10. How often does the woman go to the fitness club?

A. Every day ． B. Every two days．

11. What seems to interest the man most?

A. Boxing. B. Ball games.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. At an airport.  2. What is the man trying to do?  A. Explain his absence. | B. In a restaurant.  B. Ask for comfort. |

3. What will the woman probably do?

A. Read a novel. B. Watch TV.

4. How does the woman usually go to school?

A. By bus. B. By taxi.

A. Thursday. B. Sunday. 听第 7 段材料，回答第 8-9 题。

A. Collecting information ． B. Promoting products．

9. What does the man like best?

A. Visiting shops ． B. Surfing the Internet.

A. Review her lessons ． B. Take the mid-term test．

7. What day is it today?

A. 8:15 B. 8:45

英语试题

本试卷分第 I 卷（选择题） 和第 II 卷（非选择题） 两部分。满分 150 分。考试用时 120 分钟， 考生作答时，将答案答在答题卡上，在本试卷上答题无效。

第 Ⅰ卷（选择题，共 90 分）

第一部分 听力**(**共两节，满分 **20** 分**)**

第一节 **(**共 **5** 小题； 每小题 **1** 分，满分 **5** 分**)**

1. Where does the conversation most probably take place?

C. In a shop.

C. Apologize for his mistake.

C. Go out for pleasure.

C. By train.

5. What time is it now?

C. 9:15．

第二节（共 15 小题； 每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6, 7 题。

6. What is the woman going to do？

C. Play tennis．

C. Wednesday.

8. What is the woman doing?

C. Chatting with friends．

C. Visiting a lot of cities.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 14 至 12 题。

C. Every three days．

C. Weight lifting

12. When will the two speakers go to the fitness club together?

A. Tonight ． B. Tomorrow night. C. The day after tomorrow.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What is the man?

A. A bank clerk. B. A professor. C. A student.

14. What does the man want to do now?

A. Borrow money. B. Open a bank account. C. Do online shopping.

15. What does the woman recommend to the man？

A. Life Insurance Service ． B. Internet Banking Service ． C. Phone Banking Service．

16. How long do the bank’s service hours last on Saturday?

A. 3 hours. B. 6 hours. C. 8 hours.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker talking about?

A. A film. B. Indian films. C. An Indian actor.

18. What’s the father's dream？

A. To be a national champion ． B. To win international medals ． C. To be a film director.

19. Who realized the dream for him in the end?

A. His sons. B. His daughters. C. His wife

20. What do people think of the story?

A. Disappointing. B. Boring. C. Inspiring.

二、阅读理解（共两节，满分 **40** 分）

第一节 阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（**A** 、**B** 、**C** 和 **D**）中，选出最佳选项，并在答 题卡上将该项涂黑。

**A**

We all know that regular exercise is vitally important for both a healthy mind and body. Research has shown that just five minutes of exercise in a "green space" can help people to keep mentally healthy.

Let's take a look at some ways to get close to nature and make them a part of your regular exercise routine.

**Get** **on** **your** **bike**

Cycling is a cheap easy and fun way to get some good exercise in the outdoors. Try leaving your car at home and cycling to work one day, if that's possible. Or get the family together and go on a weekend bike ride. Check out the local cycle paths before you go, and plan a safe route. Make sure you take some healthy snacks with you to keep your energy levels up.

**Try** **some** **outdoor** **yoga**

Practising yoga can be great for reducing anxiety and aiding relaxation, so why not take your yoga mat and try out some asanas (yoga postures) in the open air? Yoga is great for stretching tight muscles and increasing flexibility as well as improving mobility, control and breathing. Why not

finish your practice with some quiet meditation to further calm the mind?

A. Getting closer to nature.

C. Keeping active and energetic.

B. enjoy

B. The Causeway.

C. prepare for

C. Butterworth.

D. carry on

D. Singapore.

B. it is very cheap

D. it controls our lives

**Go** **running**

Instead of spending hours on the treadmill （跑步机), grab a friend and go off for a jog around your local park, or some nature trails. If you are used to running on a treadmill, you may find it harder at first, so make sure you have some good, supportive running shoes. You could also find out where your nearest Parkrun is. They are open to everyone, free, and are safe and easy to take part in.

