**杭州学军中学2024届高三模拟**

**英语科目试卷**

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节 （共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下 一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the woman drink?

A. Coffee. B. Coke. C. Tea.

2. How does the man probably feel?

A. Satisfied. B. Stressed. C. Bored.

3. When will the next bus leave for downtown?

A. In 5 minutes. B. In 10 minutes. C. In 15 minutes.

4. What will the weather probably be like tomorrow!?

A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Cloudy.

5. What does the man think of the movie?

A. Tragic. B. Touching C. Inspiring

**第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）**

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. What does the boy suggest the girl do?

A. Wear something unusual. B. Watch Frozen with him. C. Dress as a princess.

7. What does the woman think of a vampire dog costume?

A. Boring B. Frightening. C. Thrilling.

听第7段材料，回答第8至10题。

8. Where is the woman planning to go?

A. Italy. B. Austria. C. England

9. Where did the man buy his walking shoes?

A. At a market. B. In a new mall. C. In a holiday inn.

10. What does the man advise the woman to do during her trip?

A. Climb mountains. B. Wear enough clothes. C. Protect herself from the sun.

听第8段材料，回答第11至13题。

11. What does the man probably do?

A. He's a cook. B. He's a waiter. C. He's a restaurant owner.

12. How long does the man have to work a day?

A.5 hours. B.6 hours. C.11 hours

13. According to the man, what is one of the keys to doing the work well?

A. Having enthusiasm. B. Making plans for future. C. Paying attention to exams.

听第9段材料，回答第14至16题。

14. Why is the man moving?

A. To be closer to his office. B. To save some money C. To have more space.

15. When will the apartment be available to the woman?

A. In early August. B. In mid-August C. In early September.

16. What does the man offer to do?

A. Hire movers for the woman. B. Find the woman an apartment.

C. Recommend the woman to the landlord.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. Where did the wedding take place?

A. In New York. B. In South Carolina. C. In Virginia.

18. Who conducted the wedding ceremony?

A. Charles Johnson. B. Michael Smith. C. William Scott

19. What did the bride study in college?

A. History B. Art. C. Psychology.

20. What can we learn about the couple?

A. They enjoyed a month-long honeymoon.

B. They graduated from the same university.

C. They sent gifts to the wedding planning company.

**第二部分阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

阅读下列短文，从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

When looking for some vacation ideas to spread out and get some time and space to yourself, check out these great resorts （度假胜地） options.

**Hyatt Ziva Cap Cana**

Located in Punta Cana, this family-friendly vacation at an all-inclusive resort offers something for everyone in your party. Parents can enjoy relaxing by one of the resort's swim-up bars in an infinity pool or head out for some deep-sea fishing. Kids, meanwhile, can head over to the kids'club for a number of activities. Plus, all of the drinks and food across the 14 restaurants and bars is included.

**Beaches Turks Caicos**

This resort has become the Caribbean's popular go-to when it comes to all-inclusive family vacations that provide great value since there's so much to do for guests of all ages. There's a 45,000-square-foot water park, 24 restaurants, unlimited PADI-certified scuba diving and water sports, a 12-mile beach, a span, 10 pools-whew！

**The Alisal Guest Ranch**

If you live in the city and want to get back to nature, this luxury farm over nearly 11, 000 acres in California's Santa Ynez Valley is a perfect fit for a family. All that wide-open space means activities like horseback riding, scenic cycling, hiking, fishing, kayaking and, for the body-and-spirit-minded traveler in your group, yoga.

**Montage Palmetto Bluff**

The 20, 000-acre community includes a nature preserve with walking trails, but the real stars of the show here are the over 300 species of birds. The resort's resident naturalist takes families on walks to Bird Island, sharing a history of the area. Plus, kids will love the kayak tours that get up close to the dolphins that live there year-round.

21. Which attracts those interested in horseback-riding?

A. Hyatt Ziva Cap Cana. B. Beaches Turks Caicos.

C. Montage Palmetto Bluff. D. The Alisal Guest Ranch.

22. What do the four attractions share?

A. They promise good food services. B. They include various kids' clubs.

C. They provide parent-child activities. D. They have large historic buildings.

23. What is the purpose of the text?

A. To organize some family parties. B. To highlight some tourist resorts.

C. To introduce some nature reserves. D. To stimulate some domestic needs.

**B**

The following is part of an interview between Professor Bