**2023年春季湖北省部分高中联考协作体期中考试**

**高二英语试卷**

**命题学校: 天门市育贤学校 命题教师: 李婵 万方元 金雨芬**

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**考试时间: 2023年4月12日14:30-16:30 试卷满分: 150分**

**★祝考试顺利★**

**注意事项:**

**1. 本试卷由四个部分组成。其中, 第一、二部分和第三部分的第一节为选择题。第三部分的第二节和第四部分为非选择题。**

**2. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。**

**3. 回答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂糕; 用0.5毫米黑色签字笔回答非选择题, 将答案写在答题卡上, 写在本试卷上无效。**

**4. 考试结束后, 将试题卷和答题卡一并交回。**

**第I卷（共95分）**

**第一部分听力（共两节, 满分30分）**

**做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。**

**第一节（共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分）**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是C。

1. Where is Alice's sister now?

A. In Chicago. B. In London. C. In New York.

2. How does the woman think of the cake?

A. It's cheap. B. It's bad. C. It's delicious.

3. What's wrong with the man?

A. He was late. B. He came early. C. He went to the wrong room.

4. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a movie theater. B. In a library. C. On a bus.

5. What is the woman going to do?

A. Go on a trip. B. Have a meeting. C. Have a class.

**第二节（共15小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分22.5分）**

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中

选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题5秒钟; 听完后, 各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料, 回答第6、7题。

6. According to the man, what may be caused by eating ice-creams?

A. Catching a cold. B. Having a headache. C. Putting on weight.

7. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Father and daughter. B. Teacher and student. C. Husband and wife.

听第7段材料, 回答第8至10题。

8. What lesson did Mike have this morning?

A. Chinese. B. Maths. C. Art.

9. How did Mike feel about Picasso's painting?

A. It was strange. B. He didn't like it. C. It was pleasing.

10. What is the topic of the conversation?

A. A famous artist. B. An art lesson. C. An oil painting.

听第8段材料, 回答第11至13题。

11. What does the woman say about balancing work and family?

A. It requires skills. B. It keeps her busy. C. It's a hard task.

12. What does the woman's husband do at home?

A. He spends more time reading.

B. He does exercise with their kid.

C. He does more housework.

13. What does the woman often do with her kid?

A. Watches TV. B. Reads books. C. Goes shopping.

听第9段材料, 回答第14至17题。

14. What is the girl's major?

A. Sales. B. English. C. Chinese.

15. What are the speakers doing?

A. Having an interview. B. Serving a customer. C. Hosting a meeting.

16. What was Jennifer's office work about?

A. Selling products. B. Doing some paperwork. C. Arguing with managers.

17. What will the girl do next?

A. Make a decision. B. Apply for the position. C. Wait for a call.

听第10段材料, 回答第18至20题。

18. What does the speaker say about Mary Glen?

A. It is a lovely shop. B. It is a holiday place. C. It is a farmer's market.

19. Where does the speaker suggest running?

A. Along the River Dent. B. Along the Soli. C. Along the Evergreen Trail.

20. What's the purpose of the talk do you think?

A. To discuss a sport. B. To do promotion. C. To introduce the town of Soli.

**第二部分 阅读理解（共两节, 满分50分）**

**第一节（共15 小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分 37.5分）**

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Here is a brief introduction to the "three masters of art" of the Renaissance.

**Leonardo da Vinci（1452-1519）**

He was the most famous artist, sculptor and inventor of the Italian Renaissance. He was also known as "the most perfect representative of the Renaissance". He was born in the town of Vinci, on the outskirts of Florence, and died in France. The fresco The Last Supper, the altarpiece Our Lady of the Rock and the wall painting Mona Lisa are the three masterpieces of his life.

**Raphael（1483-1520）**

He was an Italian painter and sculptor. His series of wall paintings of the Virgin reflected a humanism with maternal warmth, which were different from the medieval painters. Our Lady of Frio, Our Lady in the Chair and Our Lady of Alba are all his perfect works. After 1509, he was invited by Pope Julier II to paint wall paintings in the Vatican Palace. He died in Rome on April 6, 1520.

**Michelangelo（1475-1564）**

He was a great painter, sculptor and architect of the Italian Renaissance and a representative of the highest peak of Renaissance sculpture. From 1501 to 1504, he completed the world-famous David. From 1508, he spent more than four years completing the famous wall painting in the Sistine Chapel. He devoted his whole life to great art until his death in his studio on February 18, 1564.

