

2021 年“山东学情”阶段性联合考试高二英语（人教版）

（考试时间：120 分钟 满分：150 分）

命题学校：章丘四中

注意事项：

1. 答题前填写好自己的姓名、班级、考号等信息。
2. 请将答案正确填写在答题卡上。

第 I 卷（选择题）

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. When did Chris leave for school?
A. At 8:15 a.m. B. At 8:35 a.m. C. At 8:45 a.m.
2. What day is it today?
A. It's Thursday. B. It's Friday. C. It's Saturday.
3. What does the man think of the exam?
A. It's difficult.
B. It is very easy.
C. It isn't related to the book.
4. What's the job of the boy's father?
A. A teacher. B. A designer. C. A journalist.
5. What are they talking about most probably?
A. A watch. B. A computer. C. A running machine.

第二节（共 15 题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。

6. When will the Flight 453 take off this afternoon?
A. At 4:35. B. At 4:15. C. At 3:50.
7. What do we know about the man?
A. He gets on a long flight.

B. He mixes up the dates.

C. He misses his flight.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 和第 9 两个小题。

8. When will the man leave for Milan on June 16?

A. In the morning.

B. At midday.

C. In the afternoon.

9. How many nights will the man stay in Milan?

A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Four.

听下面一段对话，回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。

10. Why is the woman calling the man?

A. To advertise an apartment.

B. To buy an apartment.

C. To rent an apartment.

11. What hasn't the apartment got?

A. The second bathroom. B. The balcony.

C. The study.

12. Where is this apartment located?

A. On Bonham Road.

B. On Market Street.

C. On Fifteenth Street.

听下面一段对话，回答第 13 至第 16 四个小题。

13. What will the speakers do on Saturday?

A. Go on a hike.

B. Go to the English club.

C. Go to a bookstore.

14. When will Beth's play be put on?

A. On Tuesday.

B. On Wednesday.

C. On Thursday.

15. Where will the charity show be held?

A. In the country park.

B. On the school playground.

C. At the hospital.

16. What are the speakers going to do on Friday?

A. Do some charity work.

B. Watch a football game.

C. Go to the hospital.

听下面一段独白，回答第 17 至第 20 四个小题。

17. What will be the highest temperature in Tokyo tomorrow?

A. 14°C.

B. 17°C.

C. 19°C.

18. What will the weather be like in Beijing tomorrow?

A. Foggy.

B. Cloudy.

C. Sunny.

19. Which place will be the hottest tomorrow?

A. Taipei.

B. Hong Kong.

C. Singapore.

20. What should you bring, if you're in Bangkok tomorrow?

A. A wind breaker.

B. An umbrella.

C. A pair of sunglasses.

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Having won the bid for the 2022 Olympic Winter Games on July 31, 2015, Beijing is set to become the first city in the world to have hosted both the summer and winter editions of the Olympic Games.

With a vision of “Joyful Rendezvous upon Pure Ice and Snow,” Beijing 2022 Olympic Winter Games will build on the legacies of the landmark Beijing 2008 Olympic Games and expects to encourage millions of people across China to embrace winter sports.

The 109 events in seven Olympic winter sports will be held in the three competition zones of central Beijing, Yanqing and Zhangjiakou.

Three Competition Zones

Beijing will host all the ice events (curling, ice hockey and skating) and four snow events, making full use of the legacy venues of Beijing 2008 in the spirit of Olympic Agenda 2020.

Yanqing, a suburban district of Beijing (80km to the northwest) and home to the famous Badaling and Juyongguan stretches of the Great Wall, is to host the alpine skiing (高山滑雪) and sliding events.

Zhangjiakou, further to the northwest in the neighbouring Hebei province, will host all the other snow events in its Chongli district, a popular skiing destination.

Seven new events

The addition of seven new events—women's monobob, freestyle skiing big air (men's and women's) and mixed team events in short track speed skating team relay, ski jumping, freestyle skiing aerials and snowboard cross—to Beijing 2022's sports programme will bring about the most gender-balanced Winter Olympic Games to date, with more female athletes (45.44 percent) and women's events than at any previous Games.

Spring Festival (Chinese New Year)

2022 Olympic Winter Games will take place in February 2022, coinciding with the Chinese New Year, the most important holiday in China. Local residents are looking forward to welcoming athletes from around the globe to enjoy the Chinese New Year festivities, the majestic landscape and the rich cultures of central Beijing, Yanqing, and Zhangjiakou, as they charm the world with the beauty of winter sports.

