**2023-2024学年第一学期期末考试**

**高一英语试卷**

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）**

**听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后、你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。**

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是C。

1. What is Jane reading?

A. A newspaper. B. A magazine. C. A book.

2. What size of jacket does the man need?

A. Small. B. Medium. C. Large

3. What is the woman’s favorite animal at the zoo?

A. The lion: B. The panda. C. The monkey.

4. What does the woman want to buy for John?

A. A calendar B. A car. C. A camera.

5. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Classmates. B. Mother and son. C. Teacher and student.

**第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）**

**听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题、从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。**

**听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。**

6. What sport does the woman’s sister take part in?

A. Gymnastics. B. Football. C. Basketball.

7. Who was injured on the field?

A. The woman. B. The man’s brother. C. The man.

**听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。**

8. What does the woman suggest the man do?

A. Buy sun cream. B. Go to the hotel. C. Leave the airport.

9. Which country was the man born in?

A. Australia. B. England. C. Japan.

10. How long is the man going to stay?

A. For three months. B. For six months. C. For one year.

**听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。**

11. Where are the speakers?

A. In a hospital. B. In a cafe. C. At home.

12. What is wrong with the woman?

A. She had a headache.

B. She ate too much chocolate.

C. She was bitten by an insect.

13. What does the man suggest the woman do?

A. Go to bed. B. Drink a cup of tea. C. Walk in the garden.

**听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。**

14. What training is the man going to?

A. Volleyball. B. Football. C. Basketball.

15. When is the woman supposed to meet Peter?

A. At 4:00. B. At 4:30. C. At 5:00.

16. How many people might the man bring with him to the party?

A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

17. Which food is the woman bringing to the party?

A. Hotdogs. B. A cake. C. Pizzas.

**听下面一段独白，回答以下小题。**

18. How is the group getting to the hotel?

A. On foot. B. By bus. C. By taxi.

19. Why will the group arrive late?

A. Because of an accident.

B. Because of the bad weather.

C. Because of the heavy traffic.

20. Who is the speaker?

A. A tour guide. B. A taxi driver C. A hotel manager.

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

**阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。**

**A**

**Five Star Yellowstone Tour**

Discover the world’s oldest national park, Yellowstone, on this grand wildlife tour. Our professional guides will give you a 5 star customer service experience on your all inclusive tour without any additional taxes or booking fees.

Starting at approximately 7 am, we will be rolling out the red carpet for you and all you have to do is to sit back and enjoy the ride. We provide snacks, bottled water, and cooked food for lunch. This tour’s main focus is on the wide variety of wildlife, Yellowstone’s rich historic landscapes as well as the fascinating prospect formed by the Yellowstone Supervolcano for over millions of years. Binoculars (双筒望远镜) are provided to help you appreciate the scenery better.

Whether you are an amateur photographer, a science or history enthusiast or just want to explore the outdoors, this tour has something for everyone. Our fun but professional guides will give you a first class tour in a very comfortable tour bus.

**Tour snapshot**

Duration: 10-12 hours

Taking Covid-19 safety measures: *Click here*

Hotel pickup offered

Group size: 9

Ticket type: Mobile

Available language: English

**Book in advance**

Scheduled date: *Check availability*

Total fees: $300 per adult (age 13-99); 40% discount (age 1-12)

Reserve now & pay later: Learn more

Free cancellation: For a full refund, cancel at least 24 hours in advance of the start date of the experience.

Now you’re all set! Have a great time.

21. Where is this text probably taken from?

A. A textbook. B. A website.

C. A scenery magazine. D. A travel report.

22. What can we know about the tour?

A. It has both mobile and paper tickets.

B. It is a 9-people group with extra fees.

C. It offers snacks, breakfast, binoculars and hotel pickup.

D. It highlights wildlife, historic sights and volcanic scenery.

23. What should you do for the booking?

A. Pay $180 per child for the tour.

B. Pay at once after your reservation.

C. Cancel within 24 hours for a full refund.

D. Consult the guide to check available date.

**B**

I was born in a poor community on the north side of Boston, US, raised by a single mother who didn’t finish 3rd grade, lived each day on food stamps and attended what the media called “the most dysfunctional public school district”. Not many people expected much of me, so I had to expect something of myself.

On my 13th birthday, I bought a poster of Harvard to hang in my room. Being at Harvard became what I dreamt about. Even when my electricity was cut off and I woke up at 5:30 am to pitch blackness, I knew that my poster of Harvard was still hanging only two feet away from me.

