

绝密★考试结束前

浙江省“七彩阳光”新高考研究联盟高考适应性考试

高三年级 英语试题

考生须知:

1. 本试题卷共 8 页, 满分 150 分, 考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前, 在答题卷指定区域填写班级、姓名、考场号、座位号及准考证号。
3. 所有答案必须写在答题卷上, 写在试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束后, 只需上交答题卷。

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题纸上。

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. In a lift. B. On a bus. C. In a company.

2. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. A computer game. B. An imaginary situation. C. A vacation by the sea.

3. How does the man prefer to go to work?

- A. By car. B. By train. C. By bus.

4. What does the woman do?

- A. A designer. B. A writer. C. A sales agent.

5. What is the possible relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Surgeon and patient. B. Waitress and customer. C. Manager and secretary.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各个小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. When will the man arrive in Chicago?

- A. At 6:45. B. At 8:30. C. At 9:00.

7. Why does the man choose a night flight?

- A. To make a round trip. B. To get a better price. C. To have an early appointment.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. How much has the man paid for his driving lessons?

A. \$400.

B. \$140.

C. \$40.

9. Why did the man fail his last driving test?

A. He hit something by accident.

B. He didn't park his car properly.

C. He went through the red lights.

10. What do we know about the man's teacher?

A. He is cheaper.

B. He is young.

C. He has a big car.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What is the evidence of a mental problem?

A. One thinks life is difficult.

B. One's daily life is disordered.

C. One gets the blues now and again.

12. What caused the man's problem?

A. A breakup in love.

B. Over-use of drugs.

C. His family history of mental illness.

13. What does the woman suggest the man do?

A. Think positively.

B. Have regular meals.

C. Do some exercise and activities.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. What is the woman doing?

A. Making a complaint.

B. Placing an order.

C. Making an apology.

15. What do we know about the shoes the woman received?

A. They arrived two days late.

B. The style makes the woman upset.

C. They are small for the woman's feet.

16. What is the man going to do?

A. Give the woman a discount.

B. Return the money to the woman.

C. Deliver another pair of shoes to the woman.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What will the students feel about the college life at first?

A. Disappointed and bored.

B. Excited and anxious.

C. Satisfied and worried.

18. What will help the students know their goals clearly?

A. Walking around the campus.

B. Getting used to the college life.

C. Understanding the college's requirements.

19. What is the most important thing for the new students?

A. Ways of learning.

B. Passing exams.

C. Earning credits.

20. Why does the speaker advise the students not to give up learning?

- A. It can help them get college degrees.
- B. It can help them improve their future life.
- C. It can help them earn enough credits.

第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 25 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

A

Freddie Fuller is known professionally as the Singing Cowboy. With two albums, the country musician has performed throughout the United States and abroad.

Growing up in Salado, Texas, Fuller heard gospel (福音) music all the time from his mother, who encouraged her young son's musical talent. When she was dying of cancer, he would crawl into her hospital bed with his guitar and sing her favorites. His mother seemed to relax, a peaceful look crossing her face.

"That moment allowed her and me to connect like we used to," Fuller recalls. It emphasized to him the power of music. Consciously or subconsciously, people allow it to go to deep, sacred parts of their hearts and souls, Fuller believes.

So when hearing about Swan Songs, a nonprofit organization, he gave them a call. Since 2005, Swan Songs has arranged over 800 free musical last wishes at hospitals and private homes in and around Austin, Texas. Fuller signed up on the spot.

Since then, he has performed many musical vigils (守夜). Sometimes they're almost festive, with terminally ill people surrounded by family, singing and dancing. Other times, they're quieter, as Fuller's experience with his mom was. And sometimes they feel like a miracle.

That was the case with Pam Golightly's stepfather, Dennis Strobel. He enjoyed country music, and Swan Songs sent Fuller. When Fuller reached the hospital that day last February, Strobel seemed ready to say goodbye. Golightly and her sister, Paula Guerra, watched their stepdad's every breath, each holding one of his hands. Fuller played some songs. After 45 minutes, Golightly asked for just one more song. Fuller chose a country ballad. "I played the last song, sang the last note, and hit the last guitar chord, and he took his last breath," Fuller says.

"It was a gift for us all," Golightly says of Fuller's singing. "At a really sad time, it was beautiful."

