**重庆育才中学高2022 届高三（下）3月月考**

**英语试题**

注意事项：

1.答题前，考生务必用黑色碳素笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号在答题卡上填写清楚。

2.每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。在试题卷上作答无效。

3.考试结束后，请将答题卡交回。满分150分，考试用时120分钟。

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman enjoy doing?

A. Singing songs.

B. Observing birds.

C. Watching nature scenery.

2. Who is Mary?

A. A hard-working teacher.

B. A company manager.

C. A new employee.

3. Why does the man thank the woman?

A. She saved his life.

B. She’ll drive him to work.

C. She fixed his alarm clock.

4. When does the man start to work?

A. At 6:00. B. At 7:00. C. At 8:00.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

A. Traveling abroad. B. Family members. C. Past experiences.

**第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）**

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后， 各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6、7题。

6. How does the woman find the man’s dog?

A. Playful. B. Secretive. C. Independent.

7. What pet do the woman’s children want to keep?

A. A dog. B. A rabbit. C. A parrot.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至10题。

8. Who is the woman shopping for?

A. Her mother. B. Her father. C. Her brother.

9. What is John going to buy for his mother?

A. Some plants. B. Some jewelry. C. Some food.

10. What is the woman’s plan for Christmas?

A. Going to New York.

B. Visiting her relatives.

C. Staying with her family.

听下面一段对话，回答第11至13题。

11. What sport does the woman usually do?

A. Golf. B. Horseback riding. C. Rock climbing.

12. What does the man suggest the woman do?

A. Have a good rest.

B. Try another sport.

C. Invite Karen.

13. What is the woman interested in?

A. Windsurfing. B. Water skiing. C. Whale watching.

听下面一段对话，回答第14至17题。

14. What is the man?

A. A writer. B. A host. C. A rock star.

15. What was Joan’s biggest hit?

A. Album.

B. Up Your Alley.

C. I Love Rock ‘n’ Roll.

16. What was the color of Joan’s hair?

A. Black. B. Blond. C. Red.

17. What does the man think of Joan’s choices?

A. Unwise. B. Confusing. C. Meaningful.

听下面一段独白，回答第18至20题。

18. What is the students’ favorite dish?

A. Fried chips. B. Sausages. C. Pizza.

19. What is the new dish next month?

A. Ice cream. B. Chocolate bars. C. Chicken pot pie.

20. On what condition can a new dessert be on the menu?

A. If it is voted for by most students.

B. If it is easy to cook.

C. If it is healthy.

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

Exercising regularly not only helps you keep slim, but also improves your overall health and well-being. Different exercises produce different results, as they focus on alternate parts of the body. There are four broad exercise categories: endurance, strength, flexibility, and balance. Many people often only focus on one exercise type, but including all four in your workout will produce better results and reduce your risk of injury.

    **Endurance**

    Endurance exercises increase your breathing and heart rate. By doing endurance exercises, you are working to keep your heart, lungs, and blood-flow system healthy while improving your total fitness. Over time these activities will make everyday activities seem easier.

    **Strength**

    If you want to build up your muscles, then strength exercises, which are also known as “resistance training”, are right for you. Even the slightest increase in strength can make a huge difference in your ability to carry out daily tasks. Developing strong muscles also reduces your risk of weak bones.

    **Flexibility**

Flexibility exercises help stretch your body’s muscles. This allows for more freedom of movement for other exercises and can also improve your range of motion, posture, ability to breathe deeply, and blood flow. Also, it reduces the muscle tension caused by stress.

**Balance**

    Balance exercises help prevent falls and are especially important to older adults, helping them stay independent. Most good balance exercises are ones that keep you constantly moving with your feet on the ground. Heel-to-toe walking and standing on one foot are simple ways to improve balance.

21. How can a person benefit most from their exercise routine?
A. By combining different exercise types together
B. By having sufficient rest between their workouts
C. By concentrating on one training aspect at a time.
D. By increasing the frequency of their training gradually.

22. Which exercise types are most useful to improve a person’s breathing function?
A. Strength and Balance B. Flexibility and Balance
C. Endurance and Strength D. Endurance and Flexibility

23. Which part of the body plays the most important role in balance-related exercises?
A. Arms. B. Legs. C. Waist D. Neck

**B**

The snow was falling and the roads had become dangerous. The schools were dismissed early, but much to my surprise, my appointment wasn’t canceled. So I went, feeling especially heroic. As far as I could see, I was risking my life to keep my word. Snow or no snow, I would be on time for my scheduled donation at the local blood center.

When I got there, I discovered I wasn’t alone. Four more “hero-types” were already lying back in donor chairs with lines attached to their veins, and machines quietly pumping away to collect their lifesaving gifts.

Seeing my fellow donors honoring their own commitments, I realized why I was there. I lay back in my donor chair, ready to make a difference in the life of someone I would never meet.

To be honest, I’d never really thought about why I donate. I just do it. But a few months ago, during one of my regular donations I learned that my blood was specifically for a cancer patient and for a newborn baby—both patients needed what I would give in order to live. I’ve viewed my visits to the blood center differently ever since.

My wife Karen is a donor, too. And more importantly, she has been on the bone marrow (骨髄) list for fifteen years, ever since she signed up to provide bone marrow to a kindergartner with leukemia (白血病). That little girl died before Karen’s bone marrow could help her, but Karen was called again recently. Her test results were still on file, and it turned out she was a potential match for someone else. The caller asked Karen if she would still be willing to become a bone marrow donor. “Yes,” she said and then immediately began answering questions on the pages of paperwork for further testing. It was a race against time.

I wish I could say that this race was won. It wasn’t. The caller later thanked Karen for her participation and asked a few more questions—including whether or not she’d remain on the donor list. “Of course!” Karen answered.

We still keep making appointments. I don’t know whose life my donation may affect. Most likely it will be a stranger, but someday the person needing a blood product could be you or me or maybe a loved one. It is worthwhile to take your time to donate. I like the sense of giving.

24. Why was the man going out on such a snowy day?

A. He was going to risk his life for fun.

B. He was going to do a heroic deed to show off to others.

C. He was going to give a donation to help others in deed.

D. He was going to have an important appointment with his wife.

25. Who or what caused the man to view his visits to the blood center differently?

A. A cancer patient and a newborn baby who needed what he gave to live.

B. The fact that his wife would remain on the donor list after several failures.

C. The fact that his wife signed up to provide bone marrow to a girl with leukemia.

D. Four more “hero-types” lying back in donor chairs with lines attached to their veins.

26. What does the author think of his wife Karen’s action?

A. He objects to what she does.
B. He thinks highly of what she does.
C. He is indifferent to what she does.
D. He doesn’t show any apparent attitude.

27. Which of the following may the man agree with?

A. Many hands make light work.

B. Where there is a will, there is a way.

C. Constant dropping wears away a stone.

D. The rose’s in her hand, the fragrance in mine.

**C**

Foreseeing a time when a patient’s own cells may be harvested, multiplied, and fashioned into a replacement organ, researchers in Boston have successfully transplanted laboratory grown bladders (肾) into six dogs.

For a century, physicians have replaced diseased or damaged bladders by removing sections of a person’s intestines (肠子) and shaping them into a substitute bladder. While the procedure offers some relief to patients, complications often develop because nature designs intestinal tissue for a purpose-absorbing nutrients-other than holding waste liquid of the body. “You start absorbing stuff that should be removed,” says Anthony Atala of the Children’s Hospital in Boston.

Other physicians have turned to human-made materials to create artificial bladders, but those efforts have also run into problems. Consequently, to build a better bladder, Atala and his colleagues decided to employ the organ’s own cells.

To turn the cells into an organ, the researchers first form plastic which can break down naturally into bladder-shaped shell. They then coat its outside and inside with layers of cells needed.

