1. **2022 学年越秀区第二学期学业水平调研测试**

**高一年级英语试卷**

**本试卷共10页，满分120分。考让用时120分钟。**

**2022.6**

**注意事项:**

**1.答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号、试空号、座位号填写在答题卡上，**

**并用2B份笔填涂符题卡上的机应位置。因不考听力，试卷从第二部分的“阅读理解”开始，试题序号从“21”开始。**

**2.回答选择时，选出正确答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题日的答案标号涂黑。**

**如需改动，用像皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。**

**3.回答非选择题时，必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡指**

**定区域的相应位置上; 如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新答案; 不准使用粉笔、圆珠笔成涂改液。写在本试卷上无效。**

1. **考试结束后，将本试在和答题卡一并交回。**

**第二部分阅读理解(共两节，满分50分)**

**第一节(共15小题:每小题25分，满分37.5分)**

**阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。**

**A**

**Graffiti**

Have you ever written anything on a wall? It’s nothing new and for thousands of years humans have been writing messages on walls, bridges, and buildings **as a means of** expressing themselves.

**Ancient Graffiti**

Some of the first graffiti artists were the Vikings. You can read some at a prehistoric site in Scotland. The Vikings broke into the burial site about 800 years ago, hoping to find treasure. Unfortunately,there wasn`t any; however,the cave was a good place to shelter from the terrible storm that night, where the Vikings left messages on the walls to pass the time. Interestingly, many of the things they wrote are typical of modern-day graffiti, for example,“John made this cross."

**Political Graffiti**

At times, graffiti is used to make political statements. During World War ,people in occupied Holland painted orange victory“V"signs on walls in major towns. Here’s another example:“ No more wars! "

**American Graffiti**

During the 1970s a new type of graffiti became popular in the States: tagging (标记) Bands of youngsters slipped away into the streets at night with cans of paint and left their tags on as many walls as possible. Sometimes they also responded to other people’s graffiti. Some people see this form of graffiti as an example of urban art; others see it as an example of urban decline.

**British Graffiti**

In Britain, one of the most popular forms of graffiti is known as “toilet graffiti”, which is common on the walls of public toilets all over the country.The graffiti often consists of a funny or rude comment. Occasionally it will be a response to another piece of graffiti, or at other times it will be a political comment.

21. Why did the Vikings leave messages at the prehistoric site?

A.To relieve their boredom.

B. To cause a sense of mystery.

C.To display their strength.

D. To show their disappointment.

22. What conclusion has the author draw according to the passage?

A. Rude comments are not allowed on walls.

B.The Vikings created the very first graffiti.

C. Political graffiti resulted in more conflicts.

D. There remain some arguments about tagging

23. In which of the following types can people reply to graffiti?

A.Ancient Graffiti &British Graffiti

B. Ancient Graffiti & Political Graffiti.

C. American Graffiti &British Graffiti.

D.Political Graffiti &American Graffiti.

Wang Shuang was just five when her parents divorced, dropped her at her uncle’s and left. Football, as it often is, became an escape.

At seven, she was spotted by coach Xu Yilong, who found Wang quick in her playful behaviour. As the only girl in the boys’ team, Wang’s performances were impressive, earning her the nickname“Iron Girl." And soon, she sensed the sport’s power. Football allowed her to“release herself”and realize “whatever happens, football never leaves you alone."

However, life was never smooth sailing. The constant jibes(嘲讽)from some people, who always tried to push her down and destroy her hopes,affected her so deeply that she lost confidence."They were saying I had no talent at all. Gradually, I felt really so."Wang once wrote. **But never did she stop playing**. When she was called up to the national team, aged 17,Wang thought,“Me? Are you sure?"When a world-famous club wanted to sign her, she was "excited that an excellent coach thought I was good." It was only then that she felt confident in her abilities.“I felt recognized. Perhaps I had a bit of talent after all."

Not any “bit of talent"; the genius is praised as China’s once-in-a-generation player.

China is a pioneer of women’s football in Asia and has won the continental championship eight times, including seven straight titles between 1986 and 1999.That was their golden age. Gradually, though, the dynasty declined. It is hoped that Wang will inspire the women’s football of the country to its former height.

Coaches are almost always hesitant to speak about individual players.But when coach Shui was asked about Wang before the match against Vietnam, she couldn't stop mentioning her influence on the team.Unfailingly performing on the big stage, Wang did not let her team down. When they lacked a quality ball, she delivered two high assists that finally led her team into the last-four clash(交锋).

“Nobody knows how hard it was," declared Wang after the match.“We overcame difficulties. We also showed our strong spiritual power. I am proud of my team."

**.24. What can we infer about Wang from the second paragraph?**

1. She earned a living on her own.

B. She felt the power of sports.

C. She was laughed at by the boys.

D. She found a sense of belonging

**25. How did Wang regain faith in her abilities?**

A. By winning recognition.

B. By getting encouragement.

C. By playing in the national team.

D. By ignoring other people's jibes.

**26. Which would best describe coach Shui’s attitude to Wang?**

A. Caring. B. Unwilling. C. Favorable. D. Demanding

**27. What's the best title for the text?**

A. Wang Shuang: A Steel Rose

B. Wang Shuang: A Child Genius

C.Wang Shuang: A Football Pioneer

D. Wang Shuang: A Golden Age Successor·

C.

As the saying goes: ***The Internet is forever***; Once you’ve put something online-a credit card number, a silly photo, a heat-of-the-moment comment on social media-it can come back to disturb you.

But what are the risks,really? “There are two worst-case situations," says Richard Klosowski, privacy and security editor of a product-recommendation service."The most obvious one is a security issue. Everyone’s e-mail address and basic details are let out somewhere online, and if you reuse passwords, that means a criminal or immoral person will have an easier time getting into you accounts.

The problem is getting worse: Identity theft cases more than doubled in 2020, according to a survey conducted by Harvard university,with reported financial losses from fraud(欺诈)overall climbing to $3.3 billion from $1.8 billion in 2019.

"The second worse-case situation is more primal:embarrassment,”says Klosowski. And sometimes the pricks(刺痛) to our pride are far more personal than feeling ashamed over an awful photo.“Many of us store our most intimate thoughts in a digital notes app,draft e-mails we never send, or pour out our private feelings into a direct message to a friend.This is the type of thing that can be disclosed online, either through a provider being ignored or through your own misunderstanding of the often-confusing privacy settings in the software and services."

With these sorts of slip-ups, the stakes can be high. But you’re not powerless. You can stand up for your privacy and begin to take control, starting right now.

**28.The underlined saying “The Internet is forever." in paragraph 1 probably means\_\_\_\_\_**

A. More and more people can’t live without the Internet.

B. People use the Internet to solve problems all the time.

C.The Internet is developing so fast that it will exist forever.

D. What people used to do on the Internet can be traced back.

**29.How did the author express the worsen conditions of the security issue?**

A. By quoting experts.

B. By analyzing the data.

C. By providing examples.

D. By making comparison.

**30. According lo Klosowski, why do people feel embarrassed on line?**

A. Their private thoughts and feeling get leaked on line.

B.Their private thoughts arc written in an digital notes app

C. Their messages are sent with private feeling to their friends.

D.Their privacy settings are paid no attention to in the software.

**31. What will the following part of this passage talk about?**

A.The benefits that the Internet bring to people.

B. The other serious problems people meet online.

C. More examples of how people feel embarrassed online.

D. The measures people should take to solve the problems.

D.

In May 2012, Australia’s Macquarie Dictionary and the McCann Advertising Agency gathered a group of language experts to name a phenomenon common in the age of the smartphone. They called the phenomenon“phubbing”, and defined(定义)it as “the act of snubbing (无视) someone in a social setting by looking at your phone instead of paying attention." It’s not the usual way words begin to exist.

A month later, the first example of phubbing in a major newspaper appeared in a letter to the editor of the Age, published in Melbourne. Since then, the word has appeared in various media the world over. Phubbing has yet to be fully adopted in the U.S., but we have collected some evidence of it in use.

On 29 September 2015, James A. Roberts wrote in the Hufininglon Post,"In the present case, phubbing is a combination of the words phone and snubbing. To be phubbed is to be snubbed by someone using their cell phone while in your company. The phubbing could be an interruption of your conversation with someone when he or she uses their cell phone or is distracted by it (steal glances when they think you’re not looking) instead of paying attention to you. Maybe worse, you've been phubbed if someone used their cell phone instead of communicating with you while staying close to you. Oh, the shame."

The meaning and various forms of the word have yet to settle out. Is it phubbing if you`re staring at your tablet instead of your phone? Is the singular noun (and the base form of the verb) spelled phubb, as in the example above, or phub, as in some other sources? These are the sorts of

questions we'll need answers to before we’re ready to consider phubbing and its relations for entry. In the meanwhile, you can of course use phubbing if you feel the need.It seems we all do these days.

32. What is the focus of paragraph 1?

A.The usage of phubbing.

B.The birth of phubbing.