21. From this passage. what is the name of the wall painting created by Leonardo da Vinci?

A. The Last Supper. B. Our Lady of the Rock.

C. Mona Lisa. D. The Battle of Angeli.

22. How did Raphael's works differ from that of medieval painters?

A. His works reflected a humanism with maternal warmth.

B. His works had extremely strong religious overtones.

C. His works emphasized the aesthetic function of painting.

D. His works emphasized the performance of subjective spirit.

23. Which one is not what these painters have in common?

A. They all painted wall paintings. B. They were Italian.

C. They were born in early 15th century. D. They were sculptors.

B

There are many kinds of pollution, which can be classified by environment, including air pollution, water pollution, and land pollution. Modern society is also concerned about specific types of pollution, such as noise pollution, light pollution and plastic pollution. Pollution of all kinds may not only have negative effects on the environment and wildlife, but also do harm to human health and well-being.

Although environmental pollution can be caused by natural events such as forest fires and active volcanoes, use of the word "pollution" generally means that the wastes have an anthropocentric source—that is, a source created by human activities. Pollution has accompanied humankind ever since groups of people first congregated and remained for a long time in any one place. Indeed, ancient human settlements are frequently recognized by their wastes, Pollution was not a serious problem as long as there was enough space available for each individual or group. However, with the establishment of permanent settlements by great numbers of people, pollution became a problem, and it has remained one ever since,

By the middle of the 20th century, an awareness of the need to protect air, water, and land environments from pollution had developed among the general public. In particular, the publication in 1962 of Rachel Carson's book Silent Spring focused attention on environmental damage caused by improper use of pesticides such as DDT. In response, major pieces of environmental law and regulation were passed in many countries to control the environmental pollution.

Great efforts are made to limit the release of harmful substances into the environment. Unfortunately, attempts at pollution control are surpassed by the scale of the problem, especially in less-developed countries. Noxious levels of air pollution are common in large cities. To control the pollution completely, we still have a long way to go.

24. What does paragraph 1 mainly talk about?

A. The history of pollution. B. The types of pollution.

C. The causes of pollution. D. The effects of pollution.

25. What is the original cause of pollution according to this passage?

A. Natural disasters. B. Forest fires. C. Volcanoes. D. Human activities.

26. What does the underlined word "congregated" mean in paragraph 2?

A. Gathered. B. Separated. C. Attended. D. Lived.

27. What can be inferred from the last two paragraphs?

A. No measures have been taken by the government to control the problems of pollution.

B. The book Silent Spring helped to improve the awareness of protecting the environment.

C. Silent Spring concentrated on the improper use of plastic bags.

D. The pollution has been controlled in less-developed countries.

C

Chopin, one of the most influential and popular pianists in the field of music, was born in Poland. He lived in a happy family. His father was a French teacher at the Warsaw Lyceum which Chopin later attended. His mother liked singing Polish folk songs very much. When Chopin was still a baby, his mother often sang songs to make him sleep. The charm of music was firmly rooted in the young Chopin's heart and accompanied him until the end of his life.

His early training started at home, including getting piano lessons from his mother. When he was 4, his parents bought a piano at home. His mother often played the piano with him. Chopin had an unspeakable feeling for the piano. He often climbed onto the chair and beat the keys with his tender hands. "This is our son playing the piano. And it is a Polish folk song!" Chopin's mother was surprised, and his father was very proud.

By the age of seven, Chopin had created original works, which showed his prodigious musical ability. Then his parents sent him to learn piano from Wojciech Zywny. When Chopin was sixteen, he attended the Warsaw Conservatory of Music, directed by composer Josephy Elsner. Like other young musicians during the Classical and Romantic Periods, Chopin was sent to Vienna, the center of music for that day. While he was in Vienna, Poland and Russia faced off in the beginnings of war. He returned to Warsaw to get his things for a more permanent move.

The war in Poland inspired Chopin to write many sad works expressing his grief for his motherland. Among these was the famous "Revolutionary Etude". As the war continued in Warsaw and then reached Paris, Chopin retired to Scotland with friends. Although he was far beyond the reach of the revolution, he fell into deep depression. Besides, his health was in bad condition. Finally, he died at the age of 39, and was buried in Paris.

