

2020年6月浙江省五校联考英语客观题讲评

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01 听力

02 阅读理解

03 七选五

04 完形填空

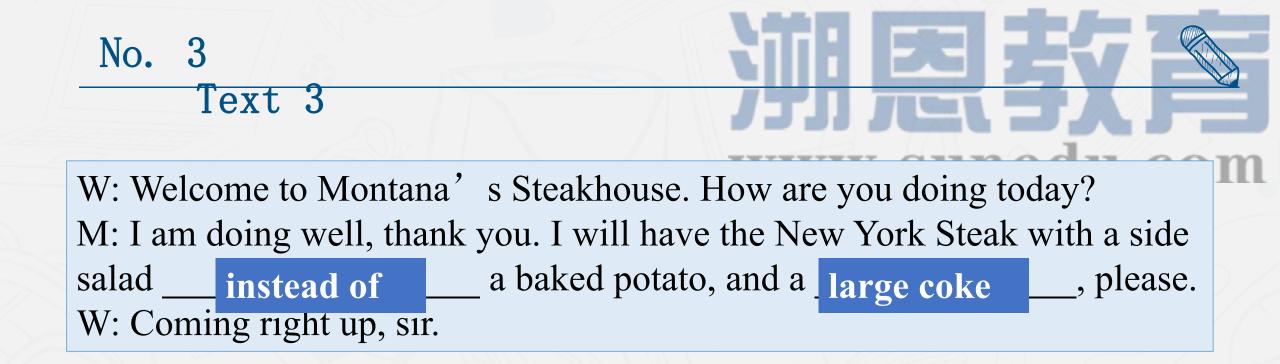
05 语法填空





M:Would you be unhappy if I left early tonight? I have a bad headache, and I have a job interview tomorrow.W:Oh, not at all. I'd be stressed out if I were you Don't worry about it. M: Thanks. Enjoy your party.

The man had to leave early, and the woman showed her understanding



The man ordered a steak with a side salad, not a baked potato, and a large coke, not a small soda.

 No. 8
 No. 100
 No. 100

was a professor of English

The woman's grandfather literature.

No. 17&20 Text 10

Happy Laba Festival! The Laba Festival is celebrated on the 8th day of the last month of the old Chinese calendar. This day is marked by eating a special porridge. At the **__oldest temple** __ in Beijing, free Laba porridge is handed out... Porridge used to be handed out to the poor during other periods in Chinese history. Though most people today are here for the **__experience** __, the act of sharing is still a powerful symbol of charity. In ancient China, Chinese people offered gifts to their dead loved ones during the last month of the old calendar...

The host is reporting at the _		oldest temple	_ in Beijing about	
the	Laba Festival		Most peo	ple go there to
enjoy the experience		•		





Reading A



李子柒古香古食 第二季:上巳 节,骑马踏青,取花为食,才不 辜负春日好时节

2 个月前 youku > 李子柒liziqi



李子柒古香古食 第二季:豌豆大 丰收!得闲把豌豆吃食都做个遍

1 个月前 youku > 李子柒liziqi



Li

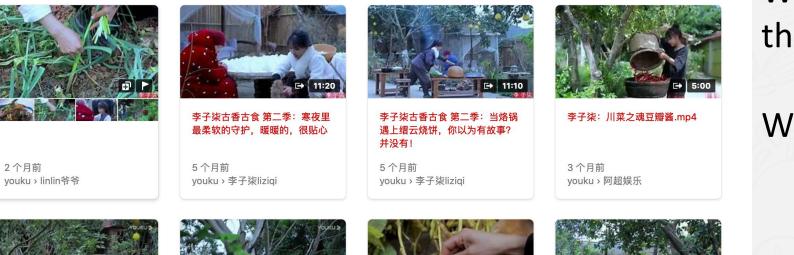
李子柒古香古食 第二季:印染在 花布上的靛蓝,铭刻在骨子里的 传承,蓝印花布

3 个月前 youku › 李子柒liziqi



李子柒古香古食 第二季:当腊味 煲仔饭遇上胡椒猪肚鸡,你又以 为有故事?

5 个月前 youku、李子柒古香古食 第二季



Have you ever watched Li Ziqi's videos?

What do you think of them?

What do you think of her?



