**黄冈市2022年高三年级9月调研考试**

**英语试题**

本试卷共8页，满分150分。考试用时120分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，考生务必将自己的学较、班级、姓名、准考证号填写在答题卷指定位丑，认真核对与准考证号条形码上的信息是否一致，并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卷上的指定位置。

2. 选择题的作答：选出答案后，用2B铅笔把机读卡上对应题日的答案标号涂黑，如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。答在试题卷上无效。

3. 非选择题的作答：用黑色墨水的签字笔直接答在答题卷上的每题所对应的答题区域内。答在试题卷上或答题卷指定区域外无效，

4. 考试结来，监考人员将答题卷收回，考生自己保管好试题卷，评讲时带来。

**第一部分 听力 (共两节，满分30分)**

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

**第一节 (共5小题；每小题1. 5分，满分7. 5分)**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a library. B. In a bookstore. C. In a classroom.

2. How does the woman feel now?

A. Relaxed. B. Excited. C. Tired.

3. How much will the man pay?

A. -$20. B. $80. C. $100.

4. What does the man tell Jane to do?

A. Postpone his appointment. B. Meet Mr. Douglas. C. Return at 3 o’clock.

5. Why would David quit his job?

A. To go back to school. B. To start his own firm. C. To work for his friend.

**第二节 (共15小题：每小题1. 5分，满分22. 5分)**

听下面5段对话或对白，选出最佳选项。听下面一段对话，回答第6至7题。

6. What does the man want the woman to do?

A. Check the cupboard. B. Clean the balcony. C. Buy an umbrella.

7. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Husband and wife. B. Employer and employee. C. Shop assistant and customer.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至10题。

8. Where did the woman go at the weekend?

A. The city centre. B. The forest park. C. The man’s home.

9. How did the man spend his weekend?

A. Packing for a move. B. Going out with Jenny. C. Looking for a new house.

10. What will the woman do for the man?

A. Take Henry to hospital. B. Stay with his kid. C. Look after his pet.

听下面一段对话，回答第11至13题。

11. What is Mr. Stone doing now?

A. Eating lunch. B. Having a meeting. C. Writing a diary.

12. Why does the man want to see Mr. Stone?

A. To discuss a program. B. To make a travel plan. C. To ask for sick leave.

13. When will the man meet Mr. Stone this afternoon?

A. At 3: 00. B. At 3: 30. C. At 3: 45.

听下面一段对话，回答第14至16题。

14. What are the speakers talking about?

A. A company. B. An interview. C. A job offer.

15. Who is Monica Stansfield?

A. A junior specialist. B. A department manager. C. A sales assistant.

16. When will the man hear from the woman?

A. On Tuesday. B. On Wednesday. C. On Thursday.

听下面一段对话，回答第17至20题。

17. What did John enjoy doing in his childhood?

A. Touring France. B. Playing outdoors. C. Painting pictures.

18. What did John do after he moved to the US?

A. He did business. B. He studied biology. C. He worked on a farm.

19. Why did John go hunting?

A. For food. B. For pleasure. C. For money.

20. What is the subject of John’s works?

A. American birds. B. Natural scenery. C. Family life.

**第二部分 阅读 (共两节，满分50分)**

**第一节 (共15小题：每小题2. 5分，满分37. 5分)**

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

**Four newest novels**

**If Nietzsche Were a Narwhal**

What Animal Intelligence Reveals about Human Stupidity

by Justin Gregg. Little, Brown, 2022 ($29)

The book is a snappy read but lingers: it left me wondering why we don’t respect signals of intelligence from other species-and more deeply consider how our own intelligence works against us. --Darcy B. Kelley

**Meet Us by the Roaring Sea**

A Novel by Akil Kumarasamy. Farrar, Straus and Giroux. 2022 ($27)

Set in a future of eye scans, carbon credits and advanced Al. Akil Kumarasamy’s new novel nonetheless feels surprisingly like home-even as it tests the boundaries of self and story.

**Doctors and Distillers**

The Remarkable Medicinal History of Beer, Wine, Spirits, and Cocktails

by Camper English. Penguin Books, 2022($18, paperbound)

Your favorite cocktail may very well have its roots in medicine of generations past. With immense wit and charm, author Camper English traces millennia to explore how civilizations used the fermented and distilled beverages to do everything from hydrating the workforce to fending off the Black Death.

