朔恩教育

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人教版新教材 词汇导学练 Welcome Unit Book1

1.exchange/ɪks't∫eɪnd ʒ/n.&v<u>交换 交流;交易</u>

an open exchange of ideas and information思想和信息的公开交流 educational exchanges for young people面向年轻人的教育交流 trade and cultural exchanges with China与中国的贸易和文化交流 to exchange ideas/news/information交流思想/互通消息/交流信息 I'm an _exchange student from the UK. 我是一名来自英国的交换生。 I'm going to go on an exchange visit to Paris. 我将到巴黎交流参观。 Our school does an exchange with a school in France. 我们学校与法国的一所学校进行交流。

I buy you lunch and you fix my computer. Is that a fair exchange? 我请你吃午饭,你给我修计算机,这算是公平交易吧?

Everyone in the group email addresses. 所有的组员都相互交换了电子邮件地址。

If the shirt doesn't fit, take it back and the store will u果衬衫不合适就把它拿回来,商店将给你掉换。

in exchange fo换取 exchange sth. with \$某人交换某物 exchange A for 把A换成B



They sold eggs in exchange for salt and tea.他们把鸡蛋卖掉换取茶叶和盐。 Linda teaches me French in exchange for Chinese lessons. 琳达教我法语,作为交换我教她汉语。

I _exchange earning experience _with my classmates. 我与同学交流学习经验。

I shook hands and exchanged a few words with the manager.

我与经理握手,相互交谈了几句。

If you are not satisfied with the car, you can always exchange it for another. 如果你对车不满意,可以随时另换一辆。

I am going to America next week, so I have to xchange some RMP_{or} dollars. 我下周要去美国,所以得把人民币兑换成美金。

2.lecture/lektʃə(r)/n. &vt.(开)讲座; 讲课; 演讲; 训斥词根词缀: lect-说+-ure(名词后缀): 去说一一讲座;讲课;演讲;训斥a lecture to s給某人的讲座/训斥 www.sunedu.com the lecture ha版告厅a lecture on/about 新于.....的讲座/训斥 ______ 因某事指表/部局表的out sth.

lecture/flektfərə(r)/ n.授课者,讲师;演讲者

He gives a lecture—to first-year students. 他给一年级学生讲课。
Did you ever lecture at Harvard? 你在哈佛大学开过讲座了吗?
I was asked to lecture—on Chinese literature yesterday.昨天我应邀去讲中国文学。
Smith gives lectures on/about—business management. 史密斯教工商管理课。
I know I should stop smoking—don't give me a lecture new a lecture on/about—it.
我知道我该戒烟,别再训斥我了。

He's always <u>lecturing</u> me about the way I dress. 他对我的衣着总是指手画脚的。 He used to lecture me about <u>ringking</u> too much.他以前常唠叨我喝酒太多。 He's a <u>lecturer</u> in French at Oxford. 他是牛津大学的法语讲师。

The <u>lecturer</u> spoke very clearly so that we could hear every word.
演讲者讲话很清楚,我们每个字都能听清。



3.register/'redʒɪstə(r)/vt.& vi注册;登记词根词缀: re-(再,又)+gist-(gest-获取)+-er:再次获取个人信息——登记;注册www.sunedu.com_register_fo的.....注册/登记_registration/_redʒɪ'streɪʃn / n.登记;注册; 挂号

Have you come_{to register} at the school? 你来学校注册了吗? Check the number of people who have_{to registered}. 核实一下登记注册的人数。We registered his birth. 我们给他进行了出生登记。We have to register for classes on Friday.我们必须在星期五去注册课程。She will register for the physics class. 她准备选修物理课. The registration of students for the course will begin on Thursday morning. 学生登记上的这门课将于星期四上午开始。Please write your home address on the registration form. 请在这张登记表上写下你的家庭住址。

They charge a small registration fee. 他们收一点注册费。



4. sex /seks/r性别

We don't allow couples to choose the sex of their baby. 我们不允许夫妇选择婴儿的性别。 Please indicate your sex and date of birth below. 请在下面写明你的性别和出生日期。 5.male /meɪl/ adj.<u>男的</u>;雄性的n. 雄株 雄性 a male nurse/model 男护士/模特儿 a male flower 雄花

More females than males are employed in the factory. W.SUNECUL.COM 这家工厂雇用的女性比男性多。

_female fi:meɪl/adj.女的;雌性的n. 雌株,雌性

She was the greatest female poet in America.

