**衢州市 2024年6月高一年级教学质量检测试卷**

**英 语**

注意事项：

1.全卷分试卷和答题卷。考试结束后，将答题卷上交。

2.试卷共10页，分第Ⅰ卷(选择题)和第Ⅱ卷(非选择题)两部分。满分150分，考试时间 120分钟。

3.请将答案做在答题卷的相应位置上，写在试卷上无效。

第Ⅰ卷

第一部分 听力(共两节，满分30分)

第一节 (共5题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的.A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. When will the speakers see the display?

 A. On Monday. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.

2. What does the man plan to do?

 A. Gardening. B. Reading. C. Weather observing.

3. Why does the man go to the beach early in the morning?

 A. To escape the heat. B. To avoid the crowds. C. To picture the sunrise.

4. What does the man think of the show?

 A. Popular. B. Funny. C. Disappointing.

5. What does the man mean in the end?

A. They came too early.

B. The woman was not invited.

C. They might come to the wrong place.

第二节 (共15 小题; 每小题1.5 分, 满分22.5分)

听下面5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7题。

6. Where does the conversation probably take place?

 A. In a cinema. B. In an office. C. In a car.

7. What do we know about Daniel?

 A. He is busy. B. He is often late. C. He is a movie fan.

听第7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What is special about the printer according to the woman?

 A. It is powerful. B. It is user-friendly. C. It is energy-saving.

9. How did the woman learn to operate the printer?

A. She read the instructions.

B. She got it from her colleague.

C. She tried every button herself.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Where is Lil a now?

 A. In Australia. B. In Norway. C. In Canada.

11. Who suggested moving here in Lila's family?

 A. Her father. B. Her mother. C. Her granddad.

12. What do we know about Lila's father?

A. He made violins.

B. He is admired by Lila.

C. He became a musician later.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What is Nathan going to do this summer?

 A. Travel abroad. B. Go camping. C. Visit his cousin.

14. Where will Emily spend her summer holidays?

 A. In Australia. B. In the U. S. C. In China.

15. What problem did Nathan have abroad last time?

A. He failed to reach his mates.

B. He had language difficulties.

C. He couldn't find his aunt's home.

16. What is Nathan's main concern this summer?

A. Studying math.

B. Doing some painting.

C. Staying away from his friends.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is scientists' opinion on very early memories?

A. The memories are true.

B. The memories are precious.

C. The memories are changeable.

18. Who were asked to confirm that the event actually happened?

 A. Teachers. B. Parents. C. Researchers.

19. When did children describe the same memory in two interviews?

 A. Between 4 and 7. B. Between 7 and 13. C. Between 10 and 13.

20. What could most probably become children's early memories?

 A. Bad events. B. Pleasant experiences. C. Stressful things.

第二部分 阅读(共两节，满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Dive into the world of money with these 4 books that aim to educate and empower young readers on the importance of financial knowledge and smart money management.

Why Money. Matters by Deborah Meaden

You might recognize investor and business owner Deborah Meaden from TV's Dragon's Den. She shares her expert knowledge of how money works and shapes the world. Part of the Little Experts series, the book is easy-to-read with lots of lively drawings.

Cash by Rashmi Sirdeshpande

Subtitled “How to Earn It, Save It, Spend It, Grow It, Give It”, this is an entertaining and informative guide to managing your money. It's designed to help children make the right decisions with their cash. The author is currently exploring non-fiction books as Writer in Residence for the reading charity Book Trust.

Economics by Eduard Altarriba

Get the bigger picture and explore the wider world of economics and finance with this illustrated book. It explores some of the complicated ideas you may have heard about, such as inflation and the cost of living, and it's an interesting introduction to the ways that money affects our lives and society.

Rebel Girls Money Matters by Alexa von Tobel

Whether your piggy bank is empty or overflowing, you'll find plenty of useful information in this fun financial guide from the creative team behind the Rebel Girls books. With interactive quizzes, Q&As with experts and real-life examples, it explains how credit cards work and how to create a budget.

21. What do “Why Money Matters” and “Economics” have in common?

A. They are both written for adult readers.

B. They both use pictures to explain things.

C. They are both written by business owners.

D. They both explain difficult economic ideas.

22. What is special about “Rebel Girls Money Matters”?

A. It shows how money affects the society.

B. It explains how to apply for a credit card.

C. It includes quizzes, Q&As and examples.

D. It costs you all the money in your piggy bank.

23. Who are the four books intended for?

 A. Children. B. Adults. C. Travelers. D. Experts.

B

There's comfort in the bottom of a swimming pool.

