

# 高三英语

(说明:本试卷考试时间为 120 分钟,满分为 120 分。)

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## 注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、班级、学号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案。
3. 回答非选择题时,必须用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔作答,答案必须写在答题卷各题目指定区域内相应位置上。将答案写在本试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束,监考人员将答题卡收回。

## 第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

### 第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

#### A

#### Musee du Louvre

#### HOURS & ADMISSION

Plan and book your visit.

9:00 AM TO 6:00 PM—Monday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday

9:00 AM TO 9:00 PM—Wednesday and Friday

CLOSED—Tuesday

Last entry: 1 hour before closing

Public holidays: The Louvre is closed on 1 January, 1 May and 25 December. It remains open on all other public holidays unless they fall on a Tuesday, the museum's day of closure.

Exceptional hours: The museum is open until 9 p. m. on 26, 28, 29 and 30 December 2024 and 6 and 8 February 2025. Please be aware that visitors will be asked to leave the rooms 30 minutes before closing.

All visitors from 21 December 2024 to 5 January 2025 must book a ticket ahead of time. Tickets may be purchased on site when museum attendance is low (subject to availability).

#### Entrance fees

General admission, €22.00

#### Tours & activities

Audio guide: 6 admission tickets and 6 audio guide bookings, €6.00 per person.

Guided tours: story time and workshops + Louvre, €31.00

## VISITORS ELIGIBLE FOR FREE ADMISSION

Time-slot (时间空档) bookings are recommended, including for free-admission visitors.

Under 18s

18-25-year-old residents of the European Economic Area (EU, Norway, Iceland, and Liechtenstein)

The Louvre is free for all visitors on the first Friday of each month after 6 p. m. (except in July and August) and on 14 July!

Disabled visitors and the person accompanying them

Art teachers (plastic arts, archeology, applied arts, architecture and art history only)

Artists affiliated to the AIAP (国际艺术协会)

ICOM and ICOMOS members

Journalists

Job seekers and residents of the European Economic Area

People on income support and residents of EEA

21. Which time is suitable for a visit to Louvre?

A. 5:10 p. m. on Saturday.

B. 3:00 p. m. on Tuesday.

C. 6:30 p. m. on 6 February 2025.

D. 5:50 p. m. on 25 December.

22. How much does an audio guide tour of Louvre charge for a tour group of 6 Chinese adults?

A. €168. 00.

B. €132. 00.

C. €186. 00.

D. €36. 00.

23. Who is most likely qualified for free admission to Louvre?

A. A sales manager aged 26.

B. A middle-aged history teacher.

C. A retired USA architect.

D. A disabled father with his son.

## B

Life had always been about action for former teacher Billy Keenan, who had served in the Army before. He mastered musical instruments including the flute, guitar, bass guitar and piano. As a competitive triathlete and surfer, he completed numerous 5K, 10K and half-marathon runs. "I was at the peak of my powers," he said.

But on Sept. 14, 2013, his life changed in an instant while surfing at the Jersey Shore. "I rode that wave, fell off my board, hit my head on the ocean floor," Keenan said. "Everything faded to black." Keenan woke up in a hospital room two and a half weeks later. He had been paralyzed (瘫痪的) from the shoulders down and the medical team didn't expect him to regain independent breathing.

Keenan called it one of the worst days of his life, saying it was "a lot of darkness." When a parent of a former student visited him at the hospital, they handed him the phone. It was New York Police Department Detective Steven McDonald, who survived a shooting in 1986. He eventually forgave his attacker. But he too was paralyzed. He became a public speaker,

preaching the importance of forgiveness.

That day, he had advice for Keenan. At a recent talk at Berkeley College, Keenan recalled what McDonald had told him. “The only reason you survive is when you’re better, when you’re stronger, when your rehab is over, you’re going to come back and contribute in a significant way,” he said. “Don’t ever forget that in the end, there will be life.”

Looking back on his life, Keenan realized he had been accustomed to what he called “deliberate discomfort.” Drawing on his own faith and that reminder from McDonald, Keenan overcame the odds. Four months after his accident, he was able to breathe on his own again.

In 2015, Keenan went back to teaching, but later retired. When McDonald died in January 2017, Keenan decided to start helping others by becoming a motivational speaker. He published an autobiography in 2023—“The Road to Resilience: The Billy Keenan Story”—and is already working on his next book, a new coming-of-age story called “I Am Iron Man.”

24. What is the purpose of the first paragraph?

- A. To introduce Keenan’s basic situations before injury.
- B. To make a contrast to indicate Keenan’s later terrible situation.
- C. To inform the readers that Keenan stood out with talent and skill.
- D. To indicate why Keenan was eventually injured.

25. What do we know about Keenan after his injury?

- A. He was paralyzed all over his body.
- B. He came back to consciousness after three weeks.
- C. He was expected to breathe independently soon by his medical team.
- D. He had used to accept paralysis and sufferings to be his fate.

26. What does the underlined word “rehab” in paragraph 4 probably mean?

- A. Regret.
- B. Reflection.
- C. Recovery.
- D. Rescue.

27. What message is mainly conveyed by Keenan’s story?

- A. Life is never easy for those who dream.
- B. What doesn’t kill you makes you stronger.
- C. Helping others is the way we help ourselves.
- D. Only a life lived for others is a life worthwhile.

### C

The world’s largest iceberg is on the move again, drifting through the Southern Ocean after months stuck spinning on the same spot, scientists from the British Antarctic Survey (BAS) have said.

Spanning an area of 3,672 square kilometers when measured in August—slightly bigger than Rhode Island—the A23a iceberg has been carefully tracked by scientists ever since it calved from the Filchner-Ronne Ice Shelf in 1986. It remained grounded on the Antarctic’s



Weddell Sea floor for more than 30 years, probably until it shrank just enough to loosen its grasp on the seafloor. Then, the iceberg was carried away by ocean currents before it became stuck again in a Taylor column—the name given to a spinning vortex (涡流) of water caused by ocean currents hitting an underwater mountain.

Now that the iceberg has broken free, scientists expect it will continue drifting along the ocean currents toward warmer water and the remote island of South Georgia, where it is likely to break up and eventually melt, BAS said in a statement published Friday.

While this particular iceberg probably broke away as part of the natural growth cycle of the ice shelf and won't contribute to rising sea levels, climate change is driving worrying changes in this vast, isolated continent, with potentially devastating consequences for global sea level rise.

Throughout the iceberg's journey, scientists have studied its erosion and the ways sea ice can influence global ocean cycles of carbon and nutrients.

"We know that these giant icebergs can provide nutrients to the waters they pass through, creating thriving (繁荣的) ecosystems in otherwise less productive areas," said Laura Taylor, a biogeochemist who collected samples from the water around the iceberg. "What we don't know is what difference particular icebergs, their scale, and their origins can make to that process." "We took samples of ocean surface waters behind, immediately close to, and ahead of the iceberg's route. They should help us determine what life could form around A23a and how it impacts carbon in the ocean and its balance with the atmosphere."

28. What is the current status of the A23a iceberg?

- A. It keeps still in the Weddell Sea.
- B. It is melting rapidly near South Georgia.
- C. It is floating through the Southern Ocean.
- D. It is stuck again in a Taylor column.

29. What probably caused the A23a iceberg to break loose from the seafloor?

- A. A strong spinning vortex.
- B. The calving from ice shelf.
- C. The melting of the iceberg.
- D. The currents' collision with sea mountains.

30. What might be the focus of the later study according to Laura Taylor?

- A. How the A23a influences the creation of thriving ecosystems.
- B. Whether the A23a will cause rising sea levels.
- C. How the A23a affects global ocean cycles of carbon and nutrients.
- D. How the A23a impacts the carbon in the atmosphere.

31. Which of the following might be the most suitable title?

- A. What A23a will bring us after breaking free again
- B. BAS is tracking the largest iceberg, A23a
- C. Moving A23a: rising sea levels or thriving ecosystems
- D. World's biggest iceberg, A23a, is on the move again

**D**

Fancy letting a machine mediate (调解) your argument? It could be the latest application for AI as researchers reveal its mysterious recipe for finding common ground in culture war conflicts.

Scientists at Google's DeepMind project designed what they call the Habermas Machine, a large language AI inspired by German philosopher Jürgen Habermas' theory of communicative action—the idea that common understanding fosters cooperation. It works by taking differing written views on a contentious (有争议的) topic and coming up with a set of statements designed to keep everyone happy.

Researchers found that the machine's musings (想法) were preferred 56% of the time compared to statements produced by human mediators. Participants also found the AI response to be more logical and informative. Study co-author Prof Chris Summerfield, from the University of Oxford, said, "Helping people find agreement is a new frontier for AI. In the event, we found that it was not only as good as but better than humans trying to do the same job."

Summerfield believes the process of interacting through the AI model helps overcome the drawbacks of traditional debating chambers such as public meetings and social media. "People can venture these private beliefs," he explained. "They're not put in the position where they have to try and look clever or feel like they have to win an argument irrespective of what they really think. We were amazed at how articulate people were. They were sensible and moderate. I bet that what happens on Twitter/X, for example, is that the process lends itself to digital preening (得意)."

Part of the model's success, he says, lies in its determination to give special weight to disagreeing opinion. Rather than siding with the majority, it allowed minority voices to feel heard. "A lot of policymaking is about finding good compromises, right?" he says. "And you can only fit so many people around the table. If you want a very inclusive process, then you need lots of people to participate. I would love to see this tool used to give us all a better opinion of what people think about everything, which I think would probably—on balance—be a good thing."

32. What is theoretical basis for the Habermas Machine?
- A. Mutual trust originates from cooperation.
  - B. Finding common ground is equal to settling conflicts.
  - C. Resolving disagreements helps win argument.
  - D. Shared agreement promotes cooperation.
33. Which might be the disadvantage of traditional mediation?
- A. Failing to show cleverness.
  - B. Strong desire to win regardless of true thoughts.
  - C. Being too casual to share secret thoughts.
  - D. Making people extreme and unreasonable.
34. Which of the following helps the success of the Habermas Machine?
- A. Supporting the beliefs of the majority.
  - B. Logical response with useful information.
  - C. Allowing the majority voices to be heard.
  - D. Completely ignoring disagreeing ideas.
35. What does Summerfield suggest about the Habermas Machine?
- A. Applying it to more situations.
  - B. Involving more people in the research.
  - C. Finding good compromises for it.
  - D. Offering a better opinion of its process.

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

**So your kid wants to quit. Should you let them?**

It can be hard for parents to know when a kid is ready to stop taking part in an extracurricular activity. Classes and sports can encourage grit (勇气) and foster belonging. But for some kids, they can also be a stress-inducing obligation. In these situations, the best thing to do is to avoid rushing to fix the problem. 36 Here's how to have hard conversations with your kids about quitting.

**Examine why you care so much**

When your child says they're ready to put their clarinet (单簧管) back in its case, the first thing you should do is examine yourself. If your kid wanting to quit produces a strong reaction in you, unpack that. 37 Maybe your family couldn't swing team sports when you were growing up. So you're determined your child will have a different experience.



### Ask your kid what's going on

38 Maybe they just had a terrible, horrible, no good, very bad day. The rule of thumb is that we never quit on a bad day. If it's not just defeat from a bad day, do a little more digging. Even if the issue turns out to be more complex. They don't feel excited or passionate about art class. You now have valuable information to inform your troubleshooting.

### Pay attention to what your child is complaining about

The younger the child is, the less likely they are able to express their emotions or experiences verbally. So you may need other cues to figure out how your child feels. Pay attention to your child when they're complaining. Maybe they're sensitive to a coach's raised voice. Or they're too shy to talk to the other kids. 39

### Come up with a creative compromise

If your kid is bored, could you take a break or cut back on the amount they're engaging in the activity? Then have a conversation with your child about what it means to have made a commitment. That way you're teaching the child about honoring a commitment without forcing them to do something that's really uncomfortable. 40 I think you would have been OK with that, too. In the grand scheme of things, this isn't actually a big thing.

- A. See what they will say about it.
- B. Those are issues you can help fix.
- C. You're probably in it for the wrong reasons.
- D. Assess their willingness to thrive in a challenging environment.
- E. A lot of times your intentions get muddled by your own desires.
- F. Even you end up needing to take a break from the activity for a while.
- G. Instead, get curious, listen and provide the child the experience of being heard.

## 第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

### 第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

For years, 35-year-old Vamarr Hunter had a favourite spot in Chicago—the Give Me Some Sugah bakery, just a block from his home. He couldn't get 41 of the lemon bars (柠檬酥) and enjoyed 42 with the bakery's warm and welcoming owner, Lenore Lindsey.

But what began as a simple love for baked goods led to the 43 of a lifetime: The owner was not only his favorite 44 but also his biological mother.

Hunter recently learned he was adopted and, curious about his roots, 45 genetic testing to search for his biological family. His results finally 46 his birth mother, and when she felt ready, she gave him a call. The number that popped up on his phone was instantly 47.

“I had the bakery in my phone,” he said. “I’m like, ‘Give Me Some Sugah?’ And all I’m thinking in my head is why... I didn’t 48 anything.”

When he answered, Lindsey shared the surprising 49. “And that’s when we started 50,” she said. “And I started crying on the phone.”

Unemployed and seriously ill, Lindsey had to make the heartbreaking decision to give her newborn son up for 51. Now, reconnecting years later in such a(n) 52 way, she believes it was fate. “The fact that I have him now in these later years is just love,” she said 53. “Love will find a way.”

Since reuniting, Hunter has 54 his mom at the bakery, turning their reunion into a beautiful new beginning. Together, they’re building both a family bond and a bakery business, mixing love and second chances into every 55 they make.

- |                         |                 |                 |               |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. anything         | B. enough       | C. nothing      | D. little     |
| 42. A. discussing       | B. arguing      | C. chatting     | D. sharing    |
| 43. A. regret           | B. secret       | C. discovery    | D. reflection |
| 44. A. partner          | B. baker        | C. companion    | D. friend     |
| 45. A. submitted        | B. permitted    | C. committed    | D. practiced  |
| 46. A. compromised with | B. matched with | C. mixed with   | D. dealt with |
| 47. A. confusing        | B. available    | C. hopeful      | D. familiar   |
| 48. A. order            | B. mess         | C. help         | D. steal      |
| 49. A. reflection       | B. misfortune   | C. expectation  | D. news       |
| 50. A. screaming        | B. laughing     | C. complaining  | D. cheering   |
| 51. A. homestay         | B. admission    | C. independence | D. adoption   |
| 52. A. unexpected       | B. funny        | C. frightening  | D. enjoyable  |
| 53. A. proudly          | B. regretfully  | C. tearfully    | D. humorously |
| 54. A. left             | B. joined       | C. promised     | D. replaced   |
| 55. A. choice           | B. difference   | C. treat        | D. change     |

## 第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

### Chinese Artisan Creates 28-meter Masterpiece

Yu Fangze, an inheritor of the national intangible cultural heritage of weaving straw dragons, is preserving 56 ancient tradition in Hukou County, Jiujiang City, east China’s Jiangxi Province.

His latest creation measures 27.8 meters in 57 (long) and requires over 90,000 pieces of straw. The craft dates back to the Sui and Tang dynasties (581-907). Traditionally, local farmers made straw dragons 58 (celebrate) harvests and





pray for good weather.

Yu has been weaving straw dragons for 72 years. His passion began in childhood 59 he learned techniques from skilled craftsmen, eventually becoming a renowned artisan 60 (he).

Creating perfectly crafted straw dragons 61 (involve) at least 12 intricate (错综复杂的) steps, including carefully selecting glutinous rice straw, bamboo and wood. "The most 62 (challenge) part is making the dragon's skeleton, which has strict angle and size requirements," said Yu.

Yu has improved the dragon scale-making (鳞片制作) process by using wheat stalks (秆) instead of rice straw 63 a shinier appearance. A single 28-meter straw dragon requires 1,400 scales, each deliberately 64 (make) from nine uniform wheat stalks.

To date, Yu's straw dragons 65 (display) in local museums and featured in major celebrations in Jiangxi Province.

