绝密★启用并使用完毕前

山东省实验中学2023届高三第二次模拟考试

英语试题 2023.05

（本试卷共10页，共三部分；全卷满分120分，考试用时100分钟）

注意事项：

1．答卷前，先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试卷和答题纸上。

2．选择题的作答：每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。

3．非选择题的作答：用0.5mm黑色签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内，写在试卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。

第一部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 **50**分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

The Best Treehouse Spots

Have you ever wondered what it might be like to have a treehouse as a child? Well, we’ve got a list of the best treehouse staycation spots to visit this summer.

**The TokinTree (Cave Junction, Oregon)**

First things first, this treehouse is exactly what its name suggests, a flower-friendly outdoor paradise. For $250 a night, this rental comes with a seasonally available garden tour for you and up to three more guests—all over the age of 21, of course.

**The Tiny House Treehouse (Campobello, South Carolina)**

This staycation spot in the South is a great way to be immersed in nature while enjoying

the comfort of a cozy home. It’s only two acres of land and nearly 20 minutes away from a

nearby city Tyron, North Carolina and 10 minutes away from Downtown Landrum. It holds up to 4 guests and will cost you around $265 a night before taxes.

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第1 页（共10 页）

**The Sugar Maple Treehouse (Hancock, Vermont)**

This neat getaway houses two guests and is located near a quiet area in central Vermont,

in the wilderness of the Green Mountain National Forest in three trees above high ground. And during your stay, you can arrange an in-house massage（按摩）therapist, so you’ll likely never want to return home. A night at the Sugar Maple for you and a guest sits at about $159.

**The Peaceful Treehouse With Ocean View (Aptos, California)**

This next one is a bit of a luxury stay. At $800 a night for you and 5 others, the “Peaceful Treehouse With Ocean View” is bound to take your breath away. This house in the trees is full of floor-to-ceiling windows and slide doors inspired by Japanese screens.

1. Which treehouse is the most economical for each guest?
2. The TokinTree.
3. The Tiny House Treehouse.
4. The Sugar Maple Treehouse.
5. The Peaceful Treehouse With Ocean View.
6. What attracts guests most in the Sugar Maple Treehouse?

A. Its neat house. B. Its relaxing service.

C. Its beautiful scenery. D. Its convenient location.

1. Where is the text probably taken from?

A. A travel magazine. B. A gardening guide.

C. A hiking programme. D. A botanical introduction.

B

My mother-in-law asked me to climb a mountain in her rural village. We went through tall

and weedy expanse of grass, pulling ourselves up with the help of smooth bamboo trees. Weathered gray rocks dotted tracks only visible to an experienced hiker. The view we were rewarded with halfway up the mountain, fixing our eyes upon the colorful pieces of fields and whitewashed homes set against the deep green hills and a sky so blue that it looked digitally polished, was a side benefit of being there.

Our eyes were mostly on the wild eatable plants that grew on the mountainside. We first

came upon the wild mountain bamboo, a plant that was the main part in my mother-in-law’s

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第2 页（共10 页）

salted bamboo shoots that, once preserved, could be used all year long in cooking. Along the way, we also encountered another precious wild food—fiddlehead ferns (蕨菜). Those delicate leaves, when stir-fired, were a tasty treat. Once I had purchased fiddleheads at a market in the US. Yet there we were, picking this prized vegetable on our own, with only our labor as the cost.

What we had collected that afternoon looked the same as any other wild mountain bamboo

shoots and fiddlehead ferns I had seen before in my mother-in-law’s kitchen. And yet, they felt different to me because I had used my own hands to help pick them and carry them back down the mountain. Spending time and energy gathering these wild plants gave me a deeper appreciation for the food that ends up on the dinner table.

“Many generations have kept this natural lifestyle. We depend on the mountains for our

life,” my mother-in-law says. Those mountains and rivers supporting her life aren’t some abstract concept. They are right there, outside her door and within her rural village. Once I saw them through her angle that afternoon, I realized they are closer to me than I ever imagined.