In the open air, the noises all demanded your attention: the lifeguard's whistle, the slapping of feet across the ground, the voices asking for different things. It reminded me of the school cafeteria, packed with kids: too loud to read a book in. But beneath the surface, things were quiet. The sounds that used to annoy me lost all their power. Instead, they mixed with the splashing of the water and the gentle blub-blub of air bubbles escaping my nose. All the noises worked together to create a symphony. Harmony.

Perhaps the best thing about the bottom of a swimming pool, though, was that at the bottom of a swimming pool, I was alone. I didn't have to worry about anyone splashing or kicking or making fun of me. They were all far, far away up on the surface. It was only me. Just me.

I used to wish I could live underwater. Mermaids (美人鱼) didn't have to go to school. Mermaids didn't call other mermaids nerds (怪胎).

But once, when I came up for air, I spotted a girl my age at the other side of the pool. We locked eyes before I went back under, just for a second. I didn't think anything of it — girls like her usually didn't want to be seen around me —— until I felt a soft tug on my ankle, and I spied her next to me. She actually wanted to talk to me. She wanted to be friends.

So we talked. And I found out that she liked Pokémon and Warrior Cats just like I did. And we competed to see who could make the biggest splash, and when it got dark and the lights came on, we explored the depths of the pool together.

I didn't spend so much time at the bottom of a swimming pool after that. How could I when there was so much waiting for me on the surface?

24. What does the author think of the school cafeteria?

 A. Crowded and noisy. B. Quiet and empty.

 C. Harmonious and lively. D. Comfortable and satisfying.

25. The author mentions mermaids in paragraph 4 to .

A. show his fondness of his schoolmates

B. highlight his love of reading literature

C. stress his desire for peace and being alone

D. share his imagination of the underwater world

26. What was the author's attitude toward the girl at first?

 A. Curious. B. Grateful. C. Impatient. D. Uninterested.

27. Which of the following is the best title for the text?

 A. The Girl Who Saved Me B. The Benefits of Swimming

 C. The Bottom of a Swimming Pool D. The School Troubles that Pained Me

C

We are seeing the risks that A. I. presents to society. Deep fakes, a form of photoshop that creates realistic images with the help of A. I. learning, has been used for news reports. Chatbots and A. I. software have a well-documented history of showing racist behavior. The potential widespread job loss at the hands of A. I. puts us all at risk for economic and political trouble.

In response, many people have called for increased regulation ( 监 管 ). But most policymakers simply do not understand artificial intelligence enough to carry out meaningful regulations, and the speed at which A. I. is progressing makes it nearly impossible for them to catch up.

The real solution? An A. I. pause, a short-time stop. Already, the idea has been supported by over 1,100 individuals involved in the artificial intelligence community. Under an A. I. pause, no development or research, academic or business, could be done to advance artificial intelligence beyond a certain “power level”.

This would give governments the time to analyze and regulate the artificial intelligence field. They would be able to establish policies to protect the jobs of groups like truck drivers whose jobs could be wiped out by A. I.-driven cars. They could create bottom-line standards for crime recognition software to pass before it could be used by local police.

On top of that, an A. I. pause could also be good to the companies and research groups developing A. I. models. A pause in the “A. I. arms race” could allow groups like OpenAI to devote more resources to addressing the faults in their current A. I. software rather than rushing to develop more advanced models. A pause could ultimately lead to a superior final product.

A. I. could be one of the most beneficial inventions to the human race, but it could also be one of the most societally cataclysmic. With an A. I. pause, we'll have the opportunity to improve upon and understand A. I. technology, while ensuring that its development is in harmony with our society.

28. What does the author imply in paragraph 2?

A. A. I. is growing under control.

B. Regulations make little difference.

C. The government won't fail to regulate A. I.

D. Politicians should keep a closer eye on A. I.

29. What is the main idea of paragraphs 4 and 5?

 A. The reasons for an A. I. pause. B. The problems of an A. I. pause.

 C. The definition of an A. I. pause. D. The benefits of an A. I. pause.

30. What does the “A. I. arms race” in paragraph 5 refer to?

A. A contest to build arms for robots.

B. A contest to develop A. I. for the military.

C. A competition for advanced A. I. technologies.

D. A competition for A. I.-powered sports equipment.

31. What does the underlined word “cataclysmic” in the last paragraph probably mean?

 A. Disastrous. B. Inspiring. C. Beneficial. D. Widespread.

D

However good the rest of that joke might be, the one thing we know for sure is that the person hearing a joke is far more likely to laugh if they are in the company of others, compared to being alone. Studies have shown that people are 30 times easier to laugh in company than when on their own. Laughter is a social behavior. It is infectious(有感染力的) and is caused by other people's presence and their laughter. In fact, try listening to laughter, not the joke that produced it. It's more than likely that you will find yourself beginning to laugh along in response.

