

2020 届高三 6 月模拟考试

英语试题

本试卷分第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。注意：所有试题均须在答题卡上作答。

第 I 卷

第一部分：听力技能（共两节，满分 30 分）

注意：回答听力部分时，请先将答案标在试卷上。听力部分结束前，你将有两分钟的时间将你的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19.5

B. £ 9.18

C. £ 9.15

答案是 C

1. What does the man want to do?

A. Invite Mary.

B. Attend a concert.

C. Go out with the woman.

2. What will the man do tomorrow morning?

A. Write a report.

B. Go to the airport.

C. Pick up his boss.

3. What can we learn from the conversation?

A. The woman failed the biology test.

B. The man did well on the biology test.

C. The speakers are study partners.

4. Who will pick up the woman?

A. Her father.

B. The man's brother.

C. The man's friend.

5. What has been changed about the meeting?

A. The time.

B. The place.

C. The people.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. How much does the woman spend on her English textbook?

A. \$198.

B. \$168.

C. \$30.

7. What does the man say about the woman's English textbook?

A. It is an old edition.

B. It is the best-seller one.

C. It is too expensive.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Where are the speakers?

- A. At a party. B. At the man's home. C. At a concert.

9. What present did the man get from his cousin?

- A. A calendar. B. A guitar. C. A book.

10. When did the man begin to learn to play the guitar?

- A. When he was in primary school.
B. When he was in middle school.
C. When he was in college.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Why did the woman go to New York?

- A. To get a job. B. To be on business. C. To visit relatives.

12. Where was Alice born?

- A. In Boston. B. In New York. C. In Chicago.

13. What does the man do?

- A. An engineer. B. A gardener. C. A businessman.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. On the phone. B. At the airport. C. At the ticket office.

15. How will the woman pay?

- A. By check. B. In cash. C. By credit card.

16. When will the woman leave?

- A. At 1:30 p.m. B. At 5:30 p.m. C. At 11:00 p.m.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. When is the Student Welfare Office open tomorrow?

- A. From about 8:00 a.m to 4:00 p.m.
B. From about 9:00 a.m to 8:00 p.m.
C. From about 4:00 p.m to 9:00 p.m.

18. What benefit can students get from university identity cards?

- A. Free textbooks.
B. Free movie tickets.
C. Reduced prices at some local shops.

19. Where will the book sale be held next week?

- A. In the library. B. In the canteen. C. In the Student Welfare Office.

20. What does the speaker advise students to do?

- A. Sign up for the cookery course at once.
B. Read the books on the reading list.
C. Eat at the university canteen.

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。

A

When you're having a hard time with your homework or when you're preparing for your term paper, these student-focused websites can help you with just about anything you need. The key to getting the most out of these online resources is to know how they can best be used to your advantage.

Facebook

Although Facebook can be one of your biggest time-wasters and distractions when you are supposed to be getting work done, it can also be one of your most valuable resources. Most of your classmates will probably have a Facebook account, so anyone you need to connect with about a class you missed or about a problem is usually just a few clicks away.

SparkNotes

With a free library of history timeline, philosophy study guides and library summaries, SparkNotes has covered just about any reading-related jam you find yourself in. Just run a search for the book, play, or short summary of the material you are supposed to read.

Amazon.com

Do you finish every term with many expensive textbooks you will never open again? Instead of letting the money spent go to waste, get back some of your cash by selling your books on Amazon.

RateMyProfessors.com

Choosing new classes can sometimes be like trying to pick out your clothes in the dark, a total guessing game. Which teacher gives out the hardest problem sets? How much homework will that history professor give you every week? At RateMyProfessors.com, students all over the country rate their professors on quality, helpfulness, and how hard their classes are.

Wikipedia

While Wikipedia isn't aimed specifically at students, it is difficult to think of another website that does more to reduce the pain of paper writing and researching. Wikipedia gives you a quick way to find sources and get the details of almost any topic you need to research — all without walking to the library.