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

##### 第一节 (满分 15 分)

假设你是校英语报记者李华,你校 2 月 4 号在市图书馆举办了以“Sharing China”为主题的乐享中国春节文化影像展,请写一篇英文报道,内容包括:

1. 影像展的举行(时间、地点和主题等);
2. 优秀摄影或视频作品介绍;
3. 感受和意义。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 个左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

参考词汇:春节文化影像展 Spring Festival Image Exhibition

#### Sharing China: A Cultural Journey Through Images

##### 第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

On New Year's Eve, the air was filled with excitement and expectation. Every kid was overjoyed, and one such kid was little Johnny. Johnny was thrilled because he was going to the market with his father to buy various items that he liked. The market was bustling with activity, and all the businesses were decorated with colorful lights, creating a festive

atmosphere.

As Johnny and his father walked through the market, they were surrounded by the sounds of vendors calling out their wares, the laughter of children, and the clatter of shopping carts. The air was filled with the scent of freshly cooked food and the bright lights of the decorations. Johnny's eyes widened in wonder as he took in the sights and sounds of the bustling market.

While wandering through the market, Johnny's attention was drawn to a shop with a large number of caged birds. The birds were constantly slamming their beaks against the cage in a desperate attempt to escape. Many of them were dripping with blood, and their feathers were ruffled (竖起) and dirty. Johnny felt a pang of sorrow and was deeply moved by the plight (困境) of the birds.

Unable to control his emotions, Johnny approached the shopkeeper. "Why have you captured these helpless birds?" he inquired, his voice trembling with concern. Johnny thought to himself that it was not right to limit someone's freedom, especially for innocent creatures like these birds.

The shopkeeper looked at Johnny with a mixture of frustration and sadness. "I don't like it," he admitted, "but I don't have any other options. I need the job and also require funds to feed my family." Listening to the shopkeeper's explanation, Johnny understood the complexity of the situation. He turned to his father and said, "Dad, can we buy these birds and set them free?" Meanwhile, he was searching for money in his pocket. "What about all those items you were planning to buy, Johnny? What if the man loses his job?" Johnny's father inquired.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 个左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

For a brief moment, Johnny was confused and slightly anxious.

The shopkeeper was overjoyed and handed the cage to Johnny.



# 高三英语参考答案

## 第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

21—23: CAD 24—27: BDCB 28—31: CCAD 32—35: DBBA

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

36—40: GEABF

## 第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

41—45: BCCBA 46—50: BDADA 51—55: DACBC

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

56. the 57. length 58. to celebrate 59. when 60. himself

61. involves 62. challenging 63. for 64. made 65. have been displayed

## 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

Possible Version:

### Sharing China: A Cultural Journey Through Images

On February 4th, our school held a captivating photography exhibition themed “Sharing China” at the City Library. This event showcased the rich tapestry of Chinese Spring Festival culture through a series of evocative images, drawing a large crowd of enthusiasts.

The exhibition featured a diverse array of photographs capturing various aspects of the Spring Festival. Among the standout pieces was a photograph titled “Lanterns of Hope,” which depicted a breathtaking view of lanterns floating in the night sky, symbolizing people’s wishes for a bright future.

The “Sharing China” exhibition was more than just a visual feast; it was a profound cultural experience. The photographs not only highlighted the beauty of the Spring Festival but also conveyed the deep-rooted traditions and values underlying this significant celebration. In conclusion, the “Sharing China” photography exhibition was a resounding success.

第二节 (满分 25 分)

Possible Version:

*For a brief moment, Johnny was confused and slightly anxious.* However, he quickly reminded himself of the importance of the birds’ liberation, believing all the obstacles would be removed. With renewed determination, Johnny took his father’s hand tightly. He begged steadily and sincerely, “Dad, I can have a good time with you on New Year’s Eve, but these birds will have a greater time in the open sky.” His father looked at him, eyes glistening.



Without hesitation, he handed over the money to the shopkeeper. “You can set these birds free,” he told the shopkeeper. “And I promise you a respectable position at the supermarket that was to open nearby in a week.”

*The shopkeeper was overjoyed and handed the cage to Johnny.* As he eagerly took the cage and unbolted the cage door, all of the birds soared into the sky, disappearing into the distance. Johnny watched them go and began to clap, with a look of joy and satisfaction. “Dad, Now they can celebrate the new year with their families and friends. There couldn’t be a greater New Year’s present,” Johnny said with a beaming smile. His father embraced him, pride evident in his eyes. “You deserved it, my dear,” his father remarked. As they left the market, Johnny looked up at the sky, and knew that this New Year’s Eve would be one he would never forget.

### 试卷解析

#### 阅读理解 A 篇

21. C 22. A 23. D

#### 【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章介绍了参观巴黎卢浮宫的一些信息,主要包括:开放时间、门票、导游费用、免费情况等信息。

#### 【21 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Exceptional hours”中的“The museum is open until 9 p. m. on 26, 28, 29 and 30 December 2024 and 6 and 8 February 2025. (博物馆 2024 年 12 月 26、28、29、30 日和 2025 年 2 月 6、8 日都开放并且到晚上 9 点)”可知,C 选项 6:30 p. m. on 6 February 2025,这个时间在关闭前,提前一个小时进场参观卢浮宫(Louvre)是可行的。A 选项周六六点闭馆,提前一小时参观,时间不允许,B 选项周二不开放,D 选项 12. 25 圣诞节不开放,故选 C 项。

#### 【22 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Entrance fees”和“Tours & activities”部分中的“Audio guide: 6 admission tickets and 6 audio guide bookings, €6.00 per person.”可知,一个中国 6 名成人团出游卢浮宫,门票 22 欧每人,音频导游 6 欧每人, $(22+6) \times 6=168$  欧。故选 A 项。

