

高考3500单词巧学巧记和精讲精练 -2



*Keep up the
Work*

—— 结构法记单词 1-2

结构法记单词-1

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高考词汇精讲

act串记

act

/ækt/

v./n. 行动； 表演

[记] a + c + t 头 + 弯腰 + 走 → 开始行动
或跑步的样子

[例] act for sb

action

/'ækʃən/

n. 行动

[记] act + ion 行动 + 名词后缀

[例] take action

actor

/'æktə(r)/

n. 男演员

[记] act + or 表演 + 人

[例] a well-known actor

actress

/'æktrɪs/

n. 女演员

[记] act + ress 表演 + 女性

[例] a pretty actress

act串记

active

/ˈæktɪv/

adj.活泼的；积极的

[记] act + ive 行动 + (多)的

[例] active girls

actually

/ˈæktʃuəli/

adv.实际上

[记] actual + ly 实际的 + 副词后缀

[例] Actually nothing happened.

actual

/ˈæktʃuəl/

adj.实际的

[记] act + (u)al 行动 + 的 → 用行动表现出来 → 实际的

[例] the actual situation

fact

/fækt/

n.事实

[记] f + act 女人 + 行动 → 已成“事实”

[例] deny a fact

act串记

react	/rɪ'ækt/
	v. 反应

[记] re + act 相反 + 行动 → 对行动有“反应”

[例] react at once

reaction	/rɪ'ækʃən/
	n. 反应

[记] react + ion 反应 + 名词后缀

[例] his immediate reaction to the news

air串记

air

/eə(r)/

*n.*空气；空中

[例] take in fresh air

aircraft

/'eəkrɑ:ft/

*n.*飞机

[记] air + craft 空中 + 航空器

[例] produce a huge aircraft

airline

/'eəlaɪn/

*n.*航线；航空公司

[记] air + line 空中 + 线

[例] China Eastern Airlines

airmail

/'eəmeɪl/

*n.*航空邮件

[记] air + mail 航空 + 邮件

[例] send a letter by airmail

air串记

airport

/ˈeəpɔ:t/

***n.* 机场； 空港**

[记] air + port 航空 + 港口

[例] enlarge an airport

airplane

/ˈeəpleɪn/

***n.* 飞机**

[记] air + plane 空中 + 飞机
[缩] plane

airspace

/ˈeəspeɪs/

***n.* 空域**

[记] air + space 空中 + 空间

[例] defend our airspace

able串记

able

/ˈeɪbl/

*adj.*能干的，有能力的

[例] be able to do sth

disabled

/ˌdɪsˈeɪblɪd/

*adj.*残疾的

[记] dis + able 不 + 能够的

[例] care about the disabled

ability

/əˈbɪləti/

*n.*能力

[记] abl(e) + ility 能干的 + 性质

[例] a man of strong abilities

disability

/dɪsəˈbɪləti/

*n.*残疾(人)

[记] dis + ability 没 + 能力 @

[例] Don't look down upon Tom's disability.

enable

/ɪ'neɪbl/

vt.使能够

[记] en + able 使 + 有能力的

[例] enable sb to do sth

unable

/ʌn'eɪbl/

adj.不能的

[记] un + able 不 + 能够的

[例] be unable to do sth

academy

/ə'kædəmi/

n. 学院； 研究院

[例] the Chinese Academy of Sciences

academic

/ækə'dæmɪk/

adj. 学术的

[记] academ(y)+ic学院+的

[例] academic achievements

access串记

access

/ˈækses/

n. 接近；使用

[记] ac+cess加强+走→可以“接近”

[例] have access to a library

accessible

/ək'sesəbl/

adj. 易接近的

[记] access+ible接近+可以的

[例] The Internet is accessible to anybody.