28. Who was Chopin's first music teacher?

A. Wojciech Zywny. B. His mother. C. Josephy Elsner. D. His father.

29. Which sentence is true about Chopin's childhood?

A. Chopin's parents paid much attention to his education.

B. Chopin was forced to practice the piano by his mother.

C. His mother was his French teacher.

D. He lacked love in his childhood.

30. Why did Chopin create so many sad works?

A. Because his health was poor. B. Because he had special ability in music.

C. Because he loved his homeland, Poland so much. D. He was inspired by his friends.

31. What can we learned from the passage?

A. After first being sent to Vienna, Chopin never returned to Poland.

B. The center of music was in Paris for that day.

C. Chopin left Poland because he hated it.

D. He died early because of his poor health and his deep feeling of depression.

D

Young British adults get daily news depending less on traditional media, and instead they choose TikTok. TikTok is the fastest growing news source for UK adults, according to a survey.

TikTok is used by 7% of adults for news, according to the UK's communications watchdog, up from 1% in 2020. The growth is primarily driven by young users. Ofcom's（英国通信管理局）annual report on news consumption in the UK showed that for teenagers aged 12-15, Instagram has defeated BBC to become the most popular news source, closely followed by TikTok and YouTube.

"Teenagers today prefer to keep up to date by scrolling（滚屏）through their social feeds rather than pick up a newspaper or turn to TV news," said Yih-Choung Teh, a director from Ofcom. "And while youngsters find news on social media to be less reliable, they sing high praise for these services for serving up a range of opinions on the day's topical stories." The Ofcom study showed that news organisations are having to compete with non-journalist TikTokers as news sources on the platform. For those who consume news on TikTok, their main source is other people they follow（44%）, followed by friends and family（32%）and then news organisations（24%）. The most popular official news source on TikTok is the BBC, followed by Sky News and ITV. TikTok has more than 1 billion users worldwide and is owned by ByteDance, a Chinese tech company.

Nic Newman, a senior research associate at the Reuters institute for the Study of journalism, said their research indicated that TikTok was not used as a platform for serious current affairs. "Even though young people see it as a good place to get news about celebrities or issues that are not about life and death, they don't see it as a platform for serious news." he said.

The Ofcom report shows BBC remains the most popular news source among adults（53%）, followed by ITV（35%）and then Facebook（32%）, which remains the most popular social media source for news.

32. What is the favorite platform for teenagers aged 12-15 to read news?

A. Instagram. B. BBC. C. TikTok. D. YouTube.

33. According to paragraph 3, which of the following statements is true?

A. Youngsters think highly of social media because they provide reliable news.

B. TikTok is in the possession of the UK.

C. For people reading news on TikTok, their main sources are still traditional news organizations.

D. News organizations have to compete with TikTokers to release news on TikTok.

34. What's Nic Newman's attitude towards TikTok as a serious news source?

A. Positive. B. Objective. C. Negative. D. Indifferent.

35. Where is the passage most probably taken from?

A. A textbook. B. A comprehensive newspaper.

C. A travel journal. D. A fiction.

**第二节 七选五阅读理解（共5小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分）**

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

School is a place where we students learn and live. Is everyone satisfied with his/her school life? When it comes to this question. I think how to enhance the sense of happiness is of great significance. Apart from trying to do well in our study, 36 .

Taking exercise is the first thing we can do. As is known to all, regular exercise is beneficial to our health. It can strengthen our body. It helps us stay in shape. 37 Therefore, we should find sports equipment, basketball courts and play areas where we can not only strengthen our body but increase our well-being.

Secondly, we are advised to provide proper nutrition for ourselves both inside and outside the school. As we grow up, our bodies consume a lot of energy and nutrition. 38 In addition, if we want to keep healthy and stay away from doctors, we can take in different kinds of fresh food and avoid eating too much junk food.

39 Many students fail to stop from using smartphones in school. There are some institutions that even encourage too much screen time as a way to teach students or keep them entertained. We should try to remain excited by doing other meaningful things instead of sitting in front of a screen throughout the day.

Last but not least, preventing bullying is also an essential part. Bullying continues to remain a common problem in some schools. In order to make the environment that we grow in hold a high standard, we should say "no" to any bullying in school. 40 If we are being bullied or see a classmate being bullied, turn to teachers and parents for help immediately.

Do all the above, and you will enjoy your school life!

A. We should get on well with others.

B. Besides, we'd better limit our screen time.

C. It can even help us concentrate on our study.

D. there are a few things that we still can do.

E. A balanced diet is vital.

F. It can also help us relieve stress and make us delighted.

G. In no case should we bully our classmates.

**第三部分 英语知识运用（共两节, 满分30分）**

**第一节 完形填空（共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分）**

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was a teenager, I was fond of doing exercises. However, after becoming the mother of a 41 child, I always felt my regular exercise interrupted by many things. My little boy often made a mess in the house and I had to spend much time doing housework. 42 , I had to deal with my own job. I felt 43 everyday even if my son slept. I knew if it went on like this, not only my physical but my 44 health would be affected. So I decided to 45 for a hiking trip in our county, fully hoping that it would get me 46 again.