**The Milky Way**

An Autobiography of Our Galaxy by Moiya McTier

Grand Central Publishing, 2022 (26)

Moiya McTier assumes the role of cosmic interpreter to let our galaxy tell her own story. As a character the Milky Way is a cross between a Greek goddess and GLaDOS. the artificially super intelligent computer system from the Portal video-game series.

21. Which book talks about the theme of intelligence of species?

A. Doctors and Distillers B. The Milky Way

C. If Nietzsche Were a Narwhal D. Meet Us by the Roaring Sea

22. What do the four books have in common?

A. They are all hard-covers.

B. They come out in the same year.

C. They share the same topic.

D. They are published by the same publishing.

23. How much should Tom, who wants to buy two of the books. pay at least?

A. $44 B. $54 C. $56 D. $53

**B**

I’m Gu Ailing Eilleen, a professional freeskier, and twin--tipped skis, 22-foot halfpipes (U型滑道) and double-cork rotations are my main sources of adrenaline (肾上腺素), the truly addictive core of extreme sports.

Though it’s easy to label extreme sport athletes as fearless, the countless hours I’ve spent visualizing tricks and practicing them in foam pits and on airbags suggest otherwise. Instead of ignoring fear, we build unique relationships with it.

The work begins with visualization. I take a deep breath and close my eyes. As I go up the huge takeoff slope, I imagine extending my legs to maximize lift. Then I picture twisting my upper body in the opposite direction I intend to spin, generating force before I allow it to move back the other way.

1440 degrees. I smile. Then I open my eyes.

It doesn’t take much, unfortunately, for uncertainty to override confidence. Imperfect preparation moistens my palms and makes each breath shallower than the last. The feeling isn’t panic, but something like dread. Danger! cries every evolutionary instinct. Every freeskier’s goal is to recognize the minute differences between excitement and uncertainty in order to maximize performance while minimizing the risk of injury.

Finally, there’s pressure, an energy source that can be employed in many ways. I’m proud of the work I’ve done to cope with pressure by improving my self-esteem and minimizing my need for external validation. No matter how much time passes, I’ll always be a hopeless romantic when it comes to fear.

24. According to Gu, what mainly makes athletes fall in love with extreme sports?

A. The honor she will obtain if they win a match.

B. The athletes social status will be improved after winning.

C. The money they will be rewarded in the case of winning.

D. The athletes experience the feeling of excitement during the sport.

25. Why do athletes become fearless in extreme sports?

A. They are born fearless. B. They overcome fear by practice.

C. They are forced to be fearless. D. They just ignore fear.

26. What does “moisten” underlined in paragraph 5 refer to?

A. break B. improve C. unfold D. wet

27. Which is the most suitable title for the text?

A. Gu Ailing is on the way to success.

B. I admit it, I am in love with fear.

C. How Gu Ailing overcomes her fear.

D. All success comes from hard work.

**C**

In a series of Instagram posts this week the actress Kate Beckinsale shows her growing friendship with a fox in her mother’s London garden. encouraging him on to her lap by handfeeding him bits of ham and naming him Peepo, It’s as if Beckinsale is auditioning (试演) for alive-action of Snow White, commanding a series of forest animals at her finger tips.

Beckinsale-like pretty much one woman on every urban UK street—is a “fox feeder”. This troubles me. Not because of the old horror stories about city foxes stealing babies from their beds, but because it means that I have to accept that I’m not very cool. Foxes, on the other hand, are. unbelievably cool. They were voiced in Wes Anderson’s stop-motion film Fantastic Mr Fox by the silver fox himself, George Clooney.

To be anti-fox is to be with Dahl’s boring rule-followers. Boggis. Bunce and Bean. To be pro-fox is to be with Ricky Gervais delightedly. filming Foxes partying in his Hampstead garden, or the DJ Annie Mac filming, this summer, a fox strolling into her kitchen from her London patio. The fox takes a cold glance at Mac sitting on the sofa, ignores her, then cuts her shoe before loping off out the door. It was a mint green Nike Air Force 1, retailing at about 100 a pair.

The London Wildlife Trust estimates that there are 10. 000 foxes in the capital. and about half of them sleep in our garden. They have wandered into the house and learnt how to open the lock on our food waste bin by rolling it over and over down the street at 2 am until the lid swings open.

