

浙江省 A9 协作体 2021 学年第一学期期中联考

高二英语试题

考生须知:

1. 本试卷分为第Ⅰ卷（选择题）和第Ⅱ卷（非选择题），本卷满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟；
2. 答题前，在答题卷指定区域填写班级、姓名、考场号、座位号及准考证号并填涂相应数字；
3. 所有答案必须写在答题卷上，写在试卷上无效；
4. 考试结束后，只需上交答题卷。

第 I 卷 选择题部分

第一部分：听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节：（共 5 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题，每段对话仅读一遍。

- When will the meeting be held?
A. On 21st B. On 22nd C. On 23rd
- How does the woman feel about her speech?
A. Confident. B. Excited. C. Nervous.
- What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. The man's dad. B. A bike race. C. The man's bike.
- Why didn't the woman answer the call last night?
A. She was listening to music. B. She was talking to a friend. C. She was doing some work.
- What does the woman mean?
A. The fridge is broken.
B. There isn't much food in the fridge.
C. The man should deal with the water on the floor.

第二节: (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读各个小题；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间，每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6--7 题。

6. Where does the conversation take place?
A. In a hall. B. In a restaurant. C. In a library.
7. What has the man been doing all morning?
A. Preparing for his paper. B. Doing some training. C. Drinking coffee.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8--10 题。

8. Why does the man come to the woman?
A. To check in. B. To book a room. C. To change a room.

9. How long will the man stay?
A. Three days. B. Ten days. C. Thirteen days.

10. What will the man do later?
A. Attend a conference. B. Buy a guidebook. C. Have a meal.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11--13 题

11. What relation is Jake to the woman?
A. Her husband. B. Her boss. C. Her secretary.

12. What do we know about the message?
A. Thirteen people from New York will attend the meeting.
B. The meeting will be held on the eighth.
C. The software will be tested in advance.

13. What does the woman ask the man to do in the end?
A. Offer his name. B. Send an e-mail. C. Confirm the information.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14--16 题。

14. What do we know about the man?
A. He is influenced by his parents in his career.
B. He has great talent for performing arts.
C. He is a famous actor.

15. What does the man think of going to dance school?
A. Worthwhile. B. Boring. C. Expensive.

16. What does the man plan to do?
A. Quit the TV play. B. Try playing different roles. C. Make friends with more actors.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17--20 题

17. Who is the speaker talking to?
A. Students. B. Athletes. C. Historians.

18. What will the listeners visit in the morning?
A. Wildlife park. B. Cardiff Council Building. C. Cardiff Castle.

19. What will the member of Cardiff City Council do?
A. Talk about medicine in ancient days.
B. Introduce the history of a Roman wall.
C. Show improvements in wildlife protection.

20. What do we know about the trip?
A. The whole journey takes three hours.
B. People will stay in a hotel for two nights.
C. Cardiff's famous stadium is the destination.

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节：（共 10 小题，每小题 2.5 分，满分 25 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

In 1989, fresh out of school, I had the difficult task of choosing a career path before college started in three months. With limited options, I was in deep trouble. My uncle suggested that I should do a work placement to gain experience for a month in a bank followed by a month in a hospital so that I could make a decision. It seemed like a brilliant idea.

Near the end of my month at the hospital, I began thinking about my two experiences. The bank had offered a more relaxing atmosphere, better working hours and less stress. The hospital was full of excitement and unpredictability, but the studying and training was difficult. It seemed that the bank was going to win out.

Then one day I was driving home from the hospital. Before me was a public bus, with college students sitting on the roof. As the driver weaved (迂回前行) through traffic, I could see the boys shaking from side to side.

Suddenly, a boy rolled off and hit the road face down. He lay motionless in the middle of the road as the bus sped away. The cars directly behind the bus braked to avoid the boy, but none stopped. Actually, I wanted to keep going too, but the urge to stop and help was stronger. I got out of my car and tried to stop his bleeding but didn't succeed. With the help of some bystanders, I lifted his unconscious body into the back seat of my car, and raced back to the hospital.

The next day, the doctor introduced me as “the person who saved your son's life” to the boy's parents, grandparents, sisters and brothers. Everyone got up, with grateful smiles on their faces. The boy, now managed a smile though unable to speak.

What a feeling it was to help save the life of another person! I spent the rest of the day in a state of excitement. Driving home that evening, I knew what I would prefer for the rest of my life.

21. What can we know about the writer from the first two paragraphs?

- A. The writer had difficulty in choosing a college.
- B. The writer was a person not fond of uncertainty.
- C. The writer was at a loss what major to choose in the college.
- D. The writer adopted his uncle's advice to enter a better college.

22. Which of the following can best describe the writer?

- A. Warm-hearted and persistent.
- B. Sympathetic and helpful.
- C. Kind and generous.
- D. Determined and brave.

23. What does the writer want to convey through his story?

- A. Follow your heart and just do it.
- B. Jack of all trades and master of none.
- C. Words must be believed, and deeds must bear fruit.
- D. People respond sincerely to those who are touching by sincerity.

B

Farewell to the IOC's “Mr. Normal”

Jacques Rogge, who has died aged 79, will be remembered for his term as president of the International Olympic Committee (IOC) during which he firmly set up his “Mr. Normal” image on the organization.

Modest and humble, he left the role as the most powerful man in sports in 2013, having restored glory and honor to the IOC, which he leaves in strong financial health.

“Have I enjoyed it? Not always. Was it exciting? Definitely, and it was a privilege to be president,” said Rogge when asked to sum up his term in charge.

Rogge was elected the IOC's eighth president in Moscow on July 16, 2001, defeating four other candidates to succeed Samaranch, a former president who ran the committee for 21 years.

Rogge enjoyed a “Mr. Clean” reputation and moved quickly to break away with the IOC's unpopular image. Within hours of coming to power, he announced that he would stay in the athletes' village rather than the IOC hotel during the Salt Lake City Olympics.

Considered to be the right person at the right time, Rogge helped the IOC out of a lot of turmoil(动荡) and brought stability to the organization.

After serving an initial eight-year term, Rogge was reelected unchallenged in 2009 to a second and final four-year term. He stepped down in September 2013 in Buenos Aires, where German lawyer Thomas Bach was elected.

“I received an IOC in good shape from Samaranch,” Rogge said in an interview before handing over to Bach. “And I believe I will leave an IOC in good shape to my successor.”

True to the last, though, Rogge remained emotionless as the members poured praise on him, fighting it off with his self-deprecatory(自嘲) humor.

No more so than when the man who replaced him as president, Bach, said he would disobey him on the eve of his stepping down and pay him a praise.

“Your disobedience tells me that I have reached the level of no importance,” said Rogge.

24. What does the underlined word “it” in Paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. Financial health. B. The IOC. C. Rogge’s term. D. The reputation.

25. What can we know about Rogge from the passage?

- A. Rogge served the IOC for 8 years.
B. Rogge hated it when people praised him.
C. Rogge defeated four other candidates to succeed Bach.
D. Rogge promoted the image of the IOC.

26. What can we infer from the last two paragraphs?

- A. Rogge has a good sense of humor. B. Bach shows great admiration for Rogge.
C. Rogge feels annoyed with Bach’s impoliteness. D. Bach wants to play a joke on Rogge.

C

Harry Potter, Transformers, Minions and Jurassic Park. If you are a fan of Hollywood movies and want to relive the exciting and heartwarming moment when you first saw these typical characters and film scenes, welcome to Universal Studios Beijing.

The theme park, which is part of Universal Beijing Resort that also includes Universal CityWalk and two hotels, officially opened on Monday. All tickets for the opening sold out within a minute, despite the ticket sales system crashing because of the number of people trying to purchase them. That the high-priced tickets sold like hot buns shows how enthusiastically Chinese visitors have embraced the new entertainment venue in Beijing. The fifth Universal Studios worldwide is the Chinese capital’s first foreign-brand amusement park.

The 35 billion-yuan (\$5.4 billion) project, first proposed 20 years ago, is expected to attract around 12 million visitors each year, and thus give a huge motivation to Beijing’s cultural and tourism industry. The resort has become a new growth point for the region, as it has already created 12,000 to 15,000 jobs after the start of formal operations, and will indirectly provide 90,000 jobs in the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei area.

It is clear that the theme park has opened its doors to the public at a time when Sino-US ties are being damaged by their differences on issues such as trade, human rights, Taiwan and the South China Sea. Despite this, the popularity of Universal Studios in China reflects the role that culture can play as a bridge to improve understanding and good relationship among people, which is the foundation of healthy bilateral relations.

The opening should also increase confidence in the Chinese market as a heaven for foreign investment(投资), including that of US companies. “The future among foreign businesses in China remains positive, largely due to the Chinese government’s early and strict response to the pandemic, an improving investment environment, and expectation of a more predictable policy environment,” according to the 2021 Business Climate Survey released by AmCham China earlier this year.