李子柒

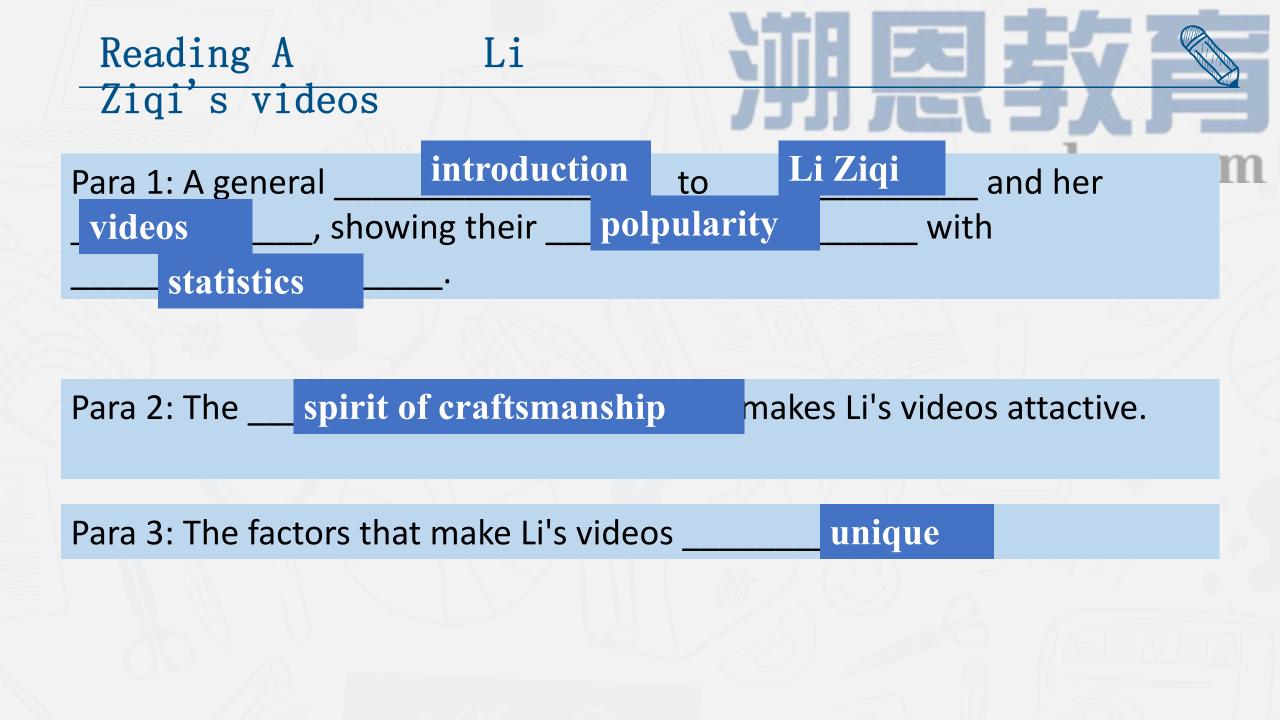


【李子柒】剁椒鱼头



李子柒古香古食 第二季: 熬个豆 浆再蒸几块紫薯米糕,再忙都要



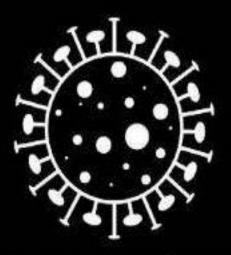


Reading A Li Ziqi's videos 21. What can we learn about Li Ziqi's video clips? not mentioned A. They promote the sales of Chinese food and handicrafts. B. They present the culture of life in urban areas of China. focus on the rural life The images and natural sounds in her videos rather than language work. 在她的视频中,画面和自然的声音起了作用,而非语言。 D. They are faise rather than honest records of local life in China in her fans' view. Para1: focus on the beautiful scenery and the rural life in the Chinese countryside. 21 B Para3: In fact, most of her videos that are produced in a professional and delicate way involve very little speaking at all. Instead, they focus on the visual aspects, and the natural sounds of the landscape. Para2: Li's fans think it is the spirit of craftsmanship behind her works that makes Li's video clips attractive.