#### 【23 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 VISITORS ELIGIBLE FOR FREE ADMISSION 部分的免费条款“Disabled visitors and the person accompanying them”可知,丧失能力的游客和陪同家属都可以免费。故选 D 项。

#### 阅读理解 B 篇

24. B 25. D 26. C 27. B

#### 【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了 Billy Keenan 这位多才多艺的教师,在经历一次重大受伤之后,在前警官侦探 Steven McDonald 的鼓励下,积极恢复,重回岗位,退休后成为励志

演讲者,帮助他人,并成功出书。

### 【24 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段中的“Life had always been about action for former teacher Billy Keenan, who had served in the Army before. He mastered musical instruments including the flute, guitar, bass guitar and piano. As a competitive triathlete and surfer, he completed numerous 5K, 10K and half-marathon runs. ‘I was at the peak of my powers,’ he said. (生命于 Billy Keenan 而言就是战斗,他曾经入伍,精通乐器,也是有竞争力的铁人三项运动员,冲浪运动员,完成过数不清的赛事,如他而言,他正处于人生能量的巅峰)”可知,此处与而后的受伤到高位瘫痪,身体严重受创,形成鲜明对比,此段用意就是来对比说明之后 Billy Keenan 的艰难,为之后继续战斗走出困境埋下伏笔。故选 B 项。

### 【25 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段中的“Everything faded to black.”;第三段中的“Keenan called it one of the worst days of his life, saying it was ‘a lot of darkness.’”;特别是第五段中的“Looking back on his life, Keenan realized he had been accustomed to what he called ‘deliberate discomfort.’”(Keenan 沉浸在他自称的“deliberate discomfort”)可知,那就是 Keenan 当时残疾,就处于那种有意识地认为自己瘫痪残疾,人生没有指望的自我消极情绪和状态中。故选 D 项“他过去曾经就接受残疾和痛楚就是自己的最终命运了”。

### 【26 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据第四段中的“The only reason you survive is when you’re better, when you’re stronger, when your rehab is over, you’re going to come back and contribute in a significant way(你活着的唯一理由就是,当你好一点,当你变强壮一点,当你一切恢复之后,你要回归你的生活,用更有意义的方式去回馈这个社会)”可知,这里是对 Keenan 的身体康复状态的一个递进描述。故选 C 项 Recovery 恢复,康复。

### 【27 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章大意以及 Keenan 的整个故事经历可知,他从一位多才多艺的处于人生巅峰的教师,突然变成重度伤残,可是他没有消沉,与命运抗争,最终回到岗位,并持续发光发热。他经历磨难,克服艰难,让自己更强大。注意题干,是说 Keenan 自身的故事所传达的含意,故选 B 项。

## 阅读理解 C 篇

【答案】28. C 29. C 30. A 31. D

### 【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了 A23a 这个世界最大的冰山挣脱束缚在南大洋漂流,分析了冰川的一些“前世今生”和它可能带来的一些环境生态影响。

### 【28 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第一段中的“The world’s largest iceberg is on the move again, drifting through the Southern Ocean after months stuck spinning on the same spot. (在数月被困在原

地打转之后,世界上最大的冰川又开始在南大洋漂流移动了)”可知,A23a iceberg 此时正在南大洋漂流。故选 C 项。

### 【29 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第二段中的“*It remained grounded on the Antarctic’s Weddell Sea floor for more than 30 years, probably until it shrank just enough to loosen its grasp on the seafloor.* (这冰山一直触底被困在南极洲的 Weddell Sea 海底,也许直到它收缩变小,才挣脱了困在海底的束缚)”可知,the A23a iceberg 因为不断缩小,才挣脱了被困在海底的束缚。故选 C 项。

### 【30 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第五段中的“*scientists have studied its erosion and the ways sea ice can influence global ocean cycles of carbon and nutrients.*”;第六段中的“*We know that these giant icebergs can provide nutrients to the waters they pass through, creating thriving (繁荣的) ecosystems in otherwise less productive areas*”, “*What we don’t know is what difference particular icebergs, their scale, and their origins can make to that process.*”(科学家们已经研究了它的腐蚀作用和影响全球海洋碳和营养物质循环的方式,科学家们也知道了大型冰川可以给不那么营养丰富的区域提供丰富的营养,从而创造出繁荣的生态系统。但是科学家们不知道的是,像这种规模的冰川和来自南极的它对这种过程会起到一个多大的作用)可知,科学家们下一步做的就是收集数据重点转向去探索这些未知的区域。故选 A 项。

### 【31 题详解】

拟起标题题。根据整个新闻故事结构可知,世界上最大的冰川又开始移动,文章针对这个事件或自然现象,介绍它的一些重大过程、特征和移动可能带来的生态影响,并进行说明。针对此类新闻文章的标题,一般用科学成果、自然现象这个“引子”作为标题来展开。故选 D 项。

## 阅读理解 D 篇

【答案】32. D 33. B 34. B 35. A

### 【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇科技应用说明文。文章主要介绍了一项新研究——以 AI 为基础的调解科技,能够更好地帮助人类解决现实的纷争。文章阐述了它的原理、实验结果和潜能应用。

### 【32 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段中的“*Scientists at Google’s DeepMind project designed what they call the Habermas Machine, a large language AI inspired by German philosopher Jürgen Habermas’ theory of communicative action—the idea that common understanding fosters cooperation.* (谷歌的科学家们设计了他们称之为 the Habermas Machine 这个大型的 AI 语言工具,是受到德国哲学家 Jürgen Habermas 的学说理论——共情理解促成彼此间的合作的激发。)”可知,达成共识有利于促进合作。故选 D 项。