1. Why was the author asked to climb a mountain?

A. To pull some bamboo trees. B. To enjoy its beautiful scenery.

C. To get some wild vegetables. D. To take some digital pictures.

1. What made the picked fiddlehead ferns different?

A. The fresh leaves. B. The input of labor.

C. The rich nutrition. D. The help from Mother-in-law.

1. What does the author want to show by quoting her mother-in-law?
2. Nature feeds villagers and sustains their life.
3. City people want to settle down in mountains.
4. Rural areas are inaccessible to some outsiders.
5. Farmers dream of changing the natural lifestyle.
6. How does the author sound when telling the story?

A. Humorous. B. Anxious. C. Satisfied. D. Tolerant.

C

While it may sound like something crawling out of your horrible dreams, cyborg cockroaches（蟑螂机器人）have arrived as friends rather than enemies.

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第3 页（共10 页）

Scientists in Japan have designed a new remote-controlled insect, equipped with a battery “backpack” powered by solar panels. The cockroach, which is part insect and part machine, is intended to enter dangerous areas, monitor the environment or take on search and rescue missions without needing to be recharged.

Famously able to survive a nuclear war, cockroaches have been the inspiration for a

number of technologies in recent years. Different teams of scientists have designed

remote-controlled robo-bugs that can climb walls, carry objects and find humans during

search-and-rescue missions.

The cockroaches are still alive, but wires attached to their two “cerci” (尾蚴) send electrical impulses that cause the insect to move right or left. A battery is necessary for the sending and receiving these electrical signals, which needs to be charged up. While it’s possible to build docking（对接）stations for recharging the battery, the need to return and recharge could disrupt time-tight missions.

The team wanted to create a more practical version that did not need to return to a docking station when it ran out of power. Therefore, they designed a solar cell that could constantly ensure that the cockroach stays charged while it works. However, cockroaches have a limited surface area available for all the components necessary to move its legs and keep it powered. The solution was to design a special “backpack” that could carry both the wireless leg-control module and rechargeable lithium polymer battery. This was attached to the top of the insect on

its thorax（胸腹）, and was 3D printed to fit perfectly to the curved surface of the Madagascar

cockroach. It allowed for this electronic device to be stably installed on the insect for over a month.

1. What are the functions of cyborg cockroaches?

①Climbing walls. ②Entering unsafe areas. ③Foretelling risks.

④Rescuing humans. ⑤Generating Power. ⑥Monitoring the environment.

A.①②③ B.②③⑤ C.③④⑥ D.②④⑥

1. What is the meaning of the underlined word “disrupt” in Paragraph 4?

A. Interrupt. B. Extend. C. Execute. D. Shorten.

1. What is the key factor in controlling a cyborg cockroach remotely?

A. The size of a cockroach. B. The leg-control module.

C. The lifespan of a cockroach. D. The energy harvesting device.

11. What’s the main idea of this text?

1. Cockroaches are the inspiration of inventions.
2. The technology of solar panels is widely used.
3. Search-and-rescue can’t be emphasized too much.
4. Scientists have created a remote-controlled cyborg cockroach.

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第4 页（共10 页）

D

Danone Portugal introduced a new yogurt named Juntos. For every pack of yogurt that a person bought, he would donate yogurt to a family in need. Danone had done its research. Increasingly, people say they want to buy from brands that give them a sense of purpose.

Surely a yogurt that helped the needy would be appealing. But Juntos was a failure. Despite

sinking millions into a marketing campaign, Danone pulled Juntos from the market only months after it was launched. Now the same product is simply marketed as a tasty yogurt.

What happened? To find the reason behind Juntos’ failure, Lawrence Williams and his

colleagues did an experiment where they showed people some products and asked these people to pick one option. They reminded some to focus on “purposeful and valuable” aspect while others were told to “enjoy themselves” and focus on “delight and pleasure.” They found that participants who prioritized meaning preferred the less expensive product when compared with people who put pleasure in the first place.

So why were meaning-seekers cheaping out? Lawrence Williams asked participants to

explain their decision-making to find out. He learned that meaning-oriented people were not thinking about how the product they might buy could bring meaning to their lives. Instead, they were occupied with what else they could do with their money.