21. Ifyou want to cycle with your family, you'd better \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. have a healthy body B. check the bikes carefully

C. learn some survival skills D. make good preparations for it

22. What's the advantage of outdoor yoga according to the text?

B. Feeling relaxed or peaceful.

D. Having no effect on people's bodies.

23. What problem do some people have if they want to run around their local park?

A. It takes them some time to get used to it.

B. It needs some patience to continue.

C. It makes them lose interest in running.

D. It leads them to fall behind their friends.

**B**

Obviously television has both advantages and disadvantages.

In the first place, television is not only a convenient source of entertainment, but also a comparatively cheap one. With a TV set in the family people don't have to pay for expensive seats at the theatre, the cinema, or the opera. All they have to do is to push a button or turn a switch, and they can see plays, films, operas and shows of every kind. Some people, however, think that this is where the danger lies. The television viewers need do nothing. He does not even have to use his legs if he has a remote control. He makes no choice and exercises, no judgment. He is completely passive and has everything presented to him without any effort in his part.

Television, it is often said, keeps one informed about current events and the latest developments in science and politics. The most distant countries and the strangest customs are brought right into one's sitting room. It could be argued that the radio performs this service as well; but on television everything is much more living, much more real. Yet here again there is a danger. The television screen itself has a terrible, almost physical harm for us. We get so used to looking at the movements on it, so dependent on its pictures, that it begins to control our lives. People are often heard to say that their television sets have broken down and that they have suddenly found that they have far more time to do things and that they have actually begin to talk to each other again. It makes one think, doesn't it?

There are many other arguments for and against television. We must realize that television itself is neither good nor bad. It is the uses that it is put to that determine its value to the society.

24. What is the purpose ofparagraph 1?

B. To introduce the theme of the whole passage

D. To sate the primary uses of TV

25. Television, as a source of entertainment, is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. not very convenient B. very expensive

C. quite dangerous D. relatively cheap

26. One of the most obvious advantages of TV is that \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it keeps us informed

C. it enables us to have a rest

27. According to the passage, whether TV is good or not depends on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. its quality B. people's attitude towards it

C. how we use it D. its price

**C**

There were smiling children all the way. Clearly they knew at what time the train passed their homes and they made it their business to stand along the railway, wave to complete strangers and cheer them up as they rushed towards Penang. Often whole families stood outside their homes and waved and smiled as if those on the trains were their favorite relatives. This is the simple village people ofMalaysia. I was moved.

I had always traveled to Malaysia by plane or car, so this was the first time I was on a train. I did not particularly relish the long train journey, so I had brought along a dozen magazines to read and reread. I looked about the train. There was not one familiar face. I sighed and sat down to read my Economics.

It was not long before the train was across the Causeway and in Malaysia. Johore Baru was just another city like Singapore, so I was tired of looking at the crowds of people as they hurried past. As we went beyond the city, I watched the straight rows of rubber trees and miles and miles of green. Then the first village came into sight, immediately I came alive; I decided to wave back.

From then on my journey became interesting. I threw my magazines into the waste basket and decided to join in Malaysian life. Then everything came alive. The mountains seemed to speak to me. Even the trees were smiling. I stared at everything as if I was looking at it for the first time.

The day passed fast and I even forgot to have my lunch until I felt hungry. I looked at my watch and was surprised that it was 3:00 pm. Soon the train pulled up at Butterworth. I looked at the people all around me. They all looked beautiful. When my uncle arrived with a smile, I threw my arms around him to give him a warm hug (拥抱). I had never done this before. He seemed surprised and then his weather-beaten face warmed up with a huge smile. We walked arm in arm to his car.

I looked forward to the return journey.