21. In which competition zone can you see the alpine skiing and sliding events?

A. Chongli district.

- B. Yanqing.
C. Juyongguan.
D. Zhangjiakou.
22. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
A. 2022 Olympic Winter Games will see more female athletes than male ones.
B. The male athletes in 2022 Olympic Winter Games will account for 45.44%.
C. 2022 Olympic Winter Games will see the most female athletes ever.
D. Beijing has become the first city in the world to host the Olympics.
23. Which of the following will the local people not do during 2022 Winter Olympics?
A. Enjoy the Spring Festival as well as the Olympic Games.
B. Compete in the Olympic Games with athletes from around the globe.
C. Welcome competitors throughout the world with landscape and abundant cultures.
D. Charm the world with the beauty of the winter sports.

B

A four-year-old boy who was crazy about collecting rubbish has finally fulfilled his dream of being a cleaner. Riley McCourt has admired the local rubbish collectors for ages, spending his days picking up waste on his street and wheeling bins (垃圾桶) to the side of the road to help out his neighbors. He loves cleaning and binning waste. His favorite chore is to empty the rubbish from the chip shop his mum runs. Two weeks ago, however, a disaster struck: Riley accidentally knocked over one of the bins and was accused of causing trouble.

Someone posted in the local Facebook group that Riley had put rubbish in the street, clearly unaware of his love for keeping the streets clean. Thankfully his innocence was quickly proven, and his local council decided to make his dreams come true by allowing him to work alongside the cleaners for a day.

Riley joined the waste collection crew on Wednesday, chatting with the team, helping with the recycling, and riding in the waste collection vehicles. He even got his own jacket. Riley's mum, Toni McCourt, said, "He loves the bins and trucks." Riley's favorite day is definitely bin day. He goes round collecting the rubbish up on the street. The cleaners all know him when they spot him. He goes outside as soon as he sees them come round. He helps his neighbours put their bins out for collection.

Riley clearly made a good impression during his first day on the job, as community services manager Jane Carrol said she was very pleased with his enthusiasm for the role. Jane said, "Riley is clearly a keen recycler and who knows, when he is older I'm sure he would make an excellent member of the team here. It was a pleasure for the team to show him around the vehicles."

24. What is Riley's dream?
A. To prove his innocence.
B. To collect much rubbish.

- C. To work as a real cleaner.
D. To work in his mother's shop.
25. What happened to Riley two weeks ago?
A. He was wronged by someone.
B. He was knocked over by a bin.
C. He had an accident in the shop.
D. He forgot to empty the rubbish.
26. What do people do on bin day?
A. People go out to celebrate it.
B. The cleaners collect the bins.
C. People help Riley collect rubbish.
D. The cleaners collect rubbish in the bins.
27. How does Jane Carrol think about Riley's action?
A. It is dangerous to do so on the street.
B. It is good for the community to follow him.
C. It is worthwhile to give Riley high remarks.
D. It is unnecessary for such a little boy to do so.

C

Being social and emotional from an early age is likely to help children win acceptance by their peers, build better relationships with teachers, and facilitate academic learning. According to research, pretend play is a teaching tool that can be used to stimulate a child's all-round development.

A curriculum based on this approach has been introduced in classes of pupils aged five and six by a research team from the University of Geneva. The study shows that pupils who followed the curriculum increased their emotional recognition capacities and emotional level compared to a control group. The use of pretend play as a teaching tool enables children to acquire emotional skills, with a potential positive effect on their prosocial (亲社会的) behavior and, in the longer term, on their academic success.

"Potential leads for learning do exist," says Sylvie Richard. "We know already that pretend play promotes the understanding and regulation of emotions together with prosocial behavior in the early stages of schooling."

Pretend play gives children the opportunity to use their imagination, in particular by means of scenarios (剧本) that they invent and the roles they play. "For instance, they can pretend to be a wizard or a witch who's making a kind of magic water that will send a dangerous dragon to sleep. The child creates the rules, adjusts them to suit their situation, and calls on their imagination," explains Sylvie Richard.

A total of 79 children took part in the research, with the result showing an improvement in the recognition of emotions, particularly anger. The children also build up their emotional

vocabulary. “The results suggest, on the one hand, that it’s essential to design a teaching system that takes pretend play into account as areas of knowledge that should be taught. On the other hand, the study shows that using this kind of play helps children experiment,” concludes Sylvie Richard. Given its success, the study is continuing with a more extensive curriculum, which is being carried out now in Valais.

28. What does the underlined word “facilitate” mean in the first paragraph?

- A. Prevent. B. Change. C. Enhance. D. Influence.

29. What is Sylvie Richard’s attitude to pretend play?

- A. Objective. B. Negative. C. Concerned. D. Supportive.

30. What can children learn from pretend play?

- A. Making magic water.
B. Mastering more emotional words.
C. Being a wizard or a witch.
D. Pretending to be angry to others.

31. What’s the author’s purpose in writing the passage?

- A. To help children win acceptance by their peers.
B. To help children to be social and emotional.
C. To introduce a learning tool.
D. To stimulate children’s all-round development.