A few days ago I was at my front door late at night. finding my key awkwardly. when a fox walked behind me. Even though. her dinner plans-the food-waste picnic hamper-were right there, she seemed more interested in going to the house party without being invited. Only after I’d banged the door in her face did I feel safe. Do you still think it kind and safe to feed foxes?

28. What is the purpose of Kate’s feeding the fox in paragraph 1?

A. To attract her fans on Instagram. B. To promote the live-action of Snow White.

C. To show that Kate is an animal lover. D. To introduce the topic of the passage.

29. Who shares the same attitude with the author towards foxes?

A. Boggis B. Annie Mac C. Wes Anderson D. Kate Beckinsale

30. What can we learn from the text?

A. Old horror stories make the author dislike foxes.

B. Wes Anderson starred in the film Fantastic Mr Fox.

C. George Clooney is a voice actor in Fantastic Mr Fox.

D. More and more people realize the danger of feeding foxes in the city.

31. What message does the author want to convey in the passage?

A. Foxes are pretty cool animals.

B. Foxes should be driven out of the city.

C. Feeding foxes in the city might not a proper action.

D. Foxes and human beings are living in harmony in the city.

**D**

Rahul Aggarwal was in medical school when he got the surprising news that his mother--a fit woman in her 40s--had been diagnosed with type2 diabetes (糖尿病). “I always thought of diabetes as a disease of people at higher weights and with certain lifestyle practices.” he recalls, “but my mom was an Indian American woman with a healthy weight and good diet and exercise practices.”

Aggarwal, now a clinical fellow at Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center in Boston. began thinking about how diabetes seems to affect certain ethnic and racial groups. It quantified diabetes risk in minority groups to determine if current screening recommendations are correct and equal.

The current standard was released in 2021 by the U. S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF), which issues evidence-based guidance on disease prevention. The recommendation is to test adults aged 35 to 70 for diabetes if they are overweight or obese, defined as having a body mass index (BMI)of 25 kg/m2 or more. Aggarwal and his cooperators looked at the lowest-risk individuals qualified to screen under that rubric(评价量规). The researchers were shocked to find that the rate was about double for Hispanics and even higher among Black and Asian Americans. They concluded that to detect diabetes equally across all these groups, you would need to test Asian Americans with a BMI of 20 and Black and Hispanic individuals with a BMI of just 18. 5-measures considered to be in the healthy range.

Ngo-Metzger, who was the USPSTFs scientific director from2012to2019, notes that “most studies of diabetes were done in middle-aged white individuals,” She argues that they ‘should be revised. “The study found that you would miss so many Blacks, Hispanics and Asians when you use these guidelines. I think it’s a kind of harm.”

32. What can we learn about Aggarwa’s mother?

A. She seldom had exercise.

B. She was diagnosed with diabetes at an old age.

C. Her poor diet and overweight accounted for her disease.

D. Her disease probably had a connection with her race.

33. What’s Ngo-Metzger’s attitude towards the current screening standard?

A. Critical B. Positive C. Neutral D. Indifferent

34. What is the text mainly about?

A. New findings about cure diabetes.

B. The causes of diabetes are complicated.

C. More and more people suffer from diabetes.

D. The current screening standards are not proper.

35. What might be talked about in the following passage?

A. Detecting diabetes early. B. Diabetes prevention.

C. Revising the current screening standard. D. New ways to cure diabetes in the future.

**第二节 (共5小题：每小题2. 5分。满分12. 5分)**

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

**How to Beat the Rising Prices**

A recent study by the Office of National Statistics tracked prices of essentials over a year. Pasta increased by almost 50%, bread by 16%and rice by 15%. So how do you combat the creeping cost of your groceries? 36

**Plan what you need to buy**

37 . First up, meal planning is a great way to ensure you have enough food in for the whole household, check what you already have so you can use these up with similar recipes but cost less. Then your plan can turn into a shopping list.

38

We’ve all got our favorite brands and supermarkets, and it can be hard to ditch these for cheaper alternatives. But doing this can make a huge difference. Look for own brand items. Which are often made similar recipes but cost less. It might be that you end up just swapping one or two items-but that’s still saving you some cash.

**Take advantage of deals**

Special offers can be a huge help, but you do have to be careful. Many. such as Buy-One-Get-One-Free(BOGOF). are designed to make us buy more than we need. But if you are certain you’re going to use something, then buying in large amounts when they’re on offer will bring savings. 39 from which I have benefited a lot.