28. The author expected the train trip to be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. adventurous B. pleasant C. exciting D. dull

29. What did the author remember most fondly of her train trip?

B. The mountains along the way.

D. The simple lunch served on the train.

30. The underlined word "relish" can be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. choose

31. Where was the writer going?

A. Johore Baru.

**D**

NOT all memories are sweet. Some people spend all their lives trying to forget bad experiences. Violence and traffic accidents can leave people with terrible physical and emotional scars. Often they

relive these experiences in nightmares.

Now American researchers think they are close to developing a pill, which will help people forget bad memories. The pill is designed to be taken immediately after a frightening experience. They hope it might reduce ,or possibly erase(抹去), the effect ofpainful memories.

In November, experts tested a drug on people in the US and France. The drug stops the body releasing chemicals that fix memories in the brain. So far the research has suggested that only the emotional effects of memories may be reduced, not that the memories are erased.

The research has caused a great deal of argument. Some think it is a bad idea, While others support it.

Supporters say it could lead to pills that prevent or treat soldiers' troubling memories after war. They say that there are many people who suffer from terrible memories.

"Some memories can ruin people's lives . They come back to you when you don't want to have them in a daydream or nightmare. They usually come with very painful emotions," said Roger Pitman, a professor ofpsychiatry at Harvard Medical School. "This could relieve a lot of that suffering."

But those who are against the research say that changing memories is very dangerous because memories give us our identity (特质). They also help us all avoid the mistakes of the past.

"All of us can think of bad events in our lives that were horrible at the time but make us who we are. I'm not sure we want to wipe those memories out, " said Rebecca Dresser, a medical ethicist.

32. The passage is mainly about\_\_\_\_\_\_

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. a new medical invention  C. a way of erasing painful memories  33. The drug tested on people can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  A. cause the brain to fix memories  C. prevent body producing certain chemicals  34. We can infer from the passage that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  A. people doubt the effects of the pills  B. the pill will stop people's bad experiences  C. taking the pill will do harm to people's health  D. the pill has probably been produced in America | B. a new research on the pill  D. an argument about the research on the pill  B. stop people remembering bad experiences  D. Wipe out the emotional effects of memories |

35. Which of the following does Rebecca Dresser agree with?

A. Some memories can ruin people's lives.

B. People want to get rid of bad memories.

C. Experiencing bad events makes us different from others.

D. The pill will reduce people's sufferings from bad memories.

第二节（共 **5** 小题； 每小题 **2** 分，满分 **10** 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

The holiday season isn't just about shopping and gifts. 36 However, holiday travel can be more expensive than the gifts. Fortunately, the following tips will help keep your travel spending under control.

— Plan ahead. The earlier you book your travel, from airfare to hotels, the easier it is to find good deals. 37 .Your best prices on airfare come when you book three weeks before the plane leaves for domestic flights. For international flights, consider booking about 30 days in advance.

Many experts point out that you should book travel between one month and three months out for high-traffic holidays.

— Book your air travel on cheaper days. Traveling by air on Tuesdays and Wednesdays often costs less than traveling on Fridays and Sundays. During the holidays, it's not just about a specific day of the week. You also need to consider the days surrounding the holiday but days immediately before and after a holiday can be expensive. One of the best ways to save is to plan your air travel on the day of the holiday. 38

—Consider traveling overnight. Red-eye flights and overnight flights often cost less than those at more convenient times. 39 . Traveling overnight can help you avoid a night in the hotel, as well as save your money on travel to your destination.

— 40 .You can't bring liquids with you on the airline, but you can bring sandwiches and other snacks. When you're on the road, you can buy food at local groceries to make your own meals. If you are staying in a hotel long-term, consider cooking your own food, especially if you have access to a microwave.

A.Bring your own food.

B.Consider affordable accommodations.

C.Traveling by plane is not the best choice.

D.Also, booking earlier can save your money.

E.For instance, traveling on Christmas Day might be a great deal.

F.A great deal of travel also takes place during this time of year.

G.Other alternatives include sleeper trains, as well as overnight ferries.

