**Chinese Traditional Figures**

*Develop the students' comprehensive skills while exploring the world of video*

**ⅠWatch the video and fill the blanks:** The video is consistent with the text content. Let students watch the video while paying more attention to the subtitles. Do the following exercise immediately after viewing.

**Li Bai**

Li Bai, also known as Li Taibai, was **a great Chinese romantic poet** of the Tang Dynasty. He was born in 701 AD in the Tang Dynasty. Li Bai was **a free-spirited and outgoing person** who loved to drink and make friends. He was **a man of great talent and creativity** and his work **is characterized by its boldness, imagination and passion.**

 Li Bai **was once favored by** Emperor Xuan Zong of Tang and **served as** a scholar in the Imperial Academy. However, **he was eventually exiled from** the court **due to his outspokenness**. He then traveled throughout China meeting with other poets and scholars. Li Bai's most famous poems such as Viewing the Waterfalls at Mount Lu, the Difficulties of Travel, Bring in the Wine and Departing Early from Baidi Town **are considered to** be among the greatest in Chinese literature. Li Bai **is often referred to as** the poet immortal and **is paired with** Du Fu, the Poet Sage, as Li Du.

**ⅡCheck the answers and study the words:** check the answers one by one and highlight the usage of some important one if necessary. Then go through the words and expressions quickly to review what has already been learned before.

**ⅢRead the whole passage and consolidate the relevant words with another video**

**ⅣGuess---**show a POEM from Li Bai and let students translate it

Before my bed a pool of light —

Can it be hoar-frost on the ground?

Looking up, I find the moon bright;

Bowing, in homesickness I’m drowned.

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