

2022 学年第二学期 9+1 高中联盟期中考试

高二英语参考答案

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

1-5 CACBC

6-10 ABACC

11-15 BBCBA

16-20 ABBAC

见听力文本

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节

21-23 DDB

24-27 CBAC

28-31 ABAB

32-35 DADC

A 篇

【解析】本文是一篇应用文。文章介绍了 Science News Explores 这本杂志的订阅方法、杂志内容和文章撰写者等一些基本情况。

21. D

理解事实细节。在 “What’s inside the magazine?” 这部分中提到, “And we also profile scientists and engineers who will inspire young readers to explore careers in STEM.” 可见杂志中会包含科学家们鼓舞人心、给人以启迪的故事。

22. D

理解事实细节。由文章第一段 “all in a fun and accessible way” 和倒数第二部分 “Though many have PhDs in science, they’re pros at describing things in ways kids can understand” 可知, 该杂志的文章由专业人士撰写, 但都用孩子们能理解的方式来描述, 有趣又易懂。

23. B

理解文章出处。由 “Click HERE to download a sample issue for free!” 可知, 点击该链接后可以下载免费的样刊阅读, 且文章最后也给出了几个社交媒体的图标, 因此本文应该选取自网站。

B 篇

【解析】本文是一篇新闻报道。本文主要介绍了来自美国底特律 26 岁的学生 Eradajere Oleita 发起的一个项目——Chip Bag Project, 既减少了垃圾的产生又缓解了贫困。

24. C

理解事实细节。由第一段 “Eradajere Oleita thinks she may have a partial solution for two of our country’s persistent problems: garbage and poverty. It’s called the Chip Bag Project.” 和第四段 “We are dedicated to making an impact not only socially, but environmentally” 可知, 这个项目不仅与垃圾这一环境问题有关, 还与贫困这一社会问题有关, 所以 C 对。

25. B

猜测词义。根据第二段 “..., where Oleita and her volunteer helpers collect them. After they sanitize the chip bags in soapy hot water, they slice them open, lay them flat, and iron them together.” 可知, 在收集了薯片包装袋之后, Oleita 和志愿者们在热的肥皂水中先 “sanitize”, 再把它们裁开, 摊平, 并熨烫在一起, 之后才能进一步制作成为睡袋, 所以不是打包、收集和折叠, 必须要清洁干净才行, 选 B

26. A

推理判断。根据第一段 “The 26-year-old student and environmentalist from Detroit is asking a favor of local snack lovers: Rather than toss your empty chip bags into the trash, donate them so she can turn them into sleeping bags for the homeless.” 可知, Oleita 发起的这个项目, 既减少了垃圾又缓解了贫困, 一箭双雕, 很有创意, 同时关爱 homeless people, 关心他人, 所以选 A。

27. C

理解主旨大意。根据第一段 “Eradajere Oleita thinks she may have a partial solution for two of our country’s persistent problems: garbage and poverty.” 和第五段 “It’s a powerful reminder that environmental injustice and poverty often go hand in hand.” 可知 Oleita 的这个项目将原本的垃圾——薯片包装袋——变废为宝, 成为可供流浪汉使用的睡袋, 将垃圾这一环境问题和贫困这一社会问题联系起来考虑, 只有 “Chipping Away At Poverty” 这两方面都兼顾到了。

C 篇

【解析】本文是一篇说明文。本文介绍了科学家们一项新的研究发现，即体育活动，如快步走，能有效抑制抑郁。即便每周未达到推荐运动量，少量的体育运动也是大有助益的。

28. A

理解事实细节。由第一段二、三两句可知，体育活动能有效抑制抑郁，即便每周运动量只有推荐量的一半，也能大大降低抑郁的风险，所以选 A。

29. B

推理判断。根据第三段可知，研究者是把之前的 15 个相关研究的数据做了梳理、分析，关注了抑郁和体育活动之间的联系，才总结出这个结论的，选 B。

30. A

推理判断。根据第四段“Professor James Woodcock, a senior author on the paper, said of doing high volumes of activity.”可知，少量的体育活动就能见到巨大的成效，大大降低抑郁的风险。但是大量的体育运动带来的额外益处却很少，选 A。

