浙江省杭州高级中学高一年级 6 月期末模拟卷

注意事项: 1. 本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)。满分为 100 分,考试时间为 90 分钟。 2. 请用黑色签字笔将学校、班级、姓名、考号分别填写在答题卷和答题卡的相应位置上。

第一部分:阅读理解(共两节,满分35分)

第一节:(共10个小题;每小题2.5分,满分25分) 阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

А

A bunch of brilliant yellow flowers was dedicated to my mother. She was amazed at its shape and something strange but eventually lost passion. It didn't matter a lot that the stems felt sticky or that both my parents cursed $(\exists \mathfrak{R})$ the presence of these flowers in the lawn. I thought they were gorgeous!

And there were a ocean of them! We spent hours picking the flowers and then popping the blossoms off with a snap of our fingers. But the supply of dandelions (蒲公英) never ran out. My father or brothers would cut off all the heads with the lawnmower (割草机) at least once a week, but that didn't stop these hardy wonders.

And for those flowers that escaped the honor of being hand-delivered to my mother or the miserable destiny to be killed by the lawnmower, there was <u>another level of existence</u>. The soft roundness of a dandelion gone to seed caused endless laughter of delight as we unconsciously (无意识地) spread this flower across the yard.

As I worked in my garden last week, pulling unwanted weeds (野草) out of the space that would become a haven (避风港) for tomatoes, corn, peas and sunflowers, I again marveled at the flower that some call a weed.

And I thought, I hope I had the staying power of a dandelion. If only I could stretch my roots so deep and straight that something tugging on my stem couldn't separate me completely from the source that feeds me life. If only I could come back to face the world with a bright, sunshiny face after someone has run me over with a lawnmower or worse, purposely attacked me in an attempt to destroy me. If only I could spread love and encouragement as freely and fully as this flower spreads seeds of itself.

The lawns at my parents' home are now beautiful green blankets. The only patches of color come from well-placed, well-controlled flowerbeds. Chemicals have managed to kill what human interference couldn't. I hope you and I can be different. I hope that we can stretch our roots deep enough that the strongest poison can't reach our souls. I hope that we can overcome the poisons of anger, fear, hate, criticism and competitiveness.

21. The author's parents probably viewed the dandelions in the lawn as _____.

A. supplies of seeds	B. beautiful wonders	
C. unwanted weeds	D. inspiring colors	

22. What can we learn from the article?

A. The author's family enjoyed the dandelions as much as she did.

B. The author purposefully replaced some dandelions with crops.

C. The dandelions were finally successfully removed from the lawn.

D. The author felt sorry but encouraged by the destiny of the dandelions.

23. Through the article, the author mainly wants to _____

A. share the inspirations she acquired from the plain dandelions

B. arouse public awareness to pay close attention to the beauty in life

C. show the importance of considering things from diverse angles

D. express the regret that few people could figure out the beauty of the dandelion

B

Diao's goal for this research is to develop wearable sensors for plants so that their health and stress levels are detected autonomously, with no need for humans to do the testing. Then, a "smart" plant chamber will be developed that can identify the best conditions for a plant to grow in to reduce its stress. Diao also wants to develop another sensor that will continuously monitor a plant9s growth over its lifetime. "We're helping the astronauts to be more healthy during space missions, by improving the health of the plants they grow,"Diao said. "So the bigger impact could also be that it helps future human colonization on Mars or on other possible habitats."

Although the ultimate goal for this project and research is to help people in space, it could also be used back on Earth in addressing climate change.

"During climate change, a plant experiences a lot of stress, but we need a plant to be more productive without increasing the footprint of the agriculture land to feed the growing population of our planet," Diao said. "To address this conflict, we could potentially help decipher (破译) how the climate change and the microenvironments are impacting the plant stress and then we are better equipped to help plants adapt to a changing environment."

"Most of the technology in my field is developed for human health but we've been ignoring plants for too long," Diao said. "T think ifs a new frontier that I want to go into and it is just part of a smart agriculture movement.,"

24. What troubles astronauts with longer missions?

A.The way to grow fresh vegetables.

B.A shortage of nutrients from fresh vegetables.

C.A decrease in dehydrated, nutrient-rich food.

D.The balance between work and growing vegetables.

25. What is the purpose of Diao's project?

A.To find possible habitats form people.

B.To deal with climate change on earth.

C.To decrease the footprint of agriculture.

D. To help people to stay healthy in space.

26. What is the new frontier for Diao?

A.Technology for plants

B.Sensors for space use.

C. A smart agriculture movement.

D. Research into human health.

С

Loneliness is a widespread problem with complex roots.

There has been <u>a quiet pandemic</u> developing while most people's attention has been on covid-19. The lockdown has worsened a problem that has been spreading in many developed nations for decades: loneliness.

It is a complex issue which covers not only social lives, but the way you work and the way you vote. Noreena Hertz, an academic, deals with the subject in an important new book, "The Lonely Century".

Loneliness increases the risk of heart disease, strokes and dementia (痴呆症). Those who say they are lonely are likelier to be depressed five years later. In addition, lonely people can become more hostile towards others and more attracted to extremist politics.