count串记

count

/kaʊnt/

v. 数, 计算

[例] count from 1 to 100 [关]discount

counter

/'kaʊntə/

n. 柜台

[记] count+er数(钱)+地方

[例] at a fashion counter

county

/'kaʊnti/

n. 县

[记] count+y数+名词后缀→县很多,
要一个个地数

[例] a county government

country

/'kʌntri/

n. 国家; 乡村

[记] count+ry数+后缀→国家比县大,
所以count后多出一个r

count串记

countryside

/'kʌntrisaɪd/

***n.* 农村**

[记] **country + side** 国家 + 边 → 国家的边上 是农村

[例] **in the countryside**

account

/ə'kaʊnt/

***n.* 账户**

[记] **ac + count** 加强 + 计算 → 账户

[例] **open a bank account**

accountant

/ə'kaʊntənt/

***n.* 会计**

[记] **account + ant** 账户 + 人 → 管账户的人 → 会计

[例] **a careful accountant**

accuracy串记

accuracy

/ˈækjərəsɪ/

***n.*精确(性)**

[记] ac+cur+(a)cy加强+注意+名词
后缀→特别注意细微之处→精确

accurate

/ˈækjərət/

***adj.*精确的**

[例] **Accurate design helps to avoid
waste of raw materials.**

accurately

/ˈækjərətli/

***adv.*精确地**

[记] **accurate+ly**精确+地

[例] **count the cost accurately**

achieve

/ə'tʃi:v/

v. 获得； 达到

[例] **achieve an admirable success**

achievement

/ə'tʃi:vmənt/

n. 成绩； 成就

[记] **achieve + ment** 获得 + 后缀

[例] **make a great achievement**

accuse串记

accuse

/ə'kju:z/

vt. 控告

[记] ac + cuse 加强 + 原因 → 拿出很多原因 → 控告

[例] **accuse sb of doing sth**

excuse

/ɪk'skju:z/

vt. 原谅

[记] ex + cuse 出 + 原因 → 给出原因 → 原谅

[例] **excuse me for a while**

acquire串记

acquire

/ə'kwaɪə/

v. 获得；学到

[记] ac + quire 加强 + 询问 → 学到

[例] acquire book knowledge

require

/rɪ'kwaɪə/

vt. 要求

[记] re + quire 一再 + 问 → 要求

[例] require full attention

requirement

/rɪ'kwaɪəmənt/

n. 要求

[记] require + ment 要求 + 名词后缀

[例] a minimum requirement

acquire串记

inquire

/ɪn'kwaɪə/

v. 询问

[记] in + quire 进去 + 询问

[例] inquire about the arrival time of a plane

**inquiry
(enquiry)**

/ɪn'kwaɪəri/

n. 询问

[例] an inquiry office

question串记

question

/'kwestʃən/

***n.*问题 *vt.*质问**

[记] quest + ion 问 + 名词后缀

[例] ask a question

questionnaire

/ˌkwestʃə'neə/

***n.*调查表**

[记] question + naire 问题 + 东西

[例] fill in a questionnaire

request

/rɪ'kwest/

***v./n.*请求; 要求**

[记] re + quest 重复 + 问 → 请求

[例] request Jane to get up at 5

round串记

round

/raʊnd/

adj. 圆的

[记] ro + un + d 手抱着球 + 上下滚动 + 坐下来 → 圆形的

[例] a round face

around

/ə'raʊnd/

prep. 围绕 *adv.* 四周

[记] a + round 在 + 圆的(周围)

[例] sit around a table

surround

/sə'raʊnd/

v. 包围

[记] sur + round 超越 + 圆的(周围) → 包围

[例] surround enemies

surrounding

/sə'raʊndɪŋ/

n./adj. 周围(的)

[记] surround + ing 包围 + 名词后缀

[例] surrounding areas



高考词汇精练

1. 根据提示写出单词的正确形式

1. achieve v.获得; 达到

2. achievement n.成绩; 成就

3. accuse vt.控告

4. excuse vt.原谅

5. access n.接近; 使用

6. accessible adj.易接近的

7. require vt.要求

8. requirement n.要求

9. react v.反应

10. reaction n.反应

11. act v./n.行动; 表演

12. action n.行动

13. active adj.活泼的; 积极的

14. surround v.包围

15. surrounding n./adj.周围(的)