21. The passage was mainly written to _____.

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. explain some websites for parents | B. compare some educational websites |
| C. introduce different parts of a website | D. offer some websites that may help students |

22. Which of the following will you most probably refer to, if you need brief ideas or discussion in reading?

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| A. Wikipedia. | B. Facebook. | C. SparkNotes. | D. Amazon.com. |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|

23. RateMyProfessors.com is a place _____.

- A. where you can make friends all over the country
- B. where you can communicate with your professors
- C. that gives you information about professors in advance
- D. that gives tips on how to get along with your professors

B

Since the age of three, Chelsie Hill had dreamed of becoming a dancer. That ambition nearly ended in 2010 when Hill was in a car accident, which put the 17-year-old high school senior in hospital for 51 days and left her paralyzed from the waist down. For most people, that would have destroyed any hope of a dancing career. But for Hill, it was the beginning. Far from being a barrier, her wheelchair encouraged her to fight. “I want to prove to everyone including myself that I’m still normal,” she said, “whatever normal means.”

Normal for her meant dancing, so Hill did it in her wheelchair alongside her nondisabled high school dance team. Half of her body was taken away from her, so she had to move it with her hands. It took much learning and patience.

After graduation from high school, Hill wanted to expand her dance network to include women like her. She met people online who were fighting for the dream of dancing against various spinal (脊椎的) injuries, and invited them to dance with her. To reach more people in a larger city, Hill moved to Los Angeles in 2014 and formed a team of dancers with disabilities she called the Rollettes.

Every year Hill holds a dance camp called the Rollettes Experience for wheelchair users to help them bring out their acting talent. In 2019, 173 participants from ten countries attended. For many, it was the first time they’d felt they belonged. Edna Serrano said that being part of the Rollettes team gave her the courage to get behind the wheel of a car. “I didn’t know I could do so many things that my fellow teammates had taught me,” she said. “I didn’t know I could be sexy. It’s so powerful to have my teammates in my life, because they’re my teachers. I have more confidence.”

Chelsie Hill attained what many of us never will: her childhood dream. She has been chasing her dream in the wheelchair. She’s a dancer. The Rollettes have helped her find something else just as fulfilling.

24. What happened to Chelsie Hill in 2010?

- A. She gave up her hope of dancing.
- B. She suffered from a serious disease.
- C. She realized her dream of becoming a dancer.
- D. She was severely disabled due to a car accident.

25. Why did Chelsie Hill set up the Rollettes in 2014?

- A. To motivate more people like her.
- B. To enlarge her dance business.
- C. To seek more chances to dance.
- D. To expand her social network.

26. What change did the Rolletes Experience bring to Edna Serrano?
- A. She could help others. B. She had more faith in herself.
C. She learned how to drive. D. She became sexier than before.
27. Which of the following words can best describe Chelsie Hill?
- A. Modest and professional. B. Responsible and creative.
C. Determined and inspiring. D. Cooperative and generous.

C

The African grey parrot's ability to talk and mimic sounds makes it a charming companion. African grey owners often report that their greys oftentimes talk in context and can understand their people's emotions (情感). The African grey parrot is not just a top talker—this bird is also known for its extreme intelligence, which gives them the name “The Einsteins of the Bird World”.

The bird is medium-sized, dusty-looking and almost pigeon-like. It has a bright red tail, intelligent orange eyes, and a stunning scalloped (扇形的) pattern to its feathers. Their diet in the wild consists mostly of nuts, seeds, fruits, and leafy matter.

At home, African greys need plenty of toys that challenge their intelligence, such as food searching and puzzle toys. Nutri-Berries by Lafeber Company are a perfect choice, which, with a balance of grains, seeds and other nutrients in the shape of a berry, encourages African greys to hold, bite off, and even play with, just as they do in the wild.

African greys seem especially affected by stress and disturbing noise in their environment and can be put more at ease by placing one corner of the cage against a wall as opposed to in the middle of a room.

African grey parrots are more likely to suffer from lack of Vitamin-A/beta-carotene, and therefore benefit from eating vegetables high in beta - carotene, such as cooked sweet potato and fresh kale. Lack of Vitamin-D is another concern, especially for greys on a poor diet. Offering a balanced, pill-shaped diet, such as Nutri-Berries, helps prevent vitamin and mineral shortage.

28. Why are African grey parrots called “The Einsteins of the Bird World”?
- A. Because of their brain size. B. On account of their intelligence.
C. Owing to their rich emotions. D. Due to their talking ability.
29. What can “Nutri-Berries” probably be?
- A. A brand of bird food. B. Puzzle toys for birds.
C. A type of round fruit. D. Wild Intelligence games.
30. What is the characteristic of African grey parrots?
- A. They may get ill due to lack of Vitamin B. B. They prefer to stay in the middle of the room.
C. They are dusty looking with blue eyes. D. They are smart and love to have fun.

31. Where can we most probably find the passage?

- A. In a wildlife magazine.
- B. In science fiction.
- C. In a travel guide.
- D. On a shopping website.

D

Fever has usually been regarded as a threat to health. However, no one has actually proved that fever is dangerous. This fact attracted the attention of Matthew J. Kluger. Imagining that fever might not be as harmful as it had been supposed, Kluger set up a series of experiments with lizards (蜥蜴).

What Kluger and his team did in their first experiment was simple. They put some lizards in a sand-box, one end of which was heated to 44°C, while the other was at a room temperature. It was found that the lizards moved from one part of the box to the other in order to keep a constant temperature of about 38°C. Having shown that normal lizards regulate (调节) their own temperature, Kluger, in a second experiment, then set out to show that lizards, like most other animals, develop fever when infected (感染). This was done by making lizards infected with bacteria (细菌) that were known to cause disease. As the team expected, the infected lizards remained longer in the heated part of the box, until they had raised their body temperatures to two or three degrees above normal. In other words, the sick lizards gave themselves fever.

In a third experiment, the team observed the effect of temperature on the survival of the lizards. One group of infected lizards was given a fever-suppressing (退烧) drug. The other group was given no drug and ran a fever, that is to say, they kept a higher temperature for four or five days before seeking a cooler environment. The results were impressive. Of those which raised their body temperature, all but one remained alive. Of those given the fever-suppressing drug, more than half died. Similar results have since been produced in other animals. For example, infected fish swim to warmer water, and will die if not allowed to do so.

An important conclusion can be drawn from these experiments. As Kluger points out, lizards have been on earth for hundreds of millions of years. It is reasonable to suppose that a response that is so old has been kept by nature for some purpose. It would appear, therefore, that fever does not make disease worse. Rather it is part of the mechanism (机能) by which infection is controlled.

32. In his experiments, Kluger was hoping to prove that fever _____.

- A. is not harmful to lizards
- B. is necessary for both humans and animals
- C. is not necessarily bad
- D. has the same effect on humans and animals

33. In the third experiment, the lizards given a fever-suppressing drug died because _____.

- A. they had no more fever that they needed
- B. they were normal ones and had no fever
- C. the drug had no effect on sick lizards
- D. the drug made their body temperature too low

34. How would you understand the underlined words “a response” in the last paragraph?

- A. Recovery from disease
- B. Natural defense in the body against disease.
- C. Cause of disease.
- D. Relationship between living things and nature.

35. Which of the following is the best summary of this article?

- A. Lizards are most suitable for experiments on fever.
- B. Fever may play an important part in curing disease.
- C. Fever helps lizards to get rid of infection.
- D. Lizards and humans are not as different as people supposed.

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，共10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Why Not Build a DIY Ebike

Buying an electric bicycle is a great way to get going quickly and enjoy the immediate satisfaction of getting around on an ebike. 36 There are some of the best reasons to go with a DIY ebike.

Save money with a DIY ebike. When you buy an electric bicycle, you aren't just paying for the ebike. 37 When you decide to convert (改装) your own standard bicycle into an electric bicycle, you just pay for the ebike parts themselves.

Gain control when building your own ebike. When you choose your own parts, you have total control over the performance of your ebike. This applies more to choosing parts individually, but even buying a complete electric bicycle conversion kit (整套配件) is a great way to go. There are so many different kits out there for everyone. 38

A DIY ebike means a better bicycle. A dirty secret of the industry is that many ebike producers skimp on (克扣) the quality of the actual bicycle, so that they can try to bring the price down enough.

39 By converting a bicycle yourself, you're already saving a bunch of money.

40 The last and perhaps best reason for converting your own bicycle to electric drive is simply the sense of accomplishment. You get a great feeling every day when you ride on your ebike, knowing that you are doing a good thing for the environment and that you are also riding on something you built with your own two hands.

- A. You can start with a simple electric bicycle.
- B. As a result, they can draw in more consumers.
- C. Be proud of building your own electric bicycle.
- D. Do your own electric bicycle conversion without any help.
- E. The kit you choose will largely depend on your own desires.
- F. However, converting your own bicycle into an ebike is better.
- G. You're actually covering all of the cost to get that ebike out of store.

第三部分：英语知识运用（共二节；满分45分）

第一节：完型填空（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C和D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

In today's news cycle, it's rare for a story to catch the focus of many people for long. But the news cycle seemed to 41 when Kobe Bryant passed away in a helicopter accident. People 42 to social media to express their sorrow. This was 43 due to the suddenness of Kobe's death, and mainly a result of Kobe's 44 in the sports world, and beyond it. How did he 45 it?

Three things truly got Kobe to 46 how to lead a life that can become a legacy (遗产).

One quality that helped Kobe reach those 47 is his learning spirit. 48 his basketball career, whenever Kobe met a successful player or a(n) 49 coach, he would ask them questions like 50 they did it and what they would do 51. He asked for advice. Sometimes the person who he asked would 52 him, but he didn't mind the possibility of feeling awkward. To Kobe, risking 53 was actually better than losing a good learning 54.

Another quality is that he was 55. He was not particularly 56 when joining the Lakers. In his Lakers days, Kobe had 57 to train before other players awoke.

Kobe's constantly presenting himself with a new image also 58 his success. When he realized his career was ending, he found other ways to 59 his talent and enrich other people's lives. Perhaps the best 60 of this was when he turned his "Dear Basketball" essay into an award-winning film.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 41. A. take off | B. slow down | C. keep on | D. speed up |
| 42. A. slipped | B. withdrew | C. hurried | D. flooded |
| 43. A. partly | B. mostly | C. exactly | D. obviously |
| 44. A. feature | B. reputation | C. experience | D. sacrifice |
| 45. A. make | B. stress | C. find | D. manage |
| 46. A. predict | B. explain | C. remind | D. debate |
| 47. A. names | B. scores | C. levels | D. conclusions |
| 48. A. Like | B. Despite | C. Throughout | D. Beyond |
| 49. A. experienced | B. aged | C. strict | D. familiar |
| 50. A. why | B. how | C. when | D. whether |
| 51. A. successfully | B. eventually | C. properly | D. differently |
| 52. A. answer | B. defeat | C. tease | D. instruct |
| 53. A. disappointment | B. embarrassment | C. failure | D. warning |
| 54. A. motivation | B. ability | C. program | D. opportunity |
| 55. A. hard-working | B. creative | C. patient | D. humorous |
| 56. A. intelligent | B. outgoing | C. popular | D. outstanding |
| 57. A. agreed | B. decided | C. begun | D. expected |
| 58. A. belonged to | B. kept to | C. contributed to | D. added to |
| 59. A. apply | B. prove | C. obtain | D. support |
| 60. A. event | B. section | C. cash | D. example |

第II卷

第二节: (共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (一个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Garden

My father always had a garden. He once found a plot even when we lived in the house with someone else. They always 61 (appreciate) the vegetables he provided in exchange 62 his use of the garden plot. The vegetables were very important to our food supply but he 63 (probable) would have had a garden anyway. He was from a large family with 11 brothers and sisters 64 had learned to depend on a garden for adequate food. Each year in early spring, he used a small push plow (犁) 65 (prepare) the soil for the plants and seeds. He always had 66 (tomato), peppers and watermelons. One summer watermelons came up from where we 67 (throw) the seeds. He built 68 shelf for the melons to rest on when they grew very large. This became the conversation of the neighborhood. In the fall Dad would remove all of the 69 (die) plants and sow turnip (萝卜) seeds over the whole plot that would provide turnips for most of the winter months. In later years when we had 70 (we) own home he added a flower garden. His prize flowers entered the Fayette County Fair each year.

第四部分: 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加, 删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均限一词。

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

Last Friday afternoon, I stayed home. When night fell, my parents wasn't back home yet. I stopped doing my homework but decided to make a meal for my family instead of just wait. With no experience of cooking, I went online to find informations for how to cook home-style dishes. With the step-by-step directions, I managed to made one dish. Feeling confident, so I made two more. When parents got home, they were amazed to see the taste dishes I had made. Immediately my mum took pictures for them and my dad gave me a big hug. We real enjoyed the meal that evening.

第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

假定你是李华，你的笔友 Peter 对中国传统文化很感兴趣，最近你校准备开办针对外国学生的中国书法社团，请给他写封信，邀请他参加。内容包括：

- 1. 社团开设目的；
- 2. 老师简介；
- 3. 社团内容（如听讲座、参加中国书法体验活动等）。

注意：

- 1. 词数 100 左右；
- 2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。
- 3. 参考词汇：书法 calligraphy。

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