

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 和第 9 题。

8. What is Sarah doing?

- A. Doing her homework. B. Playing computer games. C. Cleaning up her room.

9. What do we know about the woman's room?

- A. It's warm. B. Its heater is working. C. It has a bright lamp.

听下面一段对话，回答第 10 至第 12 题。

10. What does the man think of his cycling speed?

- A. A little fast. B. A bit slow. C. Normal.

11. How did the car accident happen?

- A. The businessman stopped suddenly.
B. The car went through the red light.
C. The man fell off his bike.

12. Who was badly hurt?

- A. The man. B. The businessman. C. The car driver.

听下面一段材料，回答第 13 至第 16 题。

13. What is the man's main problem about studying abroad?

- A. He has a tight budget.
B. He knows little about foreign cultures.
C. He dislikes other countries' education system.

14. How does the man feel about the education in his country?

- A. It's unfair. B. It's boring. C. It's backward.

15. What should students pay more attention to?

- A. Examinations. B. Personal interests. C. Life skills.

16. What does the man consider first when choosing a school?

- A. The courses. B. The teachers. C. The fees.

听下面一段独白，回答第 17 至第 20 题。

17. Who organizes the Winter Festival?

- A. The government.
B. A team of volunteers.
C. The businessmen around the town.

18. What is special about the art exhibition?

- A. It will be held in a school.
B. There are three opening nights.
C. The painters of the pictures are local students.

19. What will take place in the Main Exhibition Hall?

- A. A music talent show. B. An art exhibition. C. A fancy-dress party.

20. Why is the talk given?

- A. To raise money for the festival.
B. To inform people of the festival.
C. To compare the events of the festival.

第二部分: 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 (共 10 小题, 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 25 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Liu Yexi has taken Douyin by storm. As of Nov 17, the virtual idol, who debuted (首次出现) on the social media platform on Oct 31, had only released two short videos but attracted over 5 million followers.

Different from other virtual idols, Liu is defined as a “virtual beauty vlogger”. In her first video, Liu is doing makeup with an eye brush while dressed in a traditional Chinese costume. When she turns around, the onlookers are terrified, except one boy. Then Liu slightly brushes the boy’s eyes, allowing him to see the fantasy world in her own eyes.

The internet users marveled at its storyline, science-fiction elements and special visual effects with cyberpunk style. Liang Zikang, the CEO of the production team, told China Newsweek that the team spent two months making the video.

Liu’s instant popularity online further reflects that the virtual idol industry in China has been booming. There are over 32,400 virtual idols that have opened accounts on video-sharing platform Bilibili in the past year, seeing a year-on-year rise of 40 percent, Chen Rui, the CEO of Bilibili, said in a speech.

“Compared with real idols and stars, the virtual ones seem to be more approachable for fans,” Shine News noted. Additionally, these virtual web celebrities won’t have scandals.

As more young people are fascinated by these virtual figures, their commercial value has been on the rise. Generally, they earn money by endorsements, online concerts, livestreaming and related products.

Therefore, some people are wondering whether they will replace real humans. “These so-called virtual idols have real human teams to back them up and control them. They are not really virtual,” Ding Daoshi, an independent analyst in the internet sector, told the Global Times. The real virtual idol will come when artificial intelligence achieves a new level of self-learning and self-training and then interacts with others, he added.

21. What can we learn about Liu Yexi from the text?

- A. Liu has more followers than any real idols.
- B. Liu is skilled at making up science fictions.
- C. Liu became famous overnight as a “virtual beauty vlogger”.
- D. Liu has released two short videos to attract 5 million supporters.

22. What does Ding Daoshi imply in the last paragraph?

- A. Virtual idols will replace real humans.
- B. The real virtual idol is likely to appear.
- C. The virtual idol industry is totally conducted by AI.
- D. Conditions for the virtual idol industry have matured.

23. Where is the text probably from?

- A. A guidebook.
- B. An autobiography.
- C. A book review.
- D. A news report.