Reading B



COVID-19



Coronavirus COVID-19



Reading B COVID-19 Work out the structure: Para 1: China has passed its peak of the COVID-19 outbreak. However Para 2: It gets worse abroad and the econemy is taking a hit. Para 3: China has launched a people's war against the epidemic and some foreign countries are joining in the war. Vhereas Para 4: The USA president ignored the epidemic and America didn't prepare enough for it. Para 5: China has made great contributions in the worldwide war against the virus, which won praises from the UN Secretary-

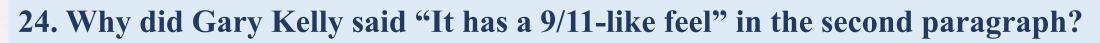
General.

Write a summary:

Reading B

COVID-19 JIIIE JIIE JIIE</

China has passed the climax of the COVID-19, but it gets worse abroad and results in great economic losses. While China has started a people's war against COVID-19 with foreigh contries joining in, the USA president Trump ignored the epidemic and did not preprare enough despite its potential threats. China has made great contributions in the worldwide war against the virus , which won praises from the UN Secretary-General.



COVID-19

- A. Both the two events are related to flights.
- **B.** People don't dare to take planes during the outbreak.
- **The outbreak of novel coronavirus has caused huge losses.**
- **D.** The terror caused by novel coronavirus hangs over the USA.

Para2: The economy is taking a hit, such as the New York Stock Exchange and airline business. "We started seeing very sharp declines," Gary Kelly, the CEO of Southwest Airlines, said on CNBC weeks ago, "It has a 9/11-like feel."

Pay attention to what these sentences focus on: economic losses, not pelple's fear.



A. Trump comforted China that the disease would soon be killed. not mentioned

COVID-19

- B. America defeated the disease with ease at the early stage. Are you kidding me?
- C. Trump made reasonable remarks on China's efforts against the virus.
 When he believed it's only a problem that would disappear, he was generous with praises. See what he did later? That's far from reasonable.
 America didn't previously intend to get ready for the infectious disease.

Para 4 : Whereas, the USA president Trump previously said at the start of a business roundtable in New Delhi, "a problem that's going to go away." He also heaped praise on Chinese President Xi Jinping in dealing with the pneumonia (肺炎)-like disease. Director of Harvard Global Health Institute Ashish Jha warned that the epidemic is the most possible cause that can accidentally kill millions of Americans, but also the one that sees the least preparation.

Reading B

26. Readers may conclude that _____ probably makes China worthy of praise most, in dealing with the crisis.

COVTD-19

- A. being cooperative with other countries
- **W** being humanitarian to the whole world
- **C.** being quick-minded with effective measures
- **D.** being generous in sharing medical treatments

Para 5 :Chinese Ambassador to the United Kingdom Liu Xiaoming said that since the outbreak of the coronavirus, China has donated masks and supplies, for example to Iran and Italy, Japan and South Korea. It has engaged in global cooperation and shared information in a timely manner with the world, including the USA, on the genetic sequence of the virus and on vaccine development. United Nations Secretary-General Antonio Guterres on Monday praised China's contribution, noting that Chinese people are making efforts for all of humanity. Liu said, "We have been open, transparent and responsible in tackling the virus because we believe in a community with a shared future for mankind."

Reading B COVID-19Sentence analysis: 1. China has passed its peak of the COVID-19 outbreak, with new cases trickling down to single digits and overall epidemic situation improving. (Para 1) 随着新的确诊病例降 with 的复合结构做状语。此处with 后加了两个并列的 n+doing. 冠爆发的高峰期。 2. Director of Harvard Global Health Institute Ashish Jha warned that the epidemic is the most possible cause that can accidentally kill millions of

Americans, but also the one that sees the least preparation.(Para4)

主干为Diretor warned+ that引导的宾语从句;宾语 哈佛되从句中is 后面加了用but连接的两个并列的表语。最有可能导致上百万美国人意外死亡,但是(美国/美国政府)却只做了最少的准备。

Sentence analysis:

Reading B

3. It has engaged in global cooperation and shared information in a timely manner with the world, including the USA, on the genetic sequence of the virus and on vaccine development. (Para 5)

COVID-19

主干为It has engaged in sth. has engaged in后面加了两个并列的宾语: global cooperation & shared information; in a timely manner with the world 为方式状语; including the USA 为定语修饰the world; on the genetic sequence of the virus与on vaccine development并列,表明合作与分享信 息的领域,是抽象的地点状语

