

# 南京市 2023 届高三年级第二次模拟考试

## 英语

2023.05

### 第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19.15.

B. £ 9.18.

C. £ 9.15.

答案是 C.

1. How does the woman sound?

A. Angry.

B. Worried.

C. Calm.

2. How much will the man pay?

A. \$95.

B. \$100.

C. \$105.

3. What will the man do next?

A. Direct the traffic.

B. Pick up his son.

C. Move his car.

4. What is Michelle sharing?

A. A healthy diet.

B. Future plans.

C. Life wisdom.

5. Why did the teacher fail to collect the homework last time?

A. He was ill.

B. He was busy.

C. He was forgetful.

#### 第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。听下面一段对话, 回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。

6. Where are the speakers?

A. On a bridge.

B. At a square.

C. In a studio.

7. What is the problem with the first picture?

A. It was taken in low light.

B. A stranger was in the picture.

C. The man chose a wrong angle.

听下面一段对话, 回答第 8 至第 10 三个小题。

8. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Mom and son.

B. Teacher and student.

C. Consultant and client.



9. What does the man find difficult at school?  
A. Looking for his classrooms.  
B. Fitting in with his new classmates.  
C. Catching up on his maths learning.

10. What does the man ask the woman to do?  
A. Prepare lunch for him.  
B. Help with his courses.  
C. Make an appointment.

听下面一段对话，回答第 11 至第 13 三个小题。

11. Who recommended the shoe shop to the woman?  
A. Her sales assistant.                      B. Her father.                      C. Her friend.
12. Which color does the woman choose?  
A. Dark brown.                      B. Light grey.                      C. Bright yellow.
13. What after-sales service does the shoe shop provide?  
A. One can enjoy ten-month free repair.  
B. One can return shoes within two weeks.  
C. One can exchange shoes within one year.

听下面一段对话，回答第 14 至第 17 四个小题。

14. What is the man's final destination?  
A. Chicago.                      B. Los Angeles.                      C. The Grand Canyon.
15. How will the man travel?  
A. By car.                      B. By coach.                      C. By plane.
16. Why does the man choose local hotels?  
A. To taste local beer.  
B. To feel cowboy culture.  
C. To collect some material.
17. What is the woman?  
A. A tour guide.                      B. A TV director.                      C. A show maker.