Before setting off, 1 received my travel 47 . I scanned the items such as "4-hour hike through primitive forests" and "sliding with a rope down waterfalls", and I started to feel a little 48 in my heart.

Then the date of departure eventually came. As we went 49 the forests and were rewarded with 50 views of excellent waterfalls, this team of strangers encouraged me to go on. Being physically active with a group 51 me to reach the peak or the valley below—rather than simply lying down on the forest floor and giving up, which I might have done if I were alone.

My experience got confirmation from the experts: 52 exercise can really start a new attitude toward fitness. "People get a better workout in a group than they do on their own," said William Brown. a group fitness instructor. That's because other people provide both 53 and competition. "Humans are social animals and the 54 experience of facing a challenge together is convincing." said Peter Smith, the CEO of fitness provider Darien Wellness.

With the support of a group. I'm 55 getting back into a healthier life.

41. A. cute B. naughty C. quiet D. lovely

42. A. In response B. Rather than C. Regardless of D. In addition

43. A. exhausted B. relaxed C. excited D. frightened

44. A. emotional B. mental C. subjective D. permanent

45. A. set up B. take up C. sign up D. bring up

46. A. moving B. shopping C. swimming D. painting

47. A. introductions B. products C. resolutions D. commitments

48. A. cruel B. miserable C. nervous D. fortunate

49. A. beyond B. through C. over D. across

50. A. harmonious B. rough C. amazing D. thorough

51. A. forced B. begged C. permitted D. inspired

52. A. Group B. Expedition C. School D. Club

53. A. discussion B. support C. guidance D. release

54. A. selfless B. satisfying C. shared D. brave

55. A. frequently B. gradually C. usually D. monthly

**第Ⅱ卷（共55分）**

**第二节语法填空（共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分）**

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

On Mar. 4th, the Hankouli Huazhao Festival（Flower Festival）（汉口里花朝节） 56 （begin）at the Wuhan Garden Expo Park（武汉园博园）. More than 25,000 57 （visit）showed up that day to experience the charm of traditional Chinese culture and enjoy the spring weather.

The Huazhao Festival is one of the 58 （old）Chinese festivals that is said to be the birthday of the flower goddess. During the celebrations, people can go to the countryside in 59 they can enjoy the flowers. participate in group outings（踏青）and take part in 60 （vary）folk activities.

61 （dress）in magnificent Hanfu clothing, members of 16 Hanfu student associations from Wuhan universities as well as local citizens and tourists participated in a parade. There, they 62 （entire）displayed the magnificence of Chinese culture. Besides, Wuhan's first traditional Han wedding on the water, the newlyweds Fengguanxiapei（凤冠霞v）boarded the gorgeous wedding boat of Yunmeng Lake, 63 （show）everyone two different traditional Han wedding ceremonies. Ming Han marriage on March 11, Song Han marriage on March 12.

This was 64 fourth Huazhao festival to be held at the Wuhan Garden Expo Park. In addition 65 activities such as the Hanfu parade, there were also Chinese cultural performances, handicraft markets and other events like the new "water show" that took place during the festival which continued until the end of March.

**第四部分 写作（共两节, 满分40分）**

**第一节 应用文写作（满分15分）**

2023年4月22日是第54个世界地球日（The World Earth Day）, 旨在呼吁民众重视环境保护。为此, 你校正开展“节约能源从我做起”活动。请你以学生身份写一份家庭生活中节约能源的倡议书。内容包括:

1. 家庭浪费现象; 2. 采取的措施; 3. 表达期望。

注意:

1. 词数80左右。

2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear fellow students.

Energy waste is a big issue in our life. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Li hua

**第二节 读后续写（满分25分）**

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Mrs. Bobbin, the dressmaker, was tired and had a bad headache. but she still managed to sew the last stiches in the gown（礼服裙）she was making.

"It's the most beautiful dress in the whole world!" said her daughter. Irene. "The duchess（公爵夫人）will love it.”

"It is nice," her mother admitted. "But, darling, it's for tonight's ball（舞会）, and I don't have the strength to deliver it. I feel sick."