在病毒基因序列和疫苗研发方面,中国积极参与了全球合作,并且及时地与包括美国在内的全世界分享信息。

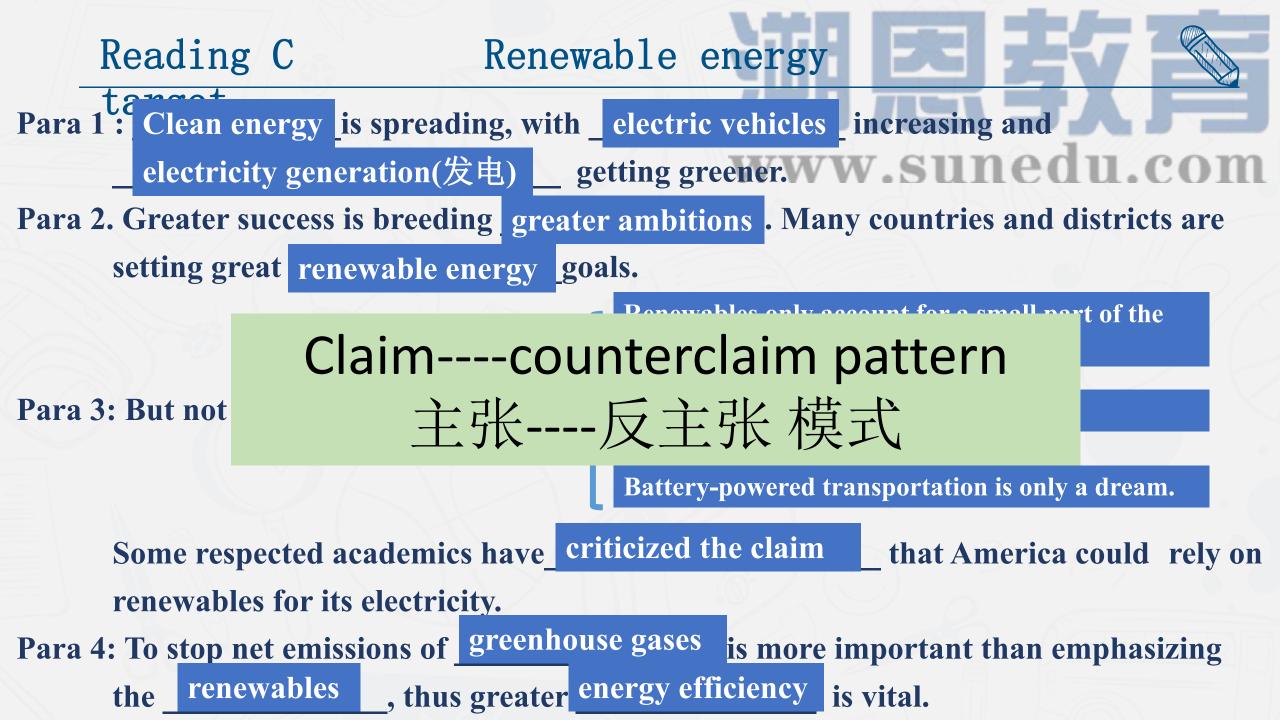
trickle down: 下降 take a hit:遭受打击 launch a war against sth: 发起对抗sth的战争 heap praise on sb/sth: 对...大肆赞扬 a community with a shared future for mankind: 人类命运共同体

Renewable energy



Reading C





Reading C

Renewable energy

targets 27. It can be inferred from the passage that____.

A. the problem of climate change will be solved by using 100% renewable energy

Para3: But not every target is helpful. Para4: A 100% confuses means with ends.(混淆了手段与目标)

B. with new technologies, Germany successfully cut down carbon emissions

Para4: Carbon emissions in Germany actually rose...

C. it is probable that ships will one day be powered by battery

Para3: ...but battery-powered road transport, shipping and aviation are dreams.

America is not likely to completely rely on wind, solar and hydro energy one day

Para3: A much-quoted claim that America could rely on wind, solar and hydro alone for its electricity has recently been bitterly criticized by a group of respected academics.

