**深圳中学2022-2023学年度第二学期期中考试试题**

**年级：高二 科目：英语**

**考试时长：120分钟 卷面总分：150分**

**注意事项：**

**1、答案写在答题卡指定的位置上，写在试题卷上无效。**

**2、选择题作答必须用2B铅笔，修改时用橡皮擦干净。**

**3、解答题作答必须用黑色墨迹签字笔或钢笔填写，答题不得超出题框。**

**第一卷 选择题（95分）**

**一、单项选择（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）**

从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1. With the influence of history, society and culture, there are no \_\_\_\_\_\_ criteria for what is beautiful.

A. precise B. legal

C. faulty D. profound

2. An anonymous donor donated a large sum of money three years ago to our school to help \_\_\_\_\_\_ the school campaign “Helping the Needy”.

A. launch B. sweep

C. reject D. mimic

3. Whoever \_\_\_\_\_\_ this job and finishes it properly will receive a generous reward.

A. stands by B. takes up

C. lies in D. goes through

4. The rural life, in Tao Yuanming’s eyes, was peaceful and calm, \_\_\_\_\_\_ the depressive court life, over which he often felt conflicted.

A. in response to B. in return for

C. in contrast to D. in terms of

5. A new study shows that people spending too much time online tend to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the world around him.

A. associate with B. wipe out

C. respond to D. withdraw from

6. The schoolboys and schoolgirls are walking along the street, \_\_\_\_\_\_ a small red cap.

A. each of them wears B. they each wear

C. each wears D. each wearing

7.\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the traffic jam, I usually set out at 7:00 in the morning from home by car.

A. To avoid to be caught B. To avoid being caught

C. Avoiding being caught D. Avoiding to be caught

8. In recent years, our school \_\_\_\_\_\_ a large number of new teachers, three fourths of whom \_\_\_\_\_\_ graduates from world-famous universities.

A. employed; are B. employed; is

C. has employed; is D. has employed; are

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_ that he is regarded as one of the GOATs of the sport.

A. So is good the football skill of Messi

B: So the football skill of Messi is good

C. So good is the football skill of Messi

D. The football skill of Messi so good is

10. The question \_\_\_\_\_\_ will win the NBA MVP this year is \_\_\_\_\_\_ every basketball fan cares about.

A. that; what B. who; that

C. who; what D. that; that

11. He left his homeland to study abroad in \_\_\_\_\_\_ of knowledge and wisdom.

A. defense B. pursuit

C. memory D. charge

12. Hardly had they got seated when John asked the waitress what she would \_\_\_\_\_\_ for their dinner.

A. recall B. recommend

C. represent D. restore

13. The application of the new software has \_\_\_\_\_\_ begun, which means there’s still a lot of work to do before it can be put to realistic use.

A. surprisingly B. officially

C. barely D. perfectly

14. With a great \_\_\_\_\_\_ for science fiction, Henry has read all the works of Isaac Asimov since he was young.

A. passion B. assumption

C. imagination D. expression

15. It is widely \_\_\_\_\_\_ that parents are the best teachers for their children.

A. appreciated B. attracted

C. assumed D. acknowledged

16. To be a competent form teacher, he read many books on psychology and management so that he could help solve the \_\_\_\_\_\_ issues that students couldn’t deal with alone.

A. academic B. complicated

C. unrealistic D. mechanical

17. Considering that he has merely finished Senior 1, the aim of getting a high score in the College Entrance Examination next year seems too \_\_\_\_\_\_ for him.

A. ambitious B. violent

C. urgent D. simple

18: Nothing can be more fascinating than a smile, which can produce hope in even \_\_\_\_\_\_ situations.

A. immoral B. confident

C. desperate D. secure

19. I am sending Mr. Smith, one of our inspectors, to \_\_\_\_\_\_ how well the system works, so that we can make necessary changes to it.

