

## 知识产权声明



感恩遇见，相互成就，本课程资料仅供您个人参考、教学使用，严禁自行在网络传播，违者依知识产权法追究法律责任。

更多教学资源请关注  
公众号：溯恩高中英语



潮恩教育  
www.sunedu.com

***Mulan* will be on!**

**Liu Yifei acts the  
female leading role.**

# A mini listening test: An interview with Liu Yifei

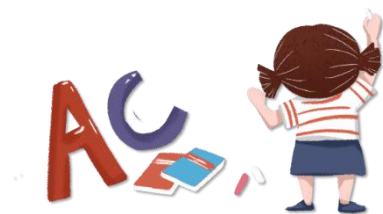


- Q1: **How many** questions did the interviewer ask? **5**
- Q2: Which **word** did Liu Yifei use to define Cannes? **Humanity**
- Q3: All the films she's made, what's her **favorite movie**?  
**Her next movie.**

# ● 高考英语听力**满分**突破

李文娟





# 目录

CONTENTS

01

**剖析高考听力**

02

**体悟高考听力**

03

**试炼高考听力**

04

**备战高考听力**

01

# 剖析高考听力 “1234”



01

# 1 览全局

## 1.1 听力考查内容：《2019年英语考试大纲》

要求考生能听懂所熟悉话题的简短独白和对话。考生应能：

(1) 理解主旨要义； **主旨大意题**

(2) 获取具体的事实性信息； **事实细节题**

(3) 对所听内容做出推断； **推理判断题**

(4) 理解说话者的意图、观点和态度。 **观点态度题**

01

# 1 览全局

以细节题和推理题为主！

## 1.2 听力题型的考查统计

年份	事实细节题	推理判断题	观点态度题	主旨大意题
2017年3月	8	8	3	1
2017年9月	14	4	1	1
2018年3月	12	7	0	1
2018年9月	8	9	3	0
2019年3月	10	10	0	0
2019年9月	11	9	0	0



01

# 1 览全局

美音,  $\approx 150$ 字/min!

## 1.3 高考听力语音、语速

年份	语音	总字数	语速/分钟
2017年3月	美音	898	142
2017年9月	美音	894	143
2018年3月	美音	907	148
2018年9月	美音	996	150
2019年3月	美音	858	147
2019年9月	美音	993	153

01

## 1 览全局

@学习、工作、生活话题!

### 1.4 高考听力的话题

2018.3	话题	字数	2018.9	话题	字数	2019.3	话题	字数	2019.9	话题	字数
Text 1	谈论天气	34	Text 1	摔破盘子	37	Text 1	道歉	37	Text 1	找人	32
Text 2	去看婶婶	41	Text 2	旅行感受	45	Text 2	买票	29	Text 2	初次见面	41
Text 3	看医生	42	Text 3	买新车	45	Text 3	家电维修	36	Text 3	教中文	42
Text 4	邀请	51	Text 4	办借书卡	31	Text 4	航班预订	33	Text 4	度假计划	45
Text 5	滑冰受伤	23	Text 5	搬家	42	Text 5	购买纸张	39	Text 5	拜访朋友	35
Text 6	雨游伦敦	102	Text 6	演讲准备	64	Text 6	询问信息	77	Text 6	火车信息	74
Text 7	入住旅馆	144	Text 7	讲座安排	123	Text 7	车站送别	129	Text 7	米兰偶遇	134
Text 8	更换公寓	151	Text 8	问路	157	Text 8	城市介绍	186	Text 8	看病	196
Text 9	小镇更名	162	Text 9	旅游咨询	250	Text 9	了解租房	177	Text 9	小岛简介	181
Text 10	电影播报	212	Text 10	童年回忆	202	Text 10	新闻播报	115	Text 10	安全提醒	213

01

# 1览全局

选项分布均匀

## 1.5 高考听力答案分布对比

6-7 个

年份	A	B	C
2017年3月	6	7	7
2017年9月	7	6	7
2018年3月	7	6	7
2018年9月	7	7	6
2019年3月	7	7	6
2019年9月	7	7	6

01

# 1 览全局

分值/题目数量

$1.5 \times 20 = 30$ 分

20%

语速/语音

$\approx 150$ 字/min

美音

听力结构

**短对话** + 长对话 + 独白

题目选项

A/B/C

**6-7**

题目类型

**事实细节** / **推理判断** / 观点态度 / 主旨要义

听力场景

学习、工作、购物、吃饭、租房、看病、运动、邮寄、天气、文学艺术、交通出行（旅游/出差/驾驶/机场）

02

## 2抓人物



1.题干:

What does the **woman** think of .....? 听女声;

What does the **man** imply/ suggest ... ? 听男声。

\*根据统计, 所提出的问题有90%左右都与**speaker 2**说话内容有关。

03

# 3打基础

1. **语音**基础——略读、**辨音**（19/90）、升降调
2. **词汇**基础——听力必备词汇（无超纲） 地名、人名除外
3. **文化**背景——习语：It's not my cup of tea.  
常识：the World Cup, NASA

## 辨音

——单词发音（同音/近音）、语音现象（吞音）

1. What does **Mrs Lamb** want **William** to do? (2019.3 Text 1)

A. Paint the wall. B. Pay for the **glass**.  Help cut the **grass**.

**单词**: flower /flour

**数字**: 区分-teen和-t-ty及four和five的发音 18/80/8

**语音现象**: t, d, p, b, s, v 基本听不到

04

## 4 练技巧

1. **Predict** before you listen. 听前预读
2. Catch the **key words**. 抓关键词
3. Take **notes** quickly. 快速笔记
4. Be in a good **mood**. 心态良好



## 预测判断

## 化被动为主动!

高考听力有一半的信息靠听，而另一半的信息靠阅读。

迅速浏览题干和所给选项，做到有备而发！

技] 1. What was the man doing?

A、 **Buying** clothes.

B、 **Selling** clothes.

技] C、 Having a suit made.

2.W

2. Why didn't the person **take the suit**?

A、 A、 It was too big.

B、 B、 It was too expensive.

C、 C、 It was out of fashion.



02

# 体悟高考听力



## 2.1 事实细节题

1. **What** is David doing this year? (2019.9 第3题)



A. **Traveling** around the world.



**Teaching** Chinese at school.

W: Excuse me, sir. Do I take the train for Sydney there?

M: Uh... when does it **leave**?

W: At **9:28**. Here's my ticket.

M: Oh, let me have a look. Um... yes. **Platform Two**.

W: Thank you. By the way, what time does it **reach Sydney**?

M: You should be there at **11:34**.

W: Must I change?

M: No. It's a through train.

W: Thank you.

M: You're welcome. Have a nice trip.

错误选项一定能成功**干扰**到你!  
三个选项都听到时, 信息要对准!

## 2.1 事实细节题

4. **What** did the **man** do to **help** the woman? (2019.3 第10题)



**Book** the hotel.    B. **Look after** Alan.    C. **Play** in the concert.

W: Well, I'd better be going. My train is about to leave anytime now.

M: Right.

W: It was nice meeting you. Thanks for coming to see me off.

M: That's all right. It was nice meeting you, too. I really enjoyed the concert. I think it went really well. All the songs you sang last night were great.

W: Thank you, and thanks for being so helpful — booking the hotel and everything.

M: It was my pleasure. I should thank Alan. If he hadn't been ill, I wouldn't have had this chance to help organize the concert and to meet you.

W: Oh, yeah. Give my regards to Alan. I hope he'll be better soon. Well, I'll be off, then. I'll see you around.

M: OK, see you.

## 2.1 事实细节题

### 技巧总结:

1. 听到什么选什么，但要确保**题目**和**答案**的一致性；
2. 注意简单的**同义替换**。

## 2.2 推理判断题

1. **What** will the speakers probably do **next**? (2017.9 第5题)

A. **Order** some boxes.



B. Go home and **rest**.

C. **Continue** working.

W: I'm really tired from packing all these boxes for three hours. It's about time to **call it a day**. 收工/今天到此为止

M: I know. Maybe we could do it first thing tomorrow morning.

W: **Why not?** These orders are not **urgent**. 紧急的

M: Hello. Could you please help us? We'd like a **map** of this city.

W: Yes, here you are.

M: Oh, could you also give us some **information about the film festival**?

W: Take this booklet. It has all the information about the activities that will be put on during the festival.

M: Thanks. And one last thing, do you have a **bus timetable** for East Town?

