

2023 年高三年级试题

英 语

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时, 将答案写在答题卡上, 写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后, 将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What color of shirt is the man wearing?
A. Green. B. Red. C. Yellow.
2. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. A hobby. B. A present. C. An animal.
3. Why is the woman unwilling to go out?
A. They might be out too late. B. She has work tonight. C. Ron will be there.
4. What is the relationship between the speakers?
A. Friends. B. Strangers. C. Family members.
5. Where are the speakers?
A. In the taxi. B. At the museum. C. On the street.

第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What will the woman probably use the equipment for?
A. A band performance. B. A digital radio show. C. A music album.
7. How much does the man want for the equipment?
A. \$200. B. \$150. C. \$75.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Where is the woman's company?
A. In Japan. B. In the UK. C. In Australia.
9. Why does the man contact the woman?
A. To seek cooperation. B. To ask about a tour. C. To look for a travel agent.
10. What are the speakers going to do next?
A. Do the market research. B. Sign an agreement. C. Have a discussion.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Who is Andy Kaufman?

- A. A comedian. B. A researcher. C. A supermarket worker.

12. What did the researchers do for their research?

- A. They looked at some pictures.
B. They saw a film.
C. They worked with the workers.

13. What is harmful to the workers' health according to the research?

- A. Working overtime. B. Rude customers. C. Forced smiles.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. Why did the man fail to find the woman's social media account?

- A. She doesn't have one now.
B. He got the wrong name.
C. She has a hidden one.

15. What does the man use social media for?

- A. Seeing foreign news.
B. Speaking about international events.
C. Maintaining relationships.

16. What did the woman usually pay attention to on her social media account?

- A. The videos. B. The pictures. C. The famous people.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. How is the weather now?

- A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Windy.

18. When could a hurricane possibly hit Miami?

- A. On Tuesday. B. On Thursday. C. On Saturday.

19. What has been increasing in recent years?

- A. The number of storms that have hit Miami.
B. The number of storms during hurricane season.
C. The number of hurricanes outside of hurricane season.

20. What will most likely happen to the tropical storms?

- A. They will get stronger.
B. They will become weaker soon.
C. They will run into the big islands.

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Suzhou is home to some wonderful classical-style gardens in China. The following are the greatest examples.

Zhuozheng Yuan

It's the largest and the most famous garden in Suzhou, perhaps the finest of its type in China. Throughout the centuries, the central part of the garden still contains its original Ming Dynasty flavor. Since it is such a large garden, with caves, forests, islands, bridges, paths, and all sorts of pavilions and halls, no simple description of the garden will do.

Liu Yuan

The 2.3-hectare Liu Yuan was built in 1593. The garden has Chinese couplets beside nearly every gate and door. These are two-line poems written in classical Chinese. Their use in the garden is meant to set the tone for each section and add to the reflective nature of the experience by describing or drawing attention to different features of the garden in a poetic way.

Shizilin

At a little less than one hectare in size, Shizilin was built in 1342. The garden gets its name because it is filled with strangely shaped rocks which are said to look like lions posing in various shapes. The garden's many paths wind through caves and more rocks than can be counted, making it easy to get lost. Apart from being beautiful and interesting, the garden is perhaps the oldest rock garden of its kind, making it important historically.

Huanxiu Shanzhuang

At 0.2 hectares, Huanxiu Shanzhuang is one of the smallest of the important gardens in Suzhou. Centered in a pond, a huge rockery, 7.2 meters in height, was created, using nearly every technique known in the art form. A winding path goes through and around the rockery, allowing for it to be viewed from many directions — each direction giving a different idea of what the rocks represent.

21. What do we know about Zhuozheng Yuan?

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| A. It is famous for the forests. | B. It's the finest garden in China. |
| C. It dates back to the Ming Dynasty. | D. It is a rather simple and plain garden. |

22. Why are couplets put on in Liu Yuan?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| A. To display natural beauty. | B. To summarize a section's characteristic. |
| C. To add pleasure to visitors. | D. To show the beauty of classical Chinese. |

23. What feature do Shizilin and Huanxiu Shanzhuang share?

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|--------------|-----------|
| A. Flavor. | B. Pond. | C. Couplets. | D. Rocks. |
|------------|----------|--------------|-----------|

B

It was so thoughtful. My daughter gave me an address book for my birthday. She knows the one I have is worn. The gift is lovely; the cover is colourful; the pages are creamy white. But I don't feel free to use this gift; I'm tied to my old book.