C. The inluence of phubbing.

D. The definition of phubbing

33. What may phubbing probably lead to according to James A.Roberts?

A. Embarrassment in daily communication.

B. Heavy reliance on cellphones.

C. Complete ignorance by your friends.

D. Shame in using cell phone.

34. What can we learn from the last paragraph about the word“phubb"?

A. It arouses heated discussion.

B. It proves to be settled.

C. It's not included in a dictionary.

D. It is widely used.

35. Which section does the article probably belong to?

A. Science. B. Resource. C.Literature. D. Language.

第二节(共5小题:每小题2.5分，满分12.5分)

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选

项。

Do you compare yourself to other people? Perhaps your best friend received something you really wanted for Christmas, or you’re not allowed to go to a concert but your brother or sister is. Comparisons are normal and can sometimes be helpful.\_\_\_36\_\_\_\_\_\_

Why does focusing yourself matter? We tend to compare ourselves to others who are doing better or not as well as ourselves, but comparing your achievements to your past self (where you started) and your future self (where you’d like to get to) can be more positive.\_\_\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. And you will be excited about what you might do. Focusing on your own goals is more rewarding than always trying to come out on top.

Comparing yourself to those around you is natural and we often do it without realizing. It can help us to measure our achievement and to form friendships with new people who have similar interests.\_\_\_\_ 38\_\_\_\_ , especially online and on social media. Taking note of how the comparison is making you feel matters, too. \_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_\_, choose a different role model or focus on your own strengths and what you’re good at. It can help to boost your self-esteem and you`ll be in high spirits again after doing so.

Jealousy and envy are ordinary emotions, but focusing on improving your own performance can help you feel successful. \_\_\_\_\_40\_\_\_\_\_\_. It can help not only to boost your friend’s mood but can also help you feel good. It will encourage you to build each other up.

A. When you take notes

B. If you begin to feel quite low

C. In addition, celebrate success with your friends.

D. Also, learn to celebrate your friend's achievements

E. This can make you feel proud of what you’ve achieved

F. However, focusing on your own progress is important for your well-being

G. However, it’s important to be realistic and remember that nobody is perfect

第三部分语言应用（共2节，满分30分）

第一节 阅读下而短文，从每思所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以坑入空白处的最佳选项。

“Have you checked the oil in the car?"my father used to say to me, his version of “Hello, hope you are well." Sometimes our phone calls would begin with an inquiry about the oil and end with one about the\_\_\_41\_\_\_

Fathers have a lot of love to give, \_\_42\_\_\_\_\_\_ it’s often supplied through the medium of \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_ advice. In my experience: It’s mostly about your motor vehicle.

My student car-----an old green Toyota bought for $500----- was the vehicle\_44\_\_\_\_\_his paternal affections. I bet it's \_\_45\_\_ been so. Back in ancient Rome, the father would test the son on the state of his carriage.

Why can’t fathers just say “I love you”or “It’s great to see you”? The point is:You just have to\_ 46\_\_\_\_\_ from the language that is Fatherlish. Listen closely enough and the phrase“I love you" can be 47\_\_\_\_\_in the slightly lengthier “I could come around Saturday and\_48\_\_\_\_ the scal (密封圈) around the basic of your toilet because I assume that thing is getting really smelly.

The affectionate phrase “You made my life 49\_\_\_\_from the moment you were born" may be rarely heard but there is the more 50\_\_\_\_ “I’ll hold the ladder while you get the leaves off the roof."

When I was 17, I went on my first road trip in that Toyota.My father stood on the corner. “Highways are\_\_51\_\_" he raid,“ so don’t try overtaking anything faster than a horse and carriage. And take a break every two\_52\_\_\_\_\_.. And every time you stop for gas, you really should 53\_\_\_\_ \_the oil.” At the time we thought his speech was pretty funny and would repeat “ horse and carriage" every time I sped up to overtake some other speeding vehicle.

Dad's long gone now. But after all these years, I 54\_\_\_\_\_that had I owned a copy of the Fatherlish to English dictionary. I’d have understood that the speech my friend and I so 55\_\_\_\_ was simply dad’s attempt at affection.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 41.A.love | B.car | C. advice | D. oil |
| 42.A.but | B.so | C. because | D. when |
| 43.A. amazing | B. practical | C. funny | D. useless |
| 44. A. mixed with | B. tested with | C. filled with | D. put up with |
| 45. A. hardly | B. nearly | C. never | D. always |
| 46.A. translate | B. learn | C. speak | D. hear |
| 47.A. copied | B. heard | C.seen | D. said |
| 48. A.buy | B.replace | C. bring | D. draw |
| 49.A. busy | B. excited | C. better | D. dull |
| 50. A. common | B. meaningful | C.useful | D. ordinary |
| 51.A.fast | B. expensive | C. rare | D. dangerous |
| 52.A. days | B. minutes | C. hours | D. weeks |
| 53. A.buy | B.use | C. check | D. need |
| 54.A.remember | B.recognize | C. reflect | D. realize |
| 55. A. ignored | B. forgot | C.laughed | D. owned |

第二节(共10小题:每小题1.5分，满分15分)

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

The city of Rio de Janciro opened its world-famous carnival on 20 April. It \_\_\_56\_\_\_\_ (postpone) for two months because of Covid-19 in Brazil, which is the first country \_\_\_57\_\_\_\_(celebrate) the carnival in the world. It was smaller \_\_\_\_\_58\_\_\_\_\_\_usual because of the pandemic.