A. handle B. assess

C. update D. improve

20. Though many critics refer to the newly-opened restaurant as a must to go, I think its service fails to live up to its \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. association B. inspiration

C. reputation D. dedication

**二、阅读理解（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题，每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Are you looking for the best war books? Take a look at a few titles you need to add to your list!

***The Art of War, by Sun Tzu***

*The Art of War* was published thousands of years ago, which dates back to the earliest days of the. Chinese Empire. It is a comprehensive military masterpiece that discusses the basics of war, covering everything from basic battle preparation to military supply and how to win a battle before it is even fought. Therefore, it remains one of the most important war books even in the modern era.

***War and Peace*, by Leo Tolstoy**

*War and Peace* is widely known as one of the greatest war novels, focusing on the age of Napoleon. At the time, Napoleon had already conquered the vast majority of Western Europe and rounded up his allies to invade Russia. This novel illustrates how Russia was able to turn back the tide of the French invasion and preserved its land during the Battle of Borodino.

***For Whom the Bell Tolls*, by Ernest Hemingway**

Before Ernest Hemingway became a famous author, he served as an ambulance driver in the Great War. Based on the experience, he wrote *For Whom the Bell Tolls*, which is about Robert Jordan, a volunteer with a republican guerilla (游击队) unit during the Spanish Civil War. This book provides an inside look at what it is like to serve in a major conflict and its impact on individuals.

***The Iliad*, by Homer**

If you want to read a classic, consider checking out *The Iliad*, the best epic tales of all time. While there have been many legends about the Fall of Troy, it is the only one that probes into the horrors of war, painting a vivid picture of the adrenaline, stress, and action of combat.

21. What do we know about *The Art of War*?

A. It sets the story in the Spanish Civil War.

B. It talks about the fundamentals of war.

C. It has been recognized as an epic tale.

D. It is read only by army commanders.

22. Which book well depicts the battle where Russia turned potential failure into victory?

A. *The Art of War*  B. *For Whom the Bell Tolls*

C. *War and Peace*  D. *The Iliad*

23. Who might be most interested in the four recommended books?

A. War book lovers B. Novel readers

C. Critical thinkers D. Average people

B

Feeling pressure from the Internet is nothing new for Lizzie Velasquez, an anti-bullying advocate, who found that browsing social media had a negative impact on her self-esteem.

In 2006, when she was just 17, a video calling her “The World’s Ugliest Woman” went viral on YouTube. It was a difficult period for her, who had been dealing with a lifetime of bullying due to a rare health condition. “I was diagnosed with neonatal progeroid syndrome (新生儿早衰症), which doesn’t allow me to gain weight and severely affects my eyes, my bones and my heart.”

Growing up, Velasquez says that she lived in two different worlds. At home, her family treated her just like everyone else. Her parents raised her to be optimistic and confident. Yet, things got hard when she started school. “I didn’t become aware of it until I entered this other world where I had to face the reality of, ‘I do not look like everybody else,’” says Velasquez.

As Velasquez transitioned into high school, she gained more understanding about her condition. This new level of self-acceptance inspired Velasquez to make new friends, join the cheerleading squad, and write for the school newspaper. She had started to feel gratitude for what she had accomplished, but then came the YouTube video, which threatened her already-shaky foundation. “To just see a video that says ‘the world’s ugliest woman,’ it felt like, within two seconds, everything that I had worked for up to that point was just sort of knocked over and done.” says Velasquez.

According to DoSomething. org, about 37 percent of teenagers have been bullied online. Among them, only one in 10 teen victims will inform a parent or trusted adult of their abuse. But Velasqez did speak up. That moment of bullying inspired Velasquez to use her newfound platform for good. In 2013, she gave a TEDxAustin Women talk about her experiences, reaching millions with her uplifting messages about beauty and happiness.

“My mission is just to remind people that no matter how different you are, you are meant to be in this world. Your purpose in life is out there waiting for you,” says the motivational speaker.