21. What can we know about Fuller from the passage?

- A. He is a distinguished rock musician.
- B. He joined Swan Songs because of its invitation.
- C. He believes music has the power of curing illness.
- D. He developed a talent for music under his mom's influence.

22. The author mentioned Strobel's case mainly to _____.

- A. stress the popularity of Swan Songs
- B. highlight the charm of Fuller's music
- C. show Golightly's love for her stepfather
- D. share the experience of attending patients

23. What is Golightly's attitude towards Fuller's singing?

- A. Ambiguous. B. Grateful. C. Tolerant. D. Doubtful.

B

Do you want to feel closer to your smart phone? Then take a look at this burning hot bucket: mobile device covers designed to look, feel, and react like human flesh.

As first reported by Gizmodo, the "Skin-On Interface" was designed by a team of French human-computer interaction researchers in an effort to create more effective methods of user input. "When we interact with others, we use skin as interfaces," explains designer Marc Teyssier. "But the objects of mediated (媒质的) communication — such as the smart phone — still has a cold interface, which doesn't allow natural interaction and input. In this project, I wanted to make available the perfect human interface that is the skin for existing devices."

Available in two styles, "simple" and "super realistic," Skin-On interprets users' gestures like tickling, bowing, leaping, stretching, grabbing, nodding and shaking hands as well as the emotions implied by those gestures in a variety of applications.

Like the human skin, Skin-On is made of multiple layers that can spot and interpret pressure across an object's surface. Based on the Skin-On prototype (原型) video, this allows for the support of device interaction, grip detection (抓握检测) and other application specific features, some of which are, probably, sexier than others. In addition to mobile devices, Skin-On can be applied to track pads, wearables, select robotics, and I don't know, your nightmares?! As Future Blink put it, "This technology transforms the way we measure body temperature."

No words on when (if ever) these devices will be available for purchase. Starting Sunday, the researchers and designers behind Skin-On will present their work at the ACM Symposium on User Interface Software and Technology in New Orleans.

24. What can we learn from "Skin-On Interface" in paragraphs 2 and 3?

- A. It will improve users' input efficiency.
B. It was produced by American researchers.
C. It doesn't allow natural interaction and input.
D. It can't interpret hidden emotions through various gestures.

25. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.

- A. the Skin-On can be used in any field
B. the Skin-On is made of many layers and has two styles
C. It's uncertain when these devices will be put into the market
D. the Skin-On hasn't changed the way we measure body temperature

26. Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?

- A. The Advantages of Artificial Intelligence
B. The Application of Artificial Intelligence
C. Phones Made of Artificial Human Skin
D. Mobile Phones Applied to Many Fields

C

The Kirtland's warbler (莺) has required protections since the foundation of Endangered Species Act (ESA), but that's about to change. The Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) today announced it is removing the

songbird from the endangered species list.

"The effort to recover the Kirtland's warbler is a successful example of how to save endangered species," said Margaret Everson, director of FWS. "The Kirtland's warbler has responded well to active management over the half century." In 1971, the Kirtland's warbler population declined to approximately 201 singing males and was restricted to six counties. By 2015, the population reached 2,383 singing males and had spread geographically. FWS noted the frequent and persistent singing of male warblers during the breeding season made counting possible.

"The primary threats identified at listing and during development of the recovery plan have been managed," said FWS. Modern wildfire suppression (扑灭) practices greatly altered the natural disturbance system, which enabled the growth of the jack pine forests favored by the species, FWS noted. Michigan state has replanted approximately 90,000 acres of Kirtland's warbler habitat over the past 30 years. Timber (木材) incomes offset the cost of replanting jack pine needed to support a survivable bird population.

But while the bird is falling off the ESA list, officials note that it remains a "conservation-dependent species." Conservation of the Kirtland's warbler will continue to require a harmonious approach for carrying out future conservation work, like partnerships and sufficient funding, FWS stated. Under the Endangered Species Preservation Act of 1966, the Kirtland's warbler was federally listed as an endangered species in 1967.

"This remarkable bird has a most impressive, exemplary success story that illustrates effective conservation and cooperation at work," added Heather Good, executive director of Michigan Audubon. Shawn Graff, vice president of American Bird Conservancy's Great Lakes program, pointed out the delisting (除名) is "cause for celebration and proof that the Endangered Species Act works."

