- D. At First Avenue.

22. How much should a couple in their thirties and their 4-year-old twins pay if they want to visit the zoo?

- A. \$32.5.
- B. \$ 46.
- C. \$23.
- D. \$36.5.

23. What make(s) the Brookfield Zoo more attractive and enjoyable?

- A. Its various activities.
- B. Its geographical advantage.
- C. Its cageless displays.
- D. Its cheap tickets.

B

The African grey parrot's ability to talk and mimic sounds makes it a charming companion. African grey owners often report that their greys oftentimes talk in context and can understand their people's emotions(情感). The African grey parrot is not just a top talker — this bird is also known for its extreme intelligence, which gives them the name "The Einsteins of the Bird World".

The bird is medium-sized, dusty-looking and almost pigeon-like. It has a bright red tail, intelligent orange eyes, and a stunning scalloped (扇形的) pattern to its feathers. Their diet in the wild consists mostly of nuts, seeds, fruits, and leafy matter.

At home, African greys need plenty of toys that challenge their intelligence, such as food searching and puzzle toys. Nutri-Berries by Lafeber Company are a perfect choice, which, with a balance of grains, seeds and other nutrients in the shape of a berry, encourages African greys to hold, bite off, and even play with, just as they do in the wild.

African greys seem especially affected by stress and disturbing noise in their environment and can be put more at ease by placing one corner of the cage against a wall as opposed to in the middle of a room.

African grey parrots are more likely to suffer from lack of Vitamin-A/beta-carotene, and therefore benefit from eating vegetables high in beta-carotene, such as cooked sweet potato and fresh kale. Lack

of Vitamin-D is another concern, especially for greys on a poor diet. Offering a balanced, pill-shaped diet, such as Nutri-Berries, helps prevent vitamin and mineral shortage.

24. Why are African grey parrots called “The Einsteins of the Bird World”?

- A. Because of their brain size.
- B. Due to their talking ability.
- C. Owing to their rich emotions.
- D. On account of their intelligence.

25. What can “Nutri-Berries” probably be?

- A. A brand of bird food.
- B. Puzzle toys for birds.
- C. A type of round fruit.
- D. Wild Intelligence games.

26. What is the characteristic of African grey parrots?

- A. They may get ill due to lack of Vitamin B.
- B. They are smart and love to have fun.
- C. They are dusty looking with blue eyes.
- D. They prefer to stay in the middle of the room.

27. Where can we most probably find the passage?

- A. In a wildlife magazine.
- B. In science fiction.
- C. In a travel guide.
- D. On a shopping website.

C

Gretchen Altman is smiling, leaning back casually, a cup of coffee in hand — Hills Bros. Coffee, to be precise. It looks like a casual shot, but if you hit like, leave a comment, and tag a friend, you can get three different cups of coffee, for free.

Altman is part of a growing trend of “micro-influencers”. She has a small following — around 6,000 on Instagram (社交平台). Her going rate is \$300 to \$800 to promote something. She does some posts in exchange for free goods, as long as it’s stuff she believes in.

As a micro-influencer she has a much closer relationship with her followers than a big social media star. “I’m just living a normal life and people relate to that,” she says. “They just feel like I’m a friend of theirs.”

But it worries consumer rights groups. Several recent studies have found that young audiences are largely unable to understand when something is sponsored content.

In some cases, it’s clear. When a big star takes to a social media to advertise Coca-Cola, for example,

the assumption is that he or she's probably getting paid to do so. And the posts are clearly labeled as ads, with the caption "advertisement" or "sponsored content".

But what happens when an everyday person with just a couple thousand followers takes to social media to extol(颂扬) the virtues of a product? The motivations are not so clear-cut. The problem with these social media posts is that you don't know whether it's an ad or not.

Altman is diligent about using those hashtags(标签). She loves what she does and sees it as a business, but she doesn't necessarily want to be a social media celebrity.

"With social media being so integrated into our everyday lives, we have this unique opportunity that I don't think anyone has ever had before where we can each be our own brand," Altman says.

28. What does a micro-influencer do according to the passage?

- A. Offer enough likes.
- B. Recommend some comments.
- C. Post to increase sales.
- D. Create advertisements.

29. What makes consumer rights groups feel worried?

- A. Ads with caption on posts.
- B. The unclear motivations of the posts.
- C. Sponsored ads content.
- D. The increasingly growing number of audiences

30. How does Gretchen Altman feel about being a micro-influencer?

- A. Pleased
- B. Upset.
- C. Ambitious.
- D. Disappointed.