To test this strategy, Atala’s group obtained bladder tissue from dogs and grew it into organs. After removing the dogs’ bladders, the investigators implanted (移植) the artificial ones coming from the dogs’ own cells. Within a month, the organs began to perform like normal bladders.

Within three months, the plastic shells had broken down naturally, and the implanted organs were hard to distinguish from natural ones. Blood vessels (血管) quickly grew into them. Moreover, nerves seem to form proper connections with the new organs, allowing the dogs to regain normal control of their bladders. Some dogs have had the artificial bladders for nearly a year without any problems.

While the bladders of dogs closely resemble those of people, Atala warns that more testing of this transplant strategy must occur before artificial bladders are ready for the clinic.

28. The traditional method of shaping parts of intestines into a substitute bladder \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. allows the patient to absorb useless things

 B. brings the patient a lot of sufferings

 C. prevents the patient from absorbing nutrients

 D. worsens both the function of the intestines and the bladder

29. The artificial bladders implanted in dogs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. worked perfectly as long as three months

 B. began to work as well as a normal one in a few weeks

 C. proved to be able to work for several years

 D. did not work properly until after a month

30. Why is it suggested that more testing should be made?

 A. What suits dogs’ bladders will also suit human bladders.

 B. Dogs’ bladders can be implanted into human bodies.

 C. Human bladders may well be different from dogs.

 D. Artificial bladders grown in dogs can be used for human beings

31. What does the passage mainly talk about?

 A. The way of turning intestines into bladders.

 B. The prospect of manufacturing plastic bladders.

 C. The history of making artificial bladders.

 D. The possibility of making bladders from their own cells.

**D**

 If you could travel in time, where would you go? Perhaps you would watch a performance of a Shakespeare’s play in Elizabethan England? What about hanging out with Laozi in the Spring and Autumn Period? Or maybe you’d voyage far ahead of the present day to see what the future holds.

 The possibility of time travel is indeed appealing. Stories exploring the subject have been around for hundreds of years. Perhaps the best-known example is science fiction novel The Time Machine, written by H. G. Wells and published in 1895. It was adapted into at least two feature films of the same name, as well as two television versions, and a large number of comic book adaptations. It is generally credited with the popularization of the concept of time travel using a vehicle that allows an operator to travel purposefully and selectively. The term “time machine”, coined by Wells, is now universally referred to a vehicle transporting people into the far future.

 But could time travel actually be possible? Some scientists say yes, in theory. They propose using cracks in time and space called “wormholes”, which could be used as shortcuts to other periods. Einstein’s theory of relativity allows time travel in extreme circumstances. And Stephen Hawking says you could travel into the future with a really fast spaceship-going at nearly the speed of light. Though building such a spaceship wouldn’t of course be simple.

 Even if you could travel into the past, there is something called the “grandfather paradox”. It asks what would happen if a time traveler were to go back in time and have his own grandfather killed for some reason, and therefore prevent himself from being born. If the time traveler wasn’t born, how would he travel back in time?

 And would you really like to visit the future? In H. G. Wells’ book, the main character travels into distant time where he arrives at a beach and is attacked by giant crabs. He then voyages 30 million years into the future where the only living thing is a black object with tentacles (触角).

 If that’s what’s in store, maybe we are better just living in the present day after all.

32. Which of the following statements is TRUE?

 A. The Time Machine is one of the bestselling science fiction novels.

 B. There are films, comic books and dramas adapted from the novel The Time Machine.

 C. Works of Literature about time travel first appeared one hundred years ago.

 D. It was H.G. Wells who invented the term “time machine”.

33. Einstein’s and Hawking’s theories\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. suggest the possibility of time travel

 B. have been proved wrong by some time travelers

 C. have similarities because both are based on experiments

 D. have pushed the invention of the first spaceship

34. In Paragraph 4, “grandfather paradox” probably refers to the idea that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. the reunion of the traveler and his grandfather brings happiness

 B. the grandfather’s death makes the traveler’s birth impossible

 C. the traveler goes back in time to seek for his grandfather

 D. the traveler is prevented from meeting his grandfather

35. According to the passage what is probably the author’s attitude towards time travel？

 A. Unclear. B. Supportive. C. Doubtful. D. Unconcerned.

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

 阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两个选项为多余选项。

Do you love food? Whether you’re a foodie or someone who just likes eating, there is so much to choose from. We know that too much of the wrong kind of food can be bad for our health, but for some people having a food allergy means that eating certain things can actually be harmful. Such cases may seem uncommon. 36

An allergy is caused by the immune(免疫的) system fighting substances in the environment.  37 It means that people have to follow strict dietary restrictions, otherwise their lives may be put at risk. Allergy specialist Dr. Adam Fox says “if you look back over, say, 30 or 40 years... there are much more serious allergic problems around now than there were.”   38 Last year a teenager died after suffering an allergic reaction from eating a piece of bread containing peanuts. This led to a call for better food-labeling laws.

Research has found that this problem is particularly affecting children.   39 Dr. Alexandra Santos from King’s College London says “food allergy now affects about 7% of children in the UK and 9% of those in Australia, for example. Across Europe, 2% of adults have food allergies.”

So, what might be the cause? Dr. Santos says, the increase in allergies is not simply the effect of society becoming more aware of them and better at diagnosing them.   40 She adds that possible factors are pollution, dietary changes and less exposure to bacteria, which change how our immune systems respond. She points out that it’s very common for migrants who move to another country to develop food allergies in their new location.

A. It seems to be more environmental.

B. A food allergy can affect you at any age.

C. Food allergies can cause life-threatening reactions.

D. Yet in fact, food allergies are affecting more and more of us.

E. More and more of them are having allergic reactions to certain food.

F. A lot of work is being done to try and find a cure, but that’s not easy.

G. We often hear about people having allergies to dairy products or to nuts.

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I first began to learn photography, a photographer offered me a simple 41 for taking a good picture.

Don’t just “point and 42 ”, as one camera used to advertise. After 43 your intended subject through the lens pause and think about how you feel in the moment. Then after deciding the specific part of your subject that 44 that emotion, simply cut away everything else and press the button.

This advice could also be 45 to life. Focus on what matters most; 46 everything else. When we go about our lives with little challenge or difficulty, we may be tempted to “take it all in”, 47 to focus on what matters most and then find it 48 to get rid of unnecessary things.

Often it is not until our lives are in 49 that we suddenly realize that we’ve 50 our focus. We have 51 paid attention to the important aspects of existence — justice, kindness, and humanity. 52 , we actually have a chance to focus again. As we make difficult 53 about what offers meaning and purpose, we may discover that even 54 things have the potential to turn good and beautiful. We just need to reframe the picture before us. Then we can 55 and pay attention to the meaningful things of life.

1. A. example B. reward C. tip D. course
2. A. shoot B. reframe C. catch D. focus
3. A. recognizing B. considering C. designing D. spotting
4. A. maintained B. aroused C. recalled D. recovered
5. A. attributed B. applied C. adapted D. accustomed
6. A. lose track of B. make use of C. get hold of D. let go of
7. A. struggling B. failing C. intending D. expecting
8. A. tough B. strange C. easy D. aimless
9. A. surprise B. doubt C. crisis D. pride
10. A. abandoned B. cancelled C. misplaced D. forget
11. A. merely B. rarely C. generally D. usually
12. A. Thus B. Moreover C. Instead D. However
13. A. comments B. requests C. promises D. decisions
14. A. impossible B. optimistic C. negative D. complex
15. A. refocus B. relax C. repair D. react

**第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Although his quadruple Axel (阿克塞尔四周跳) challenge in Olympic free skate fell short, Yuzuru Hanyu still somehow made history. 56 a last-ditch attempt to save a medal, the “Ice Prince” took on figure skating’s most difficult jump－the 4 1/2-rotation quadruple Axel. Unexpectedly, 57 27-year-old under-rotated and stumbled upon landing. He fell again attempting a quadruple Salchow (萨霍夫四周跳).