Reminding myself of my goal each day made it easy to say no to the same choices I saw my peers making, because those paths wouldn’t have had me closer to my goal. Even poverty could not take away my power to decide what I choose to do with my day. The poster gave me the courage to cold email about 50 Harvard students so I could ask for feedback on my application essays; it gave me the energy to study just one more hour on my SATs when my friends were asleep; and it gave me the determination to submit just one more scholarship application when 180 others had already turned me down.

Every day I could feel myself getting closer and closer to my goal as my writing got better, my SAT score increased, and my scholarship checks started coming in. Finally, an email arrived from Harvard. The first word was “Congratulations!” A month later, Harvard flew me up to visit the campus where for the first time I stepped onto my dreaming land.

Who you are today is the result of the decisions you made yesterday, and who you will be tomorrow will be the result of the choices you make today. Who do you want to be tomorrow?

24. What can we learn about the author from the first paragraph?

A. He experienced disability. B. He grew up in a happy family.

C. He accepted special education. D. He had high expectation of himself.

25. What efforts did the author make to achieve his goal?

A. He learnt from his peers from time to time.

B. He often wrote feedbacks on others’ essays.

C. He spent more time preparing for the exams.

D. He consulted his teacher when facing problems.

26. Which can best describe the author’s character?

A. Courageous and friendly. B. Generous and selfless.

C. Intelligent and humorous. D. Determined and hardworking.

27. Which of the following can be the main idea of the text?

A. Failure is the mother of success.

B. Perseverance can realize your dream.

C. The longest journey begins with the first step.

D. Your success in life lies in your hardship in the past.

**C**

Twenty years ago, the idea of sharing our lives so openly with the world was unheard of However, for young people today it is considered completely normal to share pictures of their lives and interact(互动) online every day. Fans of social media point out that the world has never been so connected as it has allowed people to make friends, learn about the world and celebrate life.

However, many people have concerns about the effects of this new way of living, particularly around the amount and type of information that is shared so openly. Recently researchers have found that too much time on social media may have some negative effects. They measured people’s attitudes and feelings before and after watching social media sites. They found that the mere time people spent on social media, the more unhappy they became.

There are a number of reasons for this. When watching social media, people often see photographs and stories showing beautiful holidays, fun parties and fashionable clothes. People seldom post negative stories or bad pictures, so it can be misleading. For those looking at these pictures and comparing them to their own lives, they can end up feeling depressed. They might think their lives are worse in comparison. Even for those people who post positive stories and pictures, they too can feel stressed and worried. The number of “likes” and comments on their posts can make them anxious about their popularity. Of course, there is also the problem of “cyber bullying”(网络欺凌) where people become victims of bullying online when others make negative or cruel comments about them.

The reality is that social media is a part of modern life and it is not going to go away. This research shows us that it is important to find a balance between our online and offline lives. We don’t have to disconnect from the Internet to live a happy life, but we should realize that the pictures we see and stories we read are only part of a bigger picture. If we can do that, we can protect ourselves and enjoy our lives.

28. What effect does social media have according to the recent research?

A. It enables people to make more friends on the Internet.

B. It increases unhappiness for people using it too much.

C. It makes people have much more wonderful lives.

D. It helps people to have a better knowledge of the world

29. Why are people worried when they post positive stories?

A. They fear others mislead their posts.

B. They think others have happier lives.

C. They fear they may be cyber bullied by others.

D. They fear others have no interest in the stories.

30. How does the author develop paragraph 3?

A. By giving causes. B. By listing figures.

C. By making comparison. D. By describing process.

31. What is the author’s purpose in writing the passage?

A. Persuading people to disconnect from the Internet.

B. Introducing the convenience social media creates.

C. Describing the threats caused by social media.

D. Telling us to balance online and offline lives.

**D**

The sun rises above the Arctic Ocean (北冰洋). Across the frozen sea, a white bear moves slowly.

The bear stops and sways his head from side to side. There is nothing to see but endless ice and red sky. Then his powerful nose senses what his eyes cannot: a beluga whale is nearby.

The bear follows the smell and spots a large hole in the ice where a small white whale is swimming. He silently walks toward the hole, then stops, standing still. The whale does not see the bear, whose white fur makes him appear invisible against the ice.

Finally, the whale swims close to where the bear is waiting. With terrifying speed, the bear comes to life and moves toward the whale. In a moment it is over, and the bear eats his first meal in nearly a week.