D

Scientists found the moon may hold water in more places and in larger amounts than they have suggested in the past. The finding is based on studies that examined the new data from the U.S. space agency NASA. The discovery could be important for planned, long-term human bases on the moon. It could mean that enough resources exist on the moon itself to provide drinking water and possibly help produce rocket fuel.

Until about ten years ago, scientists believed the moon was mostly desiccated. But a series of findings provided evidence that water ice was widespread in small amounts on parts of the moon. The ice was thought to be in areas permanently blocked from sunlight.

But in the new studies, NASA said it was able to confirm the presence of water molecules (分子) on sunlit parts of the lunar surface. The research was led by Casey Honniball of NASA’s Goddard Space Flight Center in Maryland.

Scientists have suggested the source of the water may come from comets (彗星), solar wind or interplanetary (星际的) dust. The new research provides evidence the water may be surviving on sunlit lunar surfaces because it is attached to minerals.

“A lot of people think that the discovery I have made is water ice, which is not true,” Honniball said. “It’s just the water molecules—because they are so spread out that they don’t interact with each other to form water ice or even liquid water.”

“Water is extremely important for deep space exploration. It’s a resource of direct value for

our astronauts,” Bleacher said. He noted that water is heavy and costly to transport from Earth. He told reporters the agency believes it is very important to find out more about where the water comes from and how accessible it is.

“Anytime we don’t need to pack water for our trip, we have an opportunity to take other useful items with us,” he said. That may include materials that could be used to carry out bigger scientific experiments on the moon.

32. How do scientists feel about the discovery?

- A. Excited. B. Unconcerned. C. Calm. D. Doubtful.

33. What may the future research focus on?

- A. How the water survives on sunlit lunar surfaces.
B. How to make use of the water on the moon.
C. How the water is attached to minerals.
D. How much water is on the Lunar surface.

34. What is the special part of the water on the moon?

- A. It comes from other planets.
B. It is safe to drink.
C. It can’t be used directly.
D. It can’t be found in the dark areas.

35. Which can be a suitable title for the text?

- A. Moon Space Bases will be Built
B. More Water May Exist on the Moon
C. Space Exploration Gets into New Age
D. Liquid Water is Discovered on the Moon

第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

It’s hard to say goodbye to your favorite pair of jeans, even when they’re way beyond wearable. 36

Netherton-born artist Ian Berry has made quite a name for himself after his unique art took the art world by storm. It’s hard to believe the idea of using old denim (牛仔布) as medium for his art came after a call from his mother, Christine, asking him to clean out his room. “It was about six or seven years ago, my mum was clearing out my old room and she wanted me to go through my things. I found loads of old jeans and denims and I noticed the different colors and shades. I kept hold of them but it was only about 18 months later that I began to do something with them.” 37

Ian Berry quit his full-time job in advertising to focus all his attention on art. 38 And he remembers his girlfriend’s parents asking if artists could make a living in this day and age. But his gamble (冒险) paid off and soon his denim artworks were the stars of sell-out shows in

Sweden and the US, and his pieces were sold to private and public collections all over the world.

Iain Barratt, director of the Catto Gallery, told *the Examiner*, “What Ian Berry does is extraordinary. 39 And what absolute treasures they are. Ian makes remarkably detailed portraits and urban landscapes using nothing more than discarded (丢弃的) jeans – the effect is extraordinary.”

40 Ian Berry uses old jeans, a pair of scissors and some glue to create all his incredible detailed works of art. After 12 years of working with denim, the English artist has managed to fill seven closets with old pairs of jeans, so it’s safe to say he has plenty of material for his future works.

A. So many people would rather put their jeans away than throw them away.

B. He didn’t know his experiment would soon make him and his denim art famous all over the world.

C. It was a risky move.

D. He thought he would earn a lot of money in his new career.

E. But English artist Ian Berry has found a way to use denim to create beautiful works of art.

F. Denim art is as simple as it is beautiful.

G. People can’t see how he’s created these wonderful scenes until they see it close up and touch it.

第三部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When Mina was just nine months old, she was abandoned by her parents. But she was 41 by a family after a year of living in an orphanage.

From an early age, Mina began to play with animals and 42 she had great love to them. In fact, what she loved to do most was 43 the local animal shelters, and when she was 8 years old, the family also adopted a dog named Lily. Mina liked the dog and 44 it many tricks, including how to give a hug.

One day while 45 Lily, Mina met Dr. Stecco, who was walking her dog as well. Stecco has adopted many 46 dogs for Senior Dog Rescue, a San Francisco-based nonprofit organization that rescues and rehomes senior dogs. 47 by what the organization does, Mina visited the Senior Dog Rescue, where she made a 48 to assist senior dogs.

“I love the Senior Dog Rescue,” she said. “The dogs may be old, but they’re so friendly and not 49, which is why I want to help them.” Later she started a pet-sitting 50 called Pet Fairy Services and donates her 51 to the Senior Dog Rescue.