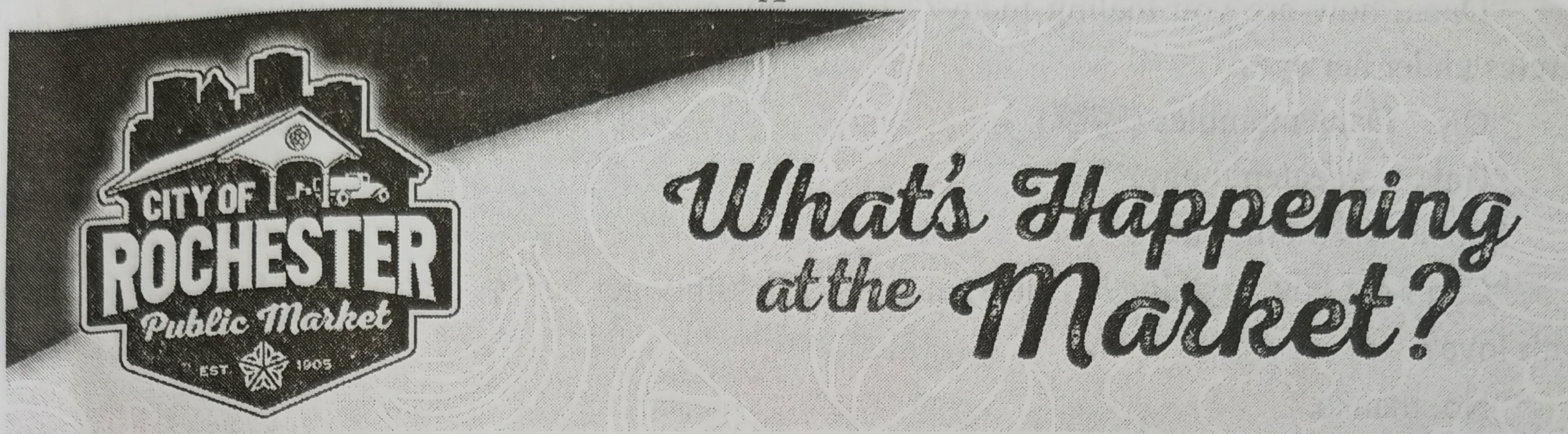
听下面一段独白，回答第 18 至第 20 三个小题。

18. What is the main attraction of green trains?  
A. The slow pace.  
B. Their online fame.  
C. A sense of the past.
19. Where can passengers take part in literary events?  
A. On train No. Z150.                      B. On train No. 5609.                      C. On train No. 5610.
20. What is the speaker mainly talking about?  
A. The popularity of rail trips.  
B. The development of transport.  
C. The transformation of train cars.



阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A



### Public Market Free-Admission Special Events

#### *FLOWER CITY DAYS*

The Flower City earns showcasing rights when the Rochester Public Market comes alive in May and June with its famous botanical sales—row upon row of annuals, evergreens, bushes and garden decorations. All available just in time for spring planting! Come with your garden questions and get answers from local master gardeners. Bring plant containers, and take some home through our give-take plant container exchange program!

#### *ARTIST ROW*

Artist Row is not just an average art show. With over 180 local artists, this event adds to the creativity of our community. Food and live music too, free admission! For more information, go to [www.artistrowrochester.com](http://www.artistrowrochester.com), contact (585) 428-7292 or e-mail [Marketfriends@marketfriends.org](mailto:Marketfriends@marketfriends.org).

#### *HOLIDAYS AT THE MARKET*

A long-held Rochester holiday tradition, Holidays at the Market, has a history of over 25 years. It features dozens of holiday-focused stands where you can hunt for all kinds of trees, holiday foods and gifts. Children in our neighborhood can also enjoy hay (干草) rides and cookie decorating.

#### *COMMUNITY YARD SALES*

Imagine dozens of yard sales, all lined up together so you don't have to drive from place to place. You need not imagine it because you can see it for yourself at the Market. An impressive range of collectables, like old furniture, wooden Victorian clocks and all those valuables! Cafes and shops open on the Market and in the surrounding Market District too. Free admission.

21. What can people do at *FLOWER CITY DAYS*?

- A. Enjoy some coffee free of charge.
- B. Acquire knowledge about gardening.
- C. Attend an art show with local artists.
- D. Purchase holiday decorations and gifts.

22. Which event best suits antique lovers?

- A. *FLOWER CITY DAYS*.
- C. *HOLIDAYS AT THE MARKET*.

B. *ARTIST ROW*.

D. *COMMUNITY YARD SALES*.



23. What's the purpose of these events?

A. To promote hand-made goods.

C. To encourage locals' creativity.

B. To advocate green market.

D. To enrich community life.

B

"Dana, how are you feeling today?" I ask, my eyes clocking her dirty uniform, and the dark circles under her eyes.

"OK," Dana mumbles (嘟囔).

"Have you eaten today?"

She nods. Another lie.

"Can I get you anything?" But what could I possibly get her? A bedroom of her own? A family with love?

"No, thanks."

Repeated absence from school recently. She has worn out teachers' patience. But I don't want to send her back to class. What use is it knowing all the square numbers and all the grammatical rules when she has to work out how to wash, cook and decide between feeding herself or her younger sister?

"A biscuit?" I offer. It works and Dana takes the biscuit I hand her.

I remember the first time I met Dana, the day after she locked herself in the house when her mum abandoned the family. I remember thinking how young she was to have built such a high wall around herself and how on earth I could possibly break through. As a social worker, it is my job to knock down such walls no matter how.

I know it would take more than a biscuit to ease out one of her bricks. But I will try.

"How are you feeling?" I push slightly, hoping the biscuit might have softened her.

"OK," she shrugs (耸肩). I'm about to change topics when her eyes rest on my arm.

"How does that feel, Mia?" Dana stares at me. The sleeve (袖子) of my blouse has rolled up, evidence of how deep I had put it into the biscuit can. A deep scar (伤疤) along my arm is obvious against my fair skin.

I roll my sleeve back down, "It's from a fire. It hurt. But everything will be OK when you think it's OK."

Dana pauses (停顿) and picks up another biscuit. In that instant, I know something has changed in the room and we might actually be OK.