她是美国最伟大的女诗人。

The animal in the picture was a female elephant.

照片上的动物是头母象。

Fifty percent of the workers were female.

50%的工人是女性。

Each female will lay just one egg in April or May.

每个雌体四五月份只产一粒卵。

man-made

a.人造的

female adj.

女的;雌性的

n.雌性

manner

n.方式;模式;

风格:做法

manager

n.管理人员;

经理

maid

moral

management

管理部门

a. 道德的

n. 管理;

man n.人; 男人

M: 人手

manual n.手册,指南 a.手工的

mankind n.人类

male a.

男的;雄性的 n.雄性

manage vt.管理;经营; 设法:处理

n.少女;女仆

n. 道德;寓意

maiden n.少女

immoral a.不道德的 6. nationality /næ∫əˈnæləti/ r<mark>国籍:民族 nation /ˈneɪ∫n/n._民族;国家 national /ˈnæ∫nəl/ adj.__民族的: 国家的 national /ˈnæ∫nəl/ adj.__民族的: 国家的</mark>

When asked his nationality, he said British. 被问及国籍时,他说是英国。
The college attracts students of all nationalities. 这所大学吸引着各国的学生。
The Yi nationality is distributed mainly over Yunnan, Sichuan and Guizhou provinces.
彝族主要分布在云南、四川和贵州三省。

It seemed that the nation's health was improving.好像该国的健康状况正在改善。
The British are known as a nation of dog lovers.英国人以爱犬而闻名。
The whole nation were watching the football game. 全国的人都在看这场足球赛。

national and local newspapers全国性的和地方的报纸 national and international news国内和国际新闻

Agriculture plays an important part in the national economy.