Taking a bow to the 58 (recognize) from audience and touching the ice before stepping off the rink at the Capital Indoor Stadium, the two-time defending champion cut a lonely figure sitting by himself as he awaited his score, 59 (strengthen) the feeling that this could have been his swan song. “I made a big mistake in the quad Salchow, but I performed well to the music Heaven and Earth. I 60 (regret) the performance in the short program the other day, but I did my best today,” said Hanyu.

Hanyu started skating at the age of 4, and made his international debut(首次亮相) at the 2008 Junior Grand Prix Merano Cup, where he finished 61 (five). After joining the adult ranks, he quickly began to rack up(累计) silverware and milestones. He became the first Asian 62 (win) men’s singles Olympic gold at the 2014 Sochi Games.

China’s Jin Boyang, who performed 63 (energetic) and finished ninth, also expressed admiration. “It’s incredible that he took on the challenge of the quad axel at the age of 27 at his third Olympics. It shows his hunger to keep striving for 64 (great) performances, which is 65 the spirit of sports and the Olympics is all about. We can all learn from it,” Jin said.

**第四部分 写作（共两节，满分40分）**

**第一节（满分15分）**

 假如你是李华，最近你校学生会向即将毕业的高三学生征集旧书、二手物品，由学生会组织爱心义卖活动以资助本校经济困难的学生。请根据下面的提示，为校报英语角写一篇活动报道。内容包括：

 1. 活动时间和地点;

　　2. 活动过程;

　　3. 你对活动的感悟。

　　注意：

　　1. 词数100左右;

　　2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

　　参考词汇：义卖charity sale

**第二节（满分25分）**

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

**Be a true runner**

For me, it was normal to feel lost at the inter-camp track. Four camps of kids were ready to lead their teams to a blue ribbon and win the day. Not me. I was too little to be the leader and too skinny to be an athlete. I knew this by the time I was twelve, because my camp counselors（辅导员）and the other kids reminded me of it every chance they got. So when our camp needed a fourth runner in the two-mile race around the lake, I knew I was no one’s first choice.

I hid in the shade of a maple tree as they called the names of the runners, my body tensed as I heard a counselor call, “Fred! Where is Fred! He is in this race!” It was Barry. He spotted me under the tree. “Fred! We need a 12-year-old who hasn’t been in other events to run the two-mile!”

He gave me a push towards the starting line. Having no confidence and trying to save myself from the shame of taking the last place as four camps watched, I pleaded with him.

“But I don’t know the way around the lake!”

“You’re in. Just follow Bill!” Barry smiled.

Bill was my friend and the fastest runner in our camp. And then Barry said, “When you make it to the last stretch（最后一程）on the field, just throw your head back and run.”

 At the starting line, I stood next to Bill and trembled.

 “On your mark… Get set...” The gun cracked and sixteen of us took off. I stayed close on Bill’s heels, a little too close for Bill, I guess. He shouted at me, “Back off!”

I did. Two guys passed me, but I kept my eyes on Bill.

 It was tiring. The distance was widening between Bill and me. We made the turn from the dusty road onto the muddy, wooded trail that would go around the lake back to the field. Through the trees, I saw Bill trip over a tree root and fall. A runner from another camp passed him.

注意：1．续写词数应为150左右；

1. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置。

In a moment, Bill was up again and running.

I didn’t know when I crossed the finish line.

**重庆育才中学高2022 届高三（下）3月月考**

**英语参考答案**

**听力 1-5:** BABCA **6-10:**ABABC **11-15:** ABCBC **16-20:**BCCCA

**阅读 21-23:** ADB **24-27:** CABD **28-31:** ABCD  **32-35:** DABC **36-40:** DCGEA

**完形 41-45:** CADBB **46-50:** DBACC  **51-55:** BDDCA

**语法填空**

**56.** In **57.** the **58.** recognition **59.** strengthening **60.** regretted

**61.** fifth  **62.** to win **63.** energetically **64.** greater **65.** What

**应用文写作**

On the afternoon of May 25th, a charity sale was held by the Student Union on our school playground. Although it was hard work, students actively took part.

In order to organize it successfully, we made full preparations. Before the sale, from the students we collected various used books, second-hand goods which were still in good condition and classified them. When the day came, students and teachers all came and took an active part in it. At the end of the activity, we raised 5000 yuan in total.

All the money we raised will go to the students from poor families in our school to help finish their studies. It’s such a meaningful activity that students are all looking forward to the next charity sale.

**读后续写**

***In a moment, Bill was up and running.*** I couldn’t think of anything but to follow him closely. I could even feel the air hitting my face and I was totally worn out. Naturally, my pace slowed down. Just at the moment, Barry’s words “Just follow Bill” called me back. Convinced that I was no longer a loser, I refreshed up again and accelerated and soon I was quite close to Bill again. Injected with confidence, I headed for the finishing line. The gun cracked again, announcing the last 200 meters. I closed my eyes, threw my head back and ran with my last ounce of strength, in the direction of the dream line.

 ***I didn’t know when I crossed the line.*** I still kept running on when a thunderous applause burst, which signaled the birth of the champion. I stopped and opened my eyes and saw my camp of kids and the camp counsellor gathering around me. “We have won the race! We are the champion!” they shouted and cheered, throwing me in the air. Showered with hugs and applause and whistles, I felt a surge of gaiety sweeping over me. To me, the race meant more than a champion; it well proved that I was not a loser as an athlete and that I could further explore my potential. Just as Hemingway put it, “The true nobility is superior to your former self.”

**【详细解析】**

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

**A**

21.A 【解析】由第一段最后一句"but including all four in your workout will produce better results..."可知与选项A "By combining different exercise types together" 意思一致,要几种锻炼方式一起进行才能达到更好的效果。

22.D 【解析】由Endurance第一句"...increase your breathing..."和Flexibility第二句"improve your range of motion posture ability to breathe deeply..."可知这两种锻炼方式都对呼吸有好处。

23.B 【解析】由Balance第二句"keep you constantly moving with your feet..."可知和脚的运动有关, A选项为手臂,C选项为腰部,D选项为脖子,因此选B。

**B**

24. C 【解析】根据第一段的最后一句话Snow or no snow, I would be on time for my scheduled donation at the。local blood center.可知，他出门是为了去献血。

25. A 【解析】根据第四段的But a few months ago, during one of my regular donations I learned that my blood was specifically for a cancer patient and for a newborn baby—both patients needed what I would give in order to live. I’ve viewed my visits to the blood center differently ever since.可知，是他的血液给了癌症病人和新生儿改变了他对于去献血的看法。

26. B 【解析】根据倒数第三段And more importantly, she has been on the bone marrow (骨髄) list for fifteen years, ever since she signed up to provide bone marrow to a kindergartner with leukemia (白血病).以及倒数第二段中的I wish I could say that this race was won.可知，他对于妻子的行为是赞同、支持并且评价很高的。

27. D 【解析】根据文章传递出来的观念，尤其是最后一段最后两句。他同意的观点应该是“赠人玫瑰，手有余香。”

**C**

这是一篇说明文。文章介绍了波士顿的研究人员预见到有一天病人自己的细胞可以被采集、繁殖并制成替代器官。

28. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第二段“For a century, physicians have replaced diseased or damaged bladders by removing sections of a person's intestines (肠子）and shaping them into a substitute bladder（一个世纪以来，医生们通过摘除人的肠子，将其塑造成一个替代膀胱来替代患病或受损的膀胱。）”和“You start absorbing stuff that should be removed," says Anthony Atala of the Children's Hospital in Boston.（波士顿儿童医院的安东尼·阿塔拉说：“你开始吸收应该清除的东西。”）”可知，传统的方法是将部分肠道塑造成一个替代膀胱，这会让病人吸收无用的东西。故选A。

29. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第五段“Within a month, the organs began to perform like normal bladders.（一个月之内，这些器官开始像正常的膀胱一样运作。）”可知，植入狗体内的人造膀胱在几周后就开始像正常膀胱一样工作。故选B。

30. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据文章最后一段“While the bladders of dogs closely resemble those of people, Atala warns that more testing of this transplant strategy must occur before artificial bladders are ready for the clinic.（虽然狗的膀胱与人的非常相似，但Atala警告说，在人造膀胱投入临床之前，必须对这种移植策略进行更多的测试。）”可知，人造膀胱还没有进入临床实验，并且狗的膀胱只是与人类相似，并非完全一样。由此可推知，因为人类的膀胱可能与狗的不同，所以应该进行更多的测试。故选C。

31. D 【解析】主旨大意题。根据文章第一段“Foreseeing a time when a patient's own cells may be harvested, multiplied, and fashioned into a replacement organ, researchers in Boston have successfully transplanted laboratory grown bladders (肾) into six dogs.（波士顿的研究人员预见到有一天病人自己的细胞可以被采集、繁殖并制成替代器官，他们成功地将实验室培育的膀胱移植给了6只狗。）”以及下文中提到的一系列测试可知，D项：The possibility of making bladders from their own cells.（用自身细胞制造膀胱的可能性）符合题意。故选D。

**D**

这是一篇议论文。人类一直对时间旅行很感兴趣。从理论上来说，且根据一些科幻书籍以及科学家所说，时间旅行是可以的。但是，从另一个角度而言，时间旅行未必是好事。因此作者认为我们还是生活在现在的好。

32. D 【解析】 细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句“The term "time machine", coined by Wells, is now universally used to refer to a vehicle transporting people into the far future.（“时间机器”这个术语，由Wells创造，现在被普遍用于指把人们运送到遥远的未来）”可知，是H. G. Wells发明了“时间机器”这个术语。故选D项。

33. A 【解析】细节理解题。第三段第一句提出问题“But could time travel actually be possible?(但是时间旅行实际上是可能的吗？)”，接下来举了爱因斯坦和霍金的例子“Einstein’s theory of relativity allows time travel in extreme circumstances. And British physicist Stephen Hawking says you could travel into the future with a really fast spaceship going at nearly the speed of light(爱因斯坦的相对论使得在极端情况下可以进行时间旅行。英国物理学家斯蒂芬霍金说，你可以用一艘非常快的宇宙飞船以接近光速的速度旅行到未来)”可知，霍金和爱因斯坦的理论表明了时间旅行的可能性。故选A项。

34. B 【解析】 细节理解题。根据第四段中的“there is something called the “grandfather paradox”. It asks what would happen if a time traveler were to go back in time and have his own grandfather killed for some reason, and therefore prevent himself from being born. If the time traveler wasn’t born, how would he travel back in time? (有一种现象叫做“祖父悖论”。它问的是，如果一个时间旅行者回到过去，由于某种原因杀死了自己的祖父，从而阻止了自己的出生，会发生什么事情。如果时间旅行者没有出生，他要怎么回到过去?）”可知，“grandfather paradox”提出的观点就是：祖父死亡导致时间旅行者无法出生。故选B项。

35. C 【解析】 态度观点题。根据最后一段“If that’s what’s in store, maybe we are better just living in the present day after all.(如果这是未来可能发生的事，也许我们最好还是活在当下)”结合第四段提到“祖父悖论”使得时间旅行有可能不能实现；第五段以H.G.威尔斯的书为例，表明即使回到过去也有可能遭遇险境，可推知，作者对时间旅行持怀疑态度，故选C项。

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

**七选五**

 本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了一个事实—— 食物过敏正影响着越来越多的人,并解释了导致食物过敏增加的原因。

36.D 上文"Such cases may seem uncommon.(这种情況似乎并不常见。)”说明食物过敏这个情况看似不太常见,实际上还是很多。D选项Yet in fact, food allergies are affecting more and more of us. (然而事实上,食物过敏正影响着越来越多的人。)中"in fact”与文意相符故选D项。

37.C 下文"It means that people have to follow strict dietary restrictions, otherwise their lives maybe put at risk. (这意味着人们必须严格遵守饮食限制,否则他们的生命可能会处于危险之中)”说明食物过敏可能会导致人们的生命陷入危险。C选项Food allergies can cause life-threatening reactions.(食物过敏会引起危及生命的反应。)符合上文。故选C项。

38.G 下文"Last year a teenager died after suffering an allergic reaction from eating a piece of bread containing peanuts. (去年,一名青少年因吃了一片含有花生的面包而产生过敏反应而死亡。)”说明坚果可以导致过敏。G选项 We often hear about people having allergies to dairy products or to nuts. (我们经常听说有人对乳制品或坚果过敏。)与下文的花生过敏相符。故选G项。

39.E "Dr. Alexandra Santos from King's College London says "food allergy now affects about 7% of children in the UK and 9% of those in Australia, for example. Across Europe, 2% of adults have food allergies.”(敦国王学院的亚历山德拉•桑托斯博士说:例如,食物过敏现在影响了英国约7%的儿童和澳大利亚9%的儿童。在欧洲,2%的成年人有食物过敏。”)”说明过敏症对于现在人的影响越来越大。E选项More and more of them are having allergic reactions to certain food. (越来越多的人对某些食物有过敏反应。)符合文意。故选E项。

40.A 下文"She adds that possible factors are pollution, dietary changes and less exposure to bacteria, which change how our immune systems respond. (她补充说,可能的因素是污染饮食变化和较少接触细菌,这些都会改变我们的免疫系统的反应。)”说明过敏与环境是有关的。A选项It seems to be more environmental.(它似乎更多的是与环境有关。)符合下文过敏与环境有关的话题。故选A项。

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

本文这是一篇夹叙夹议的文章。通过讲述作者学习摄影过程中学到的关于如何拍好一张照片的技巧，揭示了构建美好人生的真谛——人生如摄影，唯有聚焦重点才能收获美。

41．C 考查名词词义辨析。句意:当我开始学习摄影时，一位摄影师给我提供了一条拍摄好照片的建议。A. example 例子；B. reward 报答；C. tip建议；D. course课程。根据下文 “Don’t just “point and 2 ””,和“focus on what matters most.”可知此处表示作者得到了一个拍好照片的简单建议。故选C。

42．A 考查动词词义辨析。句意:不要仅仅按下快门拍照，就像一个被用作广告的照相机。A. shoot拍照，摄影；B. reframe再构造；C. catch抓住；D. focus聚焦。根据上文中的 “for taking a good picture.”可知这里指 “摁下快门拍照”，故选A。

43．D 考查动词词义辨析。句意:在你通过镜头发现拍照对象时，暂停一下，想一下你此时的感受。A, recognizing认出；B. considering考虑；C. designing设计；D. spotting发现。根据“through the lens”可知，摄影师此时在发现捕捉摄影对象。故选D。

44．B 考查动词词义辨析。句意:然后决定是你所拍摄的对象的那一部分激起了这种情绪，删去其余的一切，摁下快门。A. maintained 保持；B. aroused 激起；C. recalled 回忆；D. recovered恢复。根据句意可知，本句和上句 “how you 4 in the moment.”相呼应，突出摄影对象会引发摄影者的某种情感。故选B。