W: Yes, here you are.

M: Thank you very much.

## 2.2 推理判断题

3. What is the probable **relationship** between the speakers? (15.9 第3题)

W: **Mr. Baker**, could I possibly use your phone? Ours doesn't work. Judy is ill, and I want to call a doctor.

M: Sure. Come on in. Here everything's well with Judy.

W: What's so funny, dear?

M: Look here! A small country town in Australia decides to change its name for a month.

W: Really? Just for a month? Why?

M: For road safety. The town is called Speed, in the countryside of Victoria. Now, the people living there want to change it into Speed Kills. They hope the drivers passing the town will slow down a bit when they see the road sign.

W: That sounds like a really good idea, doesn't it?

M: Mmm. The idea was put forward by **the Victoria Transport Accident Office**. It soon won over 45 people in Speed. They even made a video which has already become a hit on the Internet!

W: It's interesting to see what will happen then.

M: **A local farmer** called Phil Down wants to change his name, too. He'll be called Phil Slow Down. He wishes the idea would catch on around the world.

W: I hope it works well.



## 2.2 推理判断题

### 技巧总结：

1. 捕捉“**弦外之音**”：降调—赞同肯定；升调—怀疑/惊讶/否定。
2. **人物关系和地点推断**：捕捉**关键词**！！
3. 注意一些**语法结构**的运用：**虚拟语气**表示与事实相反；**否定比较级**结构表示最高级；含蓄的表达。

## 2.3 主旨大意题

M: Why don't you like going to the cinema?

W: Well, there are too many problems.

M: Like what?

M: Welcome to London this December! There's plenty going on this month. For example, on 1 December, London's West End, the capital's best shopping district, has its largest ever traffic-free day. More than a million visitors are expected to shop and enjoy various activities while Oxford Street and Regent Street are completely closed to cars and buses. Shoppers will be able to move around the streets, visiting our famous department stores, and having a bite at one of the many cafes and restaurants in the area. Trafalgar Square's Christmas tree, a gift to London from Norway, will be lit at 6 p.m. on 6 December to the sounds of traditional Christmas songs. Then, every evening from 10 December until 23 December, 5 p.m. this beautiful setting. Lastly, ring in the New Year with fireworks will be set off at the British Airways London Eye, they can be enjoyed from across London and will also be broadcast on television at the same time. Then, just a few hours later, come out and see London's colorful New Year's Day parade, when marching performers from around the world pass through the capital's streets. Enjoy your time in our city.

首句很关键!

## 2.3 主旨大意题

### 3. What does the speaker talk about? (2017.9 第20题)

W: Hello, everyone. In today's program, I'd like to share a true story of mine. One day, my friends and I had just finished lunch at a hotel when it started to rain heavily. When it became lighter, I decided to brave the rain to get my car and go home. It was parked three blocks away. My friends argued I shouldn't go because at that time, I was due to give birth in three months. I promised I'd be very careful. One of them wanted to come with me, but I insisted she stay with another friend who needed help with her baby. When I walked to the first crossroads, a taxi stopped and a passenger came out with an umbrella. Before I knew what was happening, he walked right beside me and told me he would walk with me to where I would go. I refused, but he insisted. During our walk, he kept telling me to walk slowly. When we got to the car park, I thanked him, and we parted ways. I did not get his name and may not even recognize him now. Did he purposely stop for me? I'll never know.

## 2.3 主旨大意题

### 技巧总结：

1. **首句**很关键： 文章主题。
2. 注意**总结词**： 归纳主旨
3. 错误选项：**局部**代整体、**半对半错**

## 2.4 观点态度题

### 1. How does Tony find **his experience in China**? (2013.3 第10题)

W: Tony, can I ask you a personal question?

M: About what?

W: Well, I was wondering about how you are received here in China.

M: What do you mean?

W: Well, since you are Chinese-Canadian and only speak English and French well, how do native Chinese treat you?

M: Oh, well, sometimes it can get pretty difficult. When people find out that I'm a Canadian citizen who can't speak Chinese well, they usually **call me a banana**. You know, yellow on the

M: What did you think of Dana's speech today?

W: Well, she **must have spent** a lot time **preparing** it. I can't believe I can sit for that long without feeling **bored**.