16. request v./n.请求; 要求

17. acquire v.获得; 学到

18. ability n.能力

19. actual adj.实际的

20. actress n.女演员

II. 写出单词的正确含义

1. aircraft *n.* 飞机

2. airline *n.* 航线; 航空公司

3. enable *vt.* 使能够

4. disabled *adj.* 残疾的

5. disability *n.* 残疾

6. question *n.* 问题

7. count *v.* 数; 计算

8. counter *n.* 柜台

9. account *n.* 账户

10. accountant *n.* 会计

11. accuracy *n.* 精确(性)

12. accurate *adj.* 精确的

13. inquire *v.* 询问

14. inquiry(enquiry) *n.* 询问

15. academy *n.* 学院; 研究院

16. academic *adj.* 学术的

III. 单词活用

1. Only in this way can students take an **active** _____ (积极的) part in class and after-class activities and achieve all-round development.
2. Mr. Hill has a **disability** _____ (残疾) pension from the government, because he lost a leg while he was in the army.
3. In my opinion, as a student, we should make good use of iPod to help achieve **academic** _____ (学术的) success.
4. Tom is now working as a volunteer in a remote Indian village school, which is only **accessible** _____ (易接近的) by boat.
5. **account** _____ (账户) red in the regulations that you should not tell other people the password of your e-mail _____.
6. While working out the problem, you should pay more attention to the **accuracy** _____ (精确).

IV. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

1. She reacted (react) sensibly to the netizens on the matter.
2. As a matter of fact, it is health that counts (count).
3. Evidently, realizing this difference and trying to shorten this gap are the key to achieving (achieve) our accomplishment.
4. The woman accused (accuse) of killing three students has been arrested in Nevada.
5. They told me concentrating in class is necessary and acquiring (acquire) a habit of reading is quite important.

IV. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

6. Remember that we **are required** (require) to write an article about a plant which we are most interested in.
7. It shames me to say it, but I told a lie when **questioned** (question) at the meeting.
8. It **is requested** (request) that people (should) not smoke in the public places.
9. With so many trees and flowers **surrounding** (surround) it, the school looks very nice.

V. 单句语法填空

1. The message conveyed here is clear: “_____ **Actions** (act)speak louder than words.”
2. I'm sure that with efforts from both sides, the situation will be improved and we will _____ **actually** _____ (actual)be independent.
3. _____ **In** _____ fact, I didn't realize its importance until I was chosen monitor of my class in my senior middle school.
4. Concentrating on English will enable you _____ **to master** (master)the language.
5. I would like to see everyone have access _____ **to** _____ the serious situation.
6. Supported by the book, some parents and their children have made _____ **a** _____ great achievement.
7. The ability _____ **to express** (express)an idea is as important as the idea itself.

结构法记单词-2

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高考词汇精讲

d) Jeżeli podmiot wielowypowiedziowy nie posiada wyrażenia określającego, że jest to podmiot wielowypowiedziowy, to należy go traktować jako podmiot pojedynczy lub mnogą, w zależności od formy liczby podmiotu.

– jeżeli składnikami podmiotu są wyrazy określające stan, to należy je traktować jako podmiot pojedynczy lub mnogą, w zależności od formy liczby podmiotu.

A z B + orzeczenie w liczbie mnogiej
Ojciec z synem cały dzień pracowali na działce.

A z B + orzeczenie w liczbie pojedynczej
Ojciec z synem cały dzień pracował na działce.

– jeżeli składnikami podmiotu są wyrazy określające stan, to należy je traktować jako podmiot pojedynczy lub mnogą, w zależności od formy liczby podmiotu.

Pani z pieskiem zatrzymała się przed wystawą.

– jeżeli oboma składnikami podmiotu są wyrazy określające stan, to należy je traktować jako podmiot pojedynczy lub mnogą, w zależności od formy liczby podmiotu.

Szafa z łóżkiem stanowiły jedyną wyposażenie pokoju.

choć orzeczenie w liczbie pojedynczej nie jest wystawiane.