"Poor Mama," said Irene. "I can get it there!"

"No, honey, I can't let you," said Mrs. Bobbin. "Such a huge package, and it's such a long way to the duchess's house. Besides. it's starting to snow."

But Irene insisted. She coaxed her mother into bed, covered her with two quilts. Then with great care, Irene packed the splendid gown in a big box with plenty of tissue paper. She kissed her mother's hot forehead and slipped out with the big box, shutting the door firmly behind her.

It really was cold outside, very cold. The wind whirled the falling snow-flakes about. It blew so rudely that she could hardly move ahead. Cold snow sifted into her boots and chilled her feet. She pushed out her lip and hurried on. This was an important task.

"Take it easy!" she told herself, leaning back hard against the wind.

"Go home!” the wind shouted. "Irene…go hooome…”

"I will do no such thing," she snapped. "No such thing, you wicked wind! The gown had to get to the duchess!" She went shuffling through the snow.

"Go ho-o-ome," the wind screamed.

"GO HO-WO-WOME," it shrieked, "or else…”

The wind decided to put on a show. It wrestled her for the package—walloped it, twisted it, shook it, snatched at it.

But Irene wouldn't give up. "It's my mother's work!" she screamed. She took hold of the box tightly.

注意:

1, 续写短文的词数应为150词左右。

2. 续写部分分为两段, 每段的开头语已为你写好。

Suddenly Irene stepped in a hole, fell over and got injured. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Eventually she was at the door of the duchess's house. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**高二英语联考参考答案**

**听力**

1-5 ABCAC 6-10 BCCAB 11-15 ACBBA 16-20 BCBAB

**阅读理解**

21-23 CAC 24-27 BDAB 28-31 BACD 32-35 ADCB 36-40 DFEBG

**完形填空**

41-45 BDABC 46-50 AACBC 51-55 DABCB

**语法填空**

56. began 57. visitors 58. oldest 59. which 60. various

61. Dressed 62. entirely 63. showing 64. the 65. to

**应用文写作**

范文：

Dear fellow students,

Energy waste is a big issue in our life. Wasting electricity at home is something many of us do without realizing it, such as leaving your electronics and appliances plugged in. Besides, do you always take long showers, wash dishes or brush your teeth with water running? Most of us take it for granted that we have plenty of fresh and drinkable water.These are harmful to our environment.

So,let’s start saving energy today.We can improve the reuse rate of household water.Install a low flow shower head and avoid having to use a heater in our home.Instead, we could use solar water heaters. This will definitely help us reduce energy waste and save our money.

Every effort matters. Please take action now.

Li Hua

读后续写

写作思路：

这篇文章讲述了一个女孩Irene冒着暴风雪克服重重困难帮生病的妈妈将做好的礼服裙送到公爵夫人的家里的故事。前文介绍了风雪一直阻碍Irene前行，而她一直坚定地往前走。

续写第一段开头出现的冲突点是她踩在一个洞里，摔倒了，受伤了，第二段开头是她最终到达了公爵夫人家里，所以第一段的续写可以写她的心理斗争，想要放弃却最终还是决定要把礼服送到。第二段可以写公爵夫人收到礼服裙的喜悦和在舞会上的表现，最后点出Irene对完成任务帮到了妈妈而感到欣慰。

范文：

Suddenly Irene stepped in a hole, fell over and her foot got injured. “Keep quiet!” She blamed it on the wind. “You've done enough damage already.”The wind swallowed up her words. She sat in the snow in great pain, afraid that she wouldn't be able to go on. For a short second, Irene wondered if she should follow the wind’s warning. But it was her dear mother’s hard work, all those days of measuring, cutting, pinning, stitching ... And the poor duchess! She must be waiting for the gown anxiously. She managed to get to her feet and start moving again.

Eventually she was at the door of the duchess’s house. She knocked the door and was welcomed by cheering servants and the anxious duchess. They couldn’t believe she had come in such a snowstorm, all by herself. They were so deeply moved by her courage that they immediately served her with a good dinner by the fire. The duchess, meanwhile, got into her gown before the guests arrived. What a wonderful ball it was! The duchess was like a bright star in the sky. “Mama would enjoy hearing all about it.” A smile of relief appeared on Irene’s face.

听力原稿：

(Text1)

M: Alice! So nice to see you. I thought you went to New York. Why are you still here in London?

W: It was my sister who went to New York. And she’s in Chicago now. I’ve been here the whole time.

(Text2)

M: Linda, have a taste of this cake and tell me what you think.