Part of the problem stems from contemporary employment. Globally, two in five office workers feel lonely at work. This rises to three in five in Britain. Gig-economy (零工经济) jobs can leave people with insecure incomes and without the companionship of colleagues. The pandemic has made it more difficult to make, and maintain, friendships, particularly for new employees.

Ms. Hertz points her finger at other recent developments. One of them is social media. The internet has led to much cyber-bullying (although it has also been a source of companionship during the lockdown). And people glued to their smartphones spend less time interacting socially.

Some changes in behavior are caused by individual choice. Before the pandemic no one was stopping people going to church or taking part in sports. They simply preferred to do other things. American fathers spend three times as much time with their children as they did in the 1960s. That is surely a welcome development.

So recreating a communal society may be difficult. When the pandemic ends, people may enjoy the chance to be with their neighbors and colleagues for a while. But the trend is clear. Technology means that people can get their entertainment at home, and work there, too. It is convenient but it also leads to loneliness.

27. What does the underlined phrase "a quiet pandemic" refer to in the second paragraph?

A. Covid-19.	B. Loneliness.
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C. The lockdown. D. A complex issue.

28. Why is the new book mentioned in Paragraph 3?

A. To show the seriousness of loneliness. B. To advertise a new book.

C. To give an example of loneliness. D. To introduce what to be discussed.

29. Which of the following is NOT one of the reasons for the trend of loneliness?

A. Contemporary employment. B. Social media.

C. Individual choice. D. Extremist politics.

30. Which of the following is the best title for the text?

A. Loneliness: Good or Not? B. A Common Disease

C. Loneliness: A Clear Trend D. Pandemic and Loneliness

第二节: (共 5小题; 每小题 2分, 满分 10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Across Asia many people have just witnessed the natural wonder that is a total solar eclipse. 31

This week's total eclipse could be seen in eastern India before slowly moving across Burma, Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Japan, and the Pacific Ocean. Yesterday, when it reached eastern China, people flocked (聚集)into the streets to witness the astronomical wonder.

As daylight disappeared and the sky quickly darkened. <u>32</u> Cities such as Shanghai were plunged into ($\&\lambda$) darkness during what is thought to be the longest total eclipse of the 21st century. It lasted 6 minutes and 39 seconds.

Total solar eclipses of such a long duration are very rare events. <u>33</u> Shao Zhenyi, an astronomer at the Shanghai Astronomical Observatory in China explained: "We'll have to wait a few hundred years for another opportunity to observe a solar eclipse that lasts this long? so it's a very special opportunity. "

But while millions celebrate this phenomenon, it should be remembered that total eclipses have not always been such treasured events. Many cultures traditionally believed that a total eclipse was a bad omen (凶兆) or a supernatural event.

____34___Others believed that the eclipse signified oncoming disasters. Nowadays it appears that these fears and superstitions(迷信)are long forgotten. As daylight once again flooded Asian cities such as Shanghai, whoops and cheers could be heard among the gathered crowds.

Reflecting on what had just happened, one Shanghai resident described the eclipse as "eerie"(怪诞的, 奇异的), while another said "It's like magic, the day turns into night in such a short period of time. I have no idea where I am right now. 35 ..."

A. It feels like a different world.

B. They happen but once in a lifetime.

C. Those watching were left far from disappointed.

D. Some believed that evil gods were eating the Sun.

E. People were frightened by the sudden darkness.

F. Some people thought it was a natural wonder.

G. A total solar eclipse occurs when the Sun, Moon and Earth line up in such a way that our view of the Sun is totally hidden by the Moon.

第三部分:语言运用(共二节,满分45分)

第一节:完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

The day before my daughter Norah's fourth birthday, something she said predicted an amazing event that happened later.

I had just <u>36</u> my little girl from preschool when she reminded me to <u>37</u> the elderly person walking across the parking lot at a snail's pace. She went on to explain: "I like old people the best because they walk <u>38</u> like I do and they have soft skin like I have soft skin. But they may die soon, so I will love them all before they die." I was

_39____by her thoughtfulness and sympathy, but I had no ____40___ how much my little girl really ____41____it.

The following day-her birthday- again on the way home from school, she asked if we could ____42____ at the supermarket to buy some _____43____ for her and her six brothers and sisters to enjoy after dinner. Then we headed forward. While I was picking up the cupcakes, Norah was _____44____ waving and saying loudly: "Hi, old person! It's my birthday today!"

The man was elderly, stone-faced and furrow-browed (眉头紧锁). ___45____, before I could quiet her for calling him an old person, he stopped and turned to her. His facial expression ____46____ as he replied, "Hello, little lady! How old are you today?"

After _____47____ for a few minutes, the man wished her a happy birthday. Then, Norah asked: "Can I take a _____48____ with you?" Hearing this, he took a step back, and placed his free hand on his chest, "A photo? With me?" he asked in a surprised but _____49____ tone. "Yes, for my birthday!" Norah begged. And so he did. They _____50____ together. Norah placed her soft hand on top of his soft hand. The man wordlessly _____51____ at her with twinkling eyes as she kept his hand in hers and studied his skinny veins (静脉) curiously. She kissed the top of his hand and then placed it on her cheek. He smiled sweetly.