**something I lost.** Sometimes I'm not sure if I like what I've found.

## 2.4 观点态度题

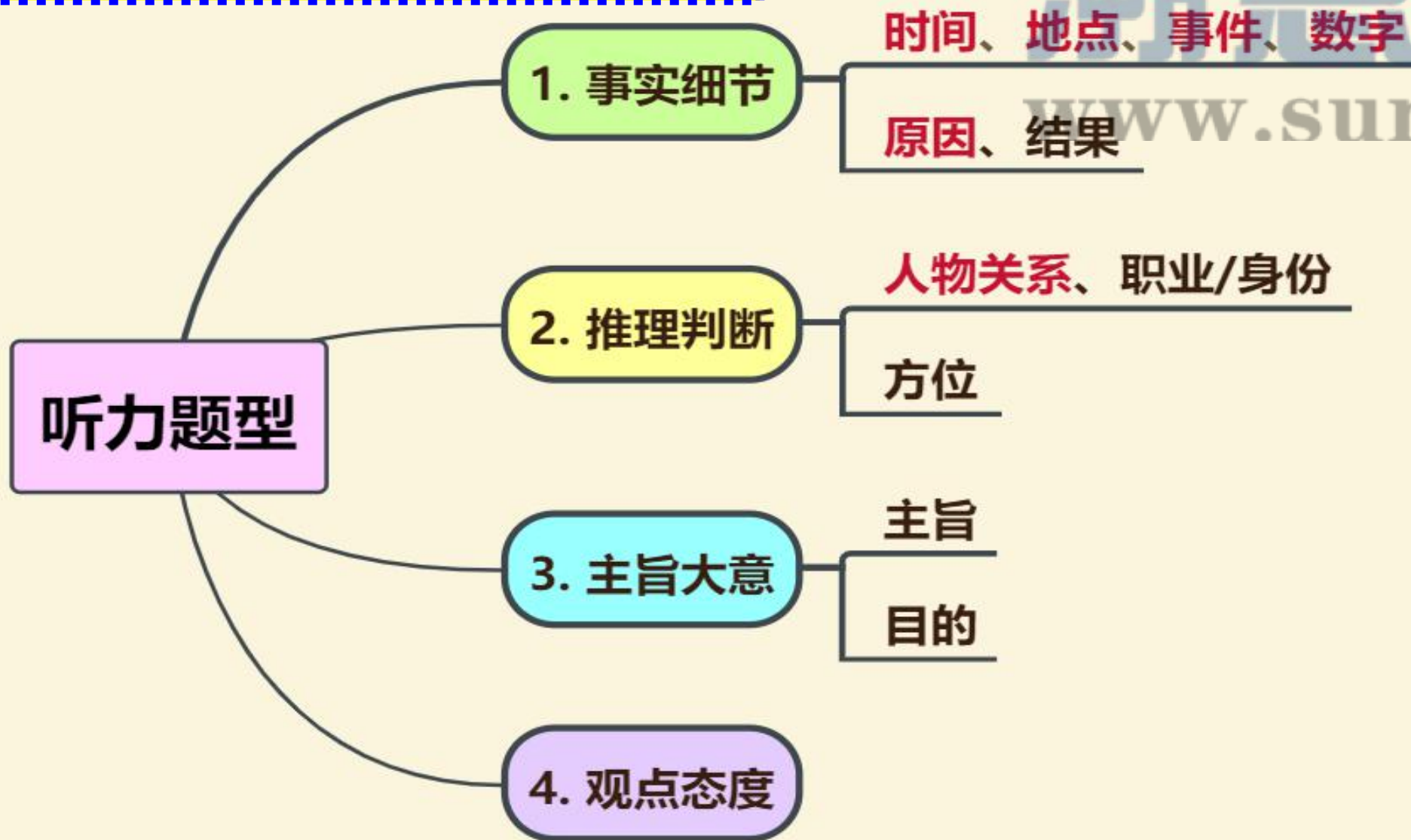
### 技巧总结:

1. **Speaker 2** **回答**: 肯定——Yes/ Absolutely/ I agree with you  
否定——I'm sorry/ I'm afraid I can't.../**Well**