Aza ze szczepieniami leżała pod stołem.

add串记

add	/æd/
	v.加

[记] a + d + d 朝前(看) + 一条狗 + 又一条狗 → 增加

[例] add some oil

addition	/ə'dɪʃən/
	n.加; 加法

[记] add + (i)tion 加 + 名词后缀

[例] in addition

additional	/ə'dɪʃənəl/
	adj.附加的

[记] addition + al 加 + 的

[例] additional requirements

address	/ə'dres/
	n.地址

[记] ad + dress 加 + 衣服 → 能加衣服的地方通常是自己的住址 → 地址

[例] address book

adapt串记

adapt

/ə'dæpt/

v.使适应；改编

[记] ad + apt 加强 + 适合的

[例] adapt oneself to a new environment

adaptation

/ədæp'teɪʃən/

n.适应；改编

[记] adapt + ation 适应 + 名词后缀

[例] rapid adaptation to the climate

adjust串记

adjust

/ə'dʒʌst/

v. 调整

[记] ad + just 加强 + 正当的 → 加强正当性使之合理 → 调整

[例] adjust temperature

adjustment

/ə'dʒʌstmənt/

n. 调整

[记] adjust + ment 调整 + 名词后缀

[例] make a proper adjustment

admire串记

admire

/əd'maɪə/

v. 羡慕

[记] ad + mire 加 + 烂泥 → 嫉妒别人漂亮，巴不得往其脸上加把烂泥 → 羡慕

admirable

/'ædmərəbl/

adj. 令人羡慕的

[记] admir(e) + able 羡慕 + 可以的

[例] admirable achievement

admit串记

admit

/əd'mɪt/

v. 允许进入；承认

[记] ad + mit 加强 + 走 → 允许进入

[例] admit 5,000 students

admission

/əd'mɪʃən/

n. 允许进入；录取

[记] admi(t) + (s)sion 允许进入 + 后缀

[例] an admission ticket

permit

/pə'mɪt/

vt. 许可

[记] per + mit 全部 + 放出 → 许可

[例] permit sb to do sth
[关] permission

submit

/səb'mɪt/

vi. 服从 *vt.* 递交

[记] sub + mit 在下 + 走 → 从下面走上来
→ 递交

[例] submit a report

adolescence串记

adolescence

/ˌædəˈlesns/

n. 青春期

[记] **adole + scence** 成人(**adult**) + 景象(**scene**)