31. B

理解事实细节。根据最后一段“Getting out in green spaces was another likely factor to boost mood”可知，到户外绿地去有助于我们改善情绪，选 B。

D 篇

【解析】本文是一篇说明文。文章提到了哈德逊湾的北极熊数量近年急剧下降，分析了造成这个现象的可能原因，和相关人员对此的一些担忧。

32. D

理解目的意图。根据第一段“But a new report suggests Hudson Bay polar bear population has dropped 27 percent during the past five years, with just 618 remaining in the area in 2021.”和之后几段来看，作者在第一段提及哈德逊湾的北极熊每年迁徙是为了引出本文的话题——哈德逊湾的北极熊数量近年急剧下降。

33. A

理解事实细节。根据本文第二段可知，北极熊依赖海冰捕食。但由于气候变暖，海冰融化更早，形成更晚，冰期时间缩短，减少了它们捕获事物的途径。

34. D

理解事实细节。由最后一段“Young bears need energy to grow and cannot survive long periods without enough food.”和“Female bears struggle because they use up a lot of energy searching for food while caring for young bears.”可知，幼熊和母熊都饱受食物短缺之苦，D 对。

35. C

理解观点态度。由最后一段第一句和最后一句可知，哈德逊湾的北极熊种群中，幼熊和母熊数量的减少让科学家们很担心，因为这意味着更少的幼熊能存活到成年，进而影响它们将来的繁殖力，选 C。

第二节

36-40 FCADE

【解析】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了什么是舒适区，以及离开舒适区的一些方法。

36. F

根据这一段的小标题——用不同的方式处理日常事务和 36 空之前列举的一系列不同于往常的惯例做法，推断出此处应该说做了这些事情会对走出舒适区有什么帮助，即让你打破固有的、舒适的惯例，选 F。

37. C

根据空前“improve their diets and stop relying on ‘comfort foods.’”可知，要改善饮食和停止依赖舒适区食物，此处应该说“要这么做，就意味着要尝试新的东西”，即空之后的“shifting to a healthier diet”，C 符合。

38. A

根据此空的位置，并结合上下几个段落，空处应该是一个小标题，能概括本段的主要内容，从 A、B 中选择。根据后文“aiming higher with exercise”可知，本段建议用运动来使自己走出舒适区，不是从零开始尝试一种新的运动，而是在原来的基础上制定更高的目标，A 选项中的“next level”符合。

39. D

根据本段小标题，得知本段中心话题为“变得有创意(get creative)”。再根据 39 空后的连词“therefore”推断出本空和后一句之间为因果关系。D 项意为“创造性的努力是迈向未知的领域”，既与主题有关，又阐明了为什么“失败和随之而来的学习是预料中的结果”。

40. E

结合本段中心“Challenge your beliefs”和空前的一句“一成不变是很容易的，但是这会导致自我满足”，所以要“探索其他的视角”，而且解释了后一句“this”指代的内容，选E。

第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

41-45 CADAD 46-50 CDACB 51-55 BCABD

【解析】本文是一篇记叙文，主要讲述了作者的减肥经历。在经历了几次失败后，作者受一位女士启发，创建了“As We Heal, the World Heals”这一项目，不但使自己减重150磅，还通过募捐帮助到了需要帮助的人，正能量满满。