I am all for people making wise and strategic financial choices. But cheap products can

create many problems. Inexpensive options often do not last as long as the higher-end ones. As a result, we shop more often, which is ultimately worse for our wallets. Plus, that spending pattern can do a greater damage to the environment. Thanks in part to fast fashion, people buy

60 percent more clothing today than they did 15 years ago. The fashion industry alone emits

more greenhouse gases than international flights and maritime (海洋的) shipping combined.

So before you dive into your wallet for some deals, try not to fix only on what you are spending or saving. Think carefully about what you are buying, too.

1. What is the main reason for the failure of Juntos?

A. It ignored marketing strategies. B. It priced itself relatively high.

C. It lacked a particularly good taste. D. It focused on delight and pleasure.

1. What can be inferred about meaning-seekers?

A. They frequent high-end stores. B. They think products extend their lives.

C. They hesitate to make decisions. D. They make more purchases with money.

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第5 页（共10 页）

1. How is Paragraph 4 mainly developed?

A. By giving some examples. B. By listing numbers and data.

C. By explaining reasons. D. By making some comparisons.

1. Which is the most suitable title for the text?

A. Innovation: a Product’s Life B. To Buy or not to Buy

C. Meaning-seekers or Quality-pursuers D. Fast Fashion: a Hit to Your Wallet

第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

I’ve been living in Spain for decades and I securely guarantee that I have a talent in figuring out the cool hidden local spots. As a foreigner, I couldn’t care less about doing the

touristy things or enjoying fancy cuisine. 16 So I always attempt to find something that’s

appealing and fun yet represents the local culture, and that offers an interaction with the locals.

My reputation for doing this has grown. 17 Since I am somewhat fluent in Spanish,

I could charge people for this and become somewhat of an official tour guide. I choose not to though, because to me, the most important thing is assuring the tourist, who already spent a lot of time and money getting to where I am, has the fun and cultural experience they could

possibly have. 18 In that case, tourists can explore the local culture further at the lowest

cost. They could otherwise spend a significant sum of money on a guided tour that keeps them comfortable but separated from the culture. I choose to give them an experience that’s deeper and opens their mind, all for free.

19 When someone is visiting your area, don’t just take them to the touristy spots.

Show them the places that mean something to you. Show them your heart through the places that you show them and the experience you give them. There’s something good in almost every town out there. If you don’t have any spots in your area that you like, learn to find the good in the place you live. If you find the good in where you live, you will also find the good in

yourself. It’s a time that both you and the tourist will probably never obtain again. 20

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第6 页（共10 页）

1. Everyone can do the same.
2. I could hardly have imagined it would happen.
3. It could also help me create a lifelong connection with them.
4. What’s most crucial is experiencing the genuine country and culture.
5. I know better than tourists themselves what they are eager to experience.
6. Don’t rush the experience, thoroughly enjoy every moment with that person.
7. I’m being asked frequently to offer people tours, both to friends and strangers.

第二部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分 **30**分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

As usual, Lily bought expensive gifts for her children Alice and Peter before Christmas.

Her job kept her busy, and she 21 got to see her children during weekdays. Being a

mother, she always wanted to be 22 her children, but she placed her 23 first,

thinking earning money was more important.

Lily 24 the gifts in secret and decided to give them a day before Christmas since she

had to attend a business meeting the next day. 25 , a day later, the meeting got canceled.

Lily was 26 she could spend Christmas with her family. Therefore, she decided to

27 a party. Lily sent 28 to all her friends and her father-in-law, Michael. Lily was

worried her friends would not feel 29 in the presence of aged people. Later that day, her

children noticed the gifted she had bought. Unexpectedly, neither of them seemed 30 to

open the gifts.

On Christmas Eve, Lily 31 her friends into her house. However, she felt

32 when she saw Michael walking in. On arrival, Michael gave Alice and Peter

presents—some cookie molds （模具）！The two kids ran happily to their grandfather and

showed great 33 for his gifts, asking him to bake cookies with them.

All the guests present were moved by the scene. Lily 34 all they want is their

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第7 页（共10 页）

parents’ time and 35 not what their parents buy them.