45．B 考查动词词义辨析。句意:这条建议也适用于我们的人生。A. attributed 归因于；B. applied适用于；C. adapted 调整适应；D. accustomed习惯于。此处已经将谈论的话题转向人生。故选B。

46．D 考查动词短语词义辨析。句意:放手其它的事情。A. lose track of 失去联系；B. make use of 利用；C. get hold of 领会；D. let go of放手。根据上句 “Focus on what matters most” 可知，要关注重要的事情，放下其它的一切。故选D。

47．B 考查名词词义辨析。句意:当我们的生活几乎没有挑战和困难时，我们可能会忍不住全盘接受，因此没有把注意力集中在最重要的事情上，并且发现摆脱不必要的东西很难。A. struggling斗争；B. failing 失败，无法做到；C. intending打算；D. expecting期待。根据上句 “we may be tempted to ‘take it all in’ ”可知我们可能会忍不住全盘接受，而未能关注最重要的事情。

48．A 考查副词词义辨析。句意:当我们的生活几乎没有挑战和困难时，我们可能会忍不住全盘接受，因此并且没有把注意力集中在最重要的事情上，并且发现摆脱不必要的东西很难。A. tough困难的；B. strange奇怪的；C. helpless无助的；D. aimless无目的的。本句承接上句，进一步阐述人生的困境，即: “在生活顺意时认为摆脱不必要的东西很难”。故选A。

49. C 考查名词词义辨析。句意:只有在我们的生活陷入危机，我们才突然意识到我们的注意力放错了地方。A. surprise 惊喜；B. doubt怀疑；C. crisis 危机；D. pride自豪。根据上文 “When we go about our lives with little 　　　9　　　 or difficulty” 和 “we suddenly realize that”可知，只有在我们的生活陷入危机，我们才突然意识到我们的错误。故选C。

50．C 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 只有在我们的生活陷入危机，我们才突然意识到我们的注意力放错了地方。A. abandoned放弃；B. cancelled 取消；C. misplaced放错地方；D. forget忘记。根据下文 “We have 14 paid attention to the important aspects of existence” 可知，我们很少注意最重要的方面，我们的注意力放错了地方。故选C。

51．B 考查副词词义辨析。句意: 我们很少注意最重要的方面——正义、善良和人性。A. merely仅仅；B. rarely 极少地；C. generally整体上；D. usually通常地。由上句可知，我们很少注意最重要的方面。故选B。

52．D 考查副词词义辨析。句意:然而事实上，我们有机会重新关注。A. Thus因此；B. Moreover而且；C. Instead相反；D. However然而。根据“actually”可知本句与上句是转折关系。故选D。

53．D 考查名词词义辨析。句意:当我们就关于什么能提供意思和目的，做出困难决定时，我们可能会发现负面的事情也有潜力变成美好的事情。A. comments 评论；B. requests要求；C. promises承诺；D. decisions决定。根据下文 “we may discover that” 可知，此处表示做出决定后会发现负面的东西也会变得美好。故选D。

54．C 考查形容词词义辨析。句意: 当我们就关于什么能提供意思和目的，做出困难决定时，我们可能会发现负面的事情也有潜力变成美好的事情。A. impossible不可能；B. active积极的；C. negative消极的；D. complex复杂的。根据空格后的 “things have the potential to turn good” 可知，空格处的词与good对比。故选C。

55．A 考查动词词义辨析。句意:然后我们就能重新聚焦，关注生活的有意义的方面。A. refocus重新聚焦；B. relax放松；C. repair 修复；D. react反应。根据上文提过的 “we actually have a chance to focus again.” 可知，事实上，我们有机会重新聚焦。故选A。

**第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

56. 考查介词。In an attempt to sth. “尝试做某事”

57. 考查冠词。这里特指Yuzuru Hanyu这个27岁的人，故用定冠词the。

58. 考查名词。这里指向观众的认可和赞赏鞠躬致谢，故用名词形式recognition。

59. 考查非谓语。“两届卫冕冠军在他等分数的时候，孤独的坐着。更加加深了一种感受：这次比赛是他的'绝唱'”，这里现在分词作伴随状语。

60. 考查动词时态。the other day“几天前”，一般过去时标志性时间状语，故用一般过去时。

61. 考查数词。finished fifth表示“以第五名结束”，需用序数词。

62. 考查不定式。当中心词被序数词修饰时，需用不定式作定语。

63. 考查副词。这里修饰动词performed，故用副词形式energetically.

64. 考查形容词比较级。这里表示他追求更好的表演，以及后文非限定性定语从句解释到“这也是奥林匹克精神（更高，更快，更强）”，故用比较级。

65. 考查连接代词。这个表语从句中缺少about的宾语，故用what。

**听力材料**

Text 1

M: Why are you so crazy about bird watching? What do you get out of it?

W: Looking at the beautiful creatures and listening to their songs are such wonderful experiences. I feel as if I’m in the direct contact with nature.

Text 2

M: Everybody, I’d like to propose a toast to Mary Johnson, Teacher of the Year. She worked hard all year. She really deserved the honor.

W: Yes, we’re all proud of her!

Text 3

W: I know you’re sleepy and I hate to bother you, but I think you’re late for work.

M: Oh, no, I forgot to turn the alarm clock on!

W: Don’t worry. I can give you a lift.

M: Thank you. You save me.

Text 4

W: Why so early? You don’t have to be at work until 8:00.

M: After 6:00, the bus will get crowded, and I wouldn’t get a seat.

Text 5

W: Are you traveling alone, Mike?

M: No. I’ll take my family abroad this time.

W: What a wonderful experience that’ll be! I wish I could go someday.

Text 6

W: ⑥Your dog is so much fun and playful. I wish our cat enjoyed being around people as much as your dog does.

M: Cats are well-known for being more independent than dogs. How old is your cat now? You’ve had her longer than we’ve had our dog.

W: She is 8 years old. She’s getting quite old. Your dog is 6, isn’t he?

M: Yes, he’s so energetic. We take him out to the park every morning and evening. We usually have to drag him home. I think he’d be happy to stay there all day.

W: I am sure he would.

M: Your cat spends most of the day outdoors, right? Do you know where she goes?

W: We have no idea. She’s very secretive. Occasionally, she brings back a dead mouse.

M: Have you ever thought about having another pet?

W: ⑦The kids want a rabbit. But I think that might be too tempting for our cat.

Text 7

W: Hi, John. What are you up to?

M: I’m just doing some Christmas shopping.

W: Oh yeah? Me too. Who are you shopping for?

M: My mom, my dad and my brother.

W: Cool.

M: What about you?

W: ⑧I’m just shopping for my mom now. I bought most of my stuff online.

M: That’s smart.

W: Yeah, I find that things are cheaper online.

M: Plus, it saves you having to go to busy stores.

W: Yeah, except today.

M: True. What are you getting your mom here?

W: I think I’m going to get her some plants.

M: Oh, nice. ⑨I’m getting mine some jewelry.

W: Cool. What are your plans for Christmas?

M: Well, I’m going to New York to see my relatives. What about you?

W: I’m staying around the area. My family usually has a small celebration.

M: That’s good. Christmas is all about appreciating family.

W: Yeah, absolutely.

Text 8

M: Are you ready?

W: Sure, but why are you dressed like that? I thought we were going to play golf with Karen and Robert.

M: I told them we’re going rock climbing instead.

W: I was really looking forward to a game of golf.

M: You play golf all the time. How often do you get the chance to do other outdoor activities, such as horseback riding?

W: I thought the point of this vacation was to rest and recharge.

M: We do need to recharge, but what we need is excitement, not rest. Maybe Karen will want to join us tomorrow.

W: Why? What are we doing tomorrow?

M: How about a water sport, maybe windsurfing, or water skiing?