Each year a “carnival monarch”\_59\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (know) as King Momo is chosen to start the party. Following carnival tradition, Rio’s mayor\_60\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (excite) presented a giant “key to the city” to 2022's King Momo, “I proudly announce the greatest show on Earth is back."

Rio's carnival usually takes place in late February. The festival features celebrations with lots of dancers in\_6l\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (colour) costumes.This year one of the biggest 62\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(parade) took place on 23 April in the Sambadrome stadium. The parade features samba schools 63\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(compete)against each other for prizes. Each group of dancers has a theme----for instance, one samba school showed their respect 64\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the famous Brazilian singer Elza Soarea, 65\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ died earlier this year Carnival signifies the return of normal life. There’s no greater triumph than that.

1. 写作

第一节

结合句意及所给的中文提示，用单词的适当形式填空，每题一词。

66, Words can hardly express our\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (感激) to you.

67.There are various\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (治疗) available for this disease.

68. We have a lot of modern\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(设备) making it convenient for students to lean every subject.

69.His\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (学业的) performance is well above average,but he is still modest and

hardworking.

1. Our plans nerd to be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(灵活的) enough to cater for the needs of everyone.

71.The city has indeed become more commercial over the past several\_\_\_\_\_ (十年).

72. Listening is an active, not a(an)\_\_\_\_\_ (被动的)，behavior consisting of hearing, understanding and remembering.

73. Both boys have god\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (礼貌)，politely shaking hands.

74. With some\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (犹豫) and an uncertain smile, she held out her hand.

75. Nothing can prevent me from\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( 追求)my dream.

第二节(共15个空;每空1分，满分15分)

**根据所给的中文句态，补全下列句子，使其句意完整，结构准确。每条横线上只填一词。**

76.未来属于这些相信梦想之类的人。

The future \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ those who believe in the beauty of their dreams.

77.她坚待做对的事情，而且从来不打退堂鼓。

She\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what was right and she never backed down!

78.超过30万来自世界各地的人，来到美国寻找财富，使旧金山迅速成为一个大城市。

Over 300,000 people came from all over the world to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the US, making San Francisco quickly become a big city.

79.端午节是纪念中国诗人屈原的节日。

The Dragon Boat Festival is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a Chinese poet, Qu Yunn.

80.作为回报，他从向他借钱的人那里得到了大约等同于所借金额一半价值的礼物。

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ , he received gifts worth about half that amount from the person he had lent

money to.

81.我弄不明白自己做了什么让妈妈生气。

I couldn't\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what I had done to annoy my mother.

第三节(满分15分)

为了让学生更好地了解字航员在太空站上的情况，上周，你们学校组织高一师生参观了广东科学中心的太空展，请你为学校英文报写一篇报道，内容包括:

1.参加人员;

2.活动内容(讲座、体验等);

3.活动反响。

注意:

1.词数80左右;

1. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连货。

参考答案

第二部分阅读(共两节，满分50分)

第一节(共15小题:每小题2.5分，满分37.5分)

21.A; 22.D; 23.C;

24.D;25.A;]26.C;27.A;

28D;29.B;30.A;31.D;

32.B;33.A;34.C;35.D;

第二节阅读填空(共5小题，每小题2.5分，满分12.5分)

1. F;37.E; 38.G;39.B; 40.D;

第三部分语言运用(共两节，满分30分)

第一节(共15小题:每小题1分，满分15分)

41-45.DABCD 46-50.ABBCA 51-55.DCCDA

第二节语填空(共10小题，每小15分，满分15分)

56. was postponed; 57.to celebrate; 58.than; 59.known; 60.excitedly;

6l. colourful:: 62.parades;63. competing; 64.to; 65who;

第四部分第一节

66. gratitude/appreciation 67.treatments 68.equipment(不可数) 69.academic

70. flexible 71. decades 72.passive 73.manners 74.hesitation 75.pursuing

第二节

76.belongs to 77. insisted on doing 78.seek their fortune

79. in memory of 80. In return 81. figure out

第三节

possible version:

In order to help students better understand the situation in the space station our school organized a trip to Guangdong Science Center to visit a space exhibition last week.

More than 500 participants took an active part among whom were 40teachers.A variety of activities were specially arranged.A lecture was given by a famous astronaut to enable the students to know more about the development of China's space exploration. Students were also given precious chances to try on Spacesuit and get on the spacecraft model to carry out space walk and space experiments,imaging themselves living and working in the space station.After that, Students had a heated discussion about their gains and feelings,expressing their dreams of becoming an astronaut one day in the future.

Through the activity. students benefited a lot Not only did it enrich their school life but it also made them have a better understanding of the space.