There was _____52___ happening in the supermarket that day, and we could all feel it. After a few minutes, I _____53___ Mr. Dan for spending a bit of his day with us. With tears welling up, he said, "No, thank you. This has been the best day I've had in a long time." He 54 my daughter. "You've made me so 55 , Miss Norah."

best day I ve had in a lo	ong time. He54	_my daughter. You ve made me so					
36. A. looked after	B. dropped off	C. brought up	D. picked up				
37. A. mind	B. stop	C. admire	D. support				
38. A. quickly	B. frequently	C. slowly	D. calmly				
39. A. puzzled	B. struck	C. attracted	D. bothered				
40. A. doubt	B. sense	C. idea	D. control				
41. A. caught	B. made	C. knew	D. meant				
42. A. stop	B. arrive	C. look	D. meet				
43. A. candles	B. cookies	C. candies	D. cakes				
44. A. shyly	B. excitedly	C. unwillingly	D. coldly				
45. A. Besides	B. Therefore	C. Instead	D. However				
46. A. softened	B. deepened	C. disappeared	D. remained				
47. A. standing	B. playing	C. chatting	D. laughing				
48. A. picture	B. walk	C. seat	D. break				
49. A. relaxed	B. satisfied	C. worried	D. delighted				
50. A. danced	B. posed	C. jumped	D. cried				
51. A. aimed	B. stared	C. pointed	D. waved				
52. A. magic	B. progress	C. change	D. recovery				
53. A. patted	B. thanked	C. admired	D. kissed				
54. A. came across	B. turned to	C. cared about	D. looked for				
55. A. happy	B. proud	C. mad	D. sad				

第二节(共10个小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填人适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Sanxingdui Ruins site lies in Sichuan province. It <u>56</u> (consider) one of the most important archeological sites along the upper reaches of the Yangtze River.

Six pits(坑) were newly discovered in <u>57</u> site, according to a news conference in Chengdu <u>58</u> March 20. According to Xinhua, these pits date back 3,200 to 4000 years and include over 500 artifacts.

"Thanks to the new discoveries, so far we <u>59</u> (find) the layout of the sacrificial(祭祀) zone of the Sanxingdui site." said Lei Yu, a researcher <u>60</u> is in charge of the going on digging work.

The 12-square kilometers site was discovered in 1929, and major breakthroughs were made in 1986 with the discovery of two pits <u>61</u> (believe) to be for sacrificial ceremonies. The pits were uncovered accidentally by local farmers digging up earth <u>62</u> (make) bricks.

Over 1000 items were found at that time, including bronze-wares, face masks, <u>63</u> more. Lei pointed out that there were many similarities among the <u>64</u> (recent) discovered pits and the two found in 1986, in terms of the types of items unearthed.

"These items show the Sanxingdui site not only had a close <u>65</u> (connect) with Central China, but it also marks an original ancient civilization." said Chen Xiandan, a member of the project.

your life.

第四部分:写作 (共20分)

假定你是李华. 你的英国网友 David 来信说他即将参加汉语水平考试 (Chinese Proficiency Test),对此他感到非常 紧张. 请你给他回一封电子邮件,内容包括:

- 1. 表示安慰;
- 2. 备考建议;
- 3. 你的祝愿.

注意:

- 1. 词数 100 左右;
- 2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯.

英语试题卷参考答案

第一部分:阅读理解: 21-23CDA 24-26 BDA 27-30CBDA

七选五: GCBDA

第二部分:语言运用

完形填空: 36	-40 DACBC	41-45 DA	ADBD 4	6-50 ACADB	51-55 BABBA
语法填空:	56. is considered	57. the	58. on	59. have found	60. who /that
61. believed	62. to make	63. and	64. recently	65. conr	nection

第四部分:写作应用文写作(满分20分)

Dear David,

<u>I've known from your letter that you'll take Chinese Proficiency Test</u>, which makes you very nervous.【高分句型一】 That's quite normal and you're not alone, so don't worry too much about it. (表示安慰)

What you should do is to make full preparations for the test. 【高分句型二】Firstly, get familiar with the issues related to CPT, including the test targets, test procedures, test content and rules of testing centers etc. What's more, practice makes perfect. If you practice continuously every day, your language ability will improve steadily. Good luck. Work hard and I really hope you will get a good score in the test. (备考建议以及自己的祝愿) Yours,

Li Hua

这是李华给英国网友 David 的一封电子邮件.根据题目要求可知用第一人称,时态以一般现在时态为主.

1. I've known from your letter that you'll take Chinese Proficiency Test, which makes you very nervous. 句子里 that 引导宾语从句 you'll take Chinese Proficiency Test; which 引导非限制性定语从句 makes you very nervous. 从你的信中我知道你会参加汉语水平考试,这让你很紧张.

2. What you should do is to make full preparations for the test. 句子里 What 引导主语从句 you should do. 你应该做的是为考试做好充分的准备.