Up to now, she has already 52 seven thousand dollars of her own money. “I feel very proud to know that. I have saved many dogs’ lives and given them another chance to enjoy

life for the 53 years of their living,” she said. “I feel like all dogs should get a forever 54 just like I did.”

She said, “I took care of my grandpa very 55 and want to look after these dogs in some way because they’re senior and just like my grandpa.”

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| 41. A. adopted | B. raised | C. adapted | D. educated |
| 42. A. finally | B. gradually | C. eventually | D. frequently |
| 43. A. living | B. drawing | C. visiting | D. finding |
| 44. A. sent | B. presented | C. told | D. taught |
| 45. A. feeding | B. walking | C. dressing | D. training |
| 46. A. old | B. sick | C. ugly | D. friendly |
| 47. A. Scared | B. Bored | C. Moved | D. Changed |
| 48. A. mistake | B. difference | C. resolution | D. schedule |
| 49. A. violent | B. wise | C. happy | D. disgusting |
| 50. A. team | B. business | C. advertisement | D. factory |
| 51. A. foods | B. fortune | C. attitudes | D. earnings |
| 52. A. put up | B. given away | C. given out | D. picked up |
| 53. A. sad | B. terrible | C. happy | D. final |
| 54. A. cave | B. home | C. nest | D. host |
| 55. A. urgently | B. casually | C. carefully | D. gratefully |

第 II 卷（非选择题）

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Surrounded by green woods and pools of water, the Chinese village Ding Wuling should be full of mosquitoes, especially during the summer time. 56. _____, the tiny blood suckers (吸血动物) haven’t been seen here in almost a century.

The village of Ding Wuling, 57. _____ (locate) in the hills of China’s Fujian province, 700 meters above sea level, is home 58. _____ the hakka (客家) minority. But in recent years, the culture and architecture of this beautiful village have been beaten by 59. _____ unbelievable affair—the absence of mosquitoes. Although it 60. _____ (cover) by green trees in fact, the village has reportedly been mosquito-free for several 61. _____ (decade).

It’s unclear whether scientists ever carried out a research to get the real answer, but most of the people in Ding Wuling believe it has something to do with the frog-shaped stone outside the village. They believe that it is the “god frog” 62. _____ keeps the mosquitoes at bay.

Another popular explanation is tied to the locals’ habit of collecting garbage and 63. _____ (bury) it on the hillside near the village, which some believe helps keep Ding Wuling mosquito-free.

In 2016, when Chinese newspaper *People's Daily* 64. _____ (origin) reported the story of this mosquito-free village, locals said they were hoping experts could soon provide a clear answer that had put Ding Wuling on the tourist map. Unfortunately, its mosquito-free story is still a mystery, so it's possible that the whole thing was made up 65. _____ (attract) tourists.

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

假设你是李华，你的英国网友 Lucy 计划明年来你校进行交换生交流。她喜欢体育运动，想了解一下你校的体育活动安排，请写一封电子邮件告知她。内容包括：

1. 表示欢迎；
2. 体育课的内容；
3. 课外体育活动介绍。

注意：

1. 词数 80 左右；
2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；
3. 邮件的开头和结尾已经给出，但是不记入总词数。

Dear Lucy,

Welcome to our school to be an exchange student. _____

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。续写的词数应为 150 左右。

Peter had been saving money for a very long time. He was struggling so much that all he wished was to go abroad and make more money. So when he reached the required amount he needed for the expenses, he travelled to a foreign country to make a good living.

Upon getting there, Peter worked very hard and finally built his own business. After years of hard work, he became a millionaire. He called his family and informed them that they would not have to worry about money any more for he would be sending them enough and everyone would be happy.

He couldn't have been proven more wrong!

Five years later, as the business grew, Peter had no time to stay at home and was always busy running his business and attending meetings.

He missed his family. He hadn't seen them in four years. Every year he promised himself that he would go and visit them but that promise was broken at every attempt to accomplish it for one business reason or another. But his family were understanding and never complained. Peter had thought that money would make his life good but now that he had more money than he ever imagined, he was not happy. He was tired of trying to pretend that he was happy with his projects and work.

Sometimes he wanted to leave the country and the business and go back to his old life, but the thought of not being able to survive if he left his business stopped him.

When he met his family a few years later, it was only for a few days. His family wanted him to stay longer but he didn't. At the same time, he was given the most difficult and challenging task during his career whose completion would not only improve his image but also result in him earning millions of dollars. This work kept him quite engaged that he gave his mind wholly to the task. His hard work resulted in great profit and he was more successful than ever before.

Para.1: *To celebrate his success, he threw a big party.*

Para.2: *He finally knew that money couldn't give him happiness but the support of his loved ones would.*