My address book tells stories, not only my own but also my friends'. My friends came and went. Some friends married each other and I combined them with lines. Children's names were added one by one above their parents'. Some got their own addresses as they moved out. I turn the page and see the addresses of a dead friend. I never cross them out. I want their name there. I don't want to forget.

This book has my family stories, especially the addresses of my loved ones who've died. I can picture their houses in detail—the feel of the crocheted doilies on grandma's coffee table, the cupboard under Uncle Ed's staircase (perfect for hiding from the other cousins), the clean smell of Aunt Lily's living room.

Maybe it's time for being smart and stylish. I can keep this old one in the attic, after all.

"Don't you have all that on your phone?" my daughter asked me once when she saw me thumbing through my address book. And yes, I do have some of the contact information there, too. I admit, having it on a device is super handy. My daughter's generation doesn't use address books. But changing addresses on a phone is so permanent; the old address is wiped out without a trace. You don't see the person any more? Press delete. It's like they were never there.

The old address book sits on top of the new one, for now. But my new address book whispers a story of new possibilities, leaving space for friends who I don't know yet. I'll get to it. It's just a matter of time.

24. Why doesn't the author feel free to use her birthday gift?

- A. She thought it too precious.
- B. She was too old to use it.
- C. She lived an economical life.
- D. She was attached to her old book.

25. What do paragraphs 2 and 3 focus on?

- A. The stories her address book tells.
- B. The ups and downs of her life.
- C. The changes she has experienced.
- D. The coming and going of her friends.

26. What does the old address book mean to the author?

- A. It serves as a valuable antique.
- B. It often gives her endless happiness.
- C. It is a way of keeping memories.
- D. It always reminds her of her family.

27. Which of the following best describes the author?

- A. Thoughtful and thankful.
- B. Conservative and cautious.
- C. Smart and stylish.
- D. Affectionate and emotional.

C

If reducing stress has been on your summer to do list, there's one powerful thing you can still do before the season ends: get in the habit of taking a walk outside with a friend.

A quick walk in nature with a friend combines three of the most effective stress-reducing and resilience(恢复力) building techniques: physical exercise, spending time in nature and social connection. The activity works by helping normalize the hormonal changes that result from long time stress and enhancing the emotional resources that help us cope.

Walking quickly activates (激活) the body's stress response. And when the walk is over, the stress system comes back down to baseline. Regular exercise helps your stress response become more efficient, says Jennifer Heisz, associate professor at McMaster University.

As little as 10 minutes of sitting or walking in nature can decrease a person's heart rate, blood pressure and cortisol levels, as well as self-reported stress levels. One possible explanation, the researchers say, is that spending time in nature lowers the activity of our sympathetic nervous system, which regulates stress hormones, and taps into the parasympathetic (副交感) nervous system, which promotes our calm and relaxation responses.

Taking that hike with a loved one can further reduce stress by adding the important element of social connection. Talking with trusted friends helps people process stressful events and lifts self-esteem. Social support has positive effects on the brain and body, scientific research finds.

Earlier this year, Cassie Moreno was in a rut of stress and anxiety. She was starting a new job, struggling to make new friends during the pandemic, and going through a breakup. Strolling along the Hudson River with other women, the 26-year-old Maine native says she felt an immediate surge of confidence and calm.

"I was, like, how do we live here? Look at the water! Look at the Statue of Liberty! How did we get this lucky?" she says.

28. What is the purpose of paragraph 2?

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| A. To explain a rule. | B. To clarify an argument. |
| C. To present a fact. | D. To introduce a topic. |

29. What is an advantage of spending time in nature?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A. Reducing blood pressure. | B. Lifting self-esteem. |
| C. Raising stress hormones. | D. Activating nervous system. |

30. What does Cassie Moreno's remark in the last paragraph indicate?

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. She was refreshed with confidence. | B. She was in a state of stress and anxiety. |
| C. She was struggling through a hard time. | D. She was amazed by the fantastic scenery. |

31. How is the passage developed?

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. By giving explanations. | B. By making comparisons. |
| C. By listing examples. | D. By proving assumptions. |

D

At a restaurant in Singapore, a server is busy swerving between tables and bringing dishes to hungry customers. However, the server is not a human but a delivery robot developed by Shanghai-based unicorn Keenon Robotics. The restaurant's cute cartoon-like employee adds a sense of warmth to help personalize the dining experience.