2. 语气、含蓄表述

3. 同义转换

# 归纳总结：考点



03

# 试炼高考听力





# 试炼真题：短对话

1. What are the speakers **talking about**? **主旨大意**  
A. Having a birthday **party**. B. Doing some **exercise**. C. Getting Lydia a **gift**.
2. What is the **woman** going to do? **事实细节**  
A. **Help** the man. B. **Take a bus**. C. Get a **camera**.
3. What does the **woman** suggest the man do? **事实细节**  
A. Tell Kate to **stop**. B. **Call** Kate's friends. C. **Stay away** from Kate.
4. **Where** does the conversation probably take place? **推理判断：地点**  
A. In a **wine shop**. B. In a **supermarket**. C. In a **restaurant**.
5. What does the woman **mean**? **推理判断**  
A. Keep the **window closed**. B. Go **out** for **fresh air**. C. **Turn on** the **fan**.

# 试炼真题：短对话

1. **What** are the speakers talking about?

主旨大意题

A. Having a birthday **party**.

B. Doing some **exercise**.

C. Getting Lydia **a gift**.

W: What are we going to get for **Lydia's birthday**?

M: How about a pair of **running shoes**?

W: You know she hates doing exercise.

M: Then I guess we can buy her **a birthday cake**.

2. **What** is the woman going to do?

事实细节题：事件

A. **Help** the man.

B. **Take a bus**.

C. Get a **camera**.

M: Excuse me. Do you have time to help **take a picture** of us?

W: Oh, I'm sorry. I've got to **catch a bus**.

M: That's OK.

3. **What** does the woman **suggest** the man do?

事实细节题：事件（虚拟语气）

A. **Tell Kate to stop**.

B. **Call Kate's friends**.

C. **Stay away** from Kate.

M: It really annoys me when Kate calls her friends during office hours.

W: **If I were you**, I would tell her to **stop**.

M: Maybe you're right. I will talk to her sometime.



# 试炼真题：短对话

4. **Where** does the conversation probably take place? 推理判断题：地点

A. In a **wine shop**.

B. In a **supermarket**.

C. In a **restaurant**.

M: Here's the **menu**, Madame. Would you like something to **drink**?

W: Yes, please. May I see the **wine list**?

M: Certainly. Here you are.

5. What does the woman **mean**?

推理判断题：“弦外之音”

A. Keep the **window closed**.

B. Go out for **fresh air**.

C. Turn on the **fan**.

M: We need to have some **fresh air**. Do you mind my opening the window?

W: As a matter of fact, I'm feeling a bit cold.

# 试炼真题：长对话



第二节 听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the **man** going to do **this summer**? 事实细节

A. **Teach** a course.

B. **Repair** his house.

C. **Work** at a hotel.

7. **How** will the man use the money? 事实细节

A. To **hire a gardener**.

B. To **buy books**.

C. To pay for **a boat trip**.

# 试炼真题：长对话

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

@暑假安排：打工

6. **What** is the man going to do **this summer**? 事实细节题：事件

A. **Teach** a course.

B. **Repair** his house.

C. **Work** at a hotel.

7. **How** will the man use the money? 事实细节题：事件

A. To **hire a gardener**.

B. To **buy books**.

C. To pay for a **boat trip**.

M: Guess **what I'll be doing this summer**?

W: What?

M: I'm going to ⑥work at the Riverside Hotel.

W: What exactly will you be doing?

M: Let's see. I'll be doing some small **repairs** inside and outside the hotel.

I'll be cutting grass and taking care of the flowers.

W: Sounds interesting. What's the pay?

M: Well, uh...about fifteen dollars an hour, five hours a day, and Sunday free.

W: That's good money. **What are you going to do with it?**

M: I'll ⑦pay for the textbooks for next term.



# 试炼真题：长对话

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. What is the **probable relationship** between the speakers? 推理判断：人物关系

A. **Schoolmates.**

B. **Colleagues.**

C. **Roommates.**

9. What does **Frank** plan to do **right after graduation**? 事实细节

A. Work as a **programmer.**

B. **Travel** around the world.

C. **Start his own business.**

# 试炼真题：长对话

听第7段材料，回答第8、9题。 @ 校园生活：课程、毕业后打算

8. What is the **probable relationship** between the speakers? 推理判断题：人物关系

A. Schoolmates. 校友      B. Colleagues. 同事      C. Roommates.

9. What does **Frank** plan to do **right after graduation**? 事实细节题：事件

A. Work as a **programmer**. 程序员      B. **Travel** around the world.      C. **Start** his own **business**. 创业

M: Hi, Sue. **How's it going?**

W: Oh, hi, Frank, just fine. **How are your classes?**

M: Pretty good. I'm glad this is **my last term** here, though.