W: OK. Hmm… I’m afraid it has gone bad. When did you buy it?

(Text3)

M: Excuse me, isn’t the staff meeting at 9:30? I’ve been waiting here for ten minutes, but nobody showed up.

W: You’re in the wrong room. It’s one floor up.

M: Oops! Thank you.

(Text4)

M: Hey, you come to watch the movie again. Weren’t you here yesterday?

W: Oh, yes. I saw it last week and I saw it again yesterday. I always see my favorite movies four or five times.

M: Here’s your ticket. Have a nice time.

(Text5)

W: Bob, your trip sounds wonderful, but I have to go now. My biology class starts in a few minutes.

M: Oh, sorry, Caroline. I didn’t mean to hold you up.

(Text6)

W: It’s hot today. I’d like to have some ice cream. Do you want some, dear?

M: No, thank you. Do you know the danger you face when eating ice cream?

W: Yes, gaining weight.

M: No, not that. Have you heard about brain freeze?

W: No, what’s that?

M: For many people, eating ice cream or drinking an icy drink too fast can produce a terrible headache. It usually hits in the front of the brain. People also call it “ice cream headache”.

W: Okay. I see. You know what? After all these years, you sound more and more like my father.

(Text7)

W: Mike, what lessons did you have at school this morning?

M: We had art, but we didn’t go to the classroom. Ms. Green took us to visit the museum in town.

W: How come? What did you do there?

M: We looked at paintings by famous artists.

W: I wish I had been with you. Did anything attract you?

M: A lot. But my favorite painting was by Picasso. It looked very strange.

W: Did Ms. Green explain something about the paintings?

M: Yes, and after that we made pictures for a competition. I drew a picture of Ms. Green. It looked like a Picasso painting.

W: Did she like it?

M: Ms. Green wasn’t very pleased, and she thought it dull. So, I didn’t win.

(Text8)

M: Cindy, as a working mother, how do you balance work and family?

W: It takes skills. It’s an art, I should say. But raising a kid while working is not as hard as most people think.

M: You mean it’s not difficult?

W: No, if you know how to share your responsibilities properly. My husband does more housework, and I take more care of our kid. I try to spend as much time with our kid as possible. She joins me in my daily activities.

M: What do you mean?

W: Working as a model, I do a lot of exercise every day to stay fit, and I encourage our kid to do it with me. It’s like play to her. As a result, I’m fit, she’s fit, and we spend time together.

M: I see. What else do you do together?

W: Things like reading picture books and going to the park.

M: I really like your ideas.

(Text9)

M: Nice to meet you, Jennifer. Can you tell us a few things about yourself? Perhaps your work experience.

W: I’m a university student in my final year, and I major in English. I’ve had several part-time jobs, including office work and sales.

M: What was your office work about?

W: I worked at the reception desk and did some paperwork.

M: What did you learn there?

W: I received phone calls and met customers most of the time. And I supported staff from different departments at times. So, I learned to deal with various kinds of people.

M: Did you apply any of the knowledge you got at university?

W: Yes, I think I did use some of the language knowledge.

M: What has been your worst experience at work?

W: Well, once I met a customer who came to make a complaint. I tried my best, but he was just being unreasonable. I had to refer him to my manager. It was a hard day.

M: Okay. Now, do you have any questions for us?

W: No, not at the moment.

M: Thank you, Jennifer. We have a number of people applying for this position, and we will call you with our decision within two weeks.

W: Okay, thank you.

(Text10)

W: Mary Glen, built on a working family farm, is a perfect place for holiday. Here, you’ll find everything you need. We have five wooden houses with all modern facilities. Mary Glen is just three miles from the busy town of Soli, where you’ll find quite a few lovely shops and great farmers’ markets. The area around Mary Glen is great for riding bikes. So, do bring your bikes and try the Evergreen Trail, or you can go running along the River Dent. After a busy day, relax in our game room where there are lots of card games. Try a family holiday at Mary Glen. With prices as low as 425 pounds a week, you can’t go wrong.