### 【33 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第四段中的““*People can venture these private beliefs,*” he explained. “*They’re not put in the position where they have to try and look clever or feel like they have to*



win an argument irrespective of what they really think. We were amazed at how articulate people were. They were sensible and moderate.’ (相比于传统的在房间辩论或者在社媒上辩论,人们更愿意大胆说出私人想法,他们不会处于那种想让自己看起来聪明一点,或者为了赢得辩论不计自己真实想法的境地。)”可知,传统的辩论,面红耳赤好胜心驱使下,人们为了赢,会不在乎真实想法。故选 B 项。

#### 【34 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段中的“Participants also found the AI response to be more logical and informative. (参与者认为 AI 的回应非常有逻辑也有很多有用信息)”和第五段中的“Part of the model’s success, he says, lies in its determination to give special weight to disagreeing opinion. Rather than siding with the majority, it allowed minority voices to feel heard. (它的成功在于这个机器坚决考虑到了异议,不是一味迎合大多数人,也让小众群体的声音被听到)”以及结合四个选项的表述可知,B 项符合第一个证据的表达,故选 B 项。

#### 【35 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段中的“‘A lot of policymaking is about finding good compromises, right?’ he says. ‘And you can only fit so many people around the table. If you want a very inclusive process, then you need lots of people to participate. I would love to see this tool used to give us all a better opinion of what people think about everything, which I think would probably—on balance—be a good thing.’ (很多政策制定就是为了找到好的妥协,这个适合辩论的很多人。如果你想要一个完整过程,想更多人参与整个过程,我很乐意看到这个工具被用来给大家一个关于每个人对任何事情看法的一个更好的建议,我觉得这样总体来说也许是件好事)”可知,希望这个 AI 工具能够被用于更多的场合,给参与人提供更好的建议,从而达成共识,解决纷争。故选 A 项。

#### 阅读七选五

【答案】36. G 37. E 38. A 39. B 40. F

#### 【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了孩子报了课外活动班,如果想退出,家长该如何反应,处理的一些心态、过程和策略。

#### 【36 题详解】

由上句“In these situations, the best thing to do is to avoid rushing to fix the problem. (在这种情况下,别急于处理问题)”还有下句“Here’s how to have hard conversations with your kids about quitting. (下面是如何和孩子进行一些艰难的关于退出的对话)”可知,这里转向了做法,和上句不要去做……,相反应该是去……衔接。选项 G “Instead, get curious, listen and provide the child the experience of being heard. (相反你应该表示出好奇,倾听,提供让孩子觉得被倾听理解的体验)”能承接上文,符合题意。故选 G。

#### 【37 题详解】

由上文“If your kid wanting to quit produces a strong reaction in you, unpack that. (如果孩子

要退出给你心里造成了强烈冲击,需要分析一下)”,到下文“Maybe your family couldn't swing team sports when you were growing up. (也许是你家庭在你成长期间没有能搞成一些团队运动)”暗示了你把自己没实现的东西,强加在小孩身上,而小孩并不喜欢。符合这个情境的是很多时候你自己个人打算,被你自己的欲望弄混了,(到底是为了实现自己的心愿还是为了孩子发展呢?)符合题意。故选 E。

### 【38 题详解】

这是段首句,要么承上启下,要么是此段中心句。由文章标题“Ask your kid what's going on (问问孩子到底发生了什么)”并结合此段的主要内容(后面内容是孩子可能吐露出的各类信息)可知,此处需要一个引出句。故选 A。

### 【39 题详解】

由上文“Maybe they're sensitive to a coach's raised voice. Or they're too shy to talk to the other kids. (这都是孩子列举的一系列的抱怨)”可知,段末句应该是“开始着手处理这些问题”。选项 B“Those are issues you can help fix.”符合题意。故选 B。

### 【40 题详解】

这段主题是“compromise”。由下文“I think you would have been OK with that, too.”可知“that”应该就是指出现的一种情况,即使出现,我们也可以 compromise。最后一句说明,从大局来看,也不是什么大事。“Even you end up needing to take a break from the activity for a while. (即使小孩得暂停一会)”对应“that”符合题意。故选 F。

## 完形填空

【答案】41—45: BCCBA 46—50: BDADA 51—55: DACBC

### 【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了 35 岁的 Vamarr Hunter 找到了亲生母亲 Lenore Lindsey,而这个母亲原来就是自己一直喜爱的烘焙店的老板。

### 【41 题详解】

考查词义搭配。句意:前面提到了烘焙店是 Vamarr Hunter 最喜爱的地方,所以里面的柠檬酥,怎么也吃不够, get enough of 加前面的否定“not”。故选 B。

### 【42 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。既然是最喜爱的地方,当然下句提到老板娘热情友好,那肯定有互动。老板和客人之间的互动就是聊天,而不是讨论、争论,分享又有点过,用“chatting”最合时宜,故选 C。

### 【43 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。开始引出故事,本来就是普通的对糕点甜品的喜爱居然引发了一个改变一生的发现,找到生母,到最后结局皆大欢喜,不是 A. regret 遗憾, B. secret 是最大的干扰项,但是对双方母子而言,都不知道对方与自己原来是亲生母子关系,所以于双方而言,特别是于男主人公而言,是一个一生的重大发现 C. discovery, 故选 C。

### 【44 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意:烘焙店的老板不仅是自己最喜爱的面包师、糕点师。这里避免

D. friend 这个选项,因为之前描述,还只是商客关系,文章强调由最喜爱的店家到亲生母亲这个转化,而不是老友转亲人,前文也没交代是好朋友关系,故选 B. baker。

**【45 题详解】**

考查动词词义辨析。句意:Hunter 得知自己是被收养的,那么好奇心驱使,去找亲生母亲,那么做法就是提交一份基因检测申请。A. submitted 提交;B. permitted 允许;C. committed 做,调拨 D. practiced 操作。故选 A。