24. What can we learn about Lizzie Velasquez?

A. She hasn’t received any support from her families.

B. She has been aware of her difference since she was born.

C. She has suffered from cyberbullying due to a rare disease.

D. She feels horrible every time she browses social media.

25. What does the underlined sentence in paragraph 4 mean?

A. Velasquez’s efforts to establish confidence was destroyed by the video.

B. Velasquez’s status at school has been threatened because of the video.

C. Velasquez’s health-has been negatively affected after watching the video.

D. Velasquez’s achievement in high school became worthless due to the video.

26. Why did she give a talk on TEDxAustin Women?

A. To share her experience as a victim of online bullying.

B. To show people the importance of beauty and happiness.

C. To encourage people to enjoy life whatever their differences.

D. To gain fame through the newly established online platform.

27. Which can be the best title for the text?

A. The world’s ugliest woman

B. A woman with a rare disease

C. The impact of cyberbullying

D. A fighter against cyberbullying

C

We can recognize our friends’ faces. Many social animals can also identify individuals of their own species by their facial features. That’s important, because they need to be able to adjust their behavior depending on who they meet. And research has shown that some species of monkeys, birds, and domesticated(驯养的) animals can even distinguish among different faces by looking at photographs alone.

Scientists have also wondered whether domesticated animals that have coexisted with people for thousands of years can recognize different human faces. Léa Lansade of France’s National Research Institute for Agriculture, Food and Environment is one of them. Her experiment on horses provides insight into this.

She and her team first taught the horses how to “choose” between two side-by-side images by touching their noses to a computer screen. The horses were then shown photos of their present keeper alongside faces of unfamiliar humans. They had never seen photos of any of the people before. The horses correctly identified their present keeper and ignored the stranger’s face about 75% of the time, significantly better than chance.

What’s more, the horses also preferentially picked photos of their previous keeper—a person they hadn’t seen in six months. In fact, even though the horses didn’t get it right every single time, they were at least as accurate in picking out their previous keeper as they were in identifying their present one. The results suggest that not only can horses distinguish between familiar and unfamiliar human faces, but they know that photographs are two-dimensional representations of real life, without any other clues like sound. And they’re even better at this than our oldest animal companion, the domestic dog.

So maybe think twice before doing anything at a stable (马厩) that might give a horse a long face. After all, the horse could probably "remember’ you,

28. Which one of the following is true about social animals?

A. They can only tell different faces of human beings.

B. Their behavior remains unchanged whoever they meet.

C. They can recognise faces of those that are familiar to them.

D. They can identify anyone based on their facial expressions

29. What did the researchers want to find out through the study?

A. To compare the photos of different types of domesticated animals.

B. To prove the ability of domesticated animals to distinguish human faces.

C. To show the possibility of keeping and training domesticated animals.

D. To stress the importance of identifying faces of different domesticated animals.

30. What do we know about the horses in the experiment?

A. They were better at identifying their present keepers.

B. Their performance was not as good as domestic dogs.

C. They could always correctly pick out their previous keepers.

D. They were aware of the relationship between real life and image.

31. Which of the following person is more likely to be “remembered” by a horse?

A. People who work in the stables.

B. People who have long faces.

C. People who look like horses.

D. People who are friends of its keepers,

D

When you hear the word “artificial intelligence”, the first thing that comes to mind is robotics, but what truly is artificial intelligence and what does the future hold for it? Artificial intelligence is any device or machine that mimics cognitive (认知的) functions humans associate with the human mind, such as learning and problem solving. Examples of artificial intelligence in our day to day lives include: Siri, Google, advertising and so much more. Every industry is incorporating (吸收/包含) artificial intelligence into its back bone.

Currently, the effects of artificial intelligence seem all positive. Artificial intelligence will lead to more new and important discoveries in the future, through its predictive modelling. In 2017, NASA reported the discovery of an eight-planet solar system with the help of AI. It can also predict the emergence of any new virus, disease or epidemic and discover a corresponding drug to treat it by accessing and analyzing multiple sets of data. This in turn will help the healthcare industry develop Al programs that will improve longevity and predict the time of the first sign of diseases, improve drug research processes and assist doctors in diagnosis.

