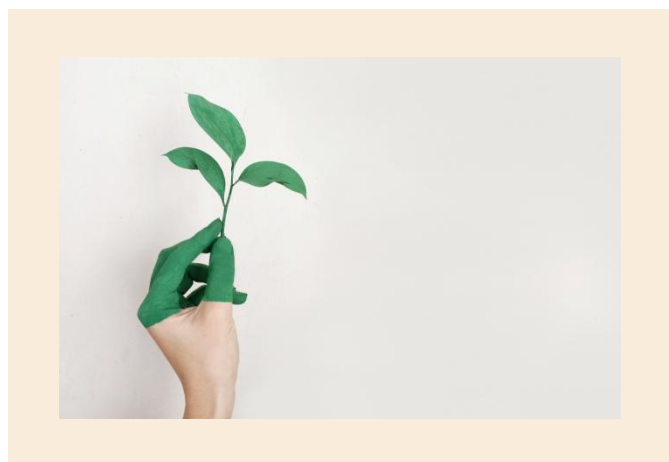
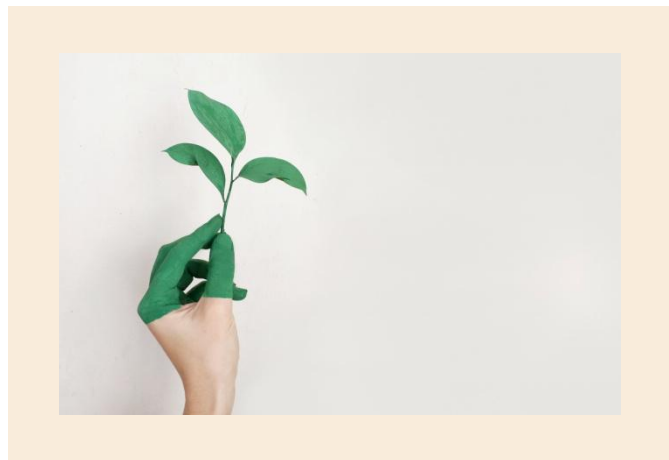


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Welcome



1

Watch and say

What ~~is~~ natural disaster happened in the video?

A tsunami is a series of waves in the sea. It is often caused by an earthquake. It is very dangerous and can cause great damage.

Tsunami

[tsu:'na:mi]

Now, let's read an article to know more about tsunami.



(人教版2019) B1U4 Reading for Writing
Tsunami Hits Asia Over 6500 Dead

三明九中张艳娇

P 54



2 Check your answers (Exercise1)

1 Read the news report released the day after a tsunami and answer the questions.

The Daily News



By Robert Woodhouse Monday, 27 December 2004

The most powerful earthquake in the past 40 years caused a tsunami that **crashed** into coastlines across Asia yesterday, killing more than 6,500 people in Indonesia, India, Thailand, Malaysia, and at least four other countries. Fishermen, tourists, hotels, homes, and cars were **swept** away by huge **waves** caused by the strong earthquake that reached a magnitude of 9.0. The undersea quake **struck** around 7:00 a.m., Sunday off the west coast of Indonesia's Sumatra Island. In that area

alone, at least 1,870 people were killed.

In Sri Lanka, some 1,600 kilometres west of the quake centre, the number of deaths stood at 2,498, and one million more were affected by the tsunami, government officials said. Indian officials said as many as 1,900 had been killed along the southern coast. Another 254 were found dead in Thailand and 54 in three other countries. In southern Thailand, 1,900 people were hurt and many more were missing, local officials said.

"I was having breakfast with my three children when water started filling my home. We had to leave everything and run to safety," said Chandra Theeravit, a local Thai woman.

Thousands of people are still missing, and the number of deaths is expected to grow even higher over the next few days. Foreign aid is being organised for the tsunami-hit countries. However, dangerous conditions and damaged roads will make it difficult to **deliver** food and supplies.

1). What is the kind of **text type** ?

A news report

2). What is the **structure** of the news report?

TSUNAMI HITS ASIA: OVER 6,500 DEAD

By Robert Woodhouse Monday, 27 December 2004

The most powerful earthquake in the past 40 years caused a tsunami that **crashed** into coastlines across Asia yesterday, killing more than 6,500 people in Indonesia, India, Thailand, Malaysia, and at least four other countries. Fishermen, tourists, hotels, homes, and cars were **swept** away by huge **waves** caused by the strong earthquake that reached a magnitude of 9.0. The undersea quake **struck** around 7:00 a.m., Sunday off the west coast of Indonesia's Sumatra Island. In that area

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"I was having breakfast with my three children when water started filling my home. We had to leave everything and run to safety," said Chandra Theeravit, a local Thai woman.

Thousands of people are still missing, and the number of deaths is expected to grow even higher over the next few days. Foreign aid is being organised for the tsunami-hit countries. However, dangerous conditions and damaged roads will make it difficult to **deliver** food and supplies.