24. Why is Dana often absent from school?

A. Because she is slow at schoolwork.

B. Because she is struggling with life.

C. Because she locks herself at home.

D. Because she desires Mia's attention.

25. What do we know about Mia?

A. She is eager to remove her scar.

B. She is a demanding social worker.

C. She awakens Dana's hope for future.

D. She improves kid-parent relationship.



26. What does the ending of the text imply?
- A. Mia gains a better understanding of Dana.
  - B. The room is full of happiness and harmony.
  - C. Troubled teens require family care and support.
  - D. A close bond is forming between Mia and Dana.

27. What is a suitable title for the text?

- A. OK
- B. Biscuits
- C. A white lie
- D. A deep scar

C

As any cat owner will tell you, talking to your cat is totally normal. And even though feline (猫) friends may seem distant to these adoring talks, a new study in *Animal Cognition* suggests they are really listening.

Researchers in France exposed house cats to recordings of their owner or a stranger saying phrases in cat- or human-directed speech. Like baby talk, cat-directed speech is typically higher pitched with short, repetitive phrases. The team found that felines tended to react to their owner speaking in cat-directed speech—but not to their owner speaking in adult tones or to a stranger using either adult- or cat-directed speech.

Previous research had shown similar findings in dogs, but much less is known when it comes to cats. “Some people still consider cats independent—you cannot have a real relationship with cats,” says lead study author Charlotte Mouzon, a cat behaviorist at the University of Paris Nanterre. Some people might be embarrassed about using special vocalizations for cats, she says, but this research shows “people shouldn’t be ashamed.”

Mouzon and her team recorded 16 cat owners saying such as “Do you want to play?” or “Do you want a treat?” in cat- and human-directed speech. Then they filmed each cat before, during and after playing it a series of recordings of its owner and other owners’ speech. The researchers used software to rate the cats’ reactions from multiple dimensions, making the result more convincing.

“Although cats have a reputation for ignoring their owners, a growing body of research indicates that cats pay close attention to humans,” says Kristyn Vitale, a cat behavior scientist at Unity College in Maine, who was not involved in the study. “Cats can learn that specific speech has certain meanings.” But she notes the study is too small and that future work is needed to expand the research to other cat populations.

28. According to paragraph 2, what do house cats respond obviously to?

- A. The owner’s cat-directed tone.
- B. A stranger’s human-directed talks.
- C. A stranger’s cat-directed recordings.
- D. The owner’s human-directed speech.

29. What does the underlined word “vocalization” mean in paragraph 3?

- A. Strategies.
- B. Trainings.
- C. Sounds.
- D. Rhymes.



30. What makes Mouzon's findings more reliable?
- A. Continuous filming of cats' responses.
  - B. Comprehensive analyses backed by software.
  - C. Multi-dimensional evaluations of cats' habits.
  - D. Further reference to previous studies on dogs.

31. What is the limitation of Mouzon's research?

- A. Lack of sample types.
- B. Absence of owners' support.
- C. Absence of scientific tools.
- D. Lack of experts' involvement.

**D**

Cars powered by batteries made from seawater and planes fueled by ammonia (氨) will become common over the next 10 years, Bill David, a professor of materials chemistry has predicted.

Most batteries for electric cars and smartphones are powered by lithium (锂), which has to be mined, but David thinks that they will be overtaken by batteries made from sodium (钠), which can be obtained from seawater and salt. The future of air travel could also be greener thanks to biofuels.

David said: "We are developing an ammonia-based plane. In principle, we can improve on an Airbus A320 or a Boeing 787 and essentially replace jet fuel with ammonia."

David said that batteries could, at first, combine sodium and lithium, as sodium was not quite as powerful as lithium but is much more sufficient. "It's not quite perfect in terms of performance, so we need both," David said. "Sodium is on the way up and most electric cars have had a combination of lithium and sodium batteries in them. My estimate is that by 2040 I would not be surprised if there were ten times more sodium batteries than lithium ones, maybe even 100 times."

The first generation of mass-produced sodium batteries has been used for an electric car for the first time. Sodium will not be the final answer to eco-friendly air travel, however, which is why David's team is looking into the use of ammonia. Some companies are looking into whether jet fuel can be replaced with hydrogen, but David sees ammonia as more sustainable. He said: "If you do the sums, then at 500mph you get the same amount of power as jet fuel, but just 40 per cent of the range. However, even with the range hit, a 787 could still go from London to New York."