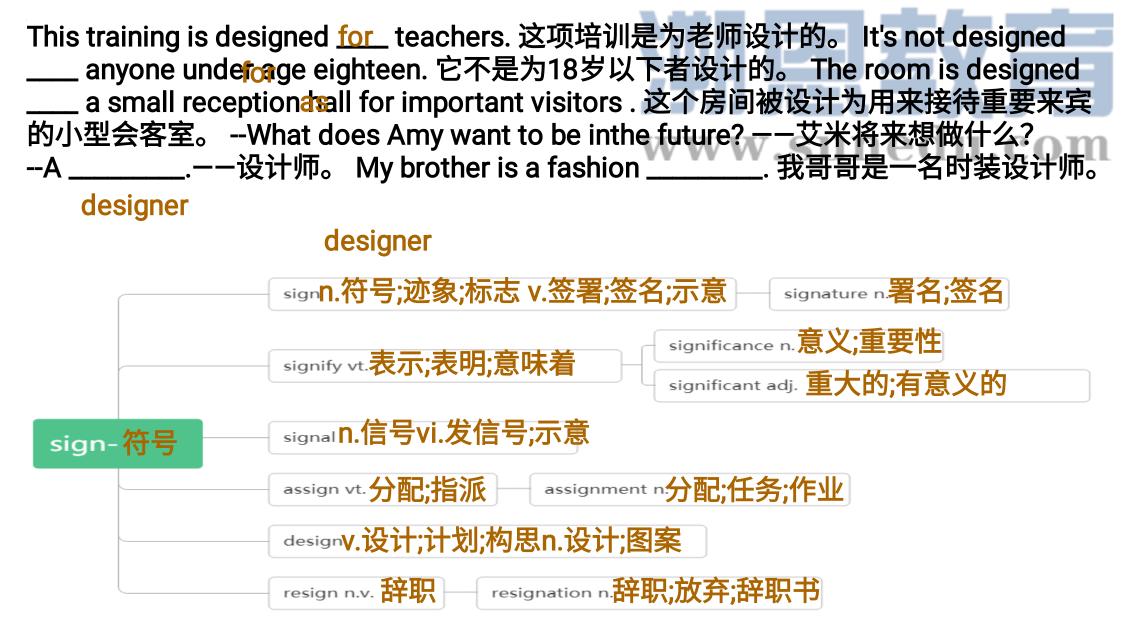
农业在国民经济中占重要地位。

Lin Zexu and Yue Fei are our national heroes.林则徐和岳飞是我们的民族英雄。



7. design /dɪˈzaɪn/n设计;方案;图案_vt._设计;筹划 词根词缀: de-(向下)+sign(符号): 画下来的符号——设计;方案;图案 designe/dɪˈzaɪnə(r)/n.设计师,设计者 by design= on purpose故意地_

be designed to do sth <u>专门被用来做</u> be designed for be tes ign面设s.t	
被设计为 She came to London in 2019 to study fashion 她2019年来到伦敦学习时装设计。 The shoes were good design and good quality.这些鞋样式新颖,质量上乘。 They drew up the design the house in a week. 他们在一周内就画出了房子的图样 I am sure he did it我肯定他是故意做的。 This bridge	



8.campus/kæmpəs/r校园: 校区

破拆法: camp(营地)+us(我们): 我们的营地——校园: 校区

An exchange student is talking to a teachern campus.

一个交换生正在校园里和一位老师谈话。

They spoke of the old dayson the campus 他们谈起昔日的校园生活。

The campus of Harvard University is very beautiful. 哈佛大学的校园非常漂亮。

The campus covers an area of twenty square kilometers.

这个校园占地二十平方公里。



9. formal /ˈfɔ:ml/ adj. <u>正式的;正规的</u>	/ˈfɔ:m əlɪ/ adv.正式地;
面糊抱ly/ɪnˈfɔ:ml/ adj. 非正	式的; 非正规的/_
·····································	www.sunedu.com
informally	
People speak in a more polite way in situ	
He wrote a very letter of apology to Mary	·. 他给玛丽写了一封非常正式的道歉信。
They had adinner after the play. 演出结束	柜后他们举行了一个正式的晚宴。
He didn't have any dance training.他没受	过任何正规的舞蹈训练。
We need to dress for the party. 我们需	要穿得正式参加晚会。
Everyone waslined up to meet the king	.大家正式地列队迎接国王。
They had a dinner after the play. 演出结员 He didn't have any dance training.他没受 We need to dress for the party. 我们需是 Everyone was formally atmosphere. 房间里	自有一种轻松随意的氛围。
l would like it to be るか occasion. 我希望	望把它办得不那么正式。
They told me intormaat I had got the job. 針	们非正式地告诉我我已获得那份工作。
The guests were seated very al around t	he table. 客人们很随意地坐在桌旁。
informally	