W: I like the idea of spending some time on the water, but I prefer whale watching.

Text 9

M: Many of us watched the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame Induction Ceremony in Cleveland on Saturday night. I know I did. I’m here to interview Joan Jett. Welcome, Joan, and congratulations on your honor.

W: Thank you!

M: So your biggest hit was I Love Rock 'n' Roll in 1982. What do you like about rock and roll?

W: It’s a feeling，an emotion. You don't think about it. If you start thinking about rock 'n' roll, you won’t get it. That’s when it gets boring.

M: You are also known for making it okay to be a female rocker. You definitely broke some ground there. You were accepted by even the craziest male rock stars.

W: Yeah, I was just being me. I wore black leather and jeans. I had long, blond hair. And I named my band the Blackhearts.

M: Three of your albums hit the Top 20—I Love Rock 'n' Roll, Album, and Up Your Alley. Your attitude and choices were a major influence on other female rockers.

W: I’m not done yet. Stay tuned. I can still get on stage, play the guitar, and sing!

Text 10

W: Dear students! The school cooks will be posting next month’s menu in the front hallway soon. You can get the new menu by Friday of this week. This past month, our wonderful cooks made some student favorites. Pizza is always at the top of the list, and the cooks made this five times during February! Next month, we can look forward to some of the same. But I heard that the cooks are going to make some new dishes that were mentioned in the student survey. Chicken pot pie will be served. And some of you will be happy to know that sausages will also be offered. I couldn’t believe how many of you wanted that on the menu! Several of you must have German grandparents!

But back to the menu—even though the survey is over, there’s still time to ask for new dishes, especially desserts! If you’re tired of having to choose between ice cream bars and chocolate chip cookies, why not make a suggestion? If you feel like having something special, just write it down on a piece of paper and give it to the school secretary. Whatever dessert gets the most votes will be included in the new menu.

**重庆育才中学高2022 届高三（下）3月月考**

**英语参考答案**

**听力 1-5:** BABCA **6-10:**ABABC **11-15:** ABCBC **16-20:**BCCCA

**阅读 21-23:** ADB **24-27:** CABD **28-31:** ABCD  **32-35:** DABC **36-40:** DCGEA

**完形 41-45:** CADBB **46-50:** DBACC  **51-55:** BDDCA

**语法填空**

**56.** In **57.** the **58.** recognition **59.** strengthening **60.** regretted

**61.** fifth  **62.** to win **63.** energetically **64.** greater **65.** What

**应用文写作**

On the afternoon of May 25th, a charity sale was held by the Student Union on our school playground. Although it was hard work, students actively took part.

In order to organize it successfully, we made full preparations. Before the sale, from the students we collected various used books, second-hand goods which were still in good condition and classified them. When the day came, students and teachers all came and took an active part in it. At the end of the activity, we raised 5000 yuan in total.

All the money we raised will go to the students from poor families in our school to help finish their studies. It’s such a meaningful activity that students are all looking forward to the next charity sale.

**读后续写**

***In a moment, Bill was up and running.*** I couldn’t think of anything but to follow him closely. I could even feel the air hitting my face and I was totally worn out. Naturally, my pace slowed down. Just at the moment, Barry’s words “Just follow Bill” called me back. Convinced that I was no longer a loser, I refreshed up again and accelerated and soon I was quite close to Bill again. Injected with confidence, I headed for the finishing line. The gun cracked again, announcing the last 200 meters. I closed my eyes, threw my head back and ran with my last ounce of strength, in the direction of the dream line.

 ***I didn’t know when I crossed the line.*** I still kept running on when a thunderous applause burst, which signaled the birth of the champion. I stopped and opened my eyes and saw my camp of kids and the camp counsellor gathering around me. “We have won the race! We are the champion!” they shouted and cheered, throwing me in the air. Showered with hugs and applause and whistles, I felt a surge of gaiety sweeping over me. To me, the race meant more than a champion; it well proved that I was not a loser as an athlete and that I could further explore my potential. Just as Hemingway put it, “The true nobility is superior to your former self.”

**【详细解析】**

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

**A**

21.A 【解析】由第一段最后一句"but including all four in your workout will produce better results..."可知与选项A "By combining different exercise types together" 意思一致,要几种锻炼方式一起进行才能达到更好的效果。

22.D 【解析】由Endurance第一句"...increase your breathing..."和Flexibility第二句"improve your range of motion posture ability to breathe deeply..."可知这两种锻炼方式都对呼吸有好处。

23.B 【解析】由Balance第二句"keep you constantly moving with your feet..."可知和脚的运动有关, A选项为手臂,C选项为腰部,D选项为脖子,因此选B。

**B**

24. C 【解析】根据第一段的最后一句话Snow or no snow, I would be on time for my scheduled donation at the。local blood center.可知，他出门是为了去献血。

25. A 【解析】根据第四段的But a few months ago, during one of my regular donations I learned that my blood was specifically for a cancer patient and for a newborn baby—both patients needed what I would give in order to live. I’ve viewed my visits to the blood center differently ever since.可知，是他的血液给了癌症病人和新生儿改变了他对于去献血的看法。

26. B 【解析】根据倒数第三段And more importantly, she has been on the bone marrow (骨髄) list for fifteen years, ever since she signed up to provide bone marrow to a kindergartner with leukemia (白血病).以及倒数第二段中的I wish I could say that this race was won.可知，他对于妻子的行为是赞同、支持并且评价很高的。

27. D 【解析】根据文章传递出来的观念，尤其是最后一段最后两句。他同意的观点应该是“赠人玫瑰，手有余香。”

**C**

这是一篇说明文。文章介绍了波士顿的研究人员预见到有一天病人自己的细胞可以被采集、繁殖并制成替代器官。

28. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第二段“For a century, physicians have replaced diseased or damaged bladders by removing sections of a person's intestines (肠子）and shaping them into a substitute bladder（一个世纪以来，医生们通过摘除人的肠子，将其塑造成一个替代膀胱来替代患病或受损的膀胱。）”和“You start absorbing stuff that should be removed," says Anthony Atala of the Children's Hospital in Boston.（波士顿儿童医院的安东尼·阿塔拉说：“你开始吸收应该清除的东西。”）”可知，传统的方法是将部分肠道塑造成一个替代膀胱，这会让病人吸收无用的东西。故选A。

29. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第五段“Within a month, the organs began to perform like normal bladders.（一个月之内，这些器官开始像正常的膀胱一样运作。）”可知，植入狗体内的人造膀胱在几周后就开始像正常膀胱一样工作。故选B。

30. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据文章最后一段“While the bladders of dogs closely resemble those of people, Atala warns that more testing of this transplant strategy must occur before artificial bladders are ready for the clinic.（虽然狗的膀胱与人的非常相似，但Atala警告说，在人造膀胱投入临床之前，必须对这种移植策略进行更多的测试。）”可知，人造膀胱还没有进入临床实验，并且狗的膀胱只是与人类相似，并非完全一样。由此可推知，因为人类的膀胱可能与狗的不同，所以应该进行更多的测试。故选C。

31. D 【解析】主旨大意题。根据文章第一段“Foreseeing a time when a patient's own cells may be harvested, multiplied, and fashioned into a replacement organ, researchers in Boston have successfully transplanted laboratory grown bladders (肾) into six dogs.（波士顿的研究人员预见到有一天病人自己的细胞可以被采集、繁殖并制成替代器官，他们成功地将实验室培育的膀胱移植给了6只狗。）”以及下文中提到的一系列测试可知，D项：The possibility of making bladders from their own cells.（用自身细胞制造膀胱的可能性）符合题意。故选D。