Polar bears rule the frozen sea, but their ancestors weren’t always built for ice and snow. The first Arctic bears were brown bears, a species that includes grizzly bears. They came to the icy north over a hundred thousand years ago.

No one knows for sure why these bears traveled to such a cold place. Scientists think they might have wandered north looking for food. Maybe they became trapped by glaciers and couldn’t leave. Whatever the reason, the bears never should have survived.

But they did. They got used to their new environment. Their bodies changed. Their behavior changed, too. Eventually, the bears developed into an entirely new species: the polar bear. You can see some of the characteristics that polar bears developed to survive.

Sadly, these characteristics may now threaten the polar bear’s survival. As sea ice melts due to global warming, polar bears are frequently forced to come ashore. They are poor hunters on land, which means they often go a long time between meals. The polar bear, king of the Arctic, is now classified as a threatened species.

Although the future of the polar bear is unknown, the tale of two bears continues. As temperatures rise, grizzly bears have been spotted moving north into polar bear territory. These long­-lost cousins, once forced apart by nature, are coming back together again.

32. What can be inferred about the white bear mentioned in the first four paragraphs?

A. It is noisy. B. It is smelly.

C. It is starving. D. It has good eyesight.

33. What do we know about polar bears’ ancestors?

A. They were a darker-­colored species.

B. They were born to live in ice and snow.

C. They had no trouble getting used to the icy north.

D. They came to the Arctic Ocean about 1,000 years ago.

34. Why are polar bears struggling to survive?

A. They are losing their hunting ground.

B. They are threatened by other animals.

C. They are spending little time on land.

D. They have difficulty reaching the shore.

35. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

A. The climate change B. The polar bear’s favorite meal

C. The dark past of the polar bear D. The mysteries of the Arctic Ocean

**第二节 七选五（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

**阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。**

When your best friends are upset, sad, or disappointed, all you want to do is lift their spirits. Here are some easy ways to cheer them up.

**Help your friend clean their room.**

Being surrounded by a mess doesn’t do much for your mental state. \_\_\_36\_\_\_ Helping your friend straighten up their room gives you something productive to do together. Plus, when they’re on their own, they can relax in a clean, peaceful space.

**Encourage them to talk it out.**

Talking is effective. Teenagers usually want someone to talk to when they are stressed. \_\_\_37\_\_\_ If they aren’t interested in talking, invite them to do an activity with you and they will likely start talking.

**Practice gratitude.**

Thinking about and focusing on the good things in your life can do wonders for lifting your spirits. Help your friend turn their attention to those things. \_\_\_38\_\_\_

\_\_\_39\_\_\_

Staying active can help get depression (抑郁) away. Invite the person to join you in a dance class or anything else they may have mentioned before that they wanted to try out but never have. Fun time with friends is surely helpful.

**Do an aimless act of kindness together.**

\_\_\_40\_\_\_ So go out, do things, even small things (e.g., opening a door for someone, paying for someone’s drink, smiling at and greeting a stranger. etc.), for others and see how your day changes.

A. Try new things together.

B. Plan for your future together.

C. Just be there for them and listen to them.

D. Together, you can each list all the things you’re grateful for.

E. Science has shown just being in nature naturally improves one’s mood.

F. Meanwhile, having a tidy space can help you feel more in control and calmer.

G. Oftentimes when we do things for other people, we are the ones that benefit.

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

**阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。**

My mother was a nurse and often took me along to visit the families she was caring for. Among them was a woman who had a \_\_\_41\_\_\_ disease and was always lying on the bed.

One afternoon, my mom told me that we needed to visit the woman at her home, and that we needed to be there to \_\_\_42\_\_\_ treatment, and we would stop at a store on the way. I thought we would stop at a \_\_\_43\_\_\_ store, where we can buy some pills, but we pulled up to a \_\_\_44\_\_\_. My mom headed to the make-up area and bought the most expensive bottle of perfume they \_\_\_45\_\_\_. To my surprise, she also bought a \_\_\_46\_\_\_ nightdress. When I asked my mom who these things were for, she said they were for her patient. My mom further explained that although this woman was older and unable to \_\_\_47\_\_\_ her bed, she was still a lady, and she still \_\_\_48\_\_\_ dignity (尊严) and beauty. She \_\_\_49\_\_\_ to me that when we care for someone, we should look past the \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ or the illness and we look into the soul of the human so we can connect with them with sympathy.