41. C. 考查动词词义辨析。结合句意，由下文“to make myself feel better, and to celebrate”可知，空格处表达的意思应为我用食物来“消除”坏情绪，让自己感觉好一些，或来庆祝，kill符合句意。add意为“添加”，share意为“分享”，experience意为“经历”，均不符合文意，故正确答案为C。
42. A. 考查动词词义辨析。根据句中“but”这一转折连词，本句意为“考虑到我的健康，我尝试过各种节食餐但都不起作用”，work意为“起效”，故正确答案为A。matter意为“要紧；有重大影响”，remain意为“仍然是；遗留”，exist意为“存在”，均不符合文意。
43. D. 考查名词词义辨析。结合上文，本句意为“我开始觉得我拿自己的体重（weight）没有办法了”。emotion意为“情感”，height意为“身高”，intelligence意为“智力”，均不符合文意，故正确答案为D。
44. A. 考查动词词义辨析。根据下文可知，作者受这位女士的启发也创办了类似的项目，所以她的故事给作者留下了深刻的印象，即impress sb with sth，而rewarded sb with意为用某物奖励某人，provided sb with sth意为给某人提供某物，entertain sb with sth用……使某人高兴、快乐，均不符合，选A。
45. D. 考查名词词义辨析。根据上文“she not only lost 125 pounds, but also raised \$ 25, 000 for homeless children.”可知，这位女士创办的项目让自己成功减肥，又帮助无家可归的儿童募集了善款，是治愈自己与治愈世界的完美结合（combination），故选D。而expectation意为“期待”，connection意为“联系，连接”，education意为“教育”，均不符合文意。
46. C. 考查动词词义辨析。根据下文，我也创办了类似的项目，所以我是受了她的故事的启发（inspire）。amuse意为“娱乐，逗乐”，confuse意为“使困惑”，annoy意为“使恼怒；使生气”，均不符合文意，故正确答案为C。
47. D. 考查介词短语辨析。结合句意，我的目标是在一年内减掉150磅，并筹集5万美元来支持（in support of）一个消除饥饿的运动。其余选项，in honour of意为“纪念”，in need of意为“需要”，in charge of意为“负责”，均不符合文意。故正确答案为D。
48. A. 考查动词词义辨析。结合句意，我害怕会遇上（encounter）以前曾经打败我的那些困难。overcome意为“克服”，consider意为“考虑”，describe意为“描述”，均不符合文意，故正确答案为A。
49. C. 考查名词词义辨析。虽然有恐惧围绕在我心头的时候，但是也有迹象表明我正在正确的道路上（track）前进。track本意为“轨道、方向”，此处“on the right track”意为“思路对头，做法对路”，符合文意。line意为“线条”，row意为“行，排”，spot意为“地点”，均不符合文意。故正确答案为C。
50. B. 考查动词短语辨析。结合文意，成百上千的人们都进行了捐赠，善款蜂拥而来。B项pour in意为“涌入”，符合文意。而set out意为“出发”，break in意为“闯入”，give out意为“用尽，耗尽”，只有B符合句意。
51. B. 考查形容词词义辨析。根据下文作者咨询内科医生，吃健康的食物并进行锻炼可知，作者采取了系列“切实可行的”的措施，B项practical符合句意。small意为“小的”，brave意为“勇敢的”，quick意为“快的”，以上均不符合文意，故排除。
52. C. 考查动词词组辨析。结合下文，吃健康的食物并进行锻炼可知，作者应该是先“咨询”（consult with）了医生，look for意为“寻找”，think of意为“想起”，approved of意为“赞成；同意”均不符合文意，故正确答案为C。
53. A. 考查副词词义辨析。结合文意，我的减肥除了“咨询内科医生，吃健康的食物”外，还进行锻炼。这里为了作者为了减肥应该是“有规律地（regularly）”进行锻炼，而非“小心谨慎地”（cautiously），“突然地”（suddenly），或“偶尔地”（occasionally），故正确答案为A。
54. B. 考查动词词义辨析。结合文意，我实现（attain）了我的目标，而非check“查看，检查”，set“设定”，或score“进球”，所以B正确。
55. D. 考查形容词词义辨析。根据上文作者完成了目标，不但使自己减重150磅，还通过募捐帮助到了需要帮助的人，这是一件很有意义的（meaningful）事情。grateful意为“感激的”，respectful意为“表

示敬意的；尊敬的”，skillful 意为“有技巧的，熟练的”，均不符合，故正确答案为 D。

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

56. and 57. were 58. increasingly 59. cultural 60. Covering
61. satisfaction 62. a 63. is anticipated 64. to watch 65. for

【解析】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了 2023 年春节期间，中国电影市场的基本情况，包括票房、热门电影和专家对后续电影票房的预测等。