**Prevent food waste**

Finally, you’ll save a decent chunk of cash by avoiding throwing out food. There are two parts to this. On one hand, there’s forgetting you’ve got something and it’s gone off before you can use it-so keep an eye on the dates. 40 As long as items have been properly stored they’ll be fine to consume after the date. So don’t throw away those packs of crisps, tinned tomatoes or cans of beer just because they’ve been out of date.

A. Change what you buy

B. Remember your freezer

C. You need to check a discount really is a discount too

D. I tend to do this for toothpastes, tissue or any other products that I use everyday

E. Best-before, on the other hand, is just a guide to the quality of the product

F. Well. there are some simple tricks you can try that’ll reduce what you spend

G. There are a few advantages of thinking ahead before you get to the supermarket

**第三部分 语言运用 (共两节，满分30分)**

**第一节 (共15小题：每小题1分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was seven years old and my sister Amy was just five years old, we were playing on top of a bunk bed. I thought without help or any 41 from me at all, suddenly Amy disappeared off of the top of the bunk bed and 42 with a crash on the floor. I nervously peered over the side of the bed and saw that she had landed 43 on her hands and knees on the ground. I was nervous because my parents had 44 me with making sure that we played as 45 as possible. I saw my sister’s painful face threatening to 46 from her mouth and threatening to wake up my parents. So I did the only thing my little seven-year-old 47 could think to do to change this 48 . I said, “Amy, Amy, wait. Don’t cry…No human lands on all fours like that. Amy, I think this means you’re a unicorn (独角兽). “ 49 , that was cheating, but there was nothing in the world my sister would want more than the unicorn. Instead of crying, instead of 50 our play, with all the negative consequences that would have waited for me, a smile 51 across her face. She climbed onto the bunk bed again with all the grace of a baby unicorn, with one 52 leg.

What we 53 unconsciously at that tender age is something called positive psychology. It’s not necessarily the reality that shapes us, but the lens (棱镜) through which your brain 54 the world that shapes your reality. And if we can change the lens, believe me we can change every single educational and business 55 at the same time.

41. A. hug B. drag C. risk D. push

42. A. perceived B. completed C. landed D. exploded

43. A. crazily B. painfully C. happily D. widely

44. A. provided B. awarded C. shared D. charged

45. A. safely B. warmly C. loudly D. mildly

46. A. jump B. erupt C. complain D. mourn

47. A. face B. head C. brain D. soul

48. A. tragedy B. chance C. shock D. legend

49. A. Oppositely B. Obviously C. Similarly D. Consequently

50. A. ceasing B. continuing C. envying D. replacing

51. A. proceeded B. slid C. spread D. stretched

52. A. broken B. slim C. freezing D. dead

53. A. adapt to B. come across C. pay for D. point out

54. A. changes B. imagines C. views D. creates

55. A. appearance B. person C. protest D. outcome

**第二节 语法填空 (共10小题；每小题1. 5分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Flash floods hit Longcaogou of Pengzhou, Southwest China’s Sichuan Province on Saturday. Seven people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (56) (kill) and eight others slightly injured. Local authorities announced on Sunday, noting that some tourists \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (57) were camping in the dried-up river were trapped in the flood after failing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (58) (escape) in time.

More than 500 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (59) (rescuer) are conducting a search of valleys and rivers to find lost tourists over the weekend, said local authorities, adding that at least 15 professional rescue teams, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (60) (include) mountain rescue and diving rescue teams, are taking part in the rescue work. The rescue work at the scene \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (61) (draw)to a close. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (62) Longcaogou was hit by floods in 2015 and 2017, it has not stopped tourists from visiting the area.

Meanwhile, Longcaogou has been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (63) (wide) recommended on social media platforms \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (64) a “new Instagram-worthy location” and a “nice holiday resort.” Many bloggers posted pictures of the valley’s beautiful scenery and their trips on 65 lifestyle-sharing platforms with captions recommending that people go there.

**第四部分 写作 (共两节、满分40分)**

**第一节 (满分15分)**

假定你是李华，你的英国笔友Peter对中国书法很感兴趣，并想学习它，发来邮件希望你给他一些指导。请回复一封邮件，内容包括：

1. 你的建议；2. 你的祝愿。

注意：1. 词数80左右；2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

参考词汇：书法calligraphy

Dear Peter,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

LiHua

**第二节 (满分25分)**

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

John and Bobby joined a wholesale company together just after graduation from college the same year. Both they worked very hard. After several years, however. the boss promoted Bobby to the position of manager but John remained an ordinary employee. John could not take it anymore, submitted his resignation to the boss and complained the boss did not know how to delegate and did not value hard working staff, but only promoted those who flattered him.