B

In the 1970's, people who managed ponds had a problem with plants and snails in the water. To control the pests, the managers brought four species of carp, a type of fish, from Asia. But some of the fish escaped into rivers and other waterways. Soon, there were lots of fish. And they became troublesome invasive species. These non-native fish can bully ecosystems, quickly taking over. Growing fast and big, they ate lots of the food on which the native fish would normally depend. Bighead carp are an invasive species in the United States. Binbin Wang is using a combination of computer modeling and field experiments to study how the eggs of these and other invasive carp could be transported in the Missouri River.

Today, the descendants (后代) of those carp remain a big problem. And as the fish spawn (产卵), their eggs have been drifting (漂流) far and wide. Anticipating where something will drift can be a challenge. But finding answers may handle the **crisis**.

At the University of Missouri in Columbia, civil and environmental engineer Binbin Wang is working to figure out where eggs of the invasive fish are spreading in the Missouri River. If science can get ahead of the problem, there's hope that people may figure out how to stop it. But if science is too slow to answer this question, legions of carp eggs will grow into adults that outcompete their neighbors. Stopping their spread would help reduce the overall damage they cause.

Drifting may seem somewhat random, but scientists are doing researches to make useful predictions possible. Some of these drift detectives want to know if large icebergs threaten offshore oil platforms. Others hope to track the polluted air or water — and determine where they're coming from. The work is challenging. It also can be very rewarding. Most importantly, their findings may point toward solutions for some important environmental threats.

24. The scientists track the drifting of carp eggs in order to_____.
- A. ensure the quality of their eggs B. protect the native fish
C. stop them from polluting the water D. make it easier to transport them
25. What does the underlined word “crisis” in paragraph 2 refer to?
- A. The carp’s spawning. B. The direction of eggs’ drifting.
C. The extinction of the invasive fish. D. The spread of the invasive fish.
26. What can we learn from the passage?
- A. Where carp eggs are drifting is still a barrier to the research.
B. Researches have already found ways to stop the drifting of eggs.
C. It’s easy to predict the direction of the drifting of invasive fish eggs.
D. Cleaning the polluted water is the best solutions to environmental treats.
27. What’s the author’s attitude towards the drift detection?
- A. Indifferent. B. Unclear. C. Positive. D. Doubtful.

C

Owww! A little girl wails after falling and bumping her knee. Her father rushes over and inspects the leg. “I’ll kiss it and make it better,” he says. The kiss works. The girl sniffles, wipes her eyes, then jumps up and gets back to playing. Her pain is forgotten.

Scenes like this one happen on playgrounds and in homes around the world every day. When a child gets a bump or bruise in Germany, says Ulrike Bingel, “someone will blow the pain away.”

A caring adult can seemingly stop a child’s pain with a puff of air, a kiss or even just a few kind words. Of course, none of these things can repair injured skin. So what’s happening? Doctors call it the placebo effect. It describes what happens when something that should have no effect triggers a real, positive change in someone’s body.

Placebos are a very important part of medical research. To prove that a new medicine works, researchers must show that people taking it improve more than people getting a placebo. This placebo is usually a pill that looks the same as the treatment but contains no medicine. At times a person may feel better after taking a placebo pill, even though the pill did not act on any disease or symptoms.

This placebo response isn't an illusion. It comes from the brain. A placebo effect can only influence body processes that the brain can modify, such as pain or digestion.

Kathryn Hall, a medical researcher in Boston says, "Placebos don't do anything for bacteria, but they can change how strongly someone experiences pain or other symptoms." Other researchers are also trying to figure out why the placebo effect works. Ted Kaptchuk's group has discovered that placebo treatments work better when a doctor spends more quality time with a patient.

