**2023年春学期高二年级第二次学情分析考试**

**英语试卷**

**考生注意：**

1.本试题分第I卷和第II卷，共12页。

2.满分150分，考试时间为120分钟。

3.所有试题的答案均填涂在答题卡相对应的答题区域内，答在其它区域无效。

第I卷 （选择题，95分）

第一部分：听力（共两节，满分30分）

第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1．What does the woman need to buy?

A．A box. B．A desk. C．A TV.

2．What is the woman looking for?

A．Her hat. B．Her coat. C．Her gloves

3．Where is the man going probably?

A．To a hotel bar. B．To his room. C．To a restaurant

4．Who is Dave?

A．The man’s brother.

B．The man’s classmate.

C．A friend of the man’s brother.

5．What are the speakers doing?

A．Studying a book. B．Reading a letter. C．Collecting money.

第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6和第7两个小题。

6．What was the woman’s first job?

A．A secretary. B．A manager. C．A cleaner.

7．How long did the woman work at Teknik Ltd?

A．For three years. B．For four years. C．For seven years.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至第10三个小题。

8．Where does the conversation probably take place?

A．At a school. B．At a cinema. C．At Lily’s house.

9．What movie award show does the woman invite the man to watch?

A．The Hundred Flowers Awards.

B．The Cannes Film Festival.

C．The Golden Rooster Awards.

10．What docs the woman like about movie award shows?

A．The actors. B．The dresses. C．The stage.

听下面一段对话，回答第11至第13三个小题。

11．What docs Martha think of the beach?

A．It is boring. B．It is exciting. C．It is dangerous.

12．Which place does the man suggest for the trip?

A．A museum. B．A lake. C．A gallery.

13．Why does the woman want to go to the mountain?

A．It is nearby.

B．She has never been there.

C．Children could get enough exercise.

听下面一段对话，回答第14至第17四个小题。

14．What exam is the woman worried about?

A．Chemistry. B．Maths. C．History.

15．What skill does the man need to improve?

A．Studying for exams. B．Finishing projects. C．Reciting essays.

16．How much of the speakers' grade depends on their examination results?

A．60%. B．30%. C．10%.

17．What will the man do to help the woman?

A．Lend her a useful book.

B．Help her study for her exam.

C．Share tips with her on social media.

听下面一段独白，回答第18至第20三个小题。

18．What is the main topic of the talk?

A．The ways to fight coronavirus(新冠).

B．The knowledge of coronavirus vaccination(接种).

C．A personal experience of catching coronavirus.

19．What did the doctor advise the speaker to do?

A．Stay at home.

B．Visit another doctor.

C．Order medicine online.

20．Why did the speaker feel thankful?

A．She had good friends to help her.

B．She had had vaccination before.

C．She could be treated in hospital.

第二部分：语篇理解（共三节，满分65分）

第一节 阅读理解（共15小题; 每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）

请认真阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

**A**

**The Cool 2022 Travel Destinations**

National Geographic’s new list of the most amazing places to visit in 2022, “Best of World 2022” is an inviting mixture of global destinations that will inspire your appetite for travel in the New Year.

**Nature**

Our global editors picked the planet's 25 most exciting destinations for 2022! There is really something to appeal to everyone.

The best places to enjoy nature include Northern Minnesota, which offers skies filled with thousands of shining stars as it has little or no light pollution.

**Adventure**

One of the inspiring adventure ideas is an invitation to cycle a new bike trail. The route of the Paris to the sea La Seine à Vélo trail passes the house and famous water lilies (水仙) of Impressionist painter Claude Monet in Giverny.

**Culture and History**

This brand new 2022 list also celebrates several destinations recommended by UNESCO in honor of how UNESCO has been helping protect cultural and national treasures for 50 years.

This selection of cultural centers takes in Procida, an island city located 40 minutes southwest of Naples by boat. This city, famous for its colorful buildings, plans to use its year to bring people a sense of community. Its year-long festival aims to encourage responsible travel throughout the year, and to avoid a crowd of visitors during the summer as happened in the past.

**Family**

The best places for families include astonishing settings in the US and further away. One of these is Granada in Spain.

At this palace, kids of all ages and their parents can appreciate the unique patterns and designs that promise “A colorful classroom for age-appropriate exploration of math concepts such as shapes, proportion (比例), and measurement”.

21．Why does National Geographic offer the “Best of World 2022” ?

A．To increase people’s interest in traveling.

B．To invite people to find amazing places.

C．To explore the most exciting destinations.

D．To attract people to enjoy delicious food.

22．What is the disadvantage of visiting the cultural centers in the past?

A．It’s inconveniently located.

B．There were too many people.

C．Travelers were not responsible.

D．Its colorful buildings faded away.

23．What kind of destination best suits children who are interested in maths?

A．Nature. B．Adventure. C．Culture and History. D．Family.

**B**

There is no such thing as a perfect woman, and Nothing but Thirty screenwriter Zhang Yingji wanted to convey this message in telling the stories of three different women, who have found very different ways to climb their own mountains.

Wang Manni is a woman who will climb any mountain as long as she finds it challenging. Zhong Xiaoqin is one who will only climb if she has someone to go along with her. She will not overexert herself, and she will definitely stop once she has reached a comfortable place. Gu Jia, on the other hand, has already started to think about reaching the peak before she even starts the climb, regardless of whether she is alone or has company.

In a sense, the scriptwriter purposely created Gu Jia as the perfect woman of thirty. She is married, with a successful husband and a young son. She is living the dream, but Gu Jia does not feel complete. She feels lost. She is flawed. She has episodes of succumbing to her own greed and disregard to those around her.

“She is someone who chases alter perfection.” said Tong Yao (who portrays Gu Jia). “Obviously, this is stressful for those around her. She hides things. She isn’t perfect, but in front of others, she has to stay perfect.”

Her chase for perfection and her stubbornness to maintain this image has effected many of the relationships in her life. She chases after what she believes is right for others. Because of this, she and her husband start to see and value things differently, which puts a strain on their relationship.

Gu Jia’s personal struggles give life to the character. Many viewers are able to relate to her, and, through her character, find a shadow of themselves. There’s still a lot left that we can learn from the women of Nothing but Thirty, but maybe like them, we too can find the courage in ourselves to walk on that road which is truly meant for us.

24．According to the article, which of the following best describes Zhong Xiaoqin’s personality?

A．Ambitious and goal-driven B．Moderate and content

C．Aimless and impulsive D．Visionary and independent

25．According to Paragraph 3, what is not true about Gu Jia’s life?

A．She has her own worries and insecurities.

B．She leads a seemingly perfect and enviable life.

C．She can be greedy and insensitive to others’ feelings.

D．She is discontented with life because of her husband.

26．According to the passage, audiences have a preference for Gu Jia mainly because she \_\_\_\_\_.

A．is a perfectionist B．displays some identifiable traits

C．balances her work and life well D．stands up to her husband

27．What is the main purpose of this passage?

A．To call attention to the rise of feminism.

B．To introduce the plot of Nothing but Thirty.

C．To encourage viewers to find inspiration in Nothing but Thirty.

D．To contrast the main characters of Nothing but Thirty.

**C**

Are you a tea drinker? If so, you’re not alone. Every day around the world millions of cups of this popular brew are drunk, and it’s been that way for thousands of years. The oldest discovered tea is from the Han Dynasty, dating from 206BC to 220AD．But it’s thought that the tea trend really took off during the Tang Dynasty in the 8th Century, when it became China’s national drink. Now, Turkey, the Republic of Ireland and the UK are believed to be the biggest tea—drinking nations, per capita.

Tea is consumed in many ways-slurped, sipped or glugged. It can be poured from pots, infused or brewed in the cup using tea bags—and it’s this latter process that is causing concern. Research last year found some premium tea bags might be leaving billions of microscopic plastic particles in the cup. Scientists from McGill University in Montreal found that some ‘plastic’ tea bags shed high levels of micro plastics into water. However, The World Health Organization says such particles in drinking water do not appear to pose a risk.

Most tea bags are made from paper, with a small amount of plastic used to seal them shut— made from oil. This has led to debate about whether they can be recycled, but many are still composted. However, gardener Mike Armitage has told the BBC that the plastic contained in the soil could be washed into streams and rivers and ultimately out to sea.

Unilever, the owners of the tea brand PG Tips, said their tea bags are made with a small amount of plastic—used to seal them—and that they are suitable for composting. And the brand Yorkshire Tea said their bags do contain 25% polypropylene, but they were “actively developing plant—based and biodegradable alternatives”.

While tea bag manufacturers might be doing their bit to reduce plastic pollution, it could be a good time to switch your favorite beverage to coffee, or if that isn’t your cup of tea then try using loose-leaf tea, which can have a better flavor.

28．What is the main idea of paragraph 2?

A．Tea can be consumed in many ways.

B．The use of tea bags doesn’t appear to pose a risk

C．The use of tea bags is causing concern.

D．Some tea bags might be leaving microscopic plastic particles in the cup.

29．What is not a possible solution to the problem caused by tea bags?

A．reduce the amount of plastic used to seal tea bags

B．wash the plastic in the soil into streams, rivers and sea

C．develop plant-based and biodegradable alternatives

D．switch to coffee or try to use loose-leaf tea

30．What is the author’s attitude towards the use of tea bags?

A．Supportive B．Indifferent C．Opposed D．Neutral

31．What could be the best title for the text?

A．Potential Plastic Pollution B．Chinese tea culture

C．What is your favorite drink? D．The Humble tea bag

**D**

Using the power of artificial intelligence (AI), scientists have revealed new insights into the creation and destruction of mass extinction. Contrary to conventional knowledge, their study suggests that larger extinctions are not always a form of “creative destruction” that allows new organisms (生物体) to radiate and evolve. Instead, it suggests that mass extinction is rarely associated with new species of radiation.

Dr. Hoyal Cuthill, the lead study author from the University of Essex in the UK and the Tokyo Institute of Technology, said in a statement, “Some of the most challenging things to understand the history of life are the vast timelines involved and the number of species. New machine learning applications can help us understand this information in human-readable form. This means that we can, so to speak, hold the evolution of half a billion years in the palm of our hand and gain new insights from what we see.”

They concluded that mass extinction and later radiation were not connected as previously thought. Within 5 percent of the most significant periods of disruption (中断), AI detected “big five” mass extinctions, seven more mass extinctions, two mass extinction-radiation events, and 15 mass radiations. Most importantly, it discovers that massive radiation and extinction rarely occurred with each other, changing the view that greater extinction leads to a kind of deep cycle-like species radiation of nature. It appears that larger extinctions are certainly not the engine of evolutionary radiation. Take the Cambrian eruption for example and it was about 41 million years ago when a large group of animals first appeared on the record of the first fossil record and the dawn of a high mobile animal equipped with modern physical features.

This new study found that a handful of other notable explosions of biodiversity, including the Cambrian eruption, usually occurred at a time when they were largely isolated (隔离) from extinction. Dr. Nicholas Guttenberg, a study co-author from the Tokyo Institute of Technology explained, “Ecosystems are dynamic and you don’t need anything to exist to allow something new to appear.”

32．What does the first paragraph serve as?

A．An explanation of artificial intelligence. B．A background of researchers’ study.

C．The reasons for creative destruction. D．The result of researchers’ new study.

33．What can we infer from Dr. Hoyal Cuthill’s words?

A．AI contributes a lot to the study of evolution.

B．Understanding the history of life is very difficult.

C．New AI machines learn applications better.

D．Biological evolution can be controlled easily.

34．What is the researchers’ discovery?

A．Mass extinction is unlikely to cause evolutionary radiation.

B．The first animal with modern features occurred during eruption.

C．The volcanic eruption led to a mass extinction and radiation.

D．The idea of deep cycle-like species radiation has turned out true.

35．What is the text mainly about?

A．New processes of biological evolution. B．New view of radiation from natural species.

C．New understanding of mass extinction. D．New outbreaks of biological populations.

