

# *A Pioneer for all people*

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*presented by*

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## Lead in

1. What does “**pioneer**” mean to you?

famous?

creative?

productive?



2. Who is she?

3. Do you think she is a **pioneer** in science?

4. Do you think she is a **pioneer** for all people?

# Reading

## Paragraph 1 Introduction

Focus on who, what and why:

1. Who is the pioneer?
2. What did he do as a pioneer?



a famous scientist



work the land to  
do his research

a devoted farmer



struggle for farmers

*He considers himself as a farmer.*

**Why is he considered a pioneer for all people?**

# Reading

## Paragraph 2 Experience and contribution

Tip1: Present sb's experience and achievement **in the**

1. Circle the time in the text and fill in the form.

Time	Event
1930	_____ in Beijing
	expected to pursue a career in _____ or _____
1953	graduated from _____
after graduation	he worked as a _____, studying on _____
1974	developed _____

Time	Event
1930	<u>born</u> in Beijing
1953	graduated from <u>Southwest Agricultural College</u> <span>educati</span>
after graduation	He set his life goal as to find ways to <u>grow more rice</u> <span>on</span> <u>expanding</u> without <u>the area</u> <span>?</span> <u>g</u> of the fields.



**1. Why did he devoted all his life to finding ways to grow more rice?**

*As a young man, he saw the great need for incresing the original  
At that time, hunger was a disturbing problem in many parts of the countryside. intention*

**2. Is it an easy task? Find out supporting details.** years of

*No. In 1950, Chinese farmers could produce about 56,000,000 tons of rice. In a recent harvest, nearly 200,000,000 tons of rice was produced. hardwork*

**3. What made Yuan Longping successful in creating the first hybrid rice?**

# Reading

## Paragraph 2 Experience and contribution

Tip2: Present sb's contribution **with data**.

1. Circle the number in the text and tell what they mean.

22%,7%

nearly 200 million

many (other countries)

consumption

production

circulation

to rid the world of hunger

to produce harvests twice as large as before

to bring Yuan Longping fame and fortune

2. What will you do after you becoming famous and rich?

# Reading

## Paragraph 3 Qualities

Tip3: Present sb's quality **by contrast**.

1. What was Yuan Longping's attitude towards being famous?

*He didn't care about being famous. He feels it gives him less freedom to do his research.*

2. What did Yuan Longping attitude towards his money?

*He believes that a person with too much money has more rather than fewer troubles.*

*He gives millions of yuan to equip others for their research in agriculture.*

3. Why was so?

*Paragraph 1 He considers himself a farmer.*

*Paragraph 2 What he did is for the farmer.*

earnest

He considers himself a farmer.

indifferent to  
fame & wealth

Yuan “stays true to his original intentions”(不忘初心)

# Reading

## Paragraph 4 Qualities

Tip4: Present sb's quality **via key words**.

What do you think is the key word in this paragraph?

*dreams*



creative /  
innovativ

e

progressi

ve

1. producing a kind of rice plants  
that could feed more people:

the rice plants as tall as **sorghum**

each ear of rice was as big as an ear of **sorghum**

each grain of rice was as huge as a **peanut**



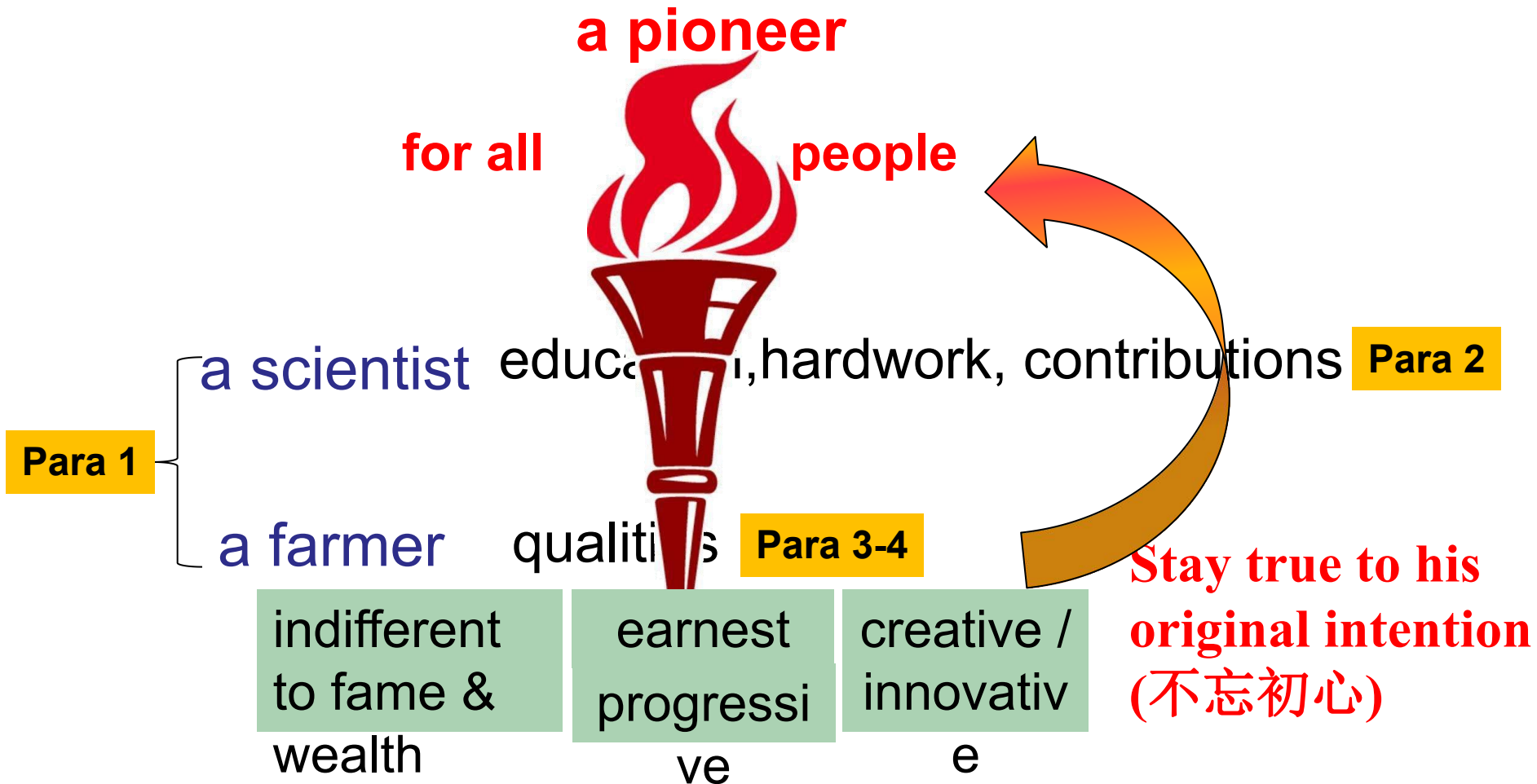
*One dream is not always enough*

2. to export his rice so that it can be grown around



# Reflecting

What makes Yuan Longping a pioneer for all people?  
Focus on the CONTENT



## Step 4: Reflecting (6mins)

What makes Yuan Longping a pioneer for all people?

Focus on the WRITING TECHNIQUES:

Tip1: Present sb's experience and achievement **in the order of time**.

Tip2: Present sb's contribution **with data**.

Tip3: Present sb's quality **by contrast**.

Tip4: Present sb's quality **via key words**.

## Step 5: Inspiring (6mins)

Back to the question in Lead-in, discuss it with your classmates:

### Discussion:

1. Who is she?
2. What is she famous for?
3. Do you think she is a pioneer in science?
- 4. Do you think she is a pioneer for all people?**



1930	born in Ningbo
1955	graduated from medical school, Beijing University
1956-1962	studied Chinese medicine
1969	started to do research on anti-malarial drug(抗疟疾药)
1972	discovered "artemisinin" (青蒿素)
1972-now	keep on researching
2015	was awarded the Nobel Prize

→ Tu's experiences

# Tu Youyou's experience

1930	born in Ningbo
1955	graduated from medical school, Beijing University
1956-1962	studied Chinese medicine
1969	started to do research on anti-malarial drug(抗疟疾药)
1972	discovered “artemisinin” (青蒿素)
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# Assignment

## Creating:

Please collect information and write a short introduction for Tu Youyou, based on the ideas and skills you learned today.

### Structure

- *Introduction*
- *experience*
- *achievement*
- *contributions*
- *qualities*

### Writing Techniques

*time order*

*data*

*contrast, key words*