三、完形填空（共 **20** 小题； 每小题 **1.5** 分，满分 **30** 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（**A**、**B** 、**C** 和 **D**）中，选出可以填入空白处的最

佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

When he was five, Nicholas Lowinger visited a homeless shelter with his mother. He was 41 to show off his new light-up sneakers. But his mom warned him against doing so 42 that these children might not have such things.

43 enough, when Nicholas met kids at the shelter, he 44 realized that they were living in circumstances that were different from his own.

"I saw other kids who looked just like me. The only 45 was that they were wearing 46 shoes that were falling apart. Some didn't have a pair of shoes to call their own,"said Nicholas, now 15. "I've been 47 to grow up in a family that is able to provide me with whatever I need. A lot of kids here in the U.S. don't have the same 48 ."

That first shelter 49 left a strong impression on Nicholas, who started 50 all the shoes he'd outgrown to local shelters. But he soon 51 that his donations weren't that helpful.

"It 52 me that I only had used shoes to give to them 53 new shoes that fit right," he said. "No two people's feet are exactly the same ，and 54 you are wearing someone else's worn shoes, your feet aren't going to be comfortable. "

So at the age of 12, Nicholas started a program that donates 55 shoes to homeless children.

56 , his efforts were part of a community service project. With the help of his parents, he then started the Gotta Have Sole Foundation, which has donated new footwear to more than 10,000 57 children in 21states.

"Something that seems so 58 , a pair of shoes, can make children feel 59 about themselves and gain confidence." Nicholas 60 other young people to do the same.

B. puzzled

B. expecting

B. Sure

B. possibly

B. problem

B. big

B. fortunate

B. experiences

B. show

B. posting

B. admitted

B. bothered

B. apart from

B. once

B. new

B. In fact

B. special

B. simple

B. lucky

B. commands

C. excited

C. deciding

C. Strangely

C. quickly

C. reason

C. special

C. healthy

C. clothing

C. visit

C. selling

C. doubted

C. amazed

C. instead of

C. until

C. strong

C. In addition

C. poor

C. funny

C. good

C. prefers

D. surprised

D. judging

D. Fair

D. simply

D. difference

D. heavy

D. selfish

D. opportunities

D. class

D. delivering

D. realized

D. astonished

D. except for

D. though

D. unique

D. At first

D. sick

D. cheap

D. sad

D. encourages

41.A. disappointed

42.A. explaining

43.A. Terribly

44.A. actually

45.A. result

46.A. old

47.A. brave

48.A. education

49.A. 1ecture

50.A. donating

51.A. remembered

52.A. delighted

53.A. because of

54.A. if

55.A. expensive

56.A. At least

57.A. homeless

58.A. useless

59.A. warm

60.A. forces

第 **II** 卷（共 **60** 分）

第一节 语法填空（用单词正确形式填空，共 **10** 题； 每空 **1.5** 分，满分 **15** 分）

Stress used to be an almost unknown word, but now that we are used to talking about it, I have found that people are beginning to get stressed about being stressed.

In recent years, stress \_\_\_\_61\_\_\_\_ (regard) as a cause of a whole range of medical problems, from high blood pressure to mental illness. But like so many other things, it is only too much stress \_\_\_\_62 does you harm. It is time you considered that if there were no stress in your life, you would achieve a little. If you are stuck at home with no stress, then there is slight chance that you will make some \_\_\_\_63\_\_\_\_ (achieve). Up to a certain point, the more stress you are under, the \_\_\_\_64\_\_\_\_ (good) your performance will be. Beyond a certain point, though, further stress will only lead to exhaustion, illness and finally a breakdown. You can tell when you are over the top and on the downward slope, by asking yourself \_\_\_\_65\_\_\_\_ number of questions. Do you, for instance, feel that too much is being expected of you, and yet find 66 impossible to say no? Do you find yourself getting impatient or \_\_\_\_67\_\_\_\_ (annoy) with people over unimportant things? If the answer to all those questions is yes, you had better control your \_\_\_\_68\_\_\_\_ (variety) stress, as you probably are under more stress than is good for you. To some extent you can control the amount of stress in your life. Doctors have worked out a chart, \_\_\_\_69\_\_\_\_ (show) how much stress is involved in different events. Getting married is 50, pregnancy 40, moving house 20, Christmas 12, etc. If the total stress in your life is over 150, you are twice as likely \_\_\_\_\_70\_\_\_\_\_ (get) ill.