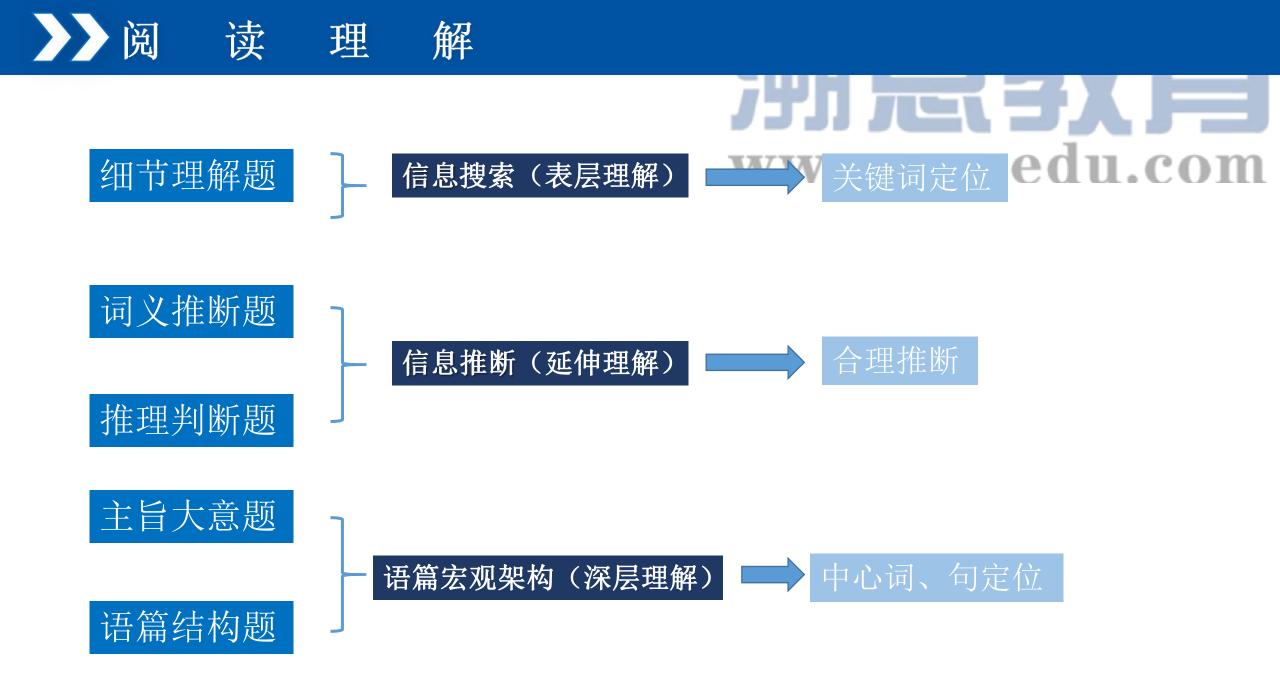
Reading C Renewable energy Image: Comparison of the passage of th

more than using renewable would.

- **B.** blocking off carbon-reduction paths
- C. using non-renewable heating
- **D.** abandoning electric vehicles
- 29. The underlined phrase" phase out" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to

A. ignore **V** reduce C. use D. invent

Para4: After decades of investment, it is wrong to leave nuclear power off the table. Carbon emissions in Germany actually rose because it chose to phase out nuclear power gradually and so burned more coal.





Task-based reading



Para 1-2: Situation about families in the UK What divorce; single-parent families; the average number of children

Para 3-4: Reasons about why the British people have fewer children Why

having children at a much older age; houses and marriage

Para 5: The government's solutionsHowmaking it cheaper to have children; an increasing amount of
government subsidy

Figures published by the UK government in 2006 revealed that: 42% of **marriages in the UK** end in divorce; 24% of children grow up **in single-parent families**; the average number of children in **a British family** is 1.9. <u>31 B</u> Is **it** an endangered species?

With the average number of children in a British family falling beneath an average of 2.0, the population of the UK has been falling for quite a few years. The size of the British workforce is declining and the average age of the workforce is rising. 32 D

Why aren't the British having as many children as they used to? <u>33 A</u> One of them is that British people are now having their children at a much older age than previously, meaning they have fewer years in which they can have children.

<u>34</u> C Well, houses are incredibly expensive in the UK, so many people are forced to stay with their parents early in their careers. And **no one wants to start a new family** when they are still living with their parents! So it's not until people are about 30 years old that they can afford to move out, **buy their own home**, and then they can start to think about setting down and having children.

