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Language Focus in B2U4

Important words

- **puzzle; surround; defence; charge; approach; generous ;eager;striking (strike) ;fascinating**

Important expressions

- **be similar to; be eager to/ for; as well as; keep your eyes open; break away from**

Useful sentence patterns

- **have sth done; doing 做主语; with 复合结构**

Why do you think William said his hometown **was similar to** Qufu?

1. be similar to 与...相似 similarity n. 相似性

① Although the twins are quite different , they are similar to each other in several ways.

② What similarities can you find between them?



2. Achilles' heel 希娜神话：阿喀琉斯的脚跟

(比喻)致命的弱点



练：

① Angela is a super scholar, but spoken English is her **Achilles' heel** .

② When he gives me advice, I **am all ears**.

他给我提意见时，我**洗耳恭听**_____.

③ Sorry, **I'm all thumbs** when I cook.

很抱歉我一做饭就**笨手笨脚的**_____.

④ My wife bought a mink coat that **cost an arm and a leg**.

我妻子**花了一大笔钱**_____买了一件貂皮大衣。

Some idioms related to body part



pull one's leg

开某人的玩笑

be all ears

洗耳恭听

all thumbs

笨手笨脚的

green fingers

园艺技能

cost (sb) an arm and a leg

花了一大笔钱

see eye to eye

看法一致

hit the nail on the head

一针见血

Getting to know a little bit about British history will help you solve this **puzzle**.

puzzle: vt **迷惑; 使困惑** n **谜; 疑问**

★adj. **puzzled** (**confused**)

★ adj. **puzzling** (**confusing**)

1. The first week was a little **puzzling/confusing**.
2. He wore a **puzzled / confused** expression, maybe the problem was quite **puzzling/confusing**.
3. Some people are puzzled **about** the fact that he is still single.
4. **What puzzles me** (使我困惑的是) is that I don't know the exact time for the test.

The four countries that **belong to** the United Kingdom work together in some areas.

belong to 属于（无被动，无进行）
belongings n.所有物，财产，财物

★The painting **belonging to** the gallery dates back to the Ming Dynasty.



★威廉 教授一直告诉他的学生：未来属于受过良好教育的人。
Professor William keeps telling his students that the future **belongs to** the well-educated.

★Lockers are available to store any **belongings** during your visit.

In the 20th century, the southern part of Ireland **broke away from** the UK.

挣脱(束缚), 脱离, 改掉

▲ The suspect **broke away from** the two policemen who were holding him.

▲ One of the provinces **broke away** to form a new state.

break down (机器)出故障; (身体, 精神) 垮掉;
(计划, 谈判) 失败; (化学) 分解

break into 闯入.....

break in 闯入; 打断; 插嘴

break up 结束; 放假; 破裂; 打碎

break out (战争, 疾病等) 爆发, 突然发生

- ① The First World War broke out in 1914.
- ② Yesterday two thieves broke into his house.
- ③ As she was talking, he suddenly broke/cut in, saying, "That's a lie".
- ④ The meeting broke up at ten to three.
- ⑤ She's just broken up **with** her boyfriend.
- ⑥ Modern music like jazz has broken away from the old traditional rules.
- ⑦ The elevators(电梯) in that building are always breaking down, which makes the residents quite annoyed.

It was hard to **approach** the painting as there were so many people around.

v. 走近；接近；临近

n. 接近，方法，途径

1. Winter is **approaching**.

2. **With the approach of** Christmas the weather turned colder.

with the approach of = with..... approaching

3. **The approach to** the house was a narrow path.

4. The best **approach to** **learning** **(learn)** a foreign language is reading as much as possible.

an approach **to** (doing)

做某事的方法



巧学活用



1. Many approaches have been adopted to control the spread of COVID-19.
2. Approaching (approach) the city center, we saw a stone statue of about 10 meters in height.
3. With the test approaching (随着考试的临近) I began to learn English.

Carl and his friends stayed with a **generous** family.

n. generosity

be generous **to** sb

对某人慷慨

be generous **with** sth

在某方面大方

it's generous **of** sb to do sth

某人做某事很慷慨

★ These volunteers are very generous **to** the old man.

★ Everybody likes to get along with someone who is generous **with** his time and money.

★ It is generous of this little girl to (这个小女孩很慷慨) share her toys with the other kids.

I was eager to see that.... n.eagerness

① **I was eager to succeed.**

be eager to do sth

② **She is eager for a present from her parents.**

③ **Her eagerness for knowledge is very strong.**





渴望做某事

be eager for/to do sth

be **anxious** for/to do sth

be dying for/to do sth

be desperate for/to do sth

be hungry/ **thirsty** for/to do sth

have a desire for

long for/to do sth

If you **keep your eyes open**, you will be surprised to find that you can see both its past and its present.

keep your eyes open (for) 留心; 留意

Imitation: make sentence based on the given words.

keep one's eyes open; landscape

If you **keep your eyes open**, you will be surprised at the landscape as well as the culture of the country.

You will be **surrounded** by evidence of four different groups of people who took over at different times throughout history.

adj. surrounding

n. surroundings (复数) 环境



- ① The teacher was surrounded by lovely Children.
_(被孩子们包围着)
- ② Surrounded (surround) by lovely Children, the teacher wore a smile on her face.

[Summary]

surround ...with....

be surrounded with/by

以....包围....

被....包围....



巧学活用



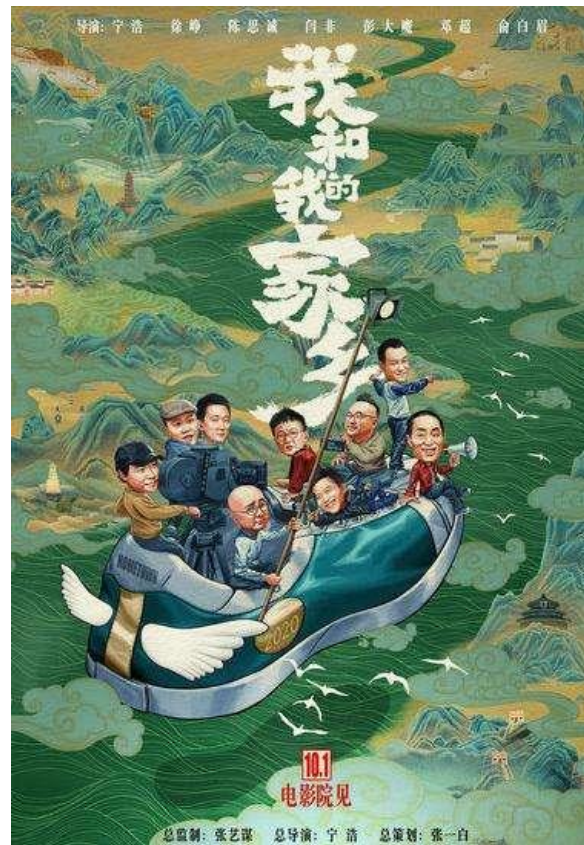
- ① The absolute best way to learn English is to surround yourself with it.
- ② Surrounded (surround) by a lot of green trees and flowers, the village has beautiful surroundings.
- ③ They climbed upward along the steep cliffs surrounding (surround) the village.
- ④ All the buildings are surrounded by bushes
(被灌木包围着)

fascinating: adj. extremely interesting and attractive

★adj. fascinated (very interested)

★ vt. fascinate (to interest or attract sb very much)

The movie *My people My homeland* is so fascinating that everyone who has watched it will be fascinated by it.



charge vt. 充电；收费，控告
n. 收费；指控；主管

01

免费

free of charge

02

负责；主管(介词词组)

in charge of

03

负责；主管(动词词组)

take charge of

04

由…负责；主管

in the charge of

05

因…收某人的费用

charge sb for sth

06

charge sb with sth 指控某人某事

① She takes charge of the day-to-day running of the business.

→ She is in charge of the day-to-day running of the business.

② Our monitor is in charge of our class when our headteacher is out.

→ Our class is in the charge of our monitor when our headteacher is out.

③ I'm not going there again, because they charged me 10 pounds **for** a cup of coffee.

④ In the car park we could **get our car battery charged** (charge).

⑤ The driver **was charged with** speeding.

⑥ The ticket is **free of charge**.

They use the same flag , known as Union Jack, **as well as** share the same currency and military **defence**.

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1. The Great Wall was our main military **defence** against enemies in ancient times.
2. To defend **from/ against** disease, we should lead a healthy life.
3. She stepped back as if in **defence** (defend).

[Summary]

in defence of

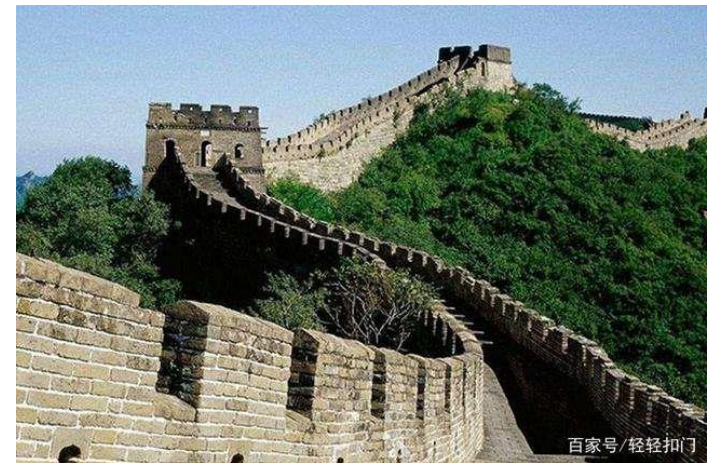
defend from/ against

defend oneself against

保护/保卫.....