31. Which of the following can be the best title?

- A. We Can Each Be Our Own Top Brand
- B. To be a Micro-influencer or to be a Big Star
- C. Hills Bros. Coffee, Your Coffee
- D. Instagram Advertising: Do You Know It, When You See It

D

When it comes to work, workers, and jobs, much of the concern of the modern age boils down to the fear that we're witnessing the final stage of the game, and that there will be nowhere for humans to withdraw as machines take over the last few tasks. The most recent example comes from the use of artificial intelligence (AI). Is there no area of human experience that can't be replaced by AI? And if not, what is left for humans to do except the tasks involved in taking care of the machines?

At the heart of this concern is our desire for good jobs — jobs that make the most of workers'

natural abilities and where the work provides the worker with motivation and work-life balance. More importantly, good jobs support workers in learning by doing—and, in so doing, deliver benefits on three levels: to the worker, who gains in personal development and job satisfaction; to the organization, which reforms as staff find new problems to solve and opportunities to pursue; and to the community as a whole, which harvests the economic benefits of hosting positive organizations and workers. This is what makes good jobs productive for the organization, as well as engaging and fulfilling for the worker.

Does the ongoing advance of AI threaten to get rid of all the learning, creativity, and meaning that make a job a good job? Certainly, some have blamed technology for just such an outcome. Headlines today often express concern over technological innovation(革新) resulting in bad jobs for humans, or even the complete disappearance of certain professions. Some fear that further technology advancement in the workplace will result in jobs where employees are being asked to work in split times or for longer periods over more days.

The problem here isn't the technology; rather, it's the way the technology is used — and, more than that, the way people think about using it.

32. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. How to take care of the AI machines.
- B. The relations among work, workers, and jobs.
- C. The human fears in the age of AI.
- D. Human experiences were replaced by AI.

33. What jobs are supposed to be good according to the passage?

- A. Those that mainly have the economic benefits.
- B. The ones that offer chances to progress professionally.
- C. Those that make full use of workers' motivation.
- D. The ones that don't bring new problems to workers.

34. How do news media respond to the development of AI?

- A. Negative.
- B. Supportive.
- C. Optimistic.
- D. Ambiguous.

35. What will the author probably talk about next?

- A. The future jobs humans will do. B. The possible application of AI in the future.
C. The ways to deal with the issues of AI. D. The proper attitude towards AI.

第二节(共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Reduce Anxiety During a Quarantine

Several governments around the world have requested or ordered their citizens to quarantine themselves: to stay at home to avoid contact with others so as to slow the spread of diseases like COVID-19. It first appeared in China in late December and quickly became a worldwide health emergency. 36. Here are some tips for you to reduce anxiety.

Use social media wisely.

For people thriving off social interaction, this practice can be troubling. But Rosmarin, a psychologist from Harvard Medical School, says a lack of physical proximity(接近) shouldn't mean a lack of socializing. He says phoning friends and staying in touch can allow us to maintain our connections, though he cautions that social media like Twitter doesn't provide the same benefits and creates distance. Instead, 37. Playing online games or other virtual activities can also help you maintain feelings of remaining connected when avoiding in-person visits.

Don't let the news cycle determine your emotions

The coronavirus situation is dynamic and seems to change by the hour, resulting in a number of people feeling irresistible to stay on top of updates by constant checking their phones. While that can be stressful at any time, it can affect your ability to relax if you surf news outlets just before going to sleep. 38. Sleep is critical to a healthy immune system, and giving yourself an opportunity to relax is important.

39

Routines will go a long way toward helping you avoid feelings of disorganization. Do laundry on Sundays? Keep doing it on Sunday. Not going to work? Get dressed anyway. "Anxiety is just the beginning," Rosmarin says. "Within a week or two, people are probably going to start feeling depressed, especially when we are distancing from one another. That's really where the benefits of scheduling come in." Doing as usual will also help you adjust when the world returns—as it inevitably will—to

normalcy.

At last, 40. If you are experiencing helplessness from the effects of quarantine, contact a health care provider, a community organization or an emergency hotline number.

- A. It's very unlikely an update will be so urgent or pressing that it would lose relevance by morning
- B. Sticking to your normal sleep patterns and other practices will maintain feelings of familiarity
- C. keep a check on your own feelings
- D. Quarantines, however, can cause health problems and puts people at greater risk of anxiety and depression as a result of the isolation
- E. call or conference people you know personally, one-on-one
- F. Continuing with normal routines as much as possible will help you stay healthy
- G. Keep your usual routine

第三部分 语言知识运用 (共两节; 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

A dog waiting on a roadside for four years has finally been reunited with its owner thanks to a social media post. Anuchit Uncharoen happened to be there. He 41 passing by the dog and seeing it being 42 by a woman late in the afternoon.