informally



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10. anxious /ˈæŋkʃəs/ ad焦虑的:担忧的:渴望的
        be anxious about 就某事焦虑 _____为某人担忧
        be anxious for sb. 渴望做某事 _____/'æŋkʃə slɪ/ adv.焦急地;
     担始kious to destatarati/n.焦虑;忧虑;渴望
Torgisavery person.汤姆是个非常容易焦虑不安的人。
He seemed anxious the meeting.他似乎对这次会议忧心忡忡。
Parents and Parents In the Parents 
She was anxieusious (finish) school and get a job.她渴望毕业找一份工作。
He is _____waiting for the result of the medical tests. 他焦急地等待着体检结果。
anxionaddern man's natural state.焦虑是现代人的自然状态。
He shouted at her withxiously...他焦急万分地对着她大喊大叫。
Tom's _____ to suce certified him to work hard.汤姆对成功的渴望使他更加努力。
 Anxiety
                                                                 anxiety
```

anxiety

11. annoy /əˈnɔɪ/ vt惹恼, 使恼怒 annoying/əˈnɔɪɪŋ/ adj.令人恼怒的,恼人的 annoyed/əˈnɔɪd/ adj.感到恼怒的,生气的 be annoyed with sh (at/about(對壽事)对某人恼火 annoyed with sh (at/about(對壽事))

She sometimes does things on purpose just annov me.她有时存心做些事来使我生气。
A fly was annoying him. 一只苍蝇搅得他心烦。 It me that I didn't have time to
domorereading.腾不出时间多看会儿书让我很烦。 Don't ask lots of
questions.不要问 <mark>新多烦人</mark> 的问题。 You must have found the children你肯定
觉得这些孩子讨人厌烦。 It isannovthat there is no hot water.没有热水,真烦人。 Her
mother was because she was so late. 她母亲生气了,因为她来晚了。 He was
to learn that the train would be delayed.他得知火车要晚点,心里感到烦恼。 He
was very annoyed me my carelessness. 因为我粗心大意,他对我恼火了。
with about

12. fright /fraɪt/ n:惊吓,惊骇
with/in_fright惊恐地;被吓得
frighten/'frartn/vt.使惊恐; 吓唬/'frartnd/ adj.受惊吓的
感到害怕的 害怕(做)某事
be frightened of (doin
形型射的 do sth.
frightening
I got the of my life. 我吓得要命。
Pinocchio was beginning to tremble 皮诺乔开始吓得浑身发抖。
The grandmother jumped up in her and asked him what that meant.
The grandmother jumped up in her and asked him what that meant. 奶奶吓得跳起来,问他这是怎么回事。
Sorry, I didn't mean to you. 好中起,我没有吓唬你的意思。
Most children are by the sight of blood. 大多数孩子见到血就害怕。
Most children are by the sight of blood. 大多数孩子见到血就害怕。 She was that flat flane would crash.她害怕飞机会坠毁。 frightened
frightoned

frightened

Her <u>frightened</u> face showed us that something terrible had happened to her family. 她惊恐的神色向我们表明她家出了大事。 She was frightened of flying. 她害怕坐飞机。 I'm frightened of walking home alone in the dark. www.siinedil.com 我害怕在黑夜单独走路回家。 She was too frightened her family what had happened. 她太害怕了,不敢告诉家人发生了什么事。 The idea of death is frightening to most people. 死的想法对于大多数人都是可怕的。 It's _frightening to think it could happen again. 想到此事可能再次发生就使人不寒而栗。

13. senior/ˈsi:niə(r)/adj.(级别,地位等)<u>较高的;年长</u>的 较年长者 <u>senior high school</u> (美国) 高中 _____ 比某人资格 高d sb.

a senior manager/lecturer 高级经理/高级讲师 a senior post/position 高级职务/职位

So this is it— senior high school at last! 就是这样——终于上了高中! He is senior to me. 他的职位比我高。 Williams felt himself to be senior to all of them. 威廉斯自认为比他们所有人资格都要老。 My brother is my senior by two years. 我哥哥比我大两岁。

14. at last <u>最后;终于</u>The rainy season has ended at last. 雨季总算过去了。

At last they won their freedom. 他们终于赢得了自由。 His wish to visit China has at last come true.

他要访华的愿望终于实现了。

At first he was very tense and at last relaxed. 起初,他非常紧张,最后终于放松了下来。

- 15. outgoing /ˈaʊtgəʊɪŋ/ adj外向的;开朗的 l'm not outgoing so l'm a little anxious right now. 我不外向,所以我现在有点焦虑。 He is an outgoing and lively person. 他是个性格开朗而又活泼的人。 She's friendly and outgoing. 她好相处,性格外向。
- 16. impress/ɪmˈpres/<u>t. 使钦佩;使印象深刻vi. 留下印象;引人注目</u>词根词缀: im-(里)+press(按压): 把.....按到心里——留下印象 impress sh with/by 用.....给某人留下深刻印象 bthimpressed with对......印象深刻
- impress sth on 把...印在...上; 使铭记

impressio/im'presn/n.印象 heave/make a __impressio给某人留下.....的印象 have/get an impressio对of...有印象 <u>first</u> 第一印象 Impressio/mm'presiv/ adj.令人印象深刻的;感人的 e it <u>impresse</u> ne that she remembered my name.令我佩服的是她记得我的名字。 What ____improcsetorst was their brave spirit.给我印象最深的是他们的无畏精神。 She was deeply impressed _____bbevecenery in Guilin. 桂林的景色给她留下了深刻的印象。 My father impressed ___ me the importance of hard work. 我父亲要我牢记努力工作的重要性。 The scenery in Guilin never fails______. 桂林的景色永远让人叹为观止。 there was a general_____ that tomorrow meant a fresh start. 普遍的感觉是明天意味着essc新的开始。

I want to make a good firstimpressio 我想给人留下好的第一印象。 Her
wordsleft/madasting impression on me. 她的话给我留下了难忘的印象。 I have a
good impressionhim.我对他有很好的印象。
<u>First impression</u> re the most lasting. After all, you never get a second chance to make
first impression.
第一印象是持久的。毕竟,你永远不可能再有一个机会去给别人再留一次第一印象。
While I really don't like art, I find his work <u>impressiv</u>
虽然我不喜欢艺术,但是我发现他的作品令人印象深刻。 This is an book.这
是一本感人的表。siv

E



17. what if <u>如果...会怎么样</u>呢?

what if 用于疑问句句首, 尤用于询问不希望看到的事发生时的结果。

What if no one talks to me? 如果没人跟我说话怎么办? What if it rains? 要是下雨怎么办?

What if anything should happen to the child? 万一这孩子出了差错怎么办? So what if you make a mistake? 如果你犯了错那又怎样?

18. guy/gaɪ/n:<u>小伙子:家伙</u>

I was working with a guy from Japan.

我与一个来自日本的小伙子一起工作。 Hi, guys. How are you doing? 嗨,伙计们,大家还好吧?

19.concentrate/'kpnsntreɪt/vt.&vi集中(注意力):专心干: 词根词缀: con-(都)+centr-(中央)+-ate:都集中到中央—— 集中(注意力);专心于;聚精会神 _concentrate_on (doing)集中注意力于(做)某事 _stincentrate_sth_on_(doing) 拇h...集中于(做)某事 _concentratio konsn'treɪʃn/n.集中; 专心,全神贯注 Imaven't been able to get enough sleep, and I'm too tiredo concentrate in class. 我睡眠不足,课上精力不集中。 I couldn't concentrate ____the experiment.我无法集中 精力做实验。 You should concentrate food while eating. 吃饭时,你应该把注意力放在食物上。 You should concentrate your energy ___ reading and writing. 你应该集中精力于阅读和写作。 I decided to concentrate all my efforts ___ finding a place to live in. 我决定全力以赴找个住的地方。 This book requires a great deal of ______ 需要全神贯注才能读懂。 With great neentratio— she worked out the problem.她聚精 会神地解出了这个问题

20. experiment /ɪkˈsperɪmənt/ n实验;试验 do/perform/conduct an experiment





21. leave...alone<u>不打扰.... 不惊动...</u>

I really wanted to tell him to please be quiet and leave me alone! 我真想告诉他请安静点,别打扰我。 I've told you before—leave my things alone! 我告诉过你——别碰我的东西!

Leave the birds' nests alone. 不要去碰鸟巢。

22. awkward /'ɔ:kwəd/ adj. 尴尬的; 笨拙的; 棘手的

词根词缀:awk-(away)+-ward(向):令人向远处离开的一一令人尴尬的; 棘手的