保护...免受....

为自己辩解



百家号/轻轻扣门

as well as 同；和，还

★as well as 连接两个并列句子成分，连接两个主语时，谓语动词应与 前面的 主语保持一致。

★as well 也，又（常放在句尾，相当于too）

①English , as well as Chinese and maths, is of great importance.

②The famous musician, as well as his students, was invited (invite) to perform at the opening ceremony last month.

▲ a striking image

strike---struck---struck--striking(adj.显著的)

**打; 撞击; 罢工; 侵袭; 袭击; 突然想到; (钟) 敲响
报时; 划(火柴)**

1. 某人突然想到……

2. 被……打动; 深受 ① It strikes sb.that...

感动 ② be struck by...

3. 趁热打铁。 ③ Strike while the iron is

4. 两者兼顾; 达到平 hot.

衡 ④ strike a balance between A

5. 在罢工 and B

6. 打击者; 罢工者 ⑤ be/ go on strike

⑥ striker



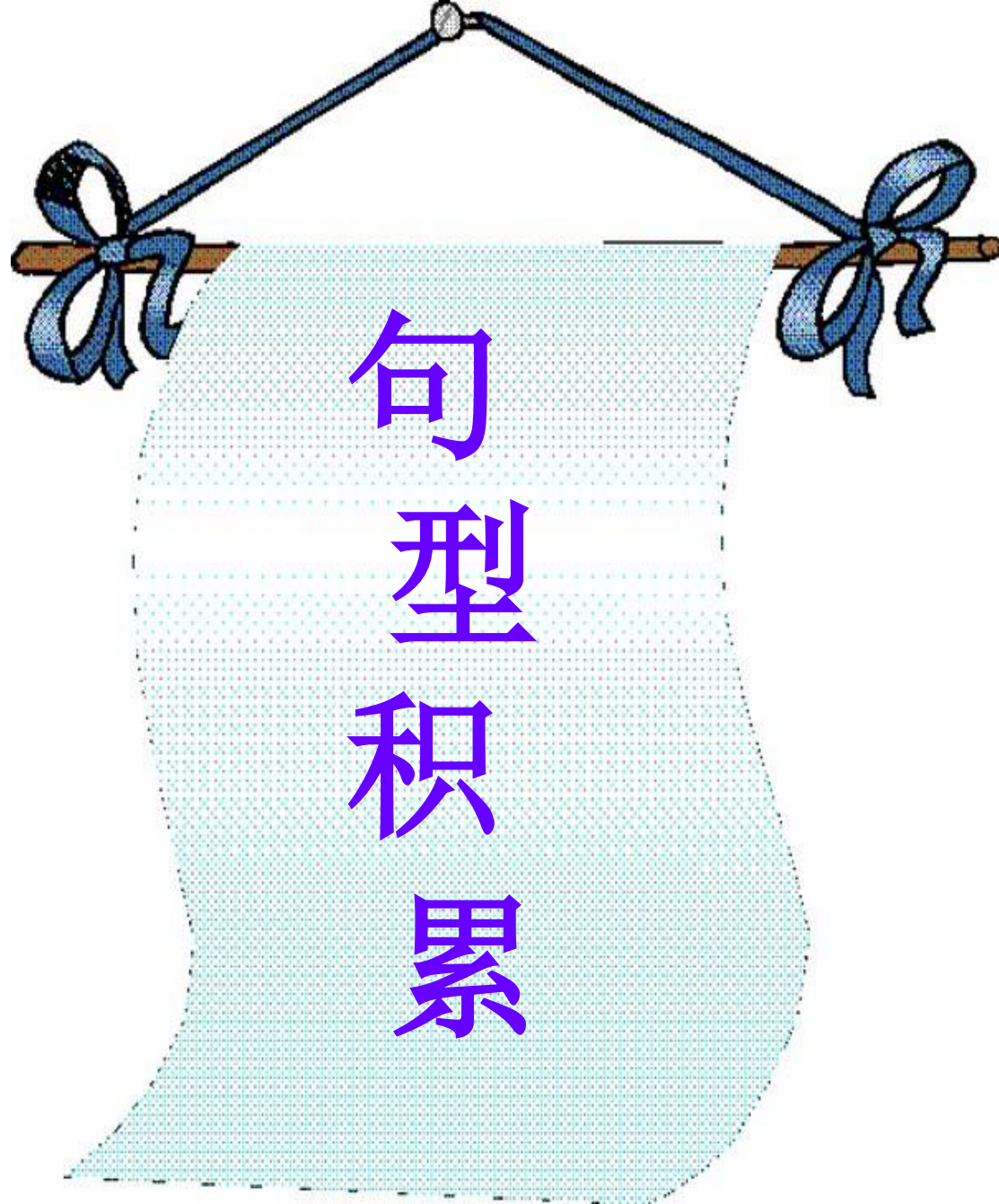
练:

① Greatly **struck** by the beauty of the language, I thought how even today Shakespeare's writing remains powerful and true.(strike)

② The idea suddenly **struck** me is that we should go to the City Square to have a look at the **striking** statue.

③ The clock has just **struck** three.

④ The big earthquake **struck the area**. (袭击)



1. **Getting to know** a little bit about British history will help you solve this puzzle.

动名词短语做主语，谓语动词常用单数。

Imitation:

①眼见为实。

Seeing is believing.

②在阳光下看书对我们的眼睛有害。

Reading in the sun is bad for our eyes.

③学习哲学将为我们的生活打开另一扇窗。

Studying philosophy will open another window to our lives.

2. They **had castles built** all around England, and made changes to the legal system.

表使役的动词：have, make, get等。

have /get/make + n. /pron. + p.p “使某事被做”

1. Speak a little louder to **make yourself** heard by us all. (hear)
2. We should work harder to **get the work** recognized (recognize).
3. They are going to have some trees planted (种些树)

Attention: have + 宾语 + 过去分词”结构中具有以下含义：

1. 主语“请别人做某事”

He wants to have his eyes examined tomorrow.

(“检查”的动作由医生来进行)

2. “遭受某一不愉快、不测的事情”

Be careful, or you'll have your purse stolen.

3. The peaceful landscape of the “Emerald Isle” and its many green counties is a true feast for the eyes, **with its rolling green hills dotted** with sheep and cattle.

with 复合结构

(1) with + n/pron + v-ing: 表示主动或正在进行的动作。

With summer coming near, it's time to buy cool clothes.

(2) with + n/pron + v.-ed: 表示被动或已经完成的动作。

① All the afternoon he worked with the door locked.

(3) with + n/pron + to do: 表示将要发生的动作。

I can't go out with all these dishes to wash.

(4) with + n/pron+ prep . phrase 表示状态或说明情况。

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① His wife came down the stairs, **with her 2-year-old son in her arm.**

② The boy is smiling **with a book and a pencil in his hand.**

(5). with + n./pron+ + adj 这里的形容词常表示状态。

He was shocked **with his eyes wide open.**

(6). with + n./pron+ adv. 副词常表示情况或状态。

① **With John away**, we've got more room.

② One family lived in a house **with tall trees all round.**



看图说话

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With his leg broken, he
had to come to school with
the help of his classmates.



The boy is smiling
with a book and a pencil in his
hand



**The baby fell asleep
with the light burning/on.**



**The man is sleeping
with the window open.**

话题微写作---Learn about a country through its history

- (1) 许多人都很困惑以下几个名称的意义，联合王国，大不列颠，不列颠和英格兰，为了解决这个困惑，了解一点英国的历史很有帮助。(be puzzled about; solve the puzzle; 动名词作主语)
- (2) 16世纪，领国威尔士并入英格兰王国；紧接着18世纪也加入进来。(be joined to; followed by)
- (3) 20世纪爱尔兰南部脱离了联合王国，形成了今天的英国全称。(break away from)
- (4) 同属于联合王国的这四个国家在某些领域紧密合作，比如说同样的国旗和军事防御。(as well as, military defense)
- (5) 不管如何，被美丽的风景吸引以及随着对英国的更多了解，我迫不及待地想亲自参观一下。(strike, with结构)



Many people **are puzzled about** the meanings of the names : the United Kingdom, Great Britain, Britain and England, to **solve this puzzle, knowing a little bit about British history** will help.

In the 16th century, the nearby country of Wales **was joined to** the Kingdom of England, followed by Scotland in 18th century.

In the 20th century, the southern part of Ireland **broke away from** the UK, **resulting in** the full name we have today.

The four countries **belonging to** the United Kingdom work together in some areas, such as using the same flag **as well as** sharing the same **military defense.**

Anyhow, **struck by** the picturesque local scenery and **with more knowledge of the UK, I can't wait to** visit it **in person.**



Homework

Review what we have learned in this lesson and finish the students' sheet after class.