W: Why is that? I thought you were enjoying school.

M: I was. But now I'm getting tired of it. I'm ready for the real world.

W: **What are you planning to do when you graduate?**

M: First, ⑧ I want to get a job as a computer programmer, and  
then after five years or so, I'd like to start my own business.

W: Sounds good. I still have **three terms** to go until I'm done.

M: You'll make it for sure. Well, see you later.

W: Bye!

# 试炼真题：长对话



听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. **Why** does the woman make the call? 事实细节：原因

- A. To **book** a hotel room .      B. To **ask** about the **room service**.      C. To make **changes** to a **reservation**.

11. **When** will the woman **arrive** at the hotel? 事实细节：时间

- A. On September **15**.      B. On September **16**.      C. On September **23**.

12. **How much** will the woman pay for her room **per night**? 事实细节：价格

- A. **\$179**      B. **\$199**      C. **\$219**



# 试炼真题：长对话

听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。

@宾馆预订

10. **Why** does the woman make the call? 事实细节题：原因

A. To **book** a hotel room .      B. To **ask** about the room service.      C. To make **changes** to a reservation.

11. **When** will the woman **arrive** at the hotel? 事实细节题：时间

A. On September **15**.      B. On September **16**.      C. On September **23**.

12. **How much** will the woman pay for her room per night? 事实细节题：价格

A. \$179      B. \$199      C. \$219

M: Hello, Milton Hotel Reservations. How may I assist you?

W: Hi, I'm calling to **10. make some changes to an existing reservation.**

M: Certainly. Do you have the reservation number?

W: Sure, it's **219**.

M: That's a reservation for Sally Menkel. Is that right?

W: Yes, that's right. I'd like to change the **11. check-in date** from **September 15** to **September 16**.

M: Certainly. I can make that change for you. Is that the only change?

W: No, the **check-out date** will also change from the 23rd to the 24th.

M: No problem. We have you arriving on the 16th of September and leaving the 24th of September — altogether, eight nights. Will there be anything else?

W: Yes. Instead of a courtyard room, I'd like a room with a view, preferably on an upper floor.

M: I can certainly change that for you, but there will be a change in the room rate. **12. The new rate is \$199 per night, instead of the original \$179.**

W: That's OK. These are all the changes. Thank you very much.

M: You're welcome. Have a nice day!

# 试炼真题：长对话

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What is the woman's **plan** for **Saturday**? 事实细节：事件  
A. Going **shopping**                      B. Going **camping**.                      C. Going **boating**.
14. Where will the **woman** stay in **Keswick**? 事实细节：地点  
A. In a country **inn**.                      B. In a five-star **hotel**.                      C. In her **aunt's home**.
15. What will **Gordon** do over the **weekend**? 事实细节：事件  
A. Visit his **friends**                      B. Watch **DVDs**                      C. **Join the woman**.
16. What does the **woman** think of **Gordon's coming weekend**? 观点态度  
A. **Relaxed**.                      B. **Boring**.                      C. **Busy**.



# 试炼直题：长对话

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。 @周末活动安排

13. What is the **woman's** plan for **Saturday**?

事实细节题：事件

A. Going **shopping**

B. Going **camping**.

C. Going **boating**.

14. Where will the woman stay in **Keswick**?

事实细节题：地点

A. In a country **inn**.

B. In a five-star **hotel**.

C. In her **aunt's home**.

15. What will **Gordon** do over the **weekend**?

事实细节题：事件

A. Visit his friends

B. Watch **DVDs**

C. Join the woman.

16. What does the woman think of **Gordon's coming weekend**?

观点态度题

A. Relaxed.

B. Boring.

C. Busy.

W: Gordon, I'm going to Keswick in the Lake District this weekend.

M: Really?

W: Yeah, five of us. Why don't you join us? We're getting to Keswick on Friday. Then 13. we're **going boating on Saturday**. And on **Sunday**, we're going to do some **shopping**. Then I will take some time to visit my aunt Lucy.