I didn't feel awkward or frightened at all.我一点也不觉得尴尬或害怕。 They were trying to get out of this awkward situation.他们正设法摆脱困境。 There was an awkward silence in the meeting room. 会议室里一阵令人尴尬的沉默。 She's got to an age where she is being awkward. 她到了难相处的年龄。



I miss my friends from junior high school, but I believe I will make new friends。 我想念我初中的朋友,但我相信我会结交新朋友。 My daughter is 16 and my boy is already in junior high school.

我女儿16 岁了,我儿子已经上初中了。 We could give the job to somebody junior. 我们可以把这份工作交给职位较低的人. She has coached many leading juniors.她训练过许多名列前茅的青少年运动员。 That teacher's assistant is at least ten years junior to the professor in experience. 那位助教的资历起码比那位教授少十年。

24. explore /ɪkˈsplɔ:(r)/vt.& vi.探索.探测:勘探

词根<u>词缀:ex-(外)+p/IO-(欧内)+FO(顶)复加</u>大面热探有用风险西——探索,探测;勘探

explore for I believe I will make new friends here, and there's a lot _____ at senior high. O M 我相信我会住这里交到新朋友,而且在高中有很多东西要探索。 As soon as they arrived in the town they went out. 他们一到这城镇就外出察看周围环境。 What does the author say about America's aim ____explore? 作者对美国探索太空的目标有何评论? Children who have chances _____natural areasters to develop a strong love for science.有机会探索自然区域的儿童往往会培养对科学的强烈热爱。 The companies are allowed to explore___oil and gas. 这些公司被允许勘探石油和天然气。

explore

for

We have made great progress in spacexploratio____.我们在探索太空方面取得了很大进展。 The new method saves the costpfortio_____. 这种新方法节省石油勘探成本。 The answer to this question is now exploratio____ exploration.该问题的解决办法在探讨中。 This book is about a scientificatio____. 这本书是关于科学探险的。



25. confident/kɒnfɪdənt/adj自信的,有把握的 词根词缀:con-(强调)+fid-(信)+-ent(形容词后缀)对(做)某事判据的 be confident of/ab确信(doing)_____/kpnfədəntlɪ/adv.确信地; 肯定地fi 电信地at_____/kpnfidəns/n.信心;信任;自信心 confidently_____对.....有信心/信任 ______ 自信地;有把 据地idenc bave confidence in with confidence

I feel much more_____than I felt this morning.
我觉得比今天军山西有信心了。 Mary is a ______ and happy child. 玛丽是个自信、快乐的孩子onfithink you should be a bit ______. 我认为你应该稍微自信一点儿。 The teacher wants the children to feel ______ about asking questions when they don't understand. 教师要孩子们遇到不懂的问题就大胆提问。

Mr. Smith is confident of/aboutsuccess. 史密斯先生坚信一定会成功。 The team feels confident of winning_(win). 这个队觉得有把握取胜。 I'm confident that you will get the job. 我肯定你能得到那份工作。 He is confidentthat_everything will get better. 他坚信一切都会更好。 You must act confidently. 你必须表现得自信。

He felt safe now, and he spokenore

他觉得现在安全了,便更大胆地说起来 ntlv

I can confidently promise that this year is going to be very different.

我可以信心十足地保证今年将大不一样。

He expressed his confidence that they would win.

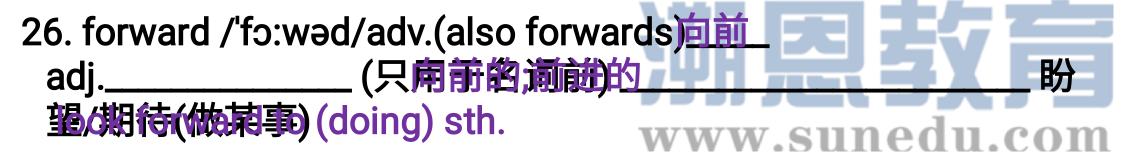
他表示了自己的信心:他们必定取胜。

He gained when he went to college.他上大学后增强了自信。
I have every confidence my students' abilities. 我完全相信我的学生的能力。
We have confidence our government. 我们对政府充满信心。
He answered the questions confidence . 他自信地回答了那些问题。

I can say ____confidence that the economy will be better soon.

我可以有把握地说经济很快就会好转。





He took two steps forward.他向前走了两步。 They ran forward to welcome her. 他们跑向前去欢迎她。