第二节 七选五（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Which is more effective, group studying or studying alone?

We’ve all experienced getting together with classmates to study for an upcoming exam and spending the entire time talking or joking around. You leave the group without accomplishing anything to get you ready for your exam. 36\_\_\_▲\_\_\_. The following are some benefits of studying alone.

37\_\_\_▲\_\_\_

When you lock yourself away in your room, there tend to be less distractions than when you are studying in a group. Nobody is moving around or talking near you. There are literally no distractions, unless you’re the one who feels the need to clean everything when you study.

**Personal study environment**

Everyone is different, which means everyone learns differently. You may require classical music, a comfortable room, and a cup of tea while you study. Someone else may require complete silence, and no snacks at all. 38\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ Studying alone also allows you to use the study strategies that are the most effective for your learning style. Some students learn best with flashcards, while others learn best when they reread chapters. 39\_\_\_▲\_\_\_

**Personalize learning content**

There may be some topics in class that you really need to work on. 40\_\_\_▲\_\_\_. Besides, you can tailor learning methods by studying alone while group studying can’t. More crucially, you can consolidate the topics that are difficult to you over and over.

A．You can learn whatever you like.

B．Minimum distractions.

C．That is what you can’t achieve in group studying.

D．Find your learning style, and you can get better results.

E．Only when you study alone, you’ re able to focus on exactly those topics.

F．So if you are the one who can be so distracted, it’s strongly recommended that you should study alone.

G．Studying alone allows you to set the perfect study environment so you get the most out of studying.

第三节 完形填空（共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分）

请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

As the late afternoon sun beat down, Brandon finished feeding his cows and decided to call it a day. His two sons, Louie, 6, and Everette, 3, had tagged along.

As they 41\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ the house, the two boys ran ahead of their father. Unfortunately, Louie fell into a well for the board covering it had, over time, grown 42\_\_\_▲\_\_\_.

When Brandon realized what had happened, he ran to the well, and instinctively, he jumped in. With several desperate 43\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ he grabbed Louie, who was 44\_\_\_▲\_\_\_. However, there was no way they could climb out.

Looking up to see Everette, who was looking down at them from the 45\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ of the well, Brandon shouted, “Everette, you’re going to have to be a big boy and save us. Run to the road and 46\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ the mailbox until someone stops. Tell them we need help.” Everette did as he was told.

Minutes passed like hours as Brandon and his trembling son waited for 47\_\_\_▲\_\_\_. Finally, Everette’s face appeared 48\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ the well. “Daddy, are you still down that hole?”

“Yes. Did you get some help?”

“No.”

Brandon’s heart 49\_\_\_▲\_\_\_. “That’s OK, honey. But you have to go back out to the road and get someone to stop. OK, Everette?”

“Ok, Daddy.”

About 15 minutes later, Christi and Mark Mckenney were driving by 50\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ they noticed Everette. They 51\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ and asked if he was OK. “My daddy’s in a hole,” he told them.

The couple piled Everette into their pickup and drove onto the 52\_\_\_▲\_\_\_, and the boy pointed them to the well. Forty—some minutes after he’d jumped into the well, Brandon and his son were eventually saved. Other than some slight 53\_\_\_▲\_\_\_, Brandon was fine, but Louie suffered hypothermia (体温过低). 54\_\_\_▲\_\_\_, he was healthy enough to return to school a week later.

While the rescuers have been hailed as heroes, Mark isn’t 55\_\_\_▲\_\_\_ it. “We’re just neighbors helping neighbors. If there is a hero in this story, it’s three-year-old Everette. He’s a real lifesaver.”