27. Why did the writer mention characters like Harry Potter in the first paragraph?
- A. To attract people to Universal Studios Beijing.
 - B. To remind people of these typical Hollywood characters.
 - C. To encourage people to review these movies.
 - D. To persuade people to be fans of Hollywood movies.
28. Which of the following statement is **NOT** true?
- A. Chinese people show warm welcome to the arrival of the park.
 - B. The park found its easy way to settle down in China.
 - C. The opening of the park will benefit the surrounding areas a lot.
 - D. Culture sometimes counts a lot in the foundation of relationships.
29. What are healthy bilateral relations(双边关系) based on?
- A. Culture and communication.
 - B. Peace and love.
 - C. Convenience and investment.
 - D. Understanding and harmony.
30. According to the passage, what ensures a bright future of foreign investment in China?
- A. The warm welcome of the Chinese people.
 - B. The favorable environment.
 - C. The cultural contribution
 - D. The convenient transportation.

第二节：（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Everyone loves parties. They’re a chance to relax, have fun, and catch up with friends. 31

Ever wondered how rich teenagers celebrate their birthdays? You need to watch *My Super Sweet 16*. It’s an American reality show. Each episode follows a wealthy teenager as they plan and then celebrate the sixteenth birthday party of their dreams (with their parents’ money, of course!). 32 How spoilt? One girl, Amberly, flew to Paris to shop for her party dress. And then she had her own perfume designed especially for the big night. And another girl dyed her dogs pink just so they’d match her party’s theme.

According to one of the millionaire fathers, “If you can afford a grand celebration, then why not.” 33
A British comedian called *My Super Sweet 16* “everything that’s wrong with our civilization.”

34 What are their parties like? In 2001 American CEO Dennis Kozlowski flew guests to Sardinia to celebrate his wife’s 40th birthday. The weeklong cost \$1.5 million. And then there’s American Idol judge Simon Cowell. He threw himself a \$1.9 million 50th birthday party at an 18th century English mansion.

What’s the most expensive birthday party ever? Probably the Sultan of Brunei’s 50th birthday in 1996. He invited 60,000 people (including Prince Charles), and hired Michael Jackson to give three concerts. Total cost? Just over \$20 million.

Of course, extravagant(奢侈的) celebrations are nothing new. In 1520 King Henry VIII of England and King Francis I of France wanted to improve relations between their two countries. So, they threw a three-week party in the countryside near Calais, France. There were a great many banquets, two fountains flowing with red wine, jousting tournaments and wrestling competitions. 35

- A. Rich people prefer showing off.
- B. Of course, not everyone agreed.
- C. People came up with various reasons to have parties.
- D. Then what about super rich adults?
- E. But some rich people take partying to the extreme.
- F. The parties always cost a large sum of money and most of the kids are spoiled.
- G. And King Henry slept in an enormous tent that was in the shape of a palace.

第三部分：语言运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节：完型填空（共 20 小题：每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

The novel, *Of Human Bondage*, is considered a masterpiece of the 20th century. It is also a semi-autobiographical（半自传的）story of author W. Somerset Maugham.

At first sight, the book seems to 36 the unusual moral values of courage and kindness. 37, readers will see that the author was exploring the same kind of values. The only difference is that he delivered his 38 through a story with more 39.

The main character, Philip Carey, leads a 40 life. Besides having to live with a clubfoot（畸形足）, his peers 41 him for it. Though he is 42 a scholarship from Oxford, he turns it down. He would rather study “things that matter” in Germany. He 43 helps a woman with whom he is fascinated, but this causes him to 44 medical school—he gives her all his money. 45, he becomes a hunger-stricken vagabond（流浪汉）, takes a low-paid job for 46, finally gets back to medical training and settles down.

Philip’s altruism（利他主义）is often regarded as a(an) 47 by other characters, but does this lead to his downfall? Quite the 48. Philip’s goodwill to a patient, Mr. Athelny, 49 his marrying the eldest Athelny girl, who 50 him with all her heart.

Moreover, even in his unsuccessful early days, Philip’s courage in 51 circumstances helps him form friendships and a support network that 52 him through tough times. This is 53 he finds his most valued long-term empathy（共情）.

As French writer Romain Rolland 54 it, “There is only one heroism in the world: to see the world as it is, and to love it.” *Of Human Bondage* 55 that.