28. Which of the following can be described as placebo effect?
- A. Taking more responsibilities if promoted.
 - B. Not feeling pains in knees after an operation.
 - C. Becoming more active after drinking coffee.
 - D. Falling fast asleep after taking vitamins labelled as sleeping pills.
29. What is the author's purpose in writing the text?
- A. To persuade patients to try the placebo pills.
 - B. To introduce the placebo effect.
 - C. To encourage studies on placebo pills.
 - D. To promote values of real pills.
30. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?
- A. Power of Placebos
 - B. Value of Placebo Pills
 - C. History of Placebo Research
 - D. Placebo Effects on Patients

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Experts agree that good digestive health is important for absorbing nutrients from the food you eat. 31 Therefore, there are some tips for you.

32 Not only can these substances cause stomachaches in high quantities, but they slow digestion, causing constipation (便秘). They will also prevent you from being hungry for healthier foods, like high fiber foods.

Drink plenty of water. Water will increase the efficiency of your digestion by helping to soften and break down foods so your body can absorb the nutrients. It will also make regular bowel movements (排便) easier. 33 However, the amount you need will vary with your

body weight, how active you are, and what climate you live in.

Eat many small meals rather than only a few large ones. 34 And eat these small meals at the same time every day so that your body can anticipate the meal and physiologically prepare.

Reduce stress in your life. Stress has been shown to cause weight gain, constipation, diarrhea and a lowered immune system. It will leave you to the bacteria that causes ulcers (溃疡). 35 Regular exercise will also release certain chemicals and help you relax.

Seek medical advice if you have improved your diet and your lifestyle, but your digestive conditions remain.

- A. Take low-calorie but high-fiber foods.
- B. Eat less salty, sugary, and fatty foods.
- C. Doctors sometimes recommend eight glasses per day.
- D. If your body lacks water, you may get headaches and feel tired.
- E. This will prevent you from getting extremely hungry and eating too much.
- F. However, digestive problems can occur if your system isn't running properly.
- G. Meditation and other relaxation ways can help you to handle stress and help your digestion.

第三部分：语言运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节：完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Today I had lunch with Cynthia. As I was waiting for her to arrive, I 36 a man saying they needed to get his 37 to pay for something. When they stepped 38, I spoke to the staff and 39 to pay their bill. As it turned out it was just for a piece of cake and I asked them to just add it to my 40. I handed the cashier a Smile Card, asking him to give it to the man. When the man came back with his money, he was 41.

I thought I had done a(n) 42 deed, but there were more surprises to come. Cynthia and I were sitting enjoying our 43 when Alex, a worker at the 44, approached us. He explained that the couple on table one had paid for our lunch, including the pie. Alex didn't understand why 45 I guessed it was just ripples spreading. My random act of 46 was

zoomed up.

When leaving, I asked Cynthia to 47 a table so that we could keep the 48 of kindness going. Although they all looked 49, she chose one. I called Alex over and said I wanted to 50 their lunch. He was beside himself with 51, smiling from ear to ear. I don't think he had ever observed anything like this before.

In the past 7 years I've been able to 52 so much generosity and kindness in action. This could be a(n) 53 of love. Whatever the reason, it's not a coincidence that this corresponds with my 54 in activities organized by Kind Springs. Deep 55 to you, and the rest of humanity, for being my mirror.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 36. A. saw | B. scolded | C. heard | D. comforted |
| 37. A. phone | B. card | C. check | D. cash |
| 38. A. up | B. outside | C. in | D. down |
| 39. A. offered | B. agreed | C. begged | D. preferred |
| 40. A. bill | B. menu | C. goods | D. table |
| 41. A. upset | B. surprised | C. scared | D. relieved |
| 42. A. good | B. useless | C. disturbing | D. evil |
| 43. A. breakfast | B. lunch | C. tea | D. dinner |
| 44. A. factory | B. plant | C. restaurant | D. store |
| 45. A. but | B. so | C. or | D. though |
| 46. A. bravery | B. inspiration | C. kindness | D. rudeness |
| 47. A. watch out | B. pick out | C. set out | D. work out |
| 48. A. track | B. road | C. trip | D. journey |
| 49. A. deserving | B. funny | C. greedy | D. starving |
| 50. A. eat up | B. pay for | C. pack up | D. prepare for |
| 51. A. pity | B. calmness | C. joy | D. frustration |
| 52. A. receive | B. show | C. witness | D. practise |
| 53. A. wave | B. origin | C. end | D. circle |
| 54. A. adventure | B. investment | C. recognition | D. involvement |
| 55. A. gratitude | B. devotion | C. commitment | D. attachment |