Headline(tells what happened)

Byline(shows the reporter and date)

Lead(date , place, event and cause)

Body(more details)

End(effect/ following events)

2

Check your answers (Exercise2)

1). When did the tsunami happen?


A. On 27 December, 2004.

. On 26 December, 2004.

2). Why would it be difficult to deliver food and supplies?

A. Because of dangerous conditions.

B. Because of damaged roads.

. Both A and B.

If you are asked to write a **summary** of the **news report**, What will you do at first?

What **main points** should be included in a news report ?

Main points should be included in a news report : **date, place, cause, effect, following events.**

TSUNAMI HITS ASIA: OVER 6,500 DEAD

By Robert Woodhouse Monday, 27 December 2004

The most powerful earthquake in the past 40 years caused a tsunami that crashed

Lead(date ,
place,
event and
cause)

away by huge waves caused by the strong earthquake that reached a magnitude of 9.0. The undersea quake struck around 7:00 a.m., Sunday off the west coast of Indonesia's Sumatra Island. In that area

alone, at least 1,870 people were killed.

In Sri Lanka, some 1,600

Body(more details)

more were affected by the tsunami, government officials said. Indian officials said as many as 1,900 had been killed along the southern coast. Another 254 were found dead in Thailand and 54 in three other countries. In southern Thailand, 1,900 people were hurt and many more were missing, local officials said.

"I was having breakfast with my three children when water started filling my home. We killed everything and Chandra stood at 2,720, and one million Thelavai, a local Thai woman.

Thousands of people are still missing, and the number

End(effect
/following
events)

roads will make it difficult to deliver food and supplies.

Read the summary of the news report. Check the main points it includes. P 55 2

On 26 December 2004, a tsunami killed more than 6,500 tourists, fishermen and other locals in Southeast Asia (point1) Thousands of people are missing and the number of deaths is expected to grow. (point2) The damage caused by the tsunami is making it difficult for rescue workers to help the survivors. (point3).

Where do the main points come from?

Read the text again and underline main points.

TSUNAMI HITS ASIA: OVER 6,500 DEAD

By Robert Woodhouse Monday, 27 December 2004

The
first
main
point

The most powerful earth-

quake alone, at least 1,870 people

"I was having breakfast with

Tips for finding the main points:

1. Pay attention to the first and last sentence of each paragraph.

2. Ignore the examples or details.

The second
main point

reached a magnitude of 9.0. The undersea quake struck around 7:00 a.m., Sunday off the west coast of Indonesia's Sumatra Island. In that area

in Thailand and 54 in three other countries. In southern Thailand, 1,900 people were hurt and many more were missing, local officials said.

countries. However, dangerous conditions and damaged roads will make it difficult to deliver food and supplies.

The third
main point

What can we do after finding the main points?

1 List the main points

2

Rewrite the main points

www.sunedu.com

(Para1) Monday, 27 December 2004. The most powerful earthquake ... caused a tsunami ... yesterday, killing more than 6500 people in Indonesia, India, Thailand, Malaysia... Fishermen, tourists, hotels, homes and cars were swept away.

Simplify
and
combine

paraphrase

Change
the
sentence
pattern

(summary1)

On 26 December 2004, a tsunami killed more than 6,500 tourists, fishermen and other locals in Southeast Asia.

Steps of summary writing.

1 List the main points

2

Rewrite the main points

(Para3)

Thousands of people are still missing, and the number of deaths is expected to grow. However, dangerous conditions and damaged roads will make it difficult to deliver food and supplies.

Simplify
and
combine

paraphrase

Change
the
sentence
pattern

(summary3)

Thousands of people are missing and the number of deaths is expected to grow. The damage caused by the tsunami is making it difficult for rescue workers to help the survivors.

What makes a good summary?

- I**nclude all the key points.
- C**ut unnecessary details.
- U**se your own words.
(paraphrase)



3 Summarize and share

THE NIGHT THE EARTH DIDN'T SLEEP

P50



3 Summarize and share

(1). Review the structure.

Part 1
(paragraph1)

A: The effect of the earthquake.

Part 2
(paragraph2 & 3)

B: The following events after the earthquake.

Part 3
(paragraph4 & 5)

C: date, place and event.

(2). Review the main points of each paragraph.

Part 1 (paragraph1): date, place and event.

THE NIGHT THE EARTH DIDN'T SLEEP

Event

Strange things were happening in the countryside of northeastern Hebei. For several days, the water in the village wells rose and fell, rose and fell. There were deep cracks that appeared in the well walls. At least one well had some smelly gas coming out of it. Chickens and even pigs were too nervous to eat, and dogs refused to go inside buildings. Mice ran out

An earthquake hit Tangshan China on 28 July 1976.