第二节 单词拼写（共 **10** 小题； 每小题 **1** 分，满分 **10** 分）

71. We have been friends and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(同事) for more than 20 years.

72. Chinese astronauts will set foot on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(表面) of the Mars in the future.

73. In his opinion, many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(显然的) disadvantages lie in the new plan.

74. All the people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(在场的) impact on the development of the children.

75. In our life we are supposed to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(应用) theory to practice.

76. F\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they passed their test.

77. I'll be g\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to you ifyou can help me.

78. He was c about how she would react.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

79. We should be careful because the edge of the knife is s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

80. He tried hard to find the s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the problem.

第四部分 写作 **(**共两节，满分 **35** 分**)**

第一节 短文改错 **(**共 **10** 小题； 每小题 **l** 分，满分 **10** 分**)**

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处 语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加： 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧) ，并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除： 把多余的词用斜线(＼)划掉。

修改： 在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意： 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

This morning, we had the pleasure of invite Jerry, a literature teacher from Linshui Experimental School, to give us a literature lesson. All of us were deeply impressing by this unforgettable English lesson. Jerry started the class in an amusing story, that attracted our attention at once. He spoke slowly and clear so that we could follow her well. Greatly inspired, many students took active part in classroom activities. After class, many students being interviewed spoke highly of him. My classmate Tom told me that never before have he experienced so interesting a class. From this lesson, we came to a conclusion that we can learn English well and make progresses if we could find a good way.

第二节 书面表达 **(**满分 **25** 分**)**

假如你是邻水实验学校高二学生李华。得知我校英语社团招募英语主持人，你有意应聘。请根 据以下内容要点，用英语给该组织负责人写一封申请信。内容包括：

1. 介绍个人情况；

2. 陈述个人优势(英语水平，知识面等)；

3. 表达期望。

注意: 1. 词数不少于 100 词； 2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

词汇： 社团： Society 主持人： host

Dear Sir or Madam,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Looking forward to hearing from you.

Yours, Li Hua

英语答案

**听力**

1-5 . C A B A B 6-10 C B A C B 11-15 A B C B B 16-20 A A B B C

**阅读**

21-25 D B A B D 26-30 A C D A B 31-35 C D C A C

**七选五** 36-40 F D E G A

**完型填空**

41-45 C A B C D 46-50 A B D C A 51-55 D B C A B 56-60 D A B C D

**语法填空**

61. has been regarded 62. that 63. achievements 64. better 65. a

66. it 67. annoyed 68. various 69. showing 70. to get

**单词填空**

71.colleagues 72.surface 73. obvious 74. present 75. apply

76.Fortunately 77. grateful 78. curious 79. sharp 80.solution

**短文改错**

This morning, we had the pleasure of invite Jerry, a literature teacher from Linshui Experimental

inviting

School, to give us a literature lesson. All of us were deeply impressing by this unforgettable

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English lesson. Jerry started the class in an amusing story, that attracted our attention at once. He

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had

From this lesson, we came to a conclusion that we can learn English well and make progresses if

progress

we could find a good way.

**书面表达 (满分 25 分) A possible version:**

*Dear Sir or Madam,*

*I’m Li Hua, a student from Linshui Experimental School. Learning that you are looking for a host in your English Society, I’m writing to ask for a valuable chance. The following are my advantages.*

*To begin with, I have a good knowledge of English, which is helpful for me to work as an English host. Besides, I have read a lot of books, so I know a lot about western cultures. What’s more, I have served as a host in some other shows so I believe I could perform well. More importantly, I consider it a good chance to serve our Society and develop my ability.*

*I would greatly appreciate it if you could give me a chance. Looking forward to your reply.*

*Yours,*

*Li Hua*