56. 考查连词。句意：2023 年春节档电影票房收入近 67.6 亿元，位列中国影史春节档票房榜第二位并传达出我国电影市场强势复苏的信号。分析句子结构可知，making for 和 sending 是并列的非谓语动词，表示并列关系应用连词 and 连接。
57. 考查谓语动词。句意：占据票房榜前列的是充满了反转的《满江红》和科幻大片《流浪地球 2》，两部电影的票房分别为 26.1 亿元和 21.6 亿元。分析句子结构可知，空格处需要填谓语动词，再结合上下文时态可知，空格处应用一般过去时，且主语为复数，故填 were。
58. 考查副词。句意：这表明融入传统价值和文化的中国电影对于国内观众来说正在变得越来越有吸引力。空格处修饰形容词 appealing 需要填副词形式。故填 increasingly。
59. 考查形容词。句意：伴随着文化自信的增强。空格处修饰名词 confidence，需要填形容词形式。故填 cultural。
60. 考查非谓语动词。句意：包括各种类型，今年春节档电影创作更加专业，充分满足了档期观众的细分观影需求。分析句子结构，were professionally made and fully met 是谓语动词，空格处需要填非谓语动词作伴随状语，主语 this year's holiday films 和 cover 之间是主谓关系，需填现在分词形式。故填 Covering。
61. 考查名词。句意：在观众满意度方面，在这一周长的假期中上映的影片得分有 87.1 分，同比增长 1.8 分。根据空格前的介词 of 可知，空格处需要填名词，故 satisfy 变形为名词 satisfaction。
62. 考查冠词。句意：同比增长 1.8 个点。分析句子结构，名词 increase 前缺少冠词，泛指，故填 a。
63. 考查谓语动词被动语态。句意：中国电影评论家协会主席饶曙光说节后电影消费预计还会增长。分析句子结构，空格处需要填从句的谓语动词，film consumption 和 anticipate 之间是被动的关系，且该句是直接引语，表明说话者基于当前情况做出的预测，所以填 is anticipated。
64. 考查非谓语动词。句意：因为在春节期间忙于旅行的人们有机会去看电影了。分析句子结构，名词 opportunity 之后缺少后置定语，根据搭配用不定式作后置定语，to watch。
65. 考查介词。句意：人们对于看电影的热情也许会持续几周。分析句子结构，“passion”后缺少介词，应用 for 搭配。

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

（一）评分原则

1. 本题总分为 15 分，按 5 个档次给分。
2. 评分时，先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次，然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次，最后给分。
3. 词数少于 60 和多余 110 的，从总分中减去 2 分。
4. 评分时，应注意的主要内容为：内容要点、应用词汇和语法结构的丰富性和准确性及上下文的连贯性。
5. 拼写与标点符号是语言准确性的一个方面，评分时，应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。
6. 如书写较差，以致影响交际，将分数降低一个档次。

（二）各档次的给分范围和要求

档次	描述
第五档 (13~15)	完全完成了试题规定的任务。 —覆盖所有内容要点。 —应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。 —语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误，但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致； 具备较强的语言运用能力。

	—有效地使用了语句间的连接成分，使全文结构紧凑。 完全达到了预期的写作目的。
第四档 (10~12)	完全完成了试题规定的任务。 —虽漏掉 1、2 个次重点，但覆盖所有主要内容。 —应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。 —语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确，些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。 —应用简单的语句间连接成分，使全文结构紧凑。 达到了预期的写作目的。
第三档 (7~9)	基本完成了试题规定的任务。 —虽漏掉一些内容，但覆盖所有主要内容。 —应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。 —有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误，但不影响理解。 —应用简单的语句间连接成分，使全文内容连贯。 整体而言，基本达到了预期的写作目的。
第二档 (4~6)	未适当完成试题规定的任务。 —漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容，写了一些无关内容。 —语法结构单调，词汇项目有限。 —有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误，影响了对写作内容的理解。 —较少使用语句间的连接成分，内容缺乏连贯性。 信息未能清楚地传达给读者。
第一档 (1~3)	未完成试题规定的任务。 —明显漏掉主要内容，写了一些无关内容，原因可能是未理解试题要求。 —语法结构单调，词汇项目有限。 —较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误，影响对写作内容的理解。 —缺乏语句间的连接成分，内容不连贯。 信息未能传达给读者。
0	未能传达给读者任何信息：内容太少，无法评判；写的内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

One possible version:

My Favorite Traditional Chinese Food

As a Chinese, I take pride in our rich and diverse food culture. Among the many delicious dishes, Jiaozi, also known as dumplings, is my favorite.