Date
Place

(2). Review the main points of each paragraph.

Part 2 (paragraph 2 & 3): The effect of the earthquake

At 3:42 a.m., everything began to shake. It seemed as if the world were coming to an end! Eleven kilometres directly below the city, one of the most deadly earthquakes of the 20th century had begun, a quake that even caused damage more than 150 kilometres away in Beijing. Nearly one third of the whole nation felt it! A huge crack, eight kilometres long and 30 metres wide, cut across houses, roads, and waterways. Hard hills of rock became rivers of dirt. In less than one minute, a large city lay in **ruins**. Two thirds of the people who lived there were dead or injured. Thousands of children were left without parents. The number of people who were killed or badly injured in the quake was more than 400,000.

Effect

Everywhere survivors looked, there was nothing but ruins. Nearly everything in the city was destroyed. About 75 **percent** of the city's factories and buildings, 90 percent of its homes, and all of its hospitals were gone. **Bricks** covered the ground like red autumn leaves, but no wind could blow them away. Most bridges had fallen or were not safe to cross. The railway tracks were now useless pieces of **metal**. Tens of thousands of cows, hundreds of thousands of pigs, and millions of chickens were dead. Sand now filled the wells instead of water. People were in **shock**—and then, later that afternoon, another big quake shook Tangshan again. Even more buildings fell down. Water, food, and **electricity** were hard to get. People began to wonder how long the disaster would last.

Effect

(2). Review the main points of each paragraph.

Part 3 (paragraph 4 & 5): The following events after the quake

Soldiers and medical workers came and began rescuing and rebuilding the city soon after the quakes.

Following event

Tangshan started to revive itself and get back up on its feet. With strong support from the government and the tireless **efforts** of the city's people, a new Tangshan was built upon the earthquake ruins. The new city has become a home to more than seven million people, with great improvements in transportation, industry, and environment. Tangshan city has proved to China and the rest of the world that in times of disaster, people must unify and show the **wisdom** to stay positive and rebuild for a brighter future.

Following event

Main points of each paragraph

- (para1) Strange things happened in the countryside before the earthquake.
- (para1) An earthquake hit Tangshan China on 28 July 1976.
- (para2) The number of people who were killed or badly injured in the quake was more than 400,000.
- (para3) Nearly everything in the city was destroyed.
- (para4) Soldiers and medical workers came and began rescuing and rebuilding the city soon after the quakes.
- (para5) With strong support from the government and the tireless efforts of the city's people, a new Tangshan was built upon the earthquake ruins

(3). Rewrite the main points of each paragraph (in your own words as possible as you can).

Para1. Use synonyms occurred

Strange things happened in the countryside before the earthquake. An earthquake hit Tangshan China on 28 July 1976.

struck

Change the voice

One possible version:

Strange things occurred in the countryside before the earthquake. On 28 July 1976, Tangshan was hit \ struck by an earthquake .

(3). Rewrite the main points of each paragraph(in your own words as possible as you can).

Para2.

dead

The number of people who were killed or badly injured in the quake was more than 400,000.

Change the sentence pattern

One possible version:

More than 400,000 people were dead or injured.

(3). Rewrite the main points of each paragraph(in your own words as possible as you can).

Para3.

Nearly everything in the city was destroyed.

almost

Change the
subject

ruined

One possible version:

The city was nearly/almost ruined.

(3). Rewrite the main points of each paragraph (in your own words as possible as you can).

Para4.

Use
synonyms

arrived started

Soldiers and medical workers came and began rescuing and rebuilding the city soon after the quakes.

One possible version:

Soldiers and medical workers arrived and started rescuing and rebuilding work right after the quakes.

(3). Rewrite the main points of each paragraph (in your own words as possible as you can).

Para5. with the government's support/aid

With strong support from the government and the tireless efforts of the city's people, a new Tangshan was built upon the earthquake ruins.

Change
the voice

One possible version:

Because of the government's support and the people's efforts, we built a new Tangshan .

(4). Organize the ideas, using conjunctions if necessary.

Sample writing

Strange things occurred in the countryside before the earthquake. **Then**, on 28 July 1976, Tangshan was hit by an earthquake. More than 400,000 people were dead or injured. And the city was nearly ruined. **However**, soldiers and medical workers arrived and started rescuing and rebuilding work right after the quakes. Because of the government's support and the people's efforts, we have built a new Tangshan.

Date
Event
Place

Effect

Following
events

Summary: What have we learnt?

structure and
main points of a
news report

the rules of summary
writing and ways of
paraphrasing

How to
write a summary
of a news report



Homework



1. Review what you have learnt today.
2. Read another news report and write a summary using the skills you learnt in class.



Thanks

Paraphrase

Express the meaning of (something written or spoken or the writer or speaker) using different words, especially to achieve greater clarity.