The boss knew that John worked very hard for the years. He thought a moment and said, “Thank you for your criticism, but I have a request. I hope you will do one more thing for our company before you leave. Perhaps you will change your decision and take back your resignation.”

John agreed. The boss asked him to go and find out anyone selling watermelons in the market John went and returned soon. He said he had found out a man selling watermelons. The boss asked how much per kg? John shook his head and went back to the market to ask and returned to inform the boss of the price-$1. 2 per kg.

The boss told John to wait a second, and he called Bobby to come to his office. He asked Bobby to go and find anyone selling watermelons in the market. Bobby went, returned and said, “Boss, only one person sells watermelons. $1. 2 per kg, $10for10kg, he has a supply of340melons. On the table 58 melons, every melon weights about 2 kg and bought from the South two days ago, they are fresh and red, good quality. After the careful report, Bobby waited for the reply of the boss. At that moment, the boss started at John without any words.

注意：1. 续写词数应为150左右；

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

John realized the difference from Bobby. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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John and Bobby were good partners for the company. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**黄冈市2022年高三年级9月调研考试**

**英语答案**

A篇CBA

选自Scientific American, August, 2022. 体裁广告话题：人与社会介绍今年新出版的四本严肃读物。

字数234+95

难度：易

21. C. 第一本书动物的智商显示了人类的愚蠢。所以选C.

22. B. 这四本书都是2022年出版的。

23. A最便宜的两本书18+26=44.

B篇DBDB

选自英语流利说Feb. 15. 2022. 体裁：演讲话题：演讲天才少女谷爱凌自述心路历程。

字数242+182

24. D. 根据原文第一自然段，让运动员爱上极限运动的核心是兴奋刺激。

25. B. 推理判断题。I’ve spent visualizing tricks and practicing them in foam pits and on airbags suggest otherwise. Instead of ignoring fear, we build unique relationships with it. 虽然很容易给极限运动员贴上无所畏惧的标签，但我花了无数个小时及其可视化，并在泡沫坑和安全气囊上联系它们，这表明我们和它建立了特殊联系，而不是忽视恐惧。这说明他们是通过练习来克服恐惧。

26. D词义猜测题。根据第五自然段It doesn’t take much, unfortunately, for uncertainty to override confidence. Imperfect preparation moistens my palms and makes each breath shallower than the last. The feeling isn’t panic, but something like dread. Danger! cries every evolutionary instinct不幸的是，不需要太多的不确定性来压倒信心。不完美准备会让弄湿我的手掌(手掌紧张出汗)，所以选 D.

27. B. 中心主旨我承认，我爱上了恐惧最符合谷的这篇演讲。

C篇DACC

选自the times Thursday July, 2022体裁：议论文。话题：人与自然。从非典到新冠到鼠疫到猴痘，种种病毒都和人类和动物密切接触有关。都市喂养狐狸真的是一中时尚吗？

字数367+168，

难度：中

28. D. 文章开头以明星Kate喂养狐狸的图片引出本篇的话题，所以选D

29. 细节理解原文To be anti-fox is to be with Dahl’s dreary rule-followers, Boggis, Bunce and Bean可以看出Boggi是反对者之一，和作者立场一致，所以选A.

30. C细节理解原文They were voiced in Wes Anderson’s stop-motion film Fantastic Mr Fox by the silver fox himself, George Clooney. “银狐”George Clooney在WesAnderson执导的动画片《了不起的狐狸爸爸》中配音，所以选C。A和原文意思相反。在很多人看来喂养狐狸是一件时尚的事，可见对其危险认识不足。所以排除D

31. C. 推理判断题。猜测作者的写作目的和意图。作者对在都市喂养狐狸的现象提出异议，所以选C.

D篇DADC

选自Scientific American August, 2022体裁：议论文话题：人与社会现在越来越多的人患糖尿病，重要的原因是美国现行的检测监督标准不准确不公平，忽略了众多的有色人种。

字数319+128.