[例] **impulse in adolescence**

adolescent

/ˌædəˈlesnt/

adj. 青春期的; 青少年的

[例] **adolescent passion**

advance串记

advance

/əd'vɑːns/

n./vi. 前进; 进步

[记] ad + van + ce 加 + 车 → 前行 → 前进

[例] two days in advance

advantage

/əd'vɑːntɪdʒ/

n. 优势

[记] advan(ce) + (t)age 进步 + 名词后缀
→ 优势

[反] disadvantage

advice串记

advice

/əd'vaɪs/

n. 忠告; 建议

[记] ad + vice 加 + 副职 → 提供建议

[例] a piece of advice [同] suggestion

advise

/əd'vaɪz/

v. 劝告

[例] advise sb to do sth [同] persuade

affect串记

affect

/ə'fekt/

v.(不好的)影响

[记] af + **fect**加强 + 做 → 影响

[例] **affect health** [同] **influence**

affection

/ə'fekʃən/

n.喜爱

[记] **affect** + **ion**影响 + 名词后缀 → 爱的力量影响最大 → 喜爱 [同] **love**

after

/ˈɑːftə/

prep.(时间、动作)在
……之后

[例] **after two days, run after a mouse**
[反] **before**

afterwards

/ˈɑːftəwədz/

adv.后来

[记] **after + wards**在……之后 + 朝
[例] **afterwards catch up**

agree串记

agree

/ə'gri:/

vi. 同意

[例] agree with sb [反]disagree

agreement

/ə'gri:mənt/

n. 同意；一致；协议

[例] in agreement with sth
[反]disagreement

aggressive

/ə'gresɪv/

adj. 侵略的

[记] ag + gress + ive 加强 + 走 + 的 → 侵略的

[例] start an aggressive war

progress

/'prəʊgres/

n. 进步

[记] pro + gress 前进 + 走 → 进步

[例] make rapid progress

altitude串记

altitude

/'æltɪtʃuːd/

n.(海拔)高度

[记] alti+tude高+名词后缀→高度

[例] at the altitude of 15,000 metres

attitude

/'ætɪtʃuːd/

n.态度

[记] 与altitude相近，从高度到态度

[例] a friendly attitude towards
strangers

anger串记

anger

/'æŋgə/

n. 怒气

[记] 谐音“暗干”→暗地里对着干是因为有“怒气”

[例] **control one's anger**

angry

/'æŋgri/

adj. 愤怒的

[记] **ang(e)r + y** 怒气 + 的

[例] **be angry with sb**

angrily

/'æŋgrəli/

adv. 愤怒地

[记] **angr(y) + ly** 愤怒 + 地

[例] **shout towards the sky angrily**

apology串记

apology

/ə'pɒlədʒi/

*n.*道歉

[记] apo离开+logy→退后一步说→道歉

[例] make an apology to sb

apologize

/ə'pɒlədʒaɪz/

*vi.*道歉

[记] apolog(y)+ize道歉+动词后缀

[例] apologize to Tom for rude speech

appear串记

appear

/ə'piə/

vi. 出现

[记] ap + pear 谐音 “阿婆” + 梨 → 阿婆看见梨子 “出现了”

[关] appearance

disappear

/ˌdɪsə'piə/

vi. 消失

[记] dis + appear 不 + 出现

[例] disappear in the distance

angle串记

angle

/ˈæŋɡl/

*n.*角；角度

[例] from different angles

triangle

/ˈtraɪˈæŋɡl/

*n.*三角形

[记] tri + angle 三 + 角

[例] measure the three sides of a triangle

rectangle

/ˈrektæŋɡl/

*n.*长方形

[记] rect + angle 直 + 角 → 四个角都是直角 → 长方形

[例] draw a rectangle

apply串记

apply

/ə'plaɪ/

v. 申请

[记] **ap** + **ply** 加强 + 重叠 → 申请表叠成几层 → 申请

[例] **apply to Harvard University**

applicant

/'æplɪkənt/

n. 申请人

[记] **applic** + **ant** 申请 + 人

[例] **choose one from one thousand applicants**

application

/,æplɪ'keɪʃən/

n. 申请

[记] **applic** + **ation** 申请 + 名词后缀

[例] **fill in/out an application form**

appreciate串记

appreciate

/ə'pri:ʃieɪt/

vt. 欣赏；感谢

[记] ap + preci + ate 加强 + 价值 + 后缀
→ 欣赏

[例] appreciate a photo

appreciation

/ə, pri:ʃi'eɪʃən/

n. 欣赏；感激

[记] appreciat(e) + ion 欣赏 + 后缀

[例] express high appreciation

range串记

range

/reɪndʒ/

n. 一排; 范围

[例] a wide range of choices

arrange

/ə'reɪndʒ/

vt. 安排; 排列

[记] ar + range 加强 + 安排

[例] arrange for a meeting

arrangement

/ə'reɪndʒmənt/

n. 安排

[记] arrange + ment 安排 + 名词后缀

[例] make necessary arrangements

arch串记

arch

/ɑ:tʃ/

*n.*拱门

[记] arc+h弧形+门→拱门

[例] build a beautiful arch

architect

/'ɑ:kɪtekt/

*n.*建筑师

[记] arch+i+tect拱门+人+盖→构造拱门的人→建筑师

architecture

/'ɑ:kɪtektʃə/

*n.*建筑学；建筑风格

[记] architect+ure建筑师+名词后缀

[例] Roman architecture



高考词汇精练

1. 根据提示写出单词的正确形式

1. attitude *n.*态度
2. advice *n.*忠告; 建议
3. advise *v.*劝告
4. affect *v.*(不好的)影响
5. arrange *vt.*安排; 排列
6. arrangement *n.*安排
7. anger *n.*怒气
8. angry *adj.*愤怒的
9. admit *v.*允许进入; 承认
10. adjust *v.*调整
11. adjustment *n.*调整
12. admire *v.*羡慕