the forward movement of history 历史的向前发展 the plane's forward door 飞机前舱门 Tom is looking forward to meeting the new exchange student.

汤姆期待着见到新来的交换生。 We are looking forward to the coming of spring.我们正盼望着春天的到来。 I look forward to your reply我期待你的答复。 I look forward to hearing from you in the near future.我盼望着不久收到你的信。



27. take notes 记笔记

Listen to the teacher and take notes.听老师讲课并做记笔记。
I take notes while listening and reading. 我边听边读边做笔记。 Students should take notes in class.学生在课堂上应该记笔记。 She took out her notebook and began to take notes. 她掏出笔记本,开始记笔记。 Please take notes of the important words while you read. 请边读边把重要的单词记下来。



27. flash/[flæʃ/n闪光:信号vt.&vi.闪光:发出(信号)
_in_a_flash-瞬间
_a_flash_of_lightning—道闪电



use flash cards 使用识字卡

Children can use flash cards to learn English. 小孩可以使用识字卡来学英语。

Flash card is very useful to students. 教学卡片对学生很有用。

The flash sent the foxes running away. 闪光惊得狐狸逃窜。

The answer had come to him in a flash.他一下子就有了答案。

It was done in a flash. 一眨眼的工夫就完成了。

Lightning flashed in the distance.远处电光闪闪。

There is something wrong with the traffic light because only the red light flashes on and off.

交通灯出故障了,只有红灯一直在闪。

Why is that driver flashing his lights at us?为什么那个司机向我们闪着车灯?

28. organize (BrE- ise) /'ɔ:(r)gənaɪz/ vt.&vi.组织;组建 词根词缀: org-(运作)+an-(使)+-ize(动词后缀): 使运作起来——组织 organizatior(BrE- isation)/ɔ:gənaɪˈzeɪʃn/ .组织; 团体; 机构 the World Health Organization 世界卫生组织

to organize a mosting/porty/trin/compatition/alub49组签冬今议/取今/旅行/比塞/但丘
to organize a meeting/party/trip/competition/club组织筹备会议/聚会/旅行/比赛/俱乐
部 organize
How dorga hizMinghis thoughts? 李明是如何组织他的想法的?
We'llsome students into the basketball team.
我们将组织一些学生参加篮球队 _{rize} Workers have the righttrade unions
according to law.
劳动者有权依法组织工会。 His speech is well 他的演讲很有条理。 It's the
first time farmers have decidedto organize
ability
They set up a charity organized last year. 去年他们建立了一个慈善机构。 No organization last year. 去于"这种"的"这种"的"这种"的"这种"的"这种"的"这种"的"这种"的"这种"的
or individual are allowed to use the logo in advertisement or any other
business activities. 任何团体或个人不得将标识用于广告或其他商业性活动。



29. goal /gəʊl / n<u>目标:球门:射门</u>

I have learning goals and make plans for my English studies. 我有学习目标,并为我的英语学习制定计划。

Our goal is to raise as much money as possible for the project.
我们的目的是为这个项目筹集到尽可能多的资金。 He scored the winning goal.他踢进了制胜的一球。 Liverpool won by three goals to one.利物浦队以三比一获胜。

30. strategy /'strætədʒi/n策略:战略_

词根词缀: strat-(伸展)+-ety(名词后缀): 展开的计划——策略

What learning strategies do you and your partner share?

你与你的搭档分享什么学习策略? What is the best strategy for you to learn new words? 对你来说学习生词的最佳策略是什么? the government's economic strategy. 政府的经济策略 We need to discuss our new strategy. 我们需要商讨一下我们的新策略。 We have reduced air pollution through many strategies.

我们通过许多策略减少了空气污染。



30. partner /ˈpɑ:tnə(r)/ n. <u>同伴:配偶:搭档</u>

a marriage partner 配偶 I have a good partner to practice English with.我有一个好搭档一起练英语。

China and America are now economic partners.中国和美国目前是经济合作伙伴。 The "Changing Partners", a pop song in the 1950s, is now still loved by many people. "交换舞伴"是二十世纪五十年代的一首流行歌曲,现在仍然被人们所喜爱。