第 II 卷

注意：将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。

第三部分：语言运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

Tai chi chuan or Chinese boxing, is 56 ancient and distinctive Chinese form of exercise 57 is popular throughout the world. As exercise, tai chi chuan is designed 58 (provide) relaxation in the process of body-conditioning exercise and is drawn from the principles of taiji, notably with the harmonizing of the yin and yang, respectively the passive and active principles. It employs flowing, rhythmic, deliberate movements, with carefully appointed stances(站姿)and 59 (position), but in practice no two masters teach the system 60 (exact) alike. As a mode of attack and 61 (defend), tai chi chuan is properly considered a martial art, 62 (resemble) kung fu. It may be used with or 63 weapons.

Freehand exercise to promote health 64 (practise) in China as early as the 3rd century, and, by the 5th century, monks of Shaolin Temple were performing exercises imitating the five creatures: bear, bird, deer, monkey, and tiger. The snake was added 65 (late), and, by the early Ming Dynasty, the yin and yang principles had been added to harmonize the whole. An assimilation(同化) of these developments, the art of tai chi chuan was systemized and named in the early Qing Dynasty.

第四部分：写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节：应用文写作（满分 15 分）

假定你是李华，刚参加了北京冬奥会的志愿者工作。你的意大利好友 David 想申请下一届志愿者，写信向你询问相关情况，请你用英语给他写一封回信，内容包括：

1. 个人感悟；
2. 如何准备；
3. 表达祝愿。

注意：1. 词数 80 左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

第二节：读后续写（满分 25 分）

阅读下面短文，根据所给情节进行续写，使之构成一个完整的故事。

Sedona hiking trails can be fun and relaxing, but sometimes can also be challenging and dangerous.

Rogers, 33, an on-duty airman, was in town from Colorado Springs for adventures on Sedona trails. Even he had just taken a sharp turn on his mountain bike in April 2020 when he was stopped short by the sight of a woman sitting on the side of the trail. She was cute and had long blond hair and big expressive eyes. What he didn't know then was that she was also in extreme pain.

Sydney Linden, 28, had been jogging down Adobe Jack Trail in Sedona, Arizona, for a picturesque sunset view of the Red Rocks when she hopped over a rock and her leg over extended on the landing. The pain was instant.

Her right leg collapsed and she hit the dirt hard. Linden tried to stand but collapsed. She wasn't sure if she had torn her ACL(十字韧带), broken her leg, or something else. All she knew was that the pain was a 15 out of 10.

Although it was spring, the Arizona sun beat down relentlessly (无情地). Linden dragged herself to the shade, as if an animal preparing to die. She'd called a friend, but after 30 minutes, her friend was lost. That's when she saw the mountain biker.

Rogers was trying to play it cool. He casually rode by at a slower speed, stealing a glance at the woman. Sensing her suffering, Rogers stopped and asked if he could help. Linden explained her situation and that's when he noticed the swelling under her leggings. She needed a hospital -- now.

Rogers helped Linden to her feet and they began the steep (陡坡) over the rocky region and desert bushes. It was a long way to go. Leaning on Rogers, Linden tried to hop along, but the pain was severe. She would never make it to the trailhead (登山口) this way.

注意：

1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右；
2. 至少使用 5 个短文中有下划线的关键词语；
3. 续写部分分为两段，每段的开头语已为你写好；
4. 续写完成后，请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语。

Paragraph 1:

Then Rogers had another idea. _____

Paragraph 2:

It was after the operation that Linden found Rogers gone. _____