However, there are still a lot of public concerns. An article titled “The Future of Work” gives a practical view on the influence of artificial intelligence and automation in our job industry. It predicts that by 2030, job losses will reach a rate of twenty nine percent, with an even lesser job creation percentage of thirteen percent. In 2014, a chat bot known as Eugene Goostman passed the Turing test, making judges think it was a human and leading to a lot of raised concerns. Does this mean that with future research, robots can insert themselves smoothly into our environment? It gives people a lot of food for thought.

The future of artificial intelligence is both fascinating and alarming. Privacy laws and security guidelines should be reviewed to protect everyone from vulnerability(脆弱性). Still if researches continue to be done with exposure and responsibility, the balance would not tip in favor of the negative.

32. According to the passage, AI can be used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. to reduce job creation

B. to insert themselves smoothly into our lives

C. to make scientific breakthrough

D. to prevent the emergence of new virus, disease or epidemic

32. By mentioning the medical use in paragraph 2, the author wanted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. to introduce a new way to cure any disease.

B. to explain the value of artificial intelligence.

C. to show the effectiveness of artificial intelligence treatment.

D. to discuss the possibility of artificial intelligence replacing doctors.

34. What can we infer from the last sentence in paragraph 4?

A. Currently, there are more negative effects caused by AI.

B. More researches are needed in order to further develop AI.

C. It’s very difficult to balance the exposure and responsibility in researches.

D. It’s possible to reduce the negative effects of AI in the future.

35. What is the main idea of the passage?

A. Artificial Intelligence will change the future.

B. The future needs regulation of Artificial Intelligence.

C. Artificial Intelligence has made scientific breakthroughs.

D. Artificial Intelligence does more harm than good to humans.

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余选项。

Lessons to Learn From Nature

As we become more and more separated from nature, we start to realize how much we depend on it. People often seek for wisdom, experience, and knowledge. Guess who’s been around in this world longer than mother nature? The followings are the lessons nature can teach us.

 36 . As the daily, monthly, and yearly cycles change, everything in nature changes, too. Leaves change their color, flowers turn into fruits, some animals sleep throughout the whole winter, and when they wake up, it’s spring again—a new beginning. What we need to learn is that change is a good thing. 37 .

Nature is flexible. Flexibility is what helps a leaf endure. If there’s a lot of sun in the area, the leaves of a particular plant will be smaller, thicker, and will change their color. Leaves growing in the shade, on the other hand, will be larger, greener, and thinner, so they could absorb more sunlight. 38

 39 When you spend time in nature, by the sea, in the forest, or in the desert, you’ll notice nothing really happens hurriedly. 40 We overload ourselves with work that we can’t fit into 24 hours and then we get stressed out. Stop for a moment. Breathe. Set your priorities and change your life’s tempo.

A Nature is never in a rush.

B. Nature is ever-changing.

C. Nature always has its own pace.

D. The ability to adapt quickly is an important ability.

E. On the other hand, human beings are always in a hurry.

F. Accepting change makes us more adaptable, and that sets us free.

G. It’s important for the leaves to know how to adapt to the environment.

**三、完形填空（共15小题：每小题1分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，从各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

One morning last summer, bus driver Tim Watson was about halfway through his daily route when a(n) 41 from his company flashed across his dashboard screen (仪表盘). A kid had been 42 miles away, the message read, and it asked that drivers should 43 for the boy.

The victim was described as a three-year-old child in plaid shorts and red shoes; the 44 a young man wearing a black sweatshirt and carrying a backpack. Tim’s heart 45 when he realized that a man with a kid had boarded the bus just ten minutes earlier.

Tim 46 in one of his mirrors and saw the pair sitting in the last seat at the back of the bus. He wanted to

 47 their identities. Pulling into a parking lot, he announced that he needed to look for a lost bag. He moved slowly down the aisle (走道), as if he was searching for it carefully, until he 48 the last row. “I saw the boy’s red shoes and plaid shorts,” says Tim. “But I knew I had to keep 49 .”