So what is Britain doing to try and save the British family? <u>35 F</u> There have been **increases in Child Benefit** money families can claim from the state. Also, there is an increasing amount of government subsidy (补贴) for nursery schools, so that parents do not need to pay so much for childcare. In addition, there are now laws allowing parents to take more time off work so that they can look after their children themselves rather than having to pay others to do it.

A. Well, there is a whole range of reasons.

- B. So what is happening to **the British family**?
- C. What about **marriage** and **buying a home**?
- D. This trend is quite worrying for the British economy.
- E. It's a bad "work-life balance" and is damaging British society.
- F. First of all, the government is trying to make it cheaper to have children.
- G. The main reason is that it is relatively expensive to bring up a child in the UK.

31.细节句。后文的it指代B选项中的the British family。 32.细节句。前文提及英国的劳动力市场规模正在下降以及劳动力市 场的平均年龄在上升,这样的趋势对英国经济而言是非常令人担忧 的。

33.细节句。后文的them指代A选项的reasons。
34.主题句。段落围绕着住房问题(houses)展开,后文中出现了no one wants to start a new family以及buy their own home对应了C选项中的marriage以及buying a home。
35.细节句。前句提问英国人如何试图拯救家庭,选线F给出从政府的

做法,顺利衔接后句育儿补贴的增加。

With the average number of children in a British family falling beneath an average of 2.0, the population of the UK has been falling for quite a few years. The size of the British workforce is declining and the average age of the workforce is rising. 32

- A. Well, there is a whole range of reasons.
- B. So what is happening to the British family?
- C. What about marriage and buying a home?
- D. This trend is quite worrying for the British economy.
- E. It's a bad "work-life balance" and is damaging British society.
- F. First of all, the government is trying to make it cheaper to have children.
- G. The main reason is that it is relatively expensive to bring up a child in the UK.

Task-based reading

34 Well, houses are incredibly expensive in the UK, so many people are forced to stay with their parents early in their careers. And no one wants to start a new family when they are still living with their parents. So it's not until people are about 30 years old that they can afford to move out, buy their own home, and then they can start to think about setting down and having children. A. Well, there is a whole range of reasons. B. So what is happening to the British family? C. What about marriage and buying a home? D. This trend is quite worrying for the British economy. E. It's a bad "work-life balance" and is damaging British society.

- F. First of all, the government is trying to make it cheaper to have children.
- G. The main reason is that it is relatively expensive to bring up a child in the UK.





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Para 1: My summer **jobs** as a first-year college student

Para 2: My part-time job and summer jobs during the rest years of college 影响.....的发展

Para 3-4: This experience <u>shaped</u> me in many important ways
The first thing was the importance of a strong work principle.
It also made me learn how to <u>work out</u> solutions to dilemmas.

Para1

Then, summer came and it was time to work harder than ever. I continued working as a waitress at night, <u>38</u>. instructed tennis camps several mornings a week and worked as a secretary for a few hours in the afternoons. Being a little <u>39</u>. ambitious, I also decided to take a class at a community college This class at the community college saved me \$650. It was a(n) <u>40</u>. exhausting summer and made meanxious to return to my <u>41</u>. relatively easy life at college.

38.上下文理解。instruct v. 指导,教授
39.下文理解。ambitious adj. 有抱负的,有雄心的
40.下文理解。be anxious to do sth.渴望做某事,急切做某事
41.考查副词。relatively adv. 相对地

Para 2

During my second and third years of undergraduate schooling, I made a decision to work about five hours weekly in the campus admissions office answering phones. This provided a little extra money and <u>43</u>. keep me from spending my savings. The overall situation looked hopeful as I approached my senior year as long as I could make as much money as I had the <u>45</u>. previous summer.

43.上文理解。keep sb. from doing sth.不让某事发生。 45.考查形容词。从文意得出指的是之前的暑假,而previous 和 former 均可以表示"人或事物先前的,以前的"。然而,previous 多指"说话时间之前的",比如"previous years"、"previous experience",而former则形容事物在某段时间的状态,请看以下几个例句。 *The bank asked me to provide contact details of all my previous landlords. In the previous episode, the main character met his biological mother.*

Para 2

... One of my concerns about this trip was not only the cost, but the <u>48</u>. loss of time to make money; <u>49</u>. however, I made as much that summer in the ten weeks when I was at home as I had made during the fourteen weeks when I was at home the summer before. The way everything worked together to make this trip <u>50</u>. possible was one of the most <u>51</u>. exciting things that have ever happened to me.