**【46 题详解】**

考查动词词组辨析。句意:基因检测结果最终匹配了他的亲生母亲。A. compromised with 与……妥协;B. matched with 与……匹配;C. mixed with 混合一起;D. dealt with 处理,应对,解决。故选 B。

**【47 题详解】**

考查形容词词义辨析。句意:匹配后肯定通知了生母,生母觉得时机成熟,就拨通了孩子的电话,这个电话对于 Hunter,他肯定是熟悉的,后文有交代。所以应该是 familiar,这里只讲出现在屏幕上的电话号码,不涉及之后的关系,故选 D。

**【48 题详解】**

考查动词词义辨析。句意:描述 Hunter 的反应,Hunter 接到电话,有点莫名其妙,他的反应是,“我存了这个烘焙店的号码,我差不多像这样,‘这家店啊?’可我没有点这个烘焙店的东西啊,为什么打电话给我呢?”所以应该是 A. order 订购,故选 A。

**【49 题详解】**

考查名词词义辨析。句意:还是接了电话,那么 Lindsey 告诉了 Hunter 这个吃惊的消息。A. reflection 反思;B. misfortune 不幸;C. expectation 期待;D. news 消息,Hunter 并不知道会发生什么事情,不能说期待,故选 D。

**【50 题详解】**

考查动词词义辨析。前面提到是吃惊的消息,与母子而言都是很大的意外,双方都大呼、惊叫,表示这个意外对彼此的冲击感。故选 A. screaming。

**【51 题详解】**

考查名词词义辨析。句意:Lindsey 曾经失业、重病,无力看护孩子,只能忍痛放弃监护,让孩子被收养。A. homestay 寄宿居家;B. admission 入院,入场;C. independence 独立;D. adoption 收养。结合前面 Hunter 的经历,知道是被收养后多年再认亲,所以应该是 Lindsey 当年被迫放弃孩子给人收养,故选 D. adoption。

**【52 题详解】**

考查形容词词义辨析。句意:多年以后以这种令人意想不到的方式重聚。A. unexpected 意外的;B. funny 好笑的,奇怪的;C. frightening 可怕的;D. enjoyable 有乐趣的。根据上下文,故选 A。

**【53 题详解】**

考查副词词义辨析。句意:我相信这就是命运,在我之后的这些年他一直在我身边,这就是爱,爱会让我们找到彼此。由此可知,这时候应该是感动不已,难以自持,说这些话的时候,对于一



个女性应该是,泣泪涟涟,A. proudly 得意地;B. regretfully 遗憾地;C. tearfully 眼泪汪汪地;D. humorously 幽默地。故选 C. tearfully。

**【54 题详解】**

考查动词词义辨析。句意:应该是完美结局,Hunter 爱烘焙,爱吃糕点,又找到亲生母亲,肯定帮把手,此句后半部分提到 turning their reunion into a beautiful new beginning,把重聚变成一个美好的新开始,肯定是加入母亲的烘焙店。故选 B. joined。

**【55 题详解】**

考查名词词义辨析。句意:亲情纽带和生意,一起努力向上。把爱和第二次际遇融合制作的美味当中去。A. choice 选择;B. difference 不同;C. treat 甜食,美味;D. change 改变。把爱和烘焙结合,故选 C. treat。

**语法填空**

**【答案】**56. the 57. length 58. to celebrate 59. when 60. himself  
61. involves 62. challenging 63. for 64. made 65. have been displayed

**【解析】**

**【导语】**本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述了一位编织草龙的手艺人的故事。

**【56 题详解】**

考查冠词用法。句意:前面提到编织草龙的非物质文化遗产传承人,正在保护这项古老的文化传统,所以这里是特指,这个古老的文化传统就是前面所提到的编织草龙。故填 the。

**【57 题详解】**

考查名词的用法。句意:长度是 27.8 米。介词“in”后面接名词作宾语。故 long 变形为 length。

**【58 题详解】**

考查非谓语动词用法。句意:按照传统,当地农民制作草龙是为了庆祝丰收和祈祷好天气,因此用动词不定式表目的。故填 to celebrate。

**【59 题详解】**

考查关系副词。句意:他对这种传统艺术的热爱始于童年。后面接定语从句,先行词是 childhood,when 表示在这个时间段,when 引导定语从句在从句中作时间状语。故填 when。

**【60 题详解】**

考查代词用法。句意:最终成了一位著名的手艺人。这里 he 变成 himself 反身代词表示强调,作同位语。故填 himself。

**【61 题详解】**

考查动词用法。句意:创造完美的草龙需要至少 12 个复杂的步骤,包括精心选择糯米稻草、竹子和木材。表示东西本身属性特指,一般用一般现在时,本空用 involve 变形,主动,动名词作主语用单数。故填 involves。

**【62 题详解】**

考查形容词用法。句意:难的部分是制作龙骨,这有严格的角度和尺寸要求。此处 challenge 变形为形容词 challenging,作定语修饰 part。故填 challenging。

### 【63 题详解】

考查介词用法。句意:Yu 改进了龙的鳞片制作过程,用麦秆替代稻草,为了得到更亮闪的外表。故填 for。

### 【64 题详解】

考查非谓语动词用法。句意:每一个都是从 9 捆统一的麦秆中制作而得。前面是逗号,补充说明,不能独立构成句子,是垂悬分词结构,表被动含义。故填 made。

### 【65 题详解】

考查动词时态语态。句意:到目前为止,Yu 的草龙已经在当地博物馆展出,也在江西省一些重大庆祝活动中担当重头戏。从过去到现在,被动、复数。故填 have been displayed。

### 任务写作

#### 【答案】

#### 第一节 (满分 15 分)

#### Sharing China: A Cultural Journey Through Images

On February 4th, our school held a captivating photography exhibition themed “Sharing China” at the City Library. This event showcased the rich tapestry of Chinese Spring Festival culture through a series of evocative images, drawing a large crowd of enthusiasts eager to immerse themselves in the festive spirit.

