**单元小测-**

**B1U4 Natural Disasters-答案**

1. damage vs ruin(the ruins of ..., cause/do severe/serious damage to..., be/lie in ruins, ruin/damage your health)

①(2020·全国Ⅲ卷)If you do, you can’t handle it and the whole thing develops into an unpleasant scene and that \_ruins\_\_(ruin)everyone’s day.

②Tree roots can cause severe damage to（对...造成严重损害） buildings.

③Years of fighting have left the area in ruins.

④You know these things will ruin/damage your health, too much fat and sugar, how about ordering some vegetables and fruit instead?

⑤翻译：古城遗址有很高的文化价值，要为将来的研究保存好The ruins of the ancient city are of great cultural value and should be preserved for research in the future.

2. affect vs effect vs effort(have a great/lasting effect on/upon, take effect, spare no effort to do..., be greatly/deeply affected by...)

①(2020· 天津高考)The Silence Machine is a device specially designed to stop unwanted sound from \_affecting\_(affect) you.

②Television has a great effect on children's behaviour.

③Children's behaviour is greatly affected by television.

④翻译：我们应该不遗余力地美化我们的星球，因为它是被全人类共享的We should spare no effort to beautify our environment, because it is shared by all the human beings.

⑤The traffic laws don't take effect until the end of the year.

1. bury(bury oneself in, be buried in, bury one’s face in hands,

近义apply oneself to, occupy oneself with, be devoted to, be absorbed/lost/immersed in)

①翻译：她掩面而泣She buried her face in her hands and wept.

②I put on my reading glasses, bury myself in a pile of books, and feel very safe.

③Jacelin occupied himself with(近义其他词组也可) solving some geometry（几何） problems.

④Doctor should be devoted to(近义其他词组也可) maintain the health of the people.

4. breathe vs breath( take a deep breath, breathe a sigh of relief, breathe in, be breathless/out of breath)

①翻译：当我终于到学校的时候，我已经上气不接下气了，却发现那天是星期六。

I was out of breath when I finally arrived at school, only to find that it was Saturday.

②翻译：激烈的比赛结束之后，所有的参赛者都可以松一口气了。All the competitors could breathe a sigh of relief at the ending of the fierce competition.

③Take a deep breath and give life a big smile when we suffer pain.

④When there's a fire, use a piece of cloth to cover your mouth and nose so that you don't

breathe in smoke.

5.supply(supply sb with sth= supply sth for sb, electricity/medical supply, in short supply, adequate supplies of... 近义provide sb with sth, offer sb sth；反义：demand; 近音 surprise)

①Food was in short supply in Covid 19-affected areas.

② After the failure of electricity supply the city was in chaos.

③翻译：我们为您和您的自行车提供旅行票。We supply the travel ticket for you and your cycle.

④用provide改写句③We provide you and your cycle with the travel ticket .

⑤用offer改写句③We offer you and your cycle the travel ticket .

6. survive(survival vs survivor, survive from, survive on, survive the accident)

①She was the only one to survive the accident.

② They live in the factory's dormitory, and survive on food deliveries brought in by boat.

③Some strange customs have survived from earlier times.

④Life became a struggle for survival.

⑤翻译：物竞天择，适者生存。Natural selection ensures only the fittest survive.

1. strike+一词多义(it strikes/struck sb that..., strike a balance between...and...

近形：stick-stuck)

1. (罢工)The union has voted to strike for a pay increase of 6%.
2. (侵袭，爆发)The area was struck by an outbreak of cholera.

3)( 撞击 )The stone struck her on the forehead.

4)翻译：你得在睡眠和家庭作业之间找到一种平衡。

You have to strike a balance between sleep and homework.

1. 翻译：这令我突然想到，从这里开始我自己的生意也许是个好主意。

It struck me that it might be a good idea to start my own business here.

1. deliver一词多义
2. (递送 )We promise to deliver within 48 hours.
3. (发表演说)She is due to deliver a lecture on genetic engineering.

3)( 接生)Her husband had to deliver the baby himself.

4)(履行承诺 )He has promised to finish the job by June and I am sure he will deliver.

1. 课文单词语法填空

But hope was not lost. Soon after the quakes，the army sent 150，000 soldiers to Tangshan to dig out those who 1. were trapped(trap) and to bury the dead. More than 10，000 doctors and nurses came to provide medical care. Workers built shelters for survivors 2.whose homes had been destroyed. Hundreds of thousands of people were helped. Water and food 3. were brought(bring) into the city by train，truck，and plane. Slowly，the city began to breathe again.

Tangshan started to revive itself and get back up 4. on its feet. With strong support from the government and the tireless efforts of the city's people，a new Tangshan was built upon the earthquake ruins. The new city has become a home to more than seven million people，with great improvements in 5. transportation(transport)，industry，and environment. Tangshan city 6. has proved(prove) to China and the rest of the world that in times of disaster，people must unify and show the wisdom to stay positive and rebuild for a brighter future.