48.考查名词。loss n.失去,丧失。失去挣钱的时间。 49.考查逻辑推理。前句我担心失去挣钱的时间,后句在家十周挣的钱和以前暑假在家十四周挣的钱一样多,可知前后句句意构成转折。 50.考查形容词。所有事情最终能让这次行程成行是我最为激动的事情之一。 51.上文理解。根据句意知道这件事是我最为激动的事情之一。

Para 4-5

This experience has <u>52</u>. <u>shaped</u> me in many important ways. The first thing that I learned was the importance of a strong work principle. Working long hours did a lot to influence my character and helped me learn the value of a dollar. It also made me learn how to work out creative solutions to difficult dilemmas. Whenever I am overwhelmed or afraid of the future, I can remember my \$64,268 55. wonder.

52.下文理解。下文提及我学习到......以及我同样学习到.....可知这段经历在很多重要方面影响着我。 55.考查名词。我会记得挣得64,266美元的奇迹。income意思是"收入,收益",一般不会和具体的金额搭配使用。

Words and expressions: instruct v.指导,教授 e.g. All our staff have been instructed in sign language. be anxious to do sth.渴望做某事,急切做某事 e.g. She was anxious to finish school and get a job. relatively adv. 相对地 e.g. The system is relatively easy to use. shape v.影响,形成 e.g. People's political beliefs are shaped by what they see in the papers.

One difficult sentence:

One of my 47. concerns about this trip was not only the cost, but the 48. loss of time to make money; 49. However, I made as much that summer in the ten weeks when I was at home as I had made during the fourteen weeks when I was at home the summer before. ①本句的主句为: However, I made (money).根据上文内容可以推断出I made后省略了宾语money。 (2)as...as用于同级比较。 ③when引导时间状语从句。 ④释义: 然而, 那年夏天我在家的十周所挣的钱和前年夏天在家的十四周 所挣的钱一样多。



1. 速读全文,判断体裁,利用首句,把握大意。

2. 重读全文,结合语境,利用衔接,精确选择。

3. 再读全文, 深入语境, 重点突破, 检查选项。





British Prime Minister's blessing speech for Chinese new year 2019



Enjoy the video

British Prime Minister's blessing speech for Chinese new year 2019

The fireworks are being prepared. The red envelopes <u>56</u> (fill). And around the world, hundreds of millions of people are coming together <u>57</u> (celebrate) the Chinese New Year. Across the UK, <u>58</u> (lantern) are being hung in Manchester, Liverpool, Nottingham and many of our other great cities, including here in London, home to one of <u>59</u> (big) Chinese New Year celebrations outside Asia. The festivities are <u>60</u> (undoubted) one of the highlights of Britain' s cultural calendar, showcasing the <u>61</u> (strong), vibrancy and diversity of our multicultural society. And they are <u>62</u> reminder of the incredible role that our Chinese community plays in British life — from students who have just arrived here to study, <u>63</u> families whose roots in this country go back well over a century. It is a legacy and a contribution that I celebrated here at Downing Street last week, <u>64</u> (bring) together leading figures from across our Chinese community, people without <u>65</u> the UK would not be the successful, dynamic country it is today. So wherever and however you are celebrating, let me wish you a very happy new year, and a prosperous and auspicious year of the Pig.

Grammar

现在进行时的被动语态 56. are being filled (与前句时态一致) 动词不定式表目的 57. to celebrate 名词的复数形式 58. lanterns 形容词的最高级 59. the biggest 形容词转换为副词 60. undoubtedly 形容词转换为名词 61. strength 不定冠词 62. a (a reminder of) 介词 63. to (from... to...) 动词ing 64. bringing 65. whom (先行词people,是leading figures的同位语) 定语从句关系代词whom

词汇积累: reminder: n.[C] 起提醒作用的东西 e.g. a reminder of the dangers of drinking and driving



www.sunedu.com 1. 浏览全文,了解大意。

2. 边读边填, 先易后难。

3. 验证复查,清除难点。

4. 书写规范,大小写正确。