难度：中

32. 细节理解从第一自然段his mother-一a fit woman in her40s一had been diagnosed with type 2 diabetes. my mom was an Indian American woman with a healthy weight and good diet and exercise practices. 可知他妈妈是四十多岁时被诊断出糖尿病2型，但是她体重正常，饮食健康，经常运动锻炼，所以排除ABC. 从后文知道黑人等人种患糖尿病的风险比白人更高，所以选D。

33. 推理判断题。从最后一自然段她所说的话”The study found that you would miss so many Blacks, Hispanics and Asians when you use these guidelines. I think it’s a harm”, 可知她认为现行的检测监督标准忽视了太多的人群，是不公正的，所以选A.

34. D. 主旨大意题。中心是质疑现行的标准，所以选D.

35. C篇章结构题。原文结尾质疑现行标准的弊端，所以后文很可能是谈论是否要修改现行标准。

阅读填空题FGADE.

选自Scientific American. 议论文。话题：人与社会。当经济形势严峻，物价上涨，但工资未增，该如何应对？看看节约钱的妙招。

字数326+86.

36. F. 总起下文，讲节约钱的技巧方法，所以选F.

37. G. 段首句。小标题讲购物前要计划好买什么。句首讲提前想好买什么有好处，和很对应。

38. A. 小标题要概括全段。全段讲购物不能仅限于自己喜欢的品牌，要寻找属于自己的品牌，从而节约钱。所以选A.

39. 段尾结束句。举例实证，后面说我从中受益匪浅。所以选D.

40. E. 句中考查。从两个方面讲怎么防止浪费食物。”on one hand”和”on the other hand”刚好呼应，B是故意设置的干扰项。

完形填空答案：DCBDA BCABA CABCD

语篇解读小时候，”我”和妹妹玩耍的过程中，妹妹从床上掉落，而”我”编造了一个谎言改变了事情的结局。通过这件事情，”我”联想到了用积极的心理看待世界的重要性。

41. D解析：考查名词。从作者角度来看，他觉得妹妹不知道怎么会掉下床，所以他觉得自己没有推妹妹。drag: 拖，拉；累赘；阻力。push: 推，决心。

42. C解析：考查动词。land: (使)降落，着陆；跳落，跌落；使陷于(困境)

43. B解析：考查副词。根据常识和后文中的pain and suffering可以看出妹妹从双层床上跌落是非常痛的。painfully: 痛苦地；crazily: 疯狂地；widely: 广泛地。

44. D解析：考查动词。根据上文得知”我”是哥哥，所以父母会让”我照顾好妹妹。”我很紧张，因为父母已经叮嘱过我，一定要保证妹妹和我玩耍的时候注意安全。”charge: 赋予…职责。claim: 声称；索取；赢得；需要；夺去 (生命) 。urge: 敦促，催促；推，拉；驱赶；强烈要求。