There appear to be two different sorts of laughter. There is the involuntary laugh, which is unlikely to be stopped. This sort of laughter is characterized by its length——it can continue for longer than you think you can bear, and the laugh contains major changes in pitch(音调) with a very high top note. And then there's social laughter, the sort of laugh people give when they want to accept something. This polite laughter is characterized by less obvious pitch changes. Psychologists have established that people are good at telling the difference between these two different sorts of laughter. However, the ability to distinguish them is something we learn. A child cannot tell what is voluntary and what is social laughter.

It is proved that the ability to understand laughter seems to be particularly relevant in happily married couples. Studies have shown that couples with lasting happy marriages use laughter as a way of dealing with the everyday stresses of married life. So the couple that laughs together, stays together.

Laughter has developed to create and maintain the social groups that are necessary for us to advance, and it helps us to feel better by providing a way out for many of the difficult emotions that are unavoidable when living with other people. In fact, it's a kind of glue that holds human societies together.

32. In what situation are people easier to laugh?

 A. Being alone. B. Hearing a really funny joke.

 C. Staying with their beloved pets. D. Listening to others' infectious laughter.

33. Which of the following is a kind of involuntary laughter?

 A. Polite laughter. B. Social laughter.

 C. High-pitched laughter. D. Controllable laughter.

34. What is the connection between laughter and marriage?

A. No laughter, no marriage.

B. More laughter, happier marriage.

C. Laughter comes before marriage.

D. Laughter is easy, while marriage is difficult.

35. What does the last paragraph mainly talk about concerning laughter?

A. Laughter is a necessity for human survival.

B. Laughter is a good way to deal with negative emotions.

C. Laughter helps people make more contributions to the society.

D. Laughter was created by some social groups to avoid bad emotions.

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

It's believed that knowing the best way to behave in common situations improves the quality of everyday life and that of people around you. 36 . As a result, it's quite necessary to go over the situations that require good manners from time to time.

On public transport

Always ask yourself, “Is there someone who needs your seat more? Is there an older person who need help getting off the bus? Are your feet or your bag taking up a space some one else could use?” These simple manners may not seem that important, but you might make someone's day. 37 .

At a new friend's house

 38 . That is why it's useful to have some universal rules to follow. Think about keeping your mouth closed when you chew, or waiting until you've finished your mouthful before speaking. If your friend usually sets the table before the meal, then help out or offer to clear the plates afterwards.

 39

You tend to reach for your phone during a conversation because you're anxious to check the incoming messages. Not giving in to it shows that you value the time you have with your friends. More importantly, it enriches the quality of the conversation, and might even encourage your friends to put their phones way.

When you forget.

No one is perfectly polite all the time. The main point s to remember are to express gratitude when someone does something for you—even if you're a bit late in doing so—and treat others with kindness and respect. 40 .

A. When the phone rings

B. When you start a conversation

C. Every home does things differently

D. So it's important to learn about rules of good manners

E. However, sometimes, it's quite likely to forget your manners

F. These principles help to make a good impression in all kinds of life situations

G. And the friendly smile of gratitude you get in return could brighten your day, too

第三部分 语言运用(共两节，满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

My son, Dino, was born with only two pounds and spent his first month in ICU. On my daily visits, I played a Mozart tape 41 beside him. During childhood, Dino 42 small for his age and was slow to reach 43 milestones, including walking and talking.

When he was five, I noticed something 44 . Once I took him to see a dinosaur exhibit. There was a(n) 45 in the museum's entrance hall. Dino was completely 46 to the music, so he forgot all about the dinosaurs. At the end of the concert, he ran up to the stage and asked each musician about their 47 .

It was not long before I signed him up for music 48 . Within weeks, Dino started on advanced classical pieces. Sometimes, his dad, an amateur pianist, would give him a mini lesson. Dino looked up to his dad; they both had something gentle, quiet yet 49 .

However, when Dino was 14, his dad 50 , unexpectedly. For months, the instruments that had once 51 life into my son went untouched, collecting 52 in his bedroom. Then, about five months after my husband's death, I heard some music 53 out of Dino's room. Life slowly returned to his broken soul.

My son was born with a(n) 54 gift that changed his life, bringing him so many new experiences, opportunities and friends. Music helped him overcome language difficulties and connect with others. And, after we lost his dad, it gave him a path out of the 55 .