The exhibition featured a diverse array of photographs capturing various aspects of the Spring Festival. Among the standout pieces was a photograph titled “Lanterns of Hope,” which depicted a breathtaking view of lanterns floating in the night sky, symbolizing people’s wishes for a bright future.

The “Sharing China” exhibition was more than just a visual feast; it was a profound cultural experience. The photographs not only highlighted the beauty of the Spring Festival but also conveyed the deep-rooted traditions and values underlying this significant celebration. In conclusion, the “Sharing China” photography exhibition was a resounding success.

#### 【解析】

【导语】本篇书面表达属于应用文——报道类。要求考生对春节期间的一次文化活动,进行报道。

#### 【详解】1. 词汇积累

以……为特色:feature

沉浸在……:immerse oneself in...

展示:showcase

视觉盛宴:visual feast

#### 2. 句式拓展

简单句变复合句

原句:This event showcased the rich tapestry of Chinese Spring Festival culture through a

series of evocative images. It has drew a large crowd of enthusiasts eager to immerse themselves in the festive spirit.

拓展句: This event showcased the rich tapestry of Chinese Spring Festival culture through a series of evocative images, drawing a large crowd of enthusiasts eager to immerse themselves in the festive spirit.

【点睛】【高分句型 1】The photographs not only highlighted the beauty of the Spring Festival but also conveyed the deep-rooted traditions and values that underpin this significant celebration. (not only... but also...)

【高分句型 2】The “Sharing China” exhibition was more than just a visual feast; it was a profound cultural experience. (运用了 more than 的结构)

## 读后续写

### 【答案】

*For a brief moment, Johnny was confused and slightly anxious.* However, he quickly reminded himself of the importance of the birds' liberation, believing all the obstacles would be removed. With renewed determination, Johnny took his father's hand tightly. He begged steadily and sincerely, “Dad, I can have a good time with you on New Year's Eve, but these birds will have a greater time in the open sky.” His father looked at him, eyes glistening. Without hesitation, he handed over the money to the shopkeeper. “You can set these birds free,” he told the shopkeeper. “And I promise you a respectable position at the supermarket that was to open nearby in a week.”

*The shopkeeper was overjoyed and handed the cage to Johnny.* As he eagerly took the cage and unbolted the cage door, all of the birds soared into the sky, disappearing into the distance. Johnny watched them go and began to clap, with a look of joy and satisfaction. “Dad, Now they can celebrate the new year with their families and friends. There couldn't be a greater New Year's present,” Johnny said with a beaming smile. His father embraced him, pride evident in his eyes. “You deserved it, my dear,” his father remarked. As they left the market, Johnny looked up at the sky, and knew that this New Year's Eve would be one he would never forget.

### 【解析】

【导语】本文以人物为线索展开,讲述了 Johnny 在新年前夜和父亲一起去市场买礼物,在熙熙攘攘的集市中,Johnny 看到一些鸟被囚禁在笼中待售,他不忍看到这些鸟的惨状,试图去拯救这些鸟,还他们自由,可是事情不是他想的那么简单,售鸟也是他人的生计,Johnny 央求父亲,希望父亲能出手相助,可是怎么解决呢?

### 【详解】1. 段落续写:

①由第一段首句“有那么会,Johnny 有些困惑和焦虑。”可知,第一段可描写 Johnny 之后会

做出什么抉择,是什么信念支撑他做出这些抉择呢?他将如何去拯救这些鸟呢?当然作为孩子,首先肯定央求父亲助一臂之力,那如何说服父亲呢?作为父亲又如何解决现存的矛盾,让售货员无后顾之忧释放鸟呢?解决完这些问题就和第二段首句契合,达到顺接。

②由第二段首句“售货员非常开心,把鸟笼递给了 Johnny。”可知,第二段可描写 Johnny 的心愿达成了,他是什么样的心态呢?接下来他会如何做呢?释放囚鸟,表达对父亲的感谢,新年前夜的这个插曲,是小男孩的礼物,也是爸爸看到儿子善良的心的一次难忘的经历,突显温暖的人与动物和人与人之间亲情和信任的主题。

2. 续写线索:不放弃内心的善良——想办法解救囚鸟——央求父亲,做出牺牲,解决现实矛盾——接过囚鸟,与鸟儿互动,抒发祝福和保护理念——放飞囚鸟,祝福,对父亲表示感谢,期望和感悟。

### 3. 词汇激活:

行为类:

①坚定而真诚地恳求: begged steadily and sincerely

②递交: hand over

③打开鸟笼门: unbolt the cage door

情绪类:

①坚定的: determination, without hesitation

②开心和满意: with a look of joy and satisfaction

**【点睛】【高分句型 1】**His father looked at him, eyes glistening. (运用了独立主格结构)

**【高分句型 2】**His father embraced him, pride evident in his eyes. (动作和情感相结合,名词加介词词组的独立主格结构)