45. A解析：考查副词。见44题翻译。mildly: adv. 和善地；轻微地。

46. B解析：考查动词。”我看到妹妹的脸，她满脸痛苦、惊讶，眼看着就要哭出来了，眼看着就会吵醒父母。”erupt: start abruptly忽然爆发，同explode。expand: 使…变大；扩张；详述。mourn: 哀痛；哀悼。

47. C解析：考查名词。”我做了一件7岁小孩唯一能想到的事，来扭转悲剧。”soul: 灵魂。根据下文54题此句，我们可以知道brain是最佳选项。

48. A解析：考查名词。见47题翻译。因为如果父母被吵醒，看到妹妹受伤，肯定会责备”我”，这对”我”来说无疑是不想看到的事情。tragedy: aterrible, unhappy, or unfortunate event。

49. B副词辨析obviously显而易见这是我哄骗妹妹说的话。

50. A解析：考查动词。”我”对艾米说人类不会那样四脚朝地落下去，这就意味着她是传说中的独角兽。而艾米最想到独角兽。听到”我”这么一说，就没有哭了，继续爬上来玩。cease: stop停止。envy: 嫉妒。

50. B解析：考查名词。”她没有停止游戏，也没有哭，也没有产生不好的结果，她脸上划过一丝微笑，重新爬回到双层床的上铺，带着作为一只小独角兽的优雅，还有一条受伤的腿。”factors: 因素。

51. C解析：考查动词。翻译见50题。Proceed: 进行；前进； (沿特定路线)行进； (尤指打断后) 继续说。slid是slide的过去式。stretch: 伸展；延伸；持续；包括。

52. A解析：考查形容词。broken: 破碎的，打碎的； (腿，臂等) 骨折的。slim: 苗条的。

53. B解析：考查词组。”我们在那么稚嫩的年龄无意间发现的道理其实 (我们现在叫做) 是积极心理学。”come across: 偶然碰到 (找到/发现。) adapt to: 适应。point out: 指出。

54. C解析：考查动词。”并不一定是现实世界造就我们，而是我们大脑用来看世界的那个镜片造就了我们的现实世界。”

55. D解析：考查名词。”如果我们可以换一副镜片，我们就可以改变每一个结果。”outcome: 结果；protest: 抗议。

语法填空：选自China Daily四川成都彭州市龙槽沟突发山洪造成游玩群众伤亡，是”天灾”还是”人祸”？网红平台有误导之责。

56. were killed谓语动词考查一般过去时被动语态

57. who/that考查定语从句，先行词是人，作主语，所以用who/that

58. to escape动词不定式做宾语。fail to do sth

59. rescuers名词复数考查

60. including现在分词including转化为介词，做状语

61. is drawing时态考查。现在进行时表将来，搜救工作接近尾声

62. Although/Though/While让步状语从句。注意句首单词第一个字母要大写。

63. widely形容词转化为副词修饰实意动词

64. as考查介词。recommend…as…把…作为…. 来推荐

65. the冠词在分享生活方式的平台上 (如小红书等)

第四部分写作 (共两节，满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

Possible version

Dear Peter, I’m more than delighted to know that you show great interest in Chinese calligraphy and are eager to learn it. Here is my advice for you.

As is known, Chinese calligraphy is a brilliant treasure of our country. I’d like to tell you that learning Chinese calligraphy is not an easy thing and time-consuming. To begin with, it’s a good idea to choose an online course of Chinese calligraphy. You can visit relevant web sites where you can find many good courses. Secondly, why not follow an instructor expert in it in your local place? Most importantly, please keep in mind that what you have to do is keep going.

I’m sure you will succeed eventually as long as you put your heart into it. I expect to see your works of Chinese calligraphy next time.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 (满分25分) 【参考范文】

Paragraph1:

John realized the difference from Bobby. Shocked by Bobby’s perfect performance. John was lost in thought, unable to utter a single word. It was quite a while before John made his final decision. Instead of leaving the company like a drowned mouse, he decided to stay and prove his ability. “I am bound to make it! “John said to the boss with a determined look, taking back the resignation. After that, not only did John work harder than before, but he also learned from Bobby with an open mind. Thus, John made steady progress in his work.

Paragraph2:

John and Bobby were good partners for the company. Thanks to their cooperation and hard work, the company made a rapid development. Fortunately, affected by John’s efforts, the boss promoted him to the position of manager, too. Now it occurs to John that details determine success or failure. As an old saying goes, “No gold is red, no man is perfect. “Only with a humble heart to learn from others, can we constantly surpass ourselves and finally achieve success.

材料来源：文稿选自于高中课外阅读英语美文欣赏46《差距》

写作点拨

本文为记叙文。文章讲述了两个大学一起毕业的同学到同一家公司工作。经过各自的努力后，Bobby得到了老板的赏识提升为经理而John认为是老板没有发现他的努力，只会看中讨好老板的人，打算辞职。如是，老板安排了一个任务给John和Bobby各自完成。

根据续写第一段的提示可知，John看到了Bobby的确比自己更加优秀。根据这一提示，续写部分需要表明John认识到自己的不足和下一步打算，怎样做才能证明自己的能力是这段续写的主体。

根据续写第二段的提示可知，John和Bobby一起为公司打拼，成为好的工作伙伴。由此可知，续写第二段需要根据他们的表现得到老板同样的赏识，同时深化写作主题，看到自己的不足，通过努力和改变能使自己同样优秀。

范文点评：

范文对故事情节把握与拓展合理，文章前后衔接紧凑，表述连贯。在结尾处还深化主题：”No gold is red, no man is perfect. “鼓励学生要不断的努力和反思自己，最终能获得成功，体现出了社会主义核心价值观。范文使用了如下亮点之处：1. 使用高级结构做状语：shocked by. ; unable to do; affected by…o

2. 高级短语：be lost in thought”深思”；be bound to do”一定做某事”。

3. 高级句式：两个倒装句：not only. …but also句型结构在句首的倒装句；Only在句首后接with介词短语的倒装句；It occurs to sb that. . 主语从句。

4. 名言警句：”No gold is red, no man is perfect. “的应用，使主题更加深化。