 41. A. softly B. loudly C. politely D. roughly

 42. A. grew B. turned C. remained D. proved

 43. A. mental B. emotional C. educational D. physical

 44. A. common B. abnormal C. extraordinary D. typical

 45. A. concert B. lecture C. exhibition D. party

 46. A. addicted B. suited C. devoted D. attracted

 47. A. costume B. instrument C. emotion D. profession

 48. A. competitions B. festivals C. lessons D. gatherings

 49. A. proud B. strong C. generous D. capable

 50. A. passed away B. ran away C. stood out D. passed out

 51. A. awaken B. breathed C. removed D. buried

 52. A. music B. water C. light D. dust

 53. A. floating B. breaking C. running D. stepping

 54. A. amusing B. amazing C. average D. strange

 55. A. shyness B. guilt C. darkness D. shame

第Ⅱ卷

第二节 (共10小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

As spring arrives, the Bahamas becomes a heaven for travelers. With 56 (it) clear waters and distinctive culture, spring in the Bahamas is an escape into a world of beauty and peace.

The season, with mild temperatures and gentle breezes, is a perfect time 57(explore) the diverse islands. From the bustling streets of Nassau to the 58 (peace) beaches of Exuma, each island offers 59 unique experience. The famous pink sands of Harbour Island and the untouched nature of Andros provide a chance 60 'relaxation and exploration.

Spring is also an excellent time for water sports. The calm waters are ideal for snorkeling and diving, 61 (show) an underwater world of coral reefs and colorful marine life. Surfing enthusiasts will find the Bahamian waters welcoming, 62 numerous events take place. Culturally, the Bahamas Junkanoo Carnival, a lively and colorful celebration of Bahamian music and heritage, 63 (hold) in the spring. This event is a feast for the senses, featuring colorful64 (costume) and energetic music. As the day ends, the Bahamian cuisine, with its mix of seafood and local flavors, offers a delightful dining journey.

Spring in the Bahamas is not just a trip; it's an experience 65 (fill) with unforgettable moments, breathtaking natural beauty, and cultural richness.

第四部分 写作 (共两节，满分40分)

第一节 单词拼写 (共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分)

根据首字母(66-70题)，写出正确的单词；根据课文内容(71-75题)，补全原句单词。

66. There is a speed l of 60 kilometers per hour on this road.

67. Chinese t cultures include a wide range of art forms, such as calligraphy and Tai Chi.

68. As we all know, Taiwan b to China and will finally return to China.

69. The firefighters rushed to r the people trapped in the burning building.

70. Unfortunately, he died of heart d despite careful treatment by the doctors.

71. The climate is (温和的) all year round, meaning it is always a good time to visit.

72. Festivals are an important part of society. They (反映) people's wishes, beliefs, faiths, and attitudes towards life.

73. Well, I had my own boat. About a month ago, I was (航行), and towards night I found myself carried out to sea by a strong wind.

74.“Why should girls learn so much? Finding a good husband should be their final goal!” her brother (抱怨), thinking of the high tuition fees.

75. However, others feel this is a (肤浅的) view which fails to realize how exploring space helps us.

第二节 应用文写作 (满分 15分)

假定你是李华，即将参加学校组织的以The Power of a Hero为主题的英语演讲比赛。请你根据以下要点写一篇演讲稿，内容包括：

(1)英雄人物事迹；

(2)你获得的启发。

注意：

(1) 写作词数为80左右;

(2)可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

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第三节 读后续写(满分 15分)

阅读下面短文，根据所给情节进行续写，使之构成一个完整的故事。

It was a bright, cold, spring, Thursday afternoon. As Zack was making a sandwich, he saw his mom, Grace Garcia, step down the stairs with a sad expression on her aged face.

“Zack,” Grace paused, trying to sum up her thoughts,“Ms. Savitt had a heart attack this morning.” Just then, Zack began recollecting the bitter memories of living across the street from Ms. Savitt. She would always yell at him to get off her lawn and to settle down to give the neighborhood a break from all of his noises.

“Oh,” Zack said, “that's too bad.” Grace Garcia could tell that Zack was actually not disappointed at all. She was shocked. This was because, when Zack was four years old, his parents divorced (离婚). His father left with most of the money. At that time, Grace did not have a job, so she was left with barely any money to support her and her son. It was Ms. Savitt that kindly offered for them to stay at her house at any time. If Grace was busy, she would take care of Zack for as long as necessary. Of course, Zack was aware of this years later, but he still did not realize the importance of Ms. Savitt in his life.

Grace Garcia strictly said, “Zack, I have already scheduled for you and me to visit her in the hospital, tomorrow after school, ”Grace looked at Zack and noticed that he rolled his eyes with anger.

“Do I really have to? I'm telling you, mom. Ms. Savitt always got really mad at me whenever I would not even do anything. And besides, I have plans tomorrow and I don't want to waste my time going to a hospital and seeing that lady!” Zack was shocked at his own outbreak, that he didn't even want to look in his mother's eyes because he was too ashamed for treating his mom and even Ms. Savitt that way.

注意：

(1)所续写短文的词数应为100左右。

(2)续写部分为一段，开头语已为你写好。

The next morning, Zack saw a note on the fridge.