1. A. usually B. rarely C. always D. never
2. A. around B. beyond C. without D. for
3. A. family B. heart C. body D. job
4. A. watched B. laid C. hid D. made
5. A. Fortunately B. Eventually C. Suddenly D. Amusingly
6. A. shocked B. touched C. happy D. free
7. A. attend B. throw C. delay D. rule
8. A. blesses B. regards C. letters D. invitations
9. A. confident B. warm C. relaxed D. cool
10. A. shy B. worried C. easy D. eager
11. A. welcomed B. led C. signaled D. waved
12. A. uncomfortable B. refreshed C. surprised D. calm
13. A. respect B. pity C. enthusiasm D. love
14. A. noticed B. realized C. learned D. witnessed
15. A. money B. passion C. knowledge D. attention

第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Olympics are a series of international athletic competitions held in different countries.

They’re 36 important multi-sport event that takes place every four years. For the

Olympics, participants from all over the world train for years and try their best 37 (win).

Pierre Coubertin, a French man, 38 (found) the International Olympic Committee

(IOC) in 1894. He was once a teacher and historian. In his honor, French had the official

status（地位）and 39 (prior) over other languages at the Olympics. According to

the Olympic Charter, English and French are the official languages of the Olympics.

Therefore, every participant needs to have their documents 40 (translate) in both

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第8 页（共10 页）

languages. Besides, real-time interpretations in Arabic, German, Russian, and Spanish must be available for all sessions.

The IOC has a complete guide for those 41 want to apply to these contests. French

has the status of being the first official language for Olympic events and it was the language of

diplomacy（外交）in the beginning. But later, more countries considered 42 (participate)

in this contest. The IOC then made French and English the official languages of the Olympics.

43 (actual), more than 100 countries in the world speak English now. Besides,

almost every country has made 44 a must that children learn English in schools and

colleges. This 45 (influence) status has caused the IOC to make English one of the

official languages.

第三部分 写作（共两节，满分 **40**分）

第一节 （满分15分）

你校正在举办中国传统文化节活动，学校安排你担任英语解说员，向前来你校访问的外国朋友介绍此次活动的开展情况。请你写一篇解说词，内容包括：

1. 活动目的；
2. 活动内容；
3. 简短评论。

注意：

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

*Good morning, dear friends!*

*Welcome to our school!*

*Thank you for listening!*

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第9 页（共10 页）

第二节 （满分25分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

“Hurry up you guys, or you’ll be late for school!” called Mom. We dashed downstairs and

had a quick breakfast. I was eating my favorite—very sweet cereal, and Sara was having eggs. When I rose to have my bowl washed, mom whispered, “You know you need to be cautious

today when you’re walking Sara to school. It’s your job to assure me she gets there all right.”

Then she cast me a very serious look. I thought to myself, wondering why Mom was making such a big deal out of this. It was Sara’s first day of Kindergarten, but I could manage it. I wish Mom wouldn’t treat me like such a baby.

“Goodbye, Mom!” Sara yelled. She ran out the door, and I went behind her.

“Be careful!” my mom yelled.

“I will!” I said back and ran outside. Sara was skipping down the front walkway to the sidewalk.

I grabbed Sara’s hand. “Are you eager and excited for your first day of school?” I asked,

trying to sound like a grown-up. Sara smiled and nodded her head yes. Meanwhile, my mom was staring at us through the window. “When will she stop treating me like a little kid?” I thought. “I’ll show you the way.” I said. I felt proud to be the elder sister. We walked past beautiful gardens and big, leafy trees. Suddenly, I heard a growl and saw a dog walking towards us. He was big and fierce looking with long sharp teeth. “GRRRR!!!” the dog growled. I didn’t see its owner or anyone who could help us. My hand became sweaty and Sara stopped walking. “I’m scared, Julie,” she said. I didn’t want her to be scared. I wanted to seem brave. “Everything will be okay,” I said.

“GRRRR!!!” The dog stepped closer and we could see it was the size of a small

horse—with red eyes and sharp teeth.

注意：

1. 续写词数应为150左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

*I was trying to make my voice sound calm.* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*I told Mom what had happened.* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

高三第二次模拟考试 英语试题 第10 页（共10 页）