Jiaozi is made with dough skin and a variety of fillings, such as meat, vegetables, and seafood. Boiled, steamed, or fried, it is often served during festivals and family gatherings. With its shape resembling ancient Chinese currency, Jiaozi symbolizes wealth and good luck in Chinese culture.

Unique in taste and cultural significance, Jiaozi is a must-try that not only satisfies your stomach but also offers a glimpse into our profound and fascinating culture.

第二节（满分 25 分）

（一）评分原则

档次	描述
第五档 (21~25 分)	·理解准确，涵盖全部要点。 能准确使用相应的语法结构和词汇。 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分，使所完成的概要结构紧凑。 完全使用自己的语言，

第四档 (16~20 分)	理解准确，涵盖绝大部分要点。 所使用语法结构和词汇可能有些许错误，但完全不影响意义表达。 比较有效地使用了语句间的连接成分，使所完成的概要结构紧凑， 有个别整句抄自原文。
第三档 (11~15 分)	理解较为准确，涵盖大部分要点。 ·所使用语法结构和词汇虽有些错误，但不影响意义表达 ·应用简单的语句间连接成分，使上下文内容连贯。 -出现两句以上整句抄自原文现象。
第二档 (6~10 分)	·理解有误差，仅涵盖半数要点。 -有些语法结构和词汇方面的错误，影响了意义的表达。 -较少使用语句间的连接成分，全文内容缺少连贯性。 出现两句以上整句抄自原文现象。
第一档 (1~5 分)	·没有理解原文，造成概要内容与原文主题不符。 有较多语法结构和词汇方面的错误，严重影响了意义的表达。 -缺乏语句间的连接成分，全文内容不连贯。 -多个句子抄自原文。
0 分	白卷、内容太少无法评判或所写内容与所提供内容无关。

A Possible version:

“Hello, boys. Mrs. Thimpson baked you a chocolate cake.” Mr. Thimpson appeared and invited them in. His sudden appearance gave Paul such a start. He managed a smile and stammered, “Ugh... sure, Mr. Thimpson. Let us finish up and...and we’ll be right in.” After Mr. Thimpson went out, Paul turned to Steve, sighing in relief, “Phew! That was close. Steve, you’re right. I don’t know what got into me just now. In fact, Mrs. Thimpson always makes me cakes and cookies.” Then they got down to cleaning the garage quickly and before long they found themselves at the table enjoying big slices of chocolate cake and a glass of milk each.

As they wolfed the cake and were about to leave, Mrs. Thimpson stopped Paul. Paul’s heart was in mouth again. However, to his surprise, Mrs. Thimson handed him a brand new bat and glove with a gracious smile, “This is for you. I heard this is something you’d like. We try to find little ways to show our appreciation for what you’ve done for us.” Looking at the bat and glove and then at Steve, Paul flushed, shame welling up in him. “Thanks so much. I love them!” Outside, Steve put his hand on Paul’s shoulder. “See, you not only have a clear conscience, but also the bat and glove you wanted.”

英语听力原文

Text 1

M: I'm no expert. But that noise in your refrigerator doesn't sound good. ①**Maybe you should call and have it checked out.**

W: You are right. And I suppose I've put it off long enough.

Text 2

W: Do you know how many people are coming to the first-aid training day?

M: ②**There are 40 places** and we are almost full now. The IT department have asked us to take 5 of their employees. ②**So that'll be 36 people.**

Text 3

W: Good morning, Andrew. How do you usually get to the office?

M: ③**I leave my car in the parking lot near the bus stop. Then I catch the No.5 bus.** How about you?