27. The passage is probably taken from _____.

- A. a science fiction B. a news report C. a biography D. a novel

28. What does the underlined word "offset" in paragraph 3 mean?

- A. Make up for. B. Add to. C. Fix. D. Estimate.

29. Which of the following is NOT the reason for the recovery of Kirtland's warbler?

- A. Ample funding. B. Cooperative work.
C. The foundation of FWS. D. The control of wildfire.

30. What can be concluded from the passage?

- A. The male Kirtland's warblers seldom sing in the breeding season.
B. Heather Good was not very satisfied with the conservation work.
C. The Kirtland's warbler was listed as an endangered species only in one state.
D. Margaret Everson thought highly of the conservation of the Kirtland's warbler.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Form a Positive Reading Habit

Books are a source of joy, learning, insight and imagination. How we choose what to read says a lot about our preferences and passions. 31

- Give old favorites a re-read

There is a particular kind of pleasure that comes with easing open a well-worn book, flipping through pages you have thumbed before, maybe multiple times. 32 It can bring you back to the time in your

life when you last met those characters. You're left with a rich reflection on who you were, who you are and where you turn for meaning and inspiration.

● Learn something new

If you are a lover of novels, think about what your favorites have in common. 33. That can send you down a glorious rabbit hole of non-fiction books that will brighten your understanding of times, places and people who already live in your imagination.

● 34

Book clubs are positive on so many levels, not least of which is that they open your mind to books you might not otherwise have considered. If you don't belong to one — and even if you do — try to think about your reading choices in a public way. Ask friends what they are reading and go with any recommendations that interest you.

● Give yourself permission to move on

Sometimes you just can't get through a book — and that's okay. Just like living positively means acknowledging when it's time to let go of something that isn't serving you well, reading positively means giving yourself permission to close a book that isn't keeping you interested or inspired. 35. The positive pleasure of reading is indeed unending.

A. Get social

B. Set up a book club

C. There are unlimited choices to turn to instead, after all

D. Here are some tips for making reading a positive habit in your life

E. Reading books that you enjoy helps maintain your habit and become a life-long reader

F. Re-reading favorite books can do more than bring you back into beloved worlds and stories

G. A particular time in history, region of the world or type of character may become a new theme

第三部分语言运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

When I was a child my father taught me five words: stand porter to your mind. I've used it all my life — in my acting career, as a mother, and in my 36 activities.

Nowadays this phrase might seem old-fashioned, but it still 37. A porter is a gatekeeper, someone who stands at a door letting people in or out. Dad would 38 me to picture myself stopping 39 things — such as fear — at the door, but saying "Come in" to faith, love and 40.

As an actress, before I went on camera, I'd make sure anxiety stayed out and confidence in my ability 41. And as a mother, when I was 42 about my children, I would try not to let worry in but would fill my mind with 43 in them.

Of course, there were always times when I'd 44 those words. I remember one time 45. In 1972 my husband and I opened our own 46. This was a new business venture for us, and it was more 47 than we had figured. Something was 48 going wrong. Once, a flu epidemic (流感) suddenly left us with no maids. Then there was the 49 crisis. The price of gasoline doubled, and tourism in California 50. How could we fill our beds? What if we kept 51 money? Here I was at the front desk of the hotel, and those old uninvited guests, fear and worry, were sneaking in. But I

52. them just in time. I stood porter. I stood in the door of my mind and sent fear 53.

These days at the hotel, whenever fear tries to 54, I just smile and point to the 55 that reads *No Vacancy*.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 36. A. school | B. family | C. business | D. association |
| 37. A. makes sense | B. pays off | C. keeps up | D. comes out |
| 38. A. force | B. intend | C. beg | D. get |
| 39. A. destructive | B. reliable | C. productive | D. suitable |
| 40. A. progress | B. confidence | C. truth | D. interest |
| 41. A. went away | B. came in | C. came about | D. went up |
| 42. A. curious | B. bored | C. anxious | D. confident |
| 43. A. trust | B. disappointment | C. interest | D. delight |
| 44. A. remember | B. expect | C. understand | D. forget |
| 45. A. in contrast | B. in particular | C. in general | D. in vain |
| 46. A. store | B. restaurant | C. hotel | D. theatre |
| 47. A. adventurous | B. rewarding | C. appropriate | D. demanding |
| 48. A. always | B. rarely | C. ever | D. simply |
| 49. A. marriage | B. water | C. energy | D. identity |
| 50. A. stopped | B. dropped | C. developed | D. reviewed |
| 51. A. making | B. raising | C. donating | D. losing |
| 52. A. caught | B. welcomed | C. needed | D. ignored |
| 53. A. spreading | B. packing | C. crowding in | D. setting in |
| 54. A. withdraw | B. explain | C. register | D. board |
| 55. A. signal | B. picture | C. word | D. sign |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。