I \_\_\_\_51\_\_\_ realized that my mother’s great strengths and abilities were \_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ the very young and the very old, those who can not \_\_\_\_53\_\_\_\_ out their needs and hope for themselves, and need trustworthy and loving care providers. Under the influence of my mother, I knew in the 9th grade I would become a \_\_\_\_54\_\_\_\_. Today, my dream has come true. I work as a clinical psychologist, working hard and remembering what my mom taught me, and I’m not \_\_55\_\_\_ that I find my work filled with patients who are very and very old.

41. A. serious B. active C. rare D. common

42. A. help with B. deal with C. learn from D. focus on

43. A. fruit B. drug C. clothing D. food

44. A. supermarket B. restaurant C. factory D. garage

45. A. produced B. bought C. offered D. made

46. A. comfortable B. cheap C. useful D. beautiful

47. A. approach B. make C. touch D. leave

48. A. managed B. wanted C. starved D. requested

49. A. turned B. reported C. explained D. wrote

50. A. advantage B. condition C. disability D. shortcoming

51. A. soon B. even C. never D. again

52. A. caring for B. looking for C. waiting for D. setting for

53. A. look B. put C. speak D. take

54. A. writer B. patient C. chemist D. doctor

55. A. positive B. pleased C. silent D. surprised

**第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

For Ren Hongjuan, the meeting with her son was short but precious.

The 52-year-old is a sanitation worker (环卫工人) in Dingzhou city, Hebei province, and had not seen her son Ren Xunming for quite a long time a she boarded at school and had been busy\_\_\_\_56\_\_\_\_exam preparations. On June 8, the second day of the gaokao, she managed to arrive at her son’s test site after finishing a day of work. Wearing\_\_\_\_57\_\_\_\_orange uniform, she stood out from the crowd. As the English exam concluded, a wave of students walked out of the hall, \_\_\_\_58\_\_\_\_ (look) for their parents. Ren Xuming didn’t expect his mother to meet him,\_\_\_\_59\_\_\_\_he ran to his mother when he spotted her Ren Hongjuan handed a bottle of water to her son\_\_\_\_60\_\_\_\_just finished his English exam in Dingzhou city, Hebei province, on June 8, 2023. Without saying a word, he gave her a big hug and they both cried\_\_\_\_61\_\_\_\_(quiet). Their meeting was fleeting (短暂) because Ren Xuming had to return to school\_\_\_\_62\_\_\_\_(continue) his exams the following day.

The heartwarming moment was recorded on video and has gone viral receiving many\_\_\_\_63\_\_\_\_(comment). One read, “Hardworking mother strongly supports her son. I hope he gets a good result.” Another read, “Now, I\_\_\_\_64\_\_\_\_(impress) by the mother’s love for her son and his gratitude to his mother.” And another netizen wrote, “She maybe the\_\_\_\_\_65\_\_\_\_\_(beautiful) parent in the gaokao.”

**第四部分 词汇、句型与写作（共三节，满分40分）**

**第一节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

**阅读下面句子，根据括号内的汉语意思，在空白处填入单词的正确形式。**

1. I always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (提醒) myself of the danger Tibetan antelopes are in.
2. He used his wife’s birthday as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (方便的) excuse for not going to the meeting.
3. Students are working \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (创造性地) to protect a temple in China.
4. I’m writing to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (申请) to be a volunteer of the coming Winter Olympic Games.
5. If you want to be healthy, you should keep a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (平衡的) diet.
6. Eating more fruit and vegetables will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (有益的) to people’s health.
7. The boy begged his mom to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (原谅) him for having told a lie.
8. If you park\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（不合法地）, you will be likely to be fined.
9. Man should learn to live in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (和谐) with nature.
10. The plot of the novel sounded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (熟悉) to the students.

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）**

**根据汉语提示完成句子，每空只能填一个词。**

1. 人们都震惊了，然后晚些时候，又一次地震撼动了这座城市。

People were , and then later, another quake shook this city.

1. 这是一座可以追溯到16世纪的古老寺庙。

This is an old temple the 16th century.

1. 老板进来时她假装正在读一份重要的文件。

She an important paper when the boss entered.

1. 她的勤奋为其他人树立了榜样。

Her diligence has to the others.

1. 住在那里的人有三分之二死亡或受伤。（定语从句）

Two thirds of the people were dead or injured.

**第三节 书面表达（共1题，满分15分）**

昨天你参观了学校举办的学生国画（Chinese paintings）作品展。请给校英文报写一篇宣传稿，内容包括：

1. 展览时间、地点；

2. 观展感受；

3. 推荐观展。

注意：

1. 词数80左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Exquisite Chinese Paintings Are Exhibited On Campus

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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