To avoid any possible 50 , he went back behind the wheel and waited a few minutes, then radioed the bus operator. “I have the kidnapping suspect on my bus,” he said, keeping voice 51 .

The operator directed Tim to continue to his final stop, where policemen would be waiting. “As I’m driving, all I can think about is what I’m going to do if I get there before the police,” he says. So he reduced the speed 52 .

When Tim arrived at the final parking lot, he saw police pulling up behind the bus silently. He stopped the bus and opened the doors. As the man got off the bus with the boy, a policeman grabbed the child out of his arms, and another 53 him to the ground and handcuffed him behind his back. Soon afterwards, Tim checked that the boy was sitting 54 in the front seat of a police car, without a tear in sight. “I smiled at him,” Tim says. “I knew he was safe.”

Several weeks later, Tim received a certificate of recognition from the company. Still, he is 55 about his actions. “I just want to teach my kids to look out for people who can’t defend themselves,” he says. “And that’s what I did.”

41. A. call B. essay C. alert D. portrait

42. A. overlooked B. kidnapped C. regulated D. dominated

43. A. back down B. watch out C. look up D. tum around

44. A. inspector B. passenger C. invader D. suspect

45. A. sank B. beat C. bombed D. wearied

46. A. reflected B. posed C. glanced D. emerged

47. A. ignore B. confirm C. evaluate D. analyse

48. A. preserved B. removed C. approached D. recalled

49. A. cool B. busy C. honest D. puzzled

50. A. depression B. defect C. conflict D. motive

51. A. low B. loud C. gentle D. clear

52. A. desperately B. deliberately C. accidentally D. barely

53. A. landed B. hugged C. adjusted D. threw

54. A. nervously B. anxiously C. calmly D. reluctantly

55. A. doubtful B. humble C. optimistic D. confident

**第二卷 非选择题（55分）**

**四、语法填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

阅读下面的短文，根据上下文在空白处填入1个恰当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式，并将答案填写在答题卡上标号的相应位置。

Recently, the TV series Meet Yourself became popular, in which the heroine Xu Hongdou travels to a village in. Yunnan province and volunteers at a local café, receiving free meals in return. As the show finds a 56 (grow) audience, volunteer travel has attracted more attention.

Volunteer travel refers to taking a trip, where the purpose is 57 (participate) in an arranged service opportunity to help others, During the trip, volunteer travelers often provide services like teaching, cooking and cultural 58 (activity). In exchange for their help, the volunteers may, get free or discounted accommodation, classes, or other things.

It seems as if these long journeys could on 59 (make) possible in recent years by modern transportation. Nevertheless, volunteer travel 60 (date) back to the 1960s, when Alec Dickson founded Voluntary Service Overseas, 61 international volunteer organization.

Traditionally, the volunteer activities take place in a foreign country. 62 , just as what *Meet Yourself* depicts, more volunteer trips have taken place in the rural areas of the volunteers’ home countries.

People try volunteer travel for several reasons. By working 63 (voluntary) while traveling, travelers may make a positive impact on the world. For those who are sick of urban pressure but can’t make up their minds 64 to move to the countryside or not, volunteer travel can be a solution. In this way, travelers can catch some relief from their busy lives, while rural communities also benefit 65 local tourism industries.

**五、单句语法填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

阅读下面的句子，根据句意在空白处填入1个恰当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式，并将答案填写在答题卡上标号的相应位置。

66. Not only each student but also their parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(require) to participate in the discussion concerning family relationship building last week.

67. No sooner had she seen her parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she burst into tears, for they hadn’t met each other for nearly three years on account of the coronavirus pandemic.

68. The reason why I made so much progress was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your encouragement played an important role in my study.

69. His obsession with observation of pets in childhood \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(lay) a solid foundation for his present studies in animal behavior.

70. Perseverance, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(modest) and self-confidence would greatly contribute to individual development in whatever path they choose.