How TED Got Famous

TED talks is really cool. But do you know what TED stands for and where it comes from? In February 1984, a group of tech enthusiasts 56 (gather) in Monterey, California, to share thoughts on three subjects — technology, 57 (entertain) and design. It was the start of the acronym (首字母缩略) and the organization TED.

Then in 2001, Chris Anderson, 58 magazine entrepreneur (企业家) purchased TED through his non-profit foundation from TED co-founder Richard Saul Wurman. The style of TED then went from a closed conference 59 an open platform for spreading ideas. Indeed the organization's motto is "Ideas worth 60 (spread)," and the new website TED.COM makes that 61 (true) happened.

The organization really didn't assume its current form and its expansive public footprint until 2006. In 2006, TED's leadership decided to put its collections of 62 (record) talks online for free. The thinking was 63 there were limits to how much impact a talk could have if its audience was only a thousand people, even if those people were influential ones. Back then, it 64 (consider) a risky and even radical move. But now, TED staff members can give a series of numbers: 1.9 million TED Talk video views a day, 1600 plus TED Talks online, 9000 TEDx 65 (event) in 157 countries.

第四部分：写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节：应用文写作（满分 15 分）

假设你是班长李华，你校外教 Alex 获得校教职工运动会 1000 米跑步比赛冠军。你写信表示祝贺，并邀请他参加你班级的秋游活动。内容包括：

1. 表达祝贺；
2. 秋游活动安排及邀请；
3. 期待回复。

注意：

1. 词数：80 词左右；
2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

参考词汇：staff 教职工

第二节读后续写（满分 25 分）

阅读下面短文，根据所给情节进行续写，使之构成一个完整的故事。

The day my dad gave me a BB gun was my twelfth birthday, and I almost couldn't help jumping up and down when I saw what it was.

With a smile, he led me outside and showed me how to shoot — first loading the gun, pumping it a few times, aiming, and, finally, firing. Before handing the gun to me, he said seriously, "I don't ever want to see you killing anything. That's not the reason why I bought you this gun." I thought he was afraid that I'd learn what real power felt like. Anyway, it was okay with me because I figured I'd find many other targets.

"Hey, Mike." I yelled to my friend upon making one of my greatest discoveries. "Check this out." I aimed at the top of the telephone pole. "What're you doing?" he asked. I fired, and the BB hit the top of the pole, causing a loud "DING" to ring out. "Cool." Mike said. I smiled like a king — a smile that grew even wider when Mike couldn't hit the same target. The good thing was that no matter how many times you shot those things they never broke. Then again, maybe that's why it got boring.

A few months later, I found myself walking down the street, gun in hand, searching for new targets. I stopped by a telephone pole, popping off a few shots with nothing better to do. Suddenly, a bird swooped (俯冲) down and landed on the wire. It cooed and walked slowly, completely unaware of my watchful eye. Here I was, a bored kid, holding a BB gun, and a bird standing right there in front of me — and no one around to tell my dad. It was so perfect. I figured it was a sign from God. I aimed straight at the bird, held my breath, and squeezed slowly upon the trigger (扳机). But I hesitated. I was about to shoot a bird, feeling at one moment uneasy, at another excited. The exciting part won. I fired.

注意：

1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右；
2. 应使用 5 个以上短文中标有下划线的关键词语；
3. 续写部分分为两段，每段的开头语已为你写好；
4. 续写完成后，请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语。

Para 1: The bird dropped like a rock, one wing flopping behind as it fell. _____

Para 2: When my dad got home that evening, he asked me how my day was. _____