M: You're not going to camp, are you? Isn't it a bit cold?

W: No, we're not. It is a bit cold. 14. We're staying in **a country inn**. It's not like five-star hotels or anything. But it's really comfortable.

M: Hmm, sounds interesting. You know, it's the boating that I don't like.

W: Well, what are you up to?

M: 15. **Sit on my sofa all weekend and watch the DVDs** I've just bought. And that will be a busy weekend. I may finish watching *Friends*.

W: 16. **I don't know how you can do that all weekend, Gordon. I'd get bored.**

M: I know, I know. But that's really what I want to do.

# 试炼真题：独白



听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who is Wang Ming?

推理判断：职业/身份

A. A student

B. An employer.

C. An engineer

18. What does the speaker say about the college job market this year?

事实细节/推理判断

A. It's unpredictable.

B. It's quite stable.

C. It's not optimistic.

19. What percentage of student job seekers have found a job by now?

事实细节

A. 20%

B. 22%

C. 50%

20. Why are engineering graduates more likely to accept a job?

事实细节：原因

A. They need more work experience.

B. The salary is usually good.

C. Their choice is limited.



# 试炼真题：独白

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

@ 美国毕业生求职状况

17. Who is **Wang Ming**? 推理判断题：身份/职业

- A. A student      B. An employer.      C. An engineer

18. What does the speaker say about the college **job market** this year? 推理判断题

- A. It's **unpredictable**.      B. It's quite **stable**.      C. It's **not optimistic**.

19. What percentage of student job seekers have **found a job** by now? 事实细节题：数字（百分比）

- A. 20%      B. 22%      C. 50%

20. **Why** are **engineering graduates** more likely to accept a job? 事实细节题：原因

- A. They need more work **experience**.      B. The **salary** is usually good.      C. Their **choice** is limited.

Hello. Welcome to the program. In America, May and June are the traditional months for graduations. A listener in China, 17. **Wang Ming, who is about to get an engineering degree**, wants to know how American college graduates find jobs. Right now, the answer is: **not very easily**. A latest study on the 18. **college job market** showed that employers wanted to **hire 22% fewer graduates this year than last**. The study also showed that 19. **just 20% of those who looked for jobs before graduation have found one by now**. This is compared to half of students who had looked for a job by this time two years ago. But one difference: fewer of this year's graduates have started to search for jobs. 20. **Engineering graduates** were more likely to have started their job search already, and to have accepted a job. This is among the **best-paid professions** for people with just a college degree. On average, engineering majors expect to start at about **\$62,000 a year**.

U.S.: 5-6月 → grad.

Wang Ming: @ engineer → Amr. @ Ss.: jobs ⇒ 'h.

Y: 22% ↓ ← jobs. mkt.

20% Ss.: find job. ← grad

↓  
40% ← .2y

/engin. Ss.: job.

↓  
\$62,000/y. ← ②

04

# 备战高考听力



## Summary 知彼

1. 听力常考的**话题**有哪些？ 24个
2. 听力常考的**题型**有哪些？
3. 听力常用的**提问方式**有哪些？ 导学案P8
4. 听力的**技巧**有哪些？

# 考试小技巧

## 听前、听中、听后

巧用**试音**  
读题**预判**

把握要点  
**果断**选题



**心态**平和  
有条不紊

**舍前**保后  
谨慎**修改**

如果某一句话听不明白，暂时放弃，以免影响后面的答题。  
在大多数情况下，**改动越多，错误率越高。**



# 百战不殆的Tips

1. 积累主题词汇，文化背景知识；
2. 坚持**听力训练**，培养耳朵的敏感度；
3. **朗读**听力原文，**已速 $\geq$ 主播速**；
4. 熟悉**不同主播**的声音，考场时方能轻松应对；
5. 熟练运用本堂课所学的**技巧！！！！**



彩蛋时刻！

这

- 借东西
- 考试？
- 讲座？
- 作文？
- 买票？



我们的道理！

比较严厉

一般比较复杂难懂

写rewrite

**With AQ, you can bring the unique thing to your life.**

**有了逆商，你就可以为你的人生增添独一无二的味道。**

May you succeed in your first listening exam!

预祝大家在6月份听力中**势如破竹，铙羽而归**！