When he 43 her, he learned that the dog was thought to have been 44. The woman said she 45 took the dog to her home, but the loyal friend 46 and returned to the street, waiting for its owner. Since then, the nice woman had been 47 bringing food to him and 48 he was healthy. Others in the community had been 49, too.

The dog's heartbreaking situation made the 50 online, eventually reaching his owner. He got in 51 with Anuchit and explained that he and his family 52 a dog named BonBon four years ago. Their dog had the same 53 as the one in the pictures.

The owner said that BonBon was with them on a trip to a relative. His dog might have 54 out of the car while on the road. He and his family searched for BonBon back in the roads but without

55 _____.

They _____ 56 _____ their pet dog had died and were thrilled to discover him _____ 57 _____ and well. When the owner paid BonBon a visit, _____ 58 _____, the dog refused to go with him, even if his tail wagged in _____ 59 _____.

Someone once said, he might only be here for a part of your life, but for him, you are his _____ 60 _____ life. So to them remember to be kind.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. recalled | B. considered | C. regretted | D. admitted |
| 42. A. attacked | B. hugged | C. fed | D. pushed |
| 43. A. approached | B. left | C. advised | D. remembered |
| 44. A. caught | B. abandoned | C. accepted | D. released |
| 45. A. unwillingly | B. eagerly | C. smartly | D. initially |
| 46. A. refused | B. escaped | C. agreed | D. disobeyed |
| 47. A. shortly | B. permanently | C. regularly | D. annually |
| 48. A. looking after | B. seeing to | C. checking in | D. making sure |
| 49. A. praising | B. helping | C. following | D. listening |
| 50. A. wishes | B. news | C. notes | D. rounds |
| 51. A. connection | B. touch | C. line | D. collision |
| 52. A. picked | B. adopted | C. lost | D. rescued |
| 53. A. appearance | B. temper | C. character | D. size |
| 54. A. looked | B. walked | C. jumped | D. dropped |
| 55. A. luck | B. end | C. news | D. fail |
| 56. A. assumed | B. announced | C. proved | D. doubted |
| 57. A. independent | B. cheerful | C. grateful | D. alive |
| 58. A. undoubtedly | B. joyfully | C. surprisingly | D. thankfully |
| 59. A. surprise | B. excitement | C. trouble | D. anger |
| 60. A. all | B. only | C. total | D. whole |

第二节 语法填空(共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

On March 12, the day when the Olympic torch 61 (light) in ancient Olympia without spectators because of ongoing concerns 62 COVID-19, the International Olympic Committee (IOC) said it was "fully committed" to 63 (hold) the Games, set to run from July 24 to August 9, in Tokyo.

The situation 64 (remain) unsettled and talk of holding the Games elsewhere has been widely disapproved. The cost of hosting, organizers said in December, was some 1.35 trillion yen (\$12.35 billion). Professor Victor Matheson, a sports 65 (economy), believes the truer sum is 66 (like) to be \$25 billion, a vast majority of 67 has already been spent on large-scale infrastructure projects such as 68 (transport) networks, hotels and new venues.

The handover of the flame to Tokyo 2020 Games organizers is still set to take place as 69 (schedule) at the Panathenaic Stadium in Athens on March 19 without spectators, 70 whether the Olympic will be held in July remains, much like the virus, unknown.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (Λ), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起) 不计分。

I'd like to say something before Martin went back to the USA. Martin is the kind, helpful and friendly boy who is good at playing basketball. I feel happy to be her friend. He gets along well with everyone, all of who have a wonderful time with him. Whenever we have trouble learn English, he will never hesitate to help us, but our English has been improved a lot since he came to our class. We owe a

lot of thanks to Martin.

Truly friendship never ends, so I hope we can keep touch with Martin. I also hope that Martin can come back to Chengdu, China. I promise that what I will show him around our city and visit the places of interests and historical sites with him.

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假定你是李华，你的美国朋友 James 对中国古典音乐(classical music)和演奏乐器很感兴趣，请你给他回复邮件。提示如下：

- 1、介绍中国古典音乐特点；
- 2、举例介绍熟悉或者著名中国古典乐曲；
- 3、简要介绍中国古典乐器。

注意：1.词数 100 左右。

2.可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Dear James,

Yours,

Li Hua