**D**

这是一篇议论文。人类一直对时间旅行很感兴趣。从理论上来说，且根据一些科幻书籍以及科学家所说，时间旅行是可以的。但是，从另一个角度而言，时间旅行未必是好事。因此作者认为我们还是生活在现在的好。

32. D 【解析】 细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句“The term "time machine", coined by Wells, is now universally used to refer to a vehicle transporting people into the far future.（“时间机器”这个术语，由Wells创造，现在被普遍用于指把人们运送到遥远的未来）”可知，是H. G. Wells发明了“时间机器”这个术语。故选D项。

33. A 【解析】细节理解题。第三段第一句提出问题“But could time travel actually be possible?(但是时间旅行实际上是可能的吗？)”，接下来举了爱因斯坦和霍金的例子“Einstein’s theory of relativity allows time travel in extreme circumstances. And British physicist Stephen Hawking says you could travel into the future with a really fast spaceship going at nearly the speed of light(爱因斯坦的相对论使得在极端情况下可以进行时间旅行。英国物理学家斯蒂芬霍金说，你可以用一艘非常快的宇宙飞船以接近光速的速度旅行到未来)”可知，霍金和爱因斯坦的理论表明了时间旅行的可能性。故选A项。

34. B 【解析】 细节理解题。根据第四段中的“there is something called the “grandfather paradox”. It asks what would happen if a time traveler were to go back in time and have his own grandfather killed for some reason, and therefore prevent himself from being born. If the time traveler wasn’t born, how would he travel back in time? (有一种现象叫做“祖父悖论”。它问的是，如果一个时间旅行者回到过去，由于某种原因杀死了自己的祖父，从而阻止了自己的出生，会发生什么事情。如果时间旅行者没有出生，他要怎么回到过去?）”可知，“grandfather paradox”提出的观点就是：祖父死亡导致时间旅行者无法出生。故选B项。

35. C 【解析】 态度观点题。根据最后一段“If that’s what’s in store, maybe we are better just living in the present day after all.(如果这是未来可能发生的事，也许我们最好还是活在当下)”结合第四段提到“祖父悖论”使得时间旅行有可能不能实现；第五段以H.G.威尔斯的书为例，表明即使回到过去也有可能遭遇险境，可推知，作者对时间旅行持怀疑态度，故选C项。

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

**七选五**

 本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了一个事实—— 食物过敏正影响着越来越多的人,并解释了导致食物过敏增加的原因。

36.D 上文"Such cases may seem uncommon.(这种情況似乎并不常见。)”说明食物过敏这个情况看似不太常见,实际上还是很多。D选项Yet in fact, food allergies are affecting more and more of us. (然而事实上,食物过敏正影响着越来越多的人。)中"in fact”与文意相符故选D项。

37.C 下文"It means that people have to follow strict dietary restrictions, otherwise their lives maybe put at risk. (这意味着人们必须严格遵守饮食限制,否则他们的生命可能会处于危险之中)”说明食物过敏可能会导致人们的生命陷入危险。C选项Food allergies can cause life-threatening reactions.(食物过敏会引起危及生命的反应。)符合上文。故选C项。

38.G 下文"Last year a teenager died after suffering an allergic reaction from eating a piece of bread containing peanuts. (去年,一名青少年因吃了一片含有花生的面包而产生过敏反应而死亡。)”说明坚果可以导致过敏。G选项 We often hear about people having allergies to dairy products or to nuts. (我们经常听说有人对乳制品或坚果过敏。)与下文的花生过敏相符。故选G项。

39.E "Dr. Alexandra Santos from King's College London says "food allergy now affects about 7% of children in the UK and 9% of those in Australia, for example. Across Europe, 2% of adults have food allergies.”(敦国王学院的亚历山德拉•桑托斯博士说:例如,食物过敏现在影响了英国约7%的儿童和澳大利亚9%的儿童。在欧洲,2%的成年人有食物过敏。”)”说明过敏症对于现在人的影响越来越大。E选项More and more of them are having allergic reactions to certain food. (越来越多的人对某些食物有过敏反应。)符合文意。故选E项。

40.A 下文"She adds that possible factors are pollution, dietary changes and less exposure to bacteria, which change how our immune systems respond. (她补充说,可能的因素是污染饮食变化和较少接触细菌,这些都会改变我们的免疫系统的反应。)”说明过敏与环境是有关的。A选项It seems to be more environmental.(它似乎更多的是与环境有关。)符合下文过敏与环境有关的话题。故选A项。

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

本文这是一篇夹叙夹议的文章。通过讲述作者学习摄影过程中学到的关于如何拍好一张照片的技巧，揭示了构建美好人生的真谛——人生如摄影，唯有聚焦重点才能收获美。

41．C 考查名词词义辨析。句意:当我开始学习摄影时，一位摄影师给我提供了一条拍摄好照片的建议。A. example 例子；B. reward 报答；C. tip建议；D. course课程。根据下文 “Don’t just “point and 2 ””,和“focus on what matters most.”可知此处表示作者得到了一个拍好照片的简单建议。故选C。

42．A 考查动词词义辨析。句意:不要仅仅按下快门拍照，就像一个被用作广告的照相机。A. shoot拍照，摄影；B. reframe再构造；C. catch抓住；D. focus聚焦。根据上文中的 “for taking a good picture.”可知这里指 “摁下快门拍照”，故选A。

43．D 考查动词词义辨析。句意:在你通过镜头发现拍照对象时，暂停一下，想一下你此时的感受。A, recognizing认出；B. considering考虑；C. designing设计；D. spotting发现。根据“through the lens”可知，摄影师此时在发现捕捉摄影对象。故选D。

44．B 考查动词词义辨析。句意:然后决定是你所拍摄的对象的那一部分激起了这种情绪，删去其余的一切，摁下快门。A. maintained 保持；B. aroused 激起；C. recalled 回忆；D. recovered恢复。根据句意可知，本句和上句 “how you 4 in the moment.”相呼应，突出摄影对象会引发摄影者的某种情感。故选B。

45．B 考查动词词义辨析。句意:这条建议也适用于我们的人生。A. attributed 归因于；B. applied适用于；C. adapted 调整适应；D. accustomed习惯于。此处已经将谈论的话题转向人生。故选B。

46．D 考查动词短语词义辨析。句意:放手其它的事情。A. lose track of 失去联系；B. make use of 利用；C. get hold of 领会；D. let go of放手。根据上句 “Focus on what matters most” 可知，要关注重要的事情，放下其它的一切。故选D。

47．B 考查名词词义辨析。句意:当我们的生活几乎没有挑战和困难时，我们可能会忍不住全盘接受，因此没有把注意力集中在最重要的事情上，并且发现摆脱不必要的东西很难。A. struggling斗争；B. failing 失败，无法做到；C. intending打算；D. expecting期待。根据上句 “we may be tempted to ‘take it all in’ ”可知我们可能会忍不住全盘接受，而未能关注最重要的事情。

48．A 考查副词词义辨析。句意:当我们的生活几乎没有挑战和困难时，我们可能会忍不住全盘接受，因此并且没有把注意力集中在最重要的事情上，并且发现摆脱不必要的东西很难。A. tough困难的；B. strange奇怪的；C. helpless无助的；D. aimless无目的的。本句承接上句，进一步阐述人生的困境，即: “在生活顺意时认为摆脱不必要的东西很难”。故选A。

49. C 考查名词词义辨析。句意:只有在我们的生活陷入危机，我们才突然意识到我们的注意力放错了地方。A. surprise 惊喜；B. doubt怀疑；C. crisis 危机；D. pride自豪。根据上文 “When we go about our lives with little 　　　9　　　 or difficulty” 和 “we suddenly realize that”可知，只有在我们的生活陷入危机，我们才突然意识到我们的错误。故选C。