71. She pretended \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(practise) speaking English loudly when her mother entered the bedroom.

72. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(polish) her paper for hundreds of times, she finally got her papers published by an international medical journal.

73. Experienced craftsmen are called together to figure out effective approaches to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(restore) those historical buildings destroyed by the earthquake.

74. I never feel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ease with him because he is too critical and demanding.

75. The great desire for survival drove them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(struggle) all their way out of the thick forest, despite the torture of fever and starvation.

76. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has become known as “the heaven on earth” is suffering great -pollution and loss of biodiversity.

77. A further \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(analyze) should be carried out to probe into the potential cause of the sudden population decline in this area.

78. Our dorm buildings are powered by solar panels, which capture the heat from the sun and convert it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy.

79. Keep your borrowed books \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you can see them in case you forget to return them to the library.

80. The message conveyed in his speech is considered as an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(acknowledge) of payment inequality in workplaces.

**六、书面表达—读后续写（共1小题；满分25分）**

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I found the kitten sitting on the front step of our house. He was black and white and looked quite weak. Where did he come from? I noticed he had no collar around his neck. Who would be so irresponsible?

I went inside and opened a can of fish. After I placed the can in the doorway, the kitten hungrily lapped it up and then walked right inside the house. Later, after jumping onto a bunch of pillows on the couch, he began to groom (梳理) his hair.

I bet his last owners didn’t love him at all! I thought. If someone can’t take care of their kitten, they deserve to lose him! Our family never owned pets, but I had always wanted one. It’s a good thing I found that kitten and took him in. Thank goodness he found me!

The kitten kept meowing quite a lot. And then, it started trying to bite my hand.

“Hey, kitten! I’m not food!” I said. But the kitten tried again to bite my finger. I knew I had to get him some proper cat food. “You stay put, kitten!” I told him. “I’m going to get you food!” Then I grabbed my keys and headed out to the pet store nearest to our house.

On my way to the store, I spotted a sign on the telephone pole:

LOST KITTEN-Black and White, very friendly. If you find him, please call us.

“If you were so worried about your kitten,” I thought, “maybe you should have taken better care of him!”

When I walked into the pet store, I found that the place was packed with kids handing out flyers (传单) about the same cat to customers inside. In the beck of the store, I saw a boy under 10 years old, crying in his wheelchair. “I can’t believe I lost my kitten!” he said to his parents.

注意：续写词数应为150左右。

I looked at the flyers on the wall carefully this time—it was definitely the cat I had back at home!

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The little boy began to cry with laughter. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**深圳中学2022-2023学年度第二学期期中考试高二**

**英语 答案**

**A卷客观题答案**

**一、单项选择（共20小题；每小题 1.5分，满分30分）**

1-5 BBCAD 6-10 BACBC 11-15 AABCD 16-20 DBDCC

**二、阅读理解（共两节，满分50分）**

21-23 DBC 24-27 DCBD 28-31 CCDC 32-35 BBCA

36-40 BFDAE

**三、完形填空（共 15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）+**

41-45 DBDCA 46-50 BCCAD 51-55 DBCCA

**B卷客观题答案**

**一、单项选择（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）**

1-5 AABCD 6-10 DBDCC 11-15 BBCAD 16-20 BACBC

**二、阅读理解（共两节，满分50分）**

21-23 BCA 24-27 CACD 28-31 CBDA 32-35 CBDA

36-40 BFDAE

**三、完形填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

41-45 CBBDA 46-50 CBCAC 51-55 ABDCB

**AB卷主观题答案**

**四、语法填空（共10小题；每小题 1.5分，满分15分）**

56. growing 57. to participate 58. activities 59. be made

60. dates 61. an 62. However 63. voluntarily

64. whether 65. from

**五、单句语法填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

66. were required 67. than 68. that 69. has laid-

70. modesty 71. to be practising 72. Having polished 73. restoring

74. at 75. to struggle 76. What 77. analysis

78. into /to 79. where 80. acknowledgement