41．A．accounted B．allowed C．headed D．catered

42．A．fragrant B．fragile C．furious D．flexible

43．A．achievements B．attempts C．attacks D．arguments

44．A．alarmed B．amazed C．amused D．ashamed

45．A．inside B．opposite C．base D．top

46．A．stand by B．stick with C．draw on D．sort out

47．A．occasion B．rescue C．despair D．refuge

48．A．below B．near C．above D．beside

49．A．bled B．suffered C．exploded D．sank

50．A．when B．while C．as D．until

51．A．pulled away B．pulled over C．pulled together D．pulled back

52．A．farm B．road C．house D．board

53．A．infection B．twist C．scratches D．fantasy

54．A．Otherwise B．Moreover C．Still D．Therefore

55．A．making B．catching C．getting D．buying

第II卷（非选择题，55分）

第三部分：语言运用（共一节，满分15分）

语法填空（共10小题; 每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面材料,在空白填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

Sunzi was a general, military strategist and thinker in the Spring and Autumn period, a time of constant warfare. His ingenious military strategies were recorded in a book 56\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_(entitle) Sunzi Bingfa. Written more than 2,000 years ago, this masterpiece is the world’s earliest existing book on military strategies and still remains 57\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_ (value) to us today.

In his book, Sunzi attached great importance 58\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_ war, believing it was vital to a country, which would determine the rise and fall of the country as well as the life and death of its people. 59\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_, Sunzi also argued leaders should think twice before starting a war, because war was costly and would result in loss of life and destruction of resources. Apart from these general guidelines on war, Sunzi put forward specific strategies for 60\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_(win) a war. For example, he argued that in order to win victories in war, people should know 61\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_(they) and their enemies well. Carrying out surprise attacks and making good use of such natural conditions 62\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_ climate also played an important role in defeating enemies. Sunzi’s ideal of military strategy, however, was making enemies surrender without 63\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_(actual) fighting a war.

These military strategies are the fruits of ancient Chinese wisdom, with a far-reaching influence on China and the rest of the world, 64\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_ goes beyond the military world to other areas like business and politics. Today, Sunzi Bingfa 65\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_(study) in military academies and business schools around the world, and it continues to guide us in various aspects of our lives.

第四部分：书面表达（共两节，满分40分）

第一节 应用文写作（共1题；满分15分）

假设你是红星中学高三学生李华。你的英国笔友Jim在给你的邮件中提到他最近沉迷于网络游戏，日常生活受到影响，他为此感到苦恼。请你给他回复邮件，内容包括:

1.表示理解;

2.你的建议及理由。

注意:

1. 词数80左右；

2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

3. 开头和结束语已为你写好，不计入总词数。

Dear Jim,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 读后续写（共1题；满分25分）

阅读下面短文，根据其内容和所给段落开头续写两段，使之构成一个完整的故事。

Lucy was very nervous. She had a swimming competition in the morning and could not sleep. She tossed and turned all night. She was no stranger to competition. In fact, she loved it. Lucy was very athletic and was not only part of a swim team, but a soccer team as well. But this particular competition was important. She had made it all the way to the finals and didn’t want to let her teammates down.

When her alarm went off at 6: 00 am, she hit the snooze button and rolled onto her side, wishing she could just stay in bed all day. Having slept so poorly, Lucy was not at all ready for the day. After a few minutes, she stretched her arms above her head and yawned before throwing her covers back and climbing out of bed.

She was terribly anxious about the competition, so much that she couldn’t even eat breakfast. It felt as though her stomach was doing somersaults (翻腾). Lucy’s mother looked concerned. “You have to eat something,” she said. “It’s important to keep your strength up.” “I know, I’m just not hungry this morning,” Lucy replied, picking at her eggs with a fork. All she could think about was facing the competition. What if she performed poorly? What if she disappointed her coach and teammates? She wouldn’t be able to forgive herself.

Lucy’s mom sensed her daughter’s worry and gave her a reassuring (令人宽慰的) pat on the back. “You’ll be great, dear. Just do your best. That’s all that matters.”

Lucy felt a bit of relief and appreciated her mother’s kind words. But by the time she got to the athletic club where the swim meet was being held, that feeling of comfort had dissolved (消融). She went to the locker room to prepare for the competition, but when she opened her gym bag, she was quite surprised.

注意：

1.续写词数应为150词左右；

2.续写部分分为两段，每段开头语已为你写好。

She didn’t expect to find a handwritten note. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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She saw her soccer uniform and realized she had grabbed the wrong bag. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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