33.curious /ˈkjʊəriəs/adj<u>好奇的;奇怪的</u>

词根词缀: cur-(心)+-ious(形容词后缀): 用心去探寻的——好奇的 be curious abo对.....好奇

be curious to do s好奇于做某事 curiously/ 'kjʊərɪəslɪ/ adv.好奇地; 奇怪的是 curiosity/kjʊəri'psəti/ n.好奇心

Children are naturally <u>curiou</u> s孩子天生好奇。
A <u>curious</u> child is a teacher's delight. 老师喜欢有求知欲的孩子。 It's the
thing I emers a write may life!
这是我一生中看到的最奇怪的事情! I'm curiouseverything.我对一切都很好奇。
She seemed to be curiouswhat he was doing.
她似乎对他正在做的感到很好奇。 You must be curious(find) out how to
decorate the Christmas tree.
你一定很好奇想弄清楚如何装饰你的圣诞树。 He lookedat the people.他好奇
地看着那些人。enough, he had never seen the little girl.
奇怪的是,他竟从未见过那个小女孩。 It is good to beabout the world around
you because I thinkis the best teacher. 对你周围的世界感到新奇是件好事,因
为我认为好奇心是最好的老师。

curious

curiosity

治愈某人.....病 cure sb. of cure Vt.治疗;治愈 n.治疗;疗法 对.....的疗法a cure for church n. 教堂 curious adj.好奇的;奇怪的 curiosity n.好奇心;求知欲;珍品 cure-/cur- 关心/用心 security n.安全;安保 secure adj.安全的vt.使安全 cute a.可爱的;伶俐的 accurate adj. 精确的, 准确的 accuracy n. 准确,精确 curriculum n.总课程 curricular adj.课程的

accompany companio

My dream is to start my own IT <u>compan</u>!我的梦想是成立自己的IT公司! What are your plans for the development of your<u>compan</u>.? 你打算怎样来发展壮大自己的公司? y I enjoy her <u>compan</u>. 我喜欢和她在一起。 He went with us to the airport <u>for company</u>.他陪同我们去机场了。 No one wants to keep company. someone who always looks upset. 没有人喜欢和经常很沮丧的人交往。

His wife <u>acccompanie</u> him on the trip. 那次旅行他由妻子陪同。
The singer was _____on the piano by her sister. 女歌手由她姐姐钢琴伴奏。
He was a good friend redependable ompanio __. 他是个好朋友,一个可以信赖的同伴。
She was a charming dinner companio __. 与她同桌进餐使人感到十分高兴。
His younger brother is not much of acompanio __ for him. 他的弟弟和他志趣不太相投。

He's just the person we need for the job. 他正是我们需要的适合这项工作的人。
At least four persons died in the accident. 至少四个人在事故中死亡。
Of course, this is just a persona opinion. 当然了,这只是个人意见。
The novel is written from persona experience. 这部小说是根据个人亲身经历写成的。

She's a <u>persona</u> friend of mine . 她是我的私人朋友。
He is always curious about my persona_life .他对我的私生活很好奇。
I handed the letter to him personally/in______.我亲自把这封信交给了他。
personally I am very satisfied with his work. 就个人而言,我对他的工作很满意。
How would you describe Yuan Longping's personalit_? 你如何描述袁隆平的个性呢?
His wife has a strong personalit_. 他妻子的个性很强。
The children all have very different personalitie. 孩子们的性格各不相同。

36. style /starl/<u>市式</u>; 作风。<u>样式, 款式</u> <u>in style</u>时髦; 气派

learning style 学习方式

a management style 管理方式 Now on-line shopping has changed people's life style.现在网上购物改变了人们的生活方式。 The story was written in a lively and interesting style.这个故事以一个生动有趣的风格来写作的。 The building was built in the style of a Chinese palace. 这座建筑是仿照中国宫殿形式而建的。 Caution was not her style. 谨小慎微不是她的作风。

She always celebrates her birthday in style. 她的生日总是过得很排场。

37. revise / rɪˈvaɪz/ vt.&vi.<u>修改,修订;复习</u> 词根词缀: re-(再,又)+vis-(看)+e:再看一遍——修订;复习 revisio/rɪˈvɪʒn/n.修订;复习 www.sunedu.com

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