In recent years, delivery robots have been popular in foreign countries. According to Li Tong, founder and CEO of Keenon Robotics, sales revenue of Keenon almost doubled last year and more than half of the company's robots were shipped to foreign markets in 2022.

Founded in 2010, Keenon Robotics leverages its fully autonomous positioning and navigation technology to offer robots both at home and abroad, including server, disinfection, delivery and logistics robots.

"In the field of industrial robots, which is known as 'the crown jewel of manufacturing', Chinese companies have already turned from followers to leaders. Core components used to rely heavily on imports, but in recent years we have achieved breakthroughs in crucial technologies and are quickly catching up." Li said.

China is the world's largest market for the industrial robot industry. Sales of industrial robots in China reached over 300,000 units last year, accounting for more than half of global sales. A research report said the world's service robotics market is projected to grow from \$36.2 billion in 2021 to \$103.3 billion by 2026 and high returns on investment is the key factor driving the service robotics market.

With such advantages as relatively low manufacturing cost and a sound domestic supply and industrial chain, Chinese robotics companies are expected to further knock on the doors of rising markets globally. However, Zhang Weijiong, a professor from the China Europe International Business School, pointed out that there are still problems. They must abide by the laws and regulations overseas and follow various industrial and technical standards. Therefore, they need to establish corresponding channels and teams to facilitate robotics products to enter the international market.

32. What contributes to the arising of the Chinese service robots overseas?

- A. Lowered prices. B. Enhanced purchasing power.
C. Mastering core technology. D. Enough human resources.

33. What does the underlined word "leverages" mean in paragraph three?

- A. Applies. B. Imports. C. Changes. D. Evaluates.

34. What does Professor Zhang Weijiong emphasize?

- A. The advantages of Chinese robotic companies.
B. The golden opportunity to expand robot export.
C. Comparisons of domestic and overseas markets.
D. A few challenges facing Chinese robotics firms.

35. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A. Boosting of overseas market B. Popularity of delivery robots
C. Crown jewel of manufacturing D. Rising of Chinese industrial robots

第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Being a teenager can sometimes mean struggling with identity, lacking discipline, and even having low self-esteem. If you are the parent of a teen then you might be familiar with repeated responses “Whatever” and “I don’t care”. 36 By using the following strategies, you can assist your teens in developing motivation.

Give them the freedom to Set Their Own Goals

37 Make sure teenagers set their own goals rather than those determined by others. It is helpful to ask questions such as “Why did you choose this goal?” It is also helpful to teach the components that make a goal decisive.

38

Your teenagers are watching you and modeling their behavior after you, consciously or unconsciously. If you find it difficult to motivate yourself, your teens might have a hard time changing their behavior. Your teens will be more likely to develop these qualities if they observe that you are hardworking, responsible, and disciplined.

Encourage healthy lifestyles

The value of a good night’s sleep cannot be underestimated when it comes to motivating teenagers. 39 You should help your teen develop a routine that provides enough time for rest. It’s also essential to eat right and exercise. Teenagers can increase self-control and cope with stress by adopting healthy habits.

Be patient with teenagers

It’s already safe to say if you have a teenager, you know being patient is the only answer that works. Most teenagers are on edge, and if you push them even a little bit, they will burst out and send you to ground zero. 40

- A. Be a good example for your teen
- B. Help your kids get their good qualities
- C. Sometimes they can be so unmotivated.
- D. Self-determination is essential for teenagers.
- E. It is schools that should exercise more discipline.
- F. Exhaustion makes motivation difficult for anyone.
- G. Don’t rush it and let them figure it out themselves.

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

A Wish with Wings, our organization, grants wishes for children with serious illnesses. Each year Wish also gives a Christmas party, where 41 are distributed. But this year, Wish had 42 170 gifts, wrapped and ready for the party, in a theft, just nine hours before the party was to 43.

About an hour after we called the local 44 and TV stations, a family who had heard the radio report arrived with gifts already wrapped. Other people soon 45. We began to feel 46: Maybe we could still have the party.

Phone calls flooded in and the city came 47. More strangers had arrived, offering gifts and labor. Nothing I had ever 48 could have prepared me for what I saw there — people lined up at the door, arms 49 with gifts. One was a little boy who had brought things from his own room. One family in which the father had been laid off brought the presents from under their own 50. By 5:50 P.M. just before the first of the more than 100 children arrived, 51 presents had been delivered to us. Somehow, workers had 52 the donated items with the youngsters' wishes, so many received just what they wanted. Their faces shone with 53 as they opened the packages.