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|--------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 36. A. look at | B. bring in | C. go over | D. search for |
| 37. A. However | B. Therefore | C. Moreover | D. Eventually |
| 38. A. speech | B. message | C. report | D. news |
| 39. A. happiness | B. hardship | C. excitement | D. pleasure |
| 40. A. peaceful | B. happy | C. difficult | D. simple |
| 41. A. make fun of | B. look up to | C. care about | D. help with |
| 42. A. made | B. presented | C. offered | D. owed |
| 43. A. happily | B. eagerly | C. anxiously | D. generously |
| 44. A. attend | B. quit | C. start | D. finish |
| 45. A. Penniless | B. Homeless | C. Hopeless | D. Helpless |
| 46. A. benefit | B. growth | C. survival | D. convenience |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 47. A. advantage | B. strength | C. weakness | D. shortage |
| 48. A. exact | B. interesting | C. puzzling | D. opposite |
| 49. A. lies in | B. leads to | C. results from | D. applies to |
| 50. A. remembers | B. admires | C. satisfies | D. loves |
| 51. A. unfavorable | B. uninteresting | C. unhealthy | D. unpopular |
| 52. A. encourage | B. urge | C. get | D. stop |
| 53. A. how | B. why | C. when | D. where |
| 54. A. doubted | B. put | C. explained | D. told |
| 55. A. tests | B. questions | C. acts | D. proves |

第 II 卷 非选择题部分

第二节：（共 10 小题：每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下列材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或者括号内单词的适当形式。

An Elevator on the Side of a Cliff

With the release of behind-the-scenes underwater photos from the *Avatar 2*, combined with the news that filming of *Avatar 3* is almost done, there's perhaps no 56 (fine) time to revisit the Zhangjiajie National Forest Park in Hunan, 57 park known for its towering and pillar-like formations (形成物), which is similar to the floating landscape of alien-world Pandora.

One of the fastest and most effortless 58 (way) to experience the area is by riding up the world's tallest outdoor glass elevator. The Bailong Elevator, 59 (build) onto the side of a huge cliff in the park, consists of three double-decker lifts, each of 60 can transport as many as 46 visitors up the mountain in less than two minutes per trip.

Completed in 2002, the Elevator 61 (serve) as an easy gateway to some of the main attractions of the park and the daily 18,000 visits of tourists makes 62 one of the hottest attractions. 63 (fortunate), it was closed because of the outbreak of the COVID-19. With the reopening in March 2020, the park regained its popularity. The daily visitor numbers have recovered 64 70% of pre-COVID figures.

With the world's tallest bungee jump and the famous Grand Canyon Glass Bridge, the park is really well worth 65 (visit).

第四部分：写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节：应用文写作（满分 15 分）

假设你是学生会主席李华，下周六你校将举行主题为“Dreams”的英语演讲比赛，请你代表学校写信给外教 Tony，邀请他来做评委。内容包括：

1) 比赛的相关安排 2) 给参赛者打分并适当点评

注意：1) 文章开头结尾已经写好 2) 词数 80 字左右 3) 可以适当增加细节以使行文连贯。

Dear Tony,

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

第二节：读后续写（满分 25 分）

阅读下面短文，根据所给情节进行续写，使之构成一个完整的故事。

It was already hot and wet on a July morning. I enjoyed a couple of hours of peace and quiet before my teenagers awoke. With a second cup of coffee steaming in front of me, I planned my day: take out some cash at the bank, and maybe go to the mall to shop for a new pair of sneakers.

Sometime around noon I grabbed my purse, said goodbye to the kids and headed for my car. The bank was two miles from the house. I stopped my car in front of the ATM machine, and jumped out of the car with the engine running and the air conditioner on.

Trade completed, I came back to the car and pulled on the door handle. If ever I had an uh-oh worst moment, it was then. The door was locked.

The sun was beating down on me while I stood frustrated, wondering what to do. I didn't enjoy the thought of a two-mile hike back to the house to get the spare set of keys.

I entered the bank and took a deep breath of cool air before approaching a teller window. The young woman who greeted me listened sympathetically（同情地）as I told her my problem. When I asked if I could make a call, she cheerfully responded by showing me a telephone.

“Hello, Fawn,” I said when my daughter answered. “I locked my keys in the car at the bank, and the engine is running. Can you go next door and ask Eddie if he would bring me the spare set, please?”

Fawn came back on the line a few minutes later. The news wasn't good—Eddie was out. I hung up and told my dilemma to the teller.

“You're Fawn's mother?” she asked, sounding a bit apologetic for listening in on my conversation.

“Yes. I am.”

Her face lit up. “I'm Carmen. Fawn and I often work together in the church nursery. She's a wonderful person. I just love her a lot. You must be a great mom.”

注意：

1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右
2. 应使用 5 个以上短文中标有下划线的关键词语
3. 续写部分分为两段，每段的开头语已为你写好
4. 续写完成后，请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语。

Paragraph 1:

Carmen dug through her purse and pulled out a set of keys. _____

Paragraph 2:

Fifteen minutes later I returned with my spare keys, and my daughter. _____