However, a report from the Royal Society on net-zero aviation, which David co-wrote, says that replacing jet fuel with biofuel would require half of the agricultural land in the UK.

32. What is an advantage of sodium batteries?

- A. Their performance is easy to improve.
- B. Their raw material is easily accessible.
- C. They are widely applied to various vehicles.
- D. They are more powerful than other batteries.

33. According to David, which is ideal for future electric cars?

- A. Lithium battery.
- B. Sodium battery.
- C. Hydrogen fuel.
- D. Ammonia fuel.



34. What is paragraph 5 mainly about?

- A. Hydrogen casts a light on jet fuel market.
- B. Electric car makers favor sodium batteries.
- C. Ammonia features sustainability and practicability.
- D. Companies have mass-produced recycled batteries.

35. What's David's attitude to replacing jet fuel with biofuel?

- A. Tolerant.
- B. Unclear.
- C. Cautious.
- D. Doubtful.

**第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)**

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

If you've studied biology, you've probably learned about blood types. Or perhaps you have learned something about blood types from social media. 36 These letters correspond to two antigens (抗原), A and B. People with AB blood have both antigens, those with A or B have only one, and people with O have no antigens at all.

37 If you've had a blood transfusion (输血), you are probably aware that your blood type determines which blood you can receive. Maybe you'll think that you should plan your meals based on your blood type. 38 This last concept is popular in Asia, particularly in South

Korea. Someone with type-A blood is thought to be considerate but shy. People with type-B blood are known for being creative but odd. Type-O individuals are considered to be some of the most sociable people. Those with type-AB are sensible artists, but sometimes calculating or unpredictable.

South Korea is one place where the blood type personality theory catches on. A study released in 2017 suggests that nearly 60% South Koreans believe that blood types serve as an indicator of a person's personality. 39

But such theory can also cause discrimination. In the above-mentioned study, about half of the respondents said that they like people with type-O blood the best. 40 The general belief was that type-O individuals have a personality that best fits the culture in South Korea, while AB-types don't suit such a cultural outlook. As a result, in recent years, many media have stopped promoting the theory.

- A. Many factors contribute to your blood type.
- B. So, what does blood type mean to you personally?
- C. Meanwhile, only 6% of those surveyed said they like AB-types.
- D. They have a large social circle but are very easy to get annoyed.
- E. Or perhaps you think your blood type influences your personality.
- F. Even those that don't agree with the concept are familiar with the idea.
- G. Either way, you'll know there are four main blood types: A, B, O, and AB.



### 第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

#### 第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Sean looked at his father, who was standing confidently at the helm (舵). Sean couldn't 41 all of the sailing terms father taught him. He hated to ask, but pushed himself anyway, "Which way are we turning?", anticipating father's 42. "We're coming about," his father said 43.

Suddenly, the sky turned grey and the wind began blowing wildly. "Sean, take the helm." father called. Sean 44. He didn't want to, but he also didn't want to see father's 45 look. "Uh ... sure," Sean replied.

"Just keep her going straight. I'll check something." Sean 46 the helm from time to time. Now the 47 wind changed its direction, catching him off guard. The boat 48, leaving ropes and nets slipping to the opposite side. "Dad!" Sean cried, but the wind swallowed (吞没) his 49. Sean didn't see his father as the sail blocked his 50.

Then he saw his father in the water! Sean 51 the rope that his father had used to teach him sailing knots (结) now to save his father.

As he 52 the trick father taught him, he formed the knot and pulled it tight. He quickly tied the other 53 onto the boat, then threw the rope to his father. After climbing back, his father said, "You 54 my life, son." Sean felt a rush of 55 and pride, smiling.

- |                   |              |                  |                  |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. revise     | B. choose    | C. translate     | D. remember      |
| 42. A. approval   | B. response  | C. encouragement | D. understanding |
| 43. A. repeatedly | B. sadly     | C. firmly        | D. politely      |
| 44. A. refused    | B. cheered   | C. waved         | D. hesitated     |
| 45. A. blank      | B. curious   | C. pained        | D. disappointed  |
| 46. A. grasped    | B. righted   | C. shifted       | D. missed        |
| 47. A. calm       | B. fresh     | C. soft          | D. strong        |
| 48. A. tipped     | B. stopped   | C. sank          | D. floated       |
| 49. A. anger      | B. complaint | C. voice         | D. body          |
| 50. A. view       | B. way       | C. action        | D. thought       |
| 51. A. packed up  | B. wound up  | C. reached for   | D. wished for    |
| 52. A. recorded   | B. recited   | C. shared        | D. explained     |
| 53. A. end        | B. side      | C. net           | D. rope          |
| 54. A. saved      | B. changed   | C. defined       | D. shaped        |
| 55. A. puzzle     | B. relief    | C. guilt         | D. gratitude     |

#### 第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China National Traditional Orchestra (乐团) launched its youth theater group in Beijing on Sunday. At the opening, centering around "Bringing Chinese stories to the world", the group's new productions and touring plans for this year 56 (announce).

In January, the orchestra, QFun Theater and Guangzhou Opera House coproduced a children's



play *Ben Cao Gang Mu*. From this cooperation, the orchestra and QFun Theater decided to create a youth theater group, \_\_\_\_\_ 57 \_\_\_\_\_ (aim) to integrate Chinese traditional music with theater and tell Chinese stories \_\_\_\_\_ 58 \_\_\_\_\_ the angle of children and teenagers.

The young members of the newly \_\_\_\_\_ 59 \_\_\_\_\_ (establish) theater group performed *Ben Cao Gang Mu* at the event, as well as poetry recital *A Spring Morning* and choir singing *Looking for the Moon*. "Art can help children open up their curiosity and \_\_\_\_\_ 60 \_\_\_\_\_ (imagine). I hope there will be a place where children's creativity can be \_\_\_\_\_ 61 \_\_\_\_\_ (true) inspired and exercised. That is \_\_\_\_\_ 62 \_\_\_\_\_ we decided to establish this youth theater group," said Zhao Cong, head of the orchestra.

This year, the theater group plans to launch \_\_\_\_\_ 63 \_\_\_\_\_ international tour to bring *Ben Cao Gang Mu* to the world. The group's new \_\_\_\_\_ 64 \_\_\_\_\_ (origin) play *The Book of Odes*, combining traditional Chinese music and magic tricks, will also be produced later this year. Now all the members \_\_\_\_\_ 65 \_\_\_\_\_ (prepare) hard for their play.

#### 第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

##### 第一节（满分 15 分）

假定你是校学生会主席李华，外教 Mike 被评为本学期“最受欢迎教师”。请写一份颁奖词，内容包括：

1. 回顾 Mike 的工作；
2. 简述他获奖的理由。

注意：

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右；
2. 结束语已为你写好，不计字数；
3. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear all,

Now let's welcome our principal to present this award to Mike!



## 第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Bob and I hung out the whole summer, running in the field, swimming in the lake and exploring everywhere joyfully.

It was a typical summer afternoon. Bob suggested we skip a language lesson to play basketball. Aha! I would show my defense, lay-ups and three-point shooting. I loved to explore, I loved sports, and I loved basketball most. I believed I would be the next LeBron James.

But my passion for sports came to a sudden stop when I began experiencing extreme back pain later that day. After several visits to doctors, finally I was told that a spine (脊柱) surgery was necessary. Unfortunately, the surgery accidentally damaged my spinal cord (脊髓). I was in the ward hanging face down to relieve the pressure on my spine.

After four-month rehabilitation training (康复训练) in hospital, reality slowly set in—I was unable to walk again. I couldn't believe this should have happened to me, that it wasn't possible to recover, that I wouldn't become a famous basketball player, that my life as I had known it, was over. My future would be chained to a wheelchair. I was just 16 years old!

Back home, I learned how hard it was going to be to get around in a wheelchair. I withdrew from my friends and my basketball. At Bob's repeated invitation, I agreed to go to our regular swimming hole. Unable to make it down the riverbank alone, I was too proud to ask for help. When I finally realized my pride would keep me away from people and sports I loved, I let Bob carry me on his back to the river's edge.

Allowing others to help was a turning point. I realized my attitude was the biggest barrier I had to face. How could I expect others to see my potential if I didn't see it myself? How could I realize my basketball dream if I withdrew into myself?

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

One day, Bob took me to a wheelchair basketball game.

With Bob's encouragement, I decided to have a try at my dream.