A篇

导语：本文是一篇说明文。介绍了文艺复兴时期“艺术三杰”——达芬奇、拉斐尔和米开朗基罗。

21. C 细节理解题。通过小标题“Leonardo da Vinci”段落的最后一句话“The fresco The Last Supper, the altarpiece Our Lady of the Rock and the wall painting Mona Lisa are the three masterpieces of his life. ”可知Mona Lisa是壁画。故选C

22. A 细节理解题。通过小标题“Raphael”段落的第二句话“His series of wall paintings of the Virgin reflected a humanism with maternal warmth ,which were different from the medieval painters .”可知拉斐尔的圣母壁画系列反映了一种人文主义，具有母性的温暖和青春，这与中世纪的画家不同。故选A

23. C 细节理解题。通过第二段“He was the...sculptor and inventor of the Italian ...”、“...the wall painting Mona Lisa ...”与第三段“He was an Italian painter and sculptor.”、“After 1509... to paint wall paintings ...”以及第四段“He ...sculptor and architect of the Italian Renaissance”、“From 1508, he spent... wall painting in the Sistine Chapel. ”可知，A、B、D均为三位艺术家的共同点，故选C

B篇

导语: 本文是一篇说明文。介绍了污染的种类、起源以及对污染的控制等。

24. B主旨大意题。整段围绕污染的种类展开说明。故选B

25. D细节理解题。通过第二段“use the word pollution generally means that the wastes have an anthropocentric source-that is, a source created by human activities”可知污染最原始的原因在于人类聚集活动。故选D

26. A词义猜测题。根据本段中“with the establishment of permanent settlements by great numbers of people, pollution became a problem, and it has remained one ever since”可知是人群第一次聚集并在一个地方待一段时间就产生了垃圾污染。故选A

27. B推理判断题。根据第三段中人们的环保意识有所提高，随后用“In particular”引出 “Rachel Carson's book Silent Spring”以及后面大量的立法可知这本书对于提高环保意识是有帮助的。故选B

C篇

导语：本文是一篇记叙文。简要介绍了肖邦的童年，讲述他从小对音乐的热爱以及他的教育情况，然后讲述了战争对他的影响。

28. B细节理解题。由第二段第一句“His early training started at home, including getting piano lessons from his mother. ”以及第一段他母亲喜欢唱波兰民谣对他的影响可知，他母亲是他的启蒙音乐老师。故选B

29. A细节理解题。由第一二段他父母对他音乐的启蒙及后来发现他的天赋后送他去学习可知，他的父母很重视他的教育。故选A

30. C细节理解题。由第一段“The war in Poland inspired Chopin to write many sad music expressing his grief for his motherland”可知他的悲伤是因为对祖国沉重的爱。故选C

31. D推理判断题。由最后一段“he fell into deeper depression . His health was in bad condition. ”可知他的情绪以及身体越来越差是他去世早的原因。故选D

D篇

导语：本文是一篇新闻报道，主要报道了抖音在英国大获成功，备受年轻人青睐。

32. A 细节理解题 第二段中Ofcom's annual report on news consumption in the UK showed that for teenagers aged 12-15, lnstagram has beated BBC to become the most popular news source, closely followed by TikTok and YouTube.英国通讯管理局年报中有关新闻消费的调查显示，对于12到15岁年轻人，Instagram超越了BBC成为最热门的新闻来源，TikTok和YouTube紧随其后。故选A。

33. D 细节理解题 第三段中The Ofcom study showed that news organisations are having to compete with non-journalist TikTokers as news sources on the platform. 通讯管理局的研究显示，新闻机构不得不与非新闻行业的TikTok博主竞争当平台的新闻发布源。故选D。

34. C 态度推断题 第四段中Nic Newman...said their research indicated that TikTok was not used as a platform for serious current affairs.Nic Newman说他们的研究指出，人们并没有把TkTok当作关注严肃时事的平台使用，以及Even though young people ... they don't see it as a platform for serious news. 即使是年轻人也是认为TikTok是个看名人轶事，或者无关生死的热点问题的不错的渠道，但是也不把它视为严肃新闻平台。因此他对TikTok作为严肃新闻平台持否定态度，故选C。