50．C 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 只有在我们的生活陷入危机，我们才突然意识到我们的注意力放错了地方。A. abandoned放弃；B. cancelled 取消；C. misplaced放错地方；D. forget忘记。根据下文 “We have 14 paid attention to the important aspects of existence” 可知，我们很少注意最重要的方面，我们的注意力放错了地方。故选C。

51．B 考查副词词义辨析。句意: 我们很少注意最重要的方面——正义、善良和人性。A. merely仅仅；B. rarely 极少地；C. generally整体上；D. usually通常地。由上句可知，我们很少注意最重要的方面。故选B。

52．D 考查副词词义辨析。句意:然而事实上，我们有机会重新关注。A. Thus因此；B. Moreover而且；C. Instead相反；D. However然而。根据“actually”可知本句与上句是转折关系。故选D。

53．D 考查名词词义辨析。句意:当我们就关于什么能提供意思和目的，做出困难决定时，我们可能会发现负面的事情也有潜力变成美好的事情。A. comments 评论；B. requests要求；C. promises承诺；D. decisions决定。根据下文 “we may discover that” 可知，此处表示做出决定后会发现负面的东西也会变得美好。故选D。

54．C 考查形容词词义辨析。句意: 当我们就关于什么能提供意思和目的，做出困难决定时，我们可能会发现负面的事情也有潜力变成美好的事情。A. impossible不可能；B. active积极的；C. negative消极的；D. complex复杂的。根据空格后的 “things have the potential to turn good” 可知，空格处的词与good对比。故选C。

55．A 考查动词词义辨析。句意:然后我们就能重新聚焦，关注生活的有意义的方面。A. refocus重新聚焦；B. relax放松；C. repair 修复；D. react反应。根据上文提过的 “we actually have a chance to focus again.” 可知，事实上，我们有机会重新聚焦。故选A。

**第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

56. 考查介词。In an attempt to sth. “尝试做某事”

57. 考查冠词。这里特指Yuzuru Hanyu这个27岁的人，故用定冠词the。

58. 考查名词。这里指向观众的认可和赞赏鞠躬致谢，故用名词形式recognition。

59. 考查非谓语。“两届卫冕冠军在他等分数的时候，孤独的坐着。更加加深了一种感受：这次比赛是他的'绝唱'”，这里现在分词作伴随状语。

60. 考查动词时态。the other day“几天前”，一般过去时标志性时间状语，故用一般过去时。

61. 考查数词。finished fifth表示“以第五名结束”，需用序数词。

62. 考查不定式。当中心词被序数词修饰时，需用不定式作定语。

63. 考查副词。这里修饰动词performed，故用副词形式energetically.

64. 考查形容词比较级。这里表示他追求更好的表演，以及后文非限定性定语从句解释到“这也是奥林匹克精神（更高，更快，更强）”，故用比较级。

65. 考查连接代词。这个表语从句中缺少about的宾语，故用what。

**听力材料**

Text 1

M: Why are you so crazy about bird watching? What do you get out of it?

W: Looking at the beautiful creatures and listening to their songs are such wonderful experiences. I feel as if I’m in the direct contact with nature.

Text 2

M: Everybody, I’d like to propose a toast to Mary Johnson, Teacher of the Year. She worked hard all year. She really deserved the honor.

W: Yes, we’re all proud of her!

Text 3

W: I know you’re sleepy and I hate to bother you, but I think you’re late for work.

M: Oh, no, I forgot to turn the alarm clock on!

W: Don’t worry. I can give you a lift.

M: Thank you. You save me.

Text 4

W: Why so early? You don’t have to be at work until 8:00.

M: After 6:00, the bus will get crowded, and I wouldn’t get a seat.

Text 5

W: Are you traveling alone, Mike?

M: No. I’ll take my family abroad this time.

W: What a wonderful experience that’ll be! I wish I could go someday.

Text 6

W: ⑥Your dog is so much fun and playful. I wish our cat enjoyed being around people as much as your dog does.

M: Cats are well-known for being more independent than dogs. How old is your cat now? You’ve had her longer than we’ve had our dog.

W: She is 8 years old. She’s getting quite old. Your dog is 6, isn’t he?

M: Yes, he’s so energetic. We take him out to the park every morning and evening. We usually have to drag him home. I think he’d be happy to stay there all day.

W: I am sure he would.

M: Your cat spends most of the day outdoors, right? Do you know where she goes?

W: We have no idea. She’s very secretive. Occasionally, she brings back a dead mouse.

M: Have you ever thought about having another pet?

W: ⑦The kids want a rabbit. But I think that might be too tempting for our cat.

Text 7

W: Hi, John. What are you up to?

M: I’m just doing some Christmas shopping.

W: Oh yeah? Me too. Who are you shopping for?

M: My mom, my dad and my brother.

W: Cool.

M: What about you?

W: ⑧I’m just shopping for my mom now. I bought most of my stuff online.

M: That’s smart.

W: Yeah, I find that things are cheaper online.

M: Plus, it saves you having to go to busy stores.

W: Yeah, except today.

M: True. What are you getting your mom here?

W: I think I’m going to get her some plants.

M: Oh, nice. ⑨I’m getting mine some jewelry.

W: Cool. What are your plans for Christmas?

M: Well, I’m going to New York to see my relatives. What about you?

W: I’m staying around the area. My family usually has a small celebration.

M: That’s good. Christmas is all about appreciating family.

W: Yeah, absolutely.

Text 8

M: Are you ready?

W: Sure, but why are you dressed like that? I thought we were going to play golf with Karen and Robert.

M: I told them we’re going rock climbing instead.

W: I was really looking forward to a game of golf.

M: You play golf all the time. How often do you get the chance to do other outdoor activities, such as horseback riding?

W: I thought the point of this vacation was to rest and recharge.

M: We do need to recharge, but what we need is excitement, not rest. Maybe Karen will want to join us tomorrow.

W: Why? What are we doing tomorrow?

M: How about a water sport, maybe windsurfing, or water skiing?

W: I like the idea of spending some time on the water, but I prefer whale watching.

Text 9

M: Many of us watched the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame Induction Ceremony in Cleveland on Saturday night. I know I did. I’m here to interview Joan Jett. Welcome, Joan, and congratulations on your honor.

W: Thank you!

M: So your biggest hit was I Love Rock 'n' Roll in 1982. What do you like about rock and roll?

W: It’s a feeling，an emotion. You don't think about it. If you start thinking about rock 'n' roll, you won’t get it. That’s when it gets boring.

M: You are also known for making it okay to be a female rocker. You definitely broke some ground there. You were accepted by even the craziest male rock stars.

W: Yeah, I was just being me. I wore black leather and jeans. I had long, blond hair. And I named my band the Blackhearts.

M: Three of your albums hit the Top 20—I Love Rock 'n' Roll, Album, and Up Your Alley. Your attitude and choices were a major influence on other female rockers.

W: I’m not done yet. Stay tuned. I can still get on stage, play the guitar, and sing!

Text 10

W: Dear students! The school cooks will be posting next month’s menu in the front hallway soon. You can get the new menu by Friday of this week. This past month, our wonderful cooks made some student favorites. Pizza is always at the top of the list, and the cooks made this five times during February! Next month, we can look forward to some of the same. But I heard that the cooks are going to make some new dishes that were mentioned in the student survey. Chicken pot pie will be served. And some of you will be happy to know that sausages will also be offered. I couldn’t believe how many of you wanted that on the menu! Several of you must have German grandparents!

But back to the menu—even though the survey is over, there’s still time to ask for new dishes, especially desserts! If you’re tired of having to choose between ice cream bars and chocolate chip cookies, why not make a suggestion? If you feel like having something special, just write it down on a piece of paper and give it to the school secretary. Whatever dessert gets the most votes will be included in the new menu.