W: I usually walk to the office. If it rains, I will take the subway.

Text 4

W: Hey, John. I plan to buy a new computer.

M: Sounds good, but why are you telling me?

W: Actually, I haven't decided which brand to buy. ④**Since you major in Computer Science, I think you can help me.**

M: Oh, I'm glad to.

Text 5

M: Sarah, have you got a bus pass?

W: Not yet. I just have no idea where to get it.

M: ⑤**You can get it from the student business office on our school.** With it, we can get a special discount. ⑤**I just got mine yesterday.**

W: Thanks.

Text 6

W: What a surprise to run into you here, Frank! Are you seeing off someone?

M: No. ⑥**I'm taking a trip to Beijing.**

W: Really? You mean you're going to Beijing without even one bag?

M: My bag is over there. I'm traveling with Mary. Do you want to say hi to her?

W: I'd really like to, but ⑦**my flight is boarding.**

M: OK. Bye.

Text 7

M: ⑧**Sorry for the slow traffic. There's been an accident on the bridge, and the underground passage is shut because of the snow. So, there's no other way into the city.**

W: ⑧**That's OK. I understand. It's not your fault.**

M: ⑧**Is this your first time in New York?**

W: No, I was here a few years ago while working for a company that makes medicine. But my husband couldn't stand the cold winter here, so we moved to San Francisco.

M: Yeah, climate in San Francisco is more pleasant. Then what brings you back?

W: I'm meeting my son. He is here studying for six months. ⑩**I'm just spending a week here, then flying up to Toronto to visit my aunt.**

M: ⑨**In that case, you'd better fly there while you are here. It's a long way from San Francisco.**

W: Exactly.

Text 8

M: ⑪**Shop owners have to find new ways to work in the modern world.**

W: What do you mean?

M: Well, a lot of people are working from home, so there are less people coming into their stores. So shops need to create an online website and store.

W: Nice try. What else can be done?

M: Well, some people are changing their stores to other purposes. ⑫**Like the bookshop near the bank, it now has a cafe inside.** And at weekends, they have live music.

W: What happens if a shop can't serve more than one purpose? Like a store that sells clothes?

M: They just need to think outside the box. ⑬**The sports store near the school** has now opened a gym on the second floor.

W: That's smart, so people buy sportswear and equipment and then use it.

Text 9

W: How did you become an artist, Dan?

M: As a child, I loved to draw. **⑭My uncle was a school art teacher. And he often took me to art museums. I guess that's how I became interested in art.**

W: Did you like to look at other artists' work?

M: I used to be a big fan of Andy Warhol. Then I discovered that Tom Jackson spoke most deeply to me.

W: **⑮But your painting is nothing like Jackson's.**

M: I know. **⑮After I studied his work for some time, I learned that his sense of freedom was the key. ⑯This freed me and helped me develop my own way of painting.**

W: Well, **⑯you've certainly succeeded in doing that.** What's next for you, Dan?

M: I have stayed in New York for nearly six years now, and I need a change. **⑰So I'm planning to spend some time in East Asia.** The art scene there is very exciting. I'll visit Beijing and see Chinese paintings, like the ones by Qi Baishi. In fact, I'm thinking of studying in an art college there.

Text 10

W: Trees are important to the health of the planet. First, they help clean the air and guard against climate change. Then, they're also a source of food and medicine. But 46% of the world's trees have been cut down. This is done for things such as cattle farming, or to produce paper. **⑱Some efforts to replant trees make environmental problems worse.** This has happened in Chile, in South America. Big companies cut down forests for timber, then replanted in the 1970s using the wrong kinds of trees. This led to the growth of tree plantations. "They're not really what we imagine a forest to be," Robert Heilmayr says. "These trees are more like a crop." **⑲Heilmayr is a professor of environmental economics at the University of California, Santa Barbara.** He says tree plantations may be worsening problems like soil erosion. And they're not as good as forests are at trapping carbon dioxide. **⑳Today, Chile's government pays small landowners to plant native trees. Heilmayr says this helps landowners who are women or who belong to local communities and it is really productive.**