35. B 文章来源题 本文是一篇新闻报道，主要讲了抖音在英国大获成功，备受年轻人青睐。故选B

七选五

导语：本文从四个方面介绍了学生在校园应如何提高幸福感。

36. D 本空位于首段段尾，起承上启下的作用，且空前说除了要努力提高学习成绩之外，D项表示我们还有一些可以做的事情，能自然地承接上文和引起下文，故选D。

37. F 第二段第二句说规律的运动对我们对健康有益，接着说了其好处，能帮我们强身健体，能帮我们保持体型，所以此空应继续介绍运动对健康的好处，F项表示它还能帮我们释放压力让我们高兴，比较符合文意，故选F。

38. E 第三段空前介绍的是学生在成长过程中需要消耗大量的能量和营养，空后介绍要想保持健康远离医生，需要多吃各种新鲜食物，远离垃圾食品，说明平衡饮食很重要，故选E。

39. B 本空位于第四段段首，应是本段的中心句，空后介绍很多学生在学校不能停止使用智能手机，后面内容也在讲电子产品的使用，因此应选我们应控制屏幕时间，故选B。

40. G 空前句说为了使我们成长在一个高水准的环境中，我们要对任何校园欺凌行为说“不”，空后说如果我们被欺凌或者看到同学被欺负要向老师或家长求助，因此空处应填我们不要欺负别人，故选G。

完形填空

导语：本文是一篇记叙文，讲述了作者因为生育养儿以及工作中中断健身，在参加团队远足后重归健康生活的故事，说明了团队锻炼的好处。

41. B 根据“My little boy often made a mess in the house”可知我的儿子比较调皮。

42. D 根据前文“I had to spend much time doing housework”以及后文“I had to deal with my own job”可知这里应填 In addition另外。

43. A 根据上文作者忙于家务以及工作可知每天都是精疲力尽exhausted。

44. B 根据前面physical 身体上的可得这里应为与其对应的精神上的、心理上的。

45. C 考察动词词组词义辨析，句义我意识到危害下定决定报名徒步旅行，sign up 报名； set up 建立、搭建；take up 拿起；开始从事；bring up 提出、养育

46. A 考察动词词义辨析，句义“我希望这次旅行让我再一次一直运动起来”因此填moving。

47. A 由后文的游玩项目可知这里应该为“旅行介绍”，introductions 介绍；products产品；resolutions决心；commitments承诺。

48. C 根据前文我运动中断，当再看到“4-hour hike through primitive forests” and “sliding with a rope down waterfalls”这样有难度的项目后心理上是紧张不安的，不知道自己是否能够做到。因此应选nervous 紧张的

49. B 此处考察固定搭配，go through穿越丛林。

50. C 根据“were rewarded with”得到的奖赏可知，应为收获的是美景，amazing令人惊讶 的，符合句义，故选C。“harmonious”和谐的；“rough”粗糙的，艰难的；“thorough”彻底的，全面的，与句义不符。

51. D根据后文“rather than simply lying down on the forest floor and giving up, which I might have done if I were alone”作者如果一个人的话不会有勇气完成挑战，因此是团队激励我挑战。

52. A 根据后文“People get a better workout in a group than they do on their own”可知这里讲的是团队锻炼真的开始对健身的新态度。故填Group。

53. B 根据作者前面的经历可知团队的支持与激励对她坚持完成旅游项目很重要。

54. C selfless无私的；satisfying令人满意的；shared共享的；brave勇敢的；此处强调同伴在一起的经历，加上前文“Humans are social animals ”人类是社会动物，可推测此处应填shared共享的。

55. B 根据前文可知作者在团队的支持下是逐渐回到更加健康生活的轨道。

语法填空

导语：本篇文章介绍了武汉文旅盛事之一“汉口里花朝节”3月4日在武汉园博园举办，吸引了省内外汉服爱好者们参与。

56.began 考查句子的时态。根据句前on Mar.4th可知，句子需用一般过去时态，故填began。

57. visitors 考查名词。该句子缺主语，表示“超过25000名参观者当天出现，体验中国传统文化的魅力，享受春天的天气。”，visitor为可数名词，故填visitors。

58. oldest 考查形容词最高级。固定搭配“one of the+形容词最高级+可数名词复数”表示“最......之一”，故填oldest。

59. which 考查定语从句。句意为“人们可以去乡下赏花，参加团体踏青，并参加各种民间活动。”countryside为先行词，指物，考查“介词+关系代词”引导定语从句，故填which

60. various 考查词形变化。译为“各种各样的民间活动”，故填various。

61. Dressed 考查非谓语动词。此处dressed作状语，其逻辑主语是“members of 16 Hanfu student associations”，是被动关系，故填过去分词dressed。

62. entirely 考查副词。句意为“在那，他们完全展示了中国文化的辉煌”，此处应填entirely修饰动词displayed。

63. showing 考查非谓语动词。句意为“新婚夫妇凤冠霞帔登上云梦湖华丽的婚宴船，为大家展示了两种不同的传统汉族婚礼仪式，”，应填现在分词作状语，故填showing。

64.the 考查数词。序数词前应加定冠词the

65.to 考查固定搭配。In addition to“除了......外”。

应用文评分标准 略