When I was 54 for the local news, I summed up everyone's feeling: "It's really Christmas now." We had all caught the 55 of the season.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 41. A. food | B. money | C. gifts | D. cards |
| 42. A. lost | B. sold | C. destroyed | D. hidden |
| 43. A. cancel | B. postpone | C. arrange | D. begin |
| 44. A. radio | B. hospital | C. railway | D. school |
| 45. A. cheered | B. followed | C. fled | D. relaxed |
| 46. A. hope | B. doubt | C. warmth | D. panic |
| 47. A. awake | B. aware | C. alert | D. alive |
| 48. A. achieved | B. witnessed | C. expected | D. guessed |
| 49. A. decorated | B. tied | C. loaded | D. covered |
| 50. A. table | B. sofa | C. bed | D. tree |
| 51. A. delicate | B. expensive | C. enough | D. unique |
| 52. A. matched up | B. linked up | C. added up | D. packed up |
| 53. A. shock | B. delight | C. eagerness | D. curiosity |
| 54. A. investigated | B. questioned | C. interviewed | D. applauded |
| 55. A. spirit | B. difference | C. secret | D. change |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Nanimomo Cafe chain, a new chain of coffee shop, has expanded rapidly in Wuxi since May last year. The coffee shops display a range of clay figurines (泥人) and related 56 (create) cultural products.

Huishan clay figurines are made from the black clay found at the foot of Huishan Mountain in Wuxi. They are said to have a 57 (record) history of more than 400 years and are listed 58 the first group of China's national intangible cultural heritage in 2006. In Wuxi dialect, Huishan clay figurines 59 (pronounce) *nanimomo*.

The art peaked during the Ming and Qing 60 (dynasty), then it gradually fell into decline. In recent years, however, Wuxi has carried out a series of reforms and innovation 61 (promote) the inheritance of intangible cultural heritage projects.

Walking into the coffee shop, you will see the two most famous traditional figurines, A Fu and A Xi, 62 (mean) “good fortune” and “joy”. However, modern figurines, such as Nani and Momo, are more attractive to young consumers. There are also several cute and colorful characters, carrying different types of food for 63 Wuxi is famous: spare ribs, peaches and steamed buns.

“Integrating the display and experience of Huishan clay figurines into the coffee shop 64 (bring) this intangible cultural heritage to the attention of young people. Only in this way can we improve 65 (it) protection and inheritance,” says Song Xilian, head of operations at the cafe chain.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假如你是校学生会主席李华, 你校将举行以“孝敬父母”为主题的系列活动, 请为这次活动写一篇开幕辞。内容包括:

1. 活动目的;
2. 活动内容;
3. 预祝活动圆满成功。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请在答题卡的相应位置作答。

提示词: 孝敬 show filial respect for

第二节（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Mama and Papa were like most parents. They wanted the best for their kids. Jeff and Jenna were like most kids. They wanted the best for themselves — the best place in front of the TV, the biggest piece of cake and the most candies.

One night, when the noisy kids were sound asleep, Mama lay awake worrying. She sighed a big sigh, thinking how to teach Jeff and Jenna to mend their selfish ways. Lecturing didn't work.

As Mama lay there, she thought about how kids learn. Kids learn by doing. They learn to walk by walking. That's the answer, thought Mama. The kids will learn to help others by helping others. But questions of who, when, and where went unanswered as she drifted off to sleep.

To her pleasure, those questions were soon answered. The next day, they happened to meet Mrs. Marie, the elderly widow who lived just down the road, at the checkout line at the supermarket.

Mama asked the kids to say hello to Mrs. Marie, about whom the kids were a little nervous. She was really old and kind of bent over. And there was that crooked cane she used when she walked. But the real reason they were nervous about her was that two days ago their ball had gone into her yard and knocked over some flowers in the garden and broke the glasses of the attic. They had never apologized.

When Mama and the kids were loading their groceries into the car, Mrs. Marie came out of the supermarket pushing her little collapsible shopping cart.

"Where are you going?" called Mama.

"To the bus stop," she said, "The bus goes right by my house." "So does our car," said Mama.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Mama asked the kids to help Mrs. Marie into the car and put her things in the trunk (后备箱).

As the car was approaching Mrs. Marie's house, Mama made a decision.