13. adapt *v.*使适应; 改编
14. appreciate *vt.*欣赏; 感谢
15. agree *vi.*同意
16. agreement *n.*同意, 一致; 协议
17. apologize *vi.*道歉
18. apology *n.*道歉
19. advance *vi.*前进, 进步
20. advantage *n.*优势
21. addition *n.*加; 加法
22. additional *adj.*附加的
23. permit *vt.*许可
24. progress *n.*进步

II. 写出单词的正确含义

1. adaptation *n.* 适应；改编

2. applicant *n.* 申请人

3. application *n.* 申请

4. admission *n.* 允许进入；录取

5. appreciation *n.* 欣赏；感激

6. submit *vi.* 服从；递交

7. adolescence *n.* 青春期

8. adolescent *adj.* 青春期的；青少年的

9. architect *n.* 建筑师

10. architecture *n.* 建筑学

11. angle *n.* 角；角度

12. affection *n.* 喜爱

13. aggressive *adj.* 侵略的

14. admirable *adj.* 令人羡慕的

15. range *n.* 一排；范围

16. address *n.* 地址

17. altitude *n.* (海拔)高度

III. 根据语境写出所给单词的正确形式

1. Last night, I watched a play, an adaptation (adapt) of a classic novel by Bernard Shaw.
2. They have decided to make a few adjustments (adjust) to their travelling plan.
3. The young man, who by then had gained admission (admit) to a university, decided to do some part-time jobs to gain more practical experience.
4. If you are interested, please send an application (apply) email at your earliest convenience.
5. Would you please give us some suggestions on the arrangement (arrange) for it?

IV. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

1. There were several new events added (add) to the programs for the Olympic Games.
2. While I was admiring (admire) the new building, I heard someone calling my name.
3. Zhou Yang is anxious to know the result of the exam, for he's eager to be admitted (admit) into the university.
4. I submitted (submit) the completed projects for the manager yesterday.
5. He advised buying (buy) more green vegetables.
6. We all agreed to strengthen (strengthen) the cooperation between our two parties.
7. Victor apologized (apologize) to me for his not being able to inform me of the change in the plan.
8. Some traffic lights are arranged (arrange) scientifically, so they don't wait too long before they can cross the road.

V. 选词填空

make great progress in, make an apology, in advance, in agreement with, adapt...into...

1. The famous novel, written by him, has **been adapted into** a film.
2. Under our teacher's careful guidance, we finished our homework **in advance**.
3. Some schools will have to make adjustments **in agreement with** the national soccer reform.
4. I have **made great progress in** my studies with the help of my teachers.
5. I must **make an apology** to him for not going to his party.

VI. 单句写作

1. 此外，你应该尊敬无私帮助你获得许多知识的所有老师。(in addition)

In addition, you should respect all the teachers who unselfishly help you to gain much knowledge.

2. 可是，我认为你会很快适应，尽管天气与食物都与你们那里不同。(adjust)

However, I think that you will quickly adjust to them although the weather and the food are different from yours.

3. 天气允许的话，我们明天去郊游。(permit, 独立主格)

Weather permitting, we will go for an outing tomorrow.

4. 他的饮食的优势是包含充足的维生素和纤维。(The advantage is that...)

The advantage of his diet is that it contains plenty of vitamin and fibre.

VI. 单句写作

5. 你应该接受他让你少吃肉的建议。(take one's advice that)

You should take his advice that you(should)eat less meat.

6. 我是李华，三年级二班的学生，我写信想申请当一名学生志愿者。(apply for)

I'm Li Hua, a student from Class 2, Grade 3. I'm writing to apply for the position as a student volunteer.

7. 如果你能到机场接我，我将不胜感激。(I'd appreciate it if)

I'd appreciate it if you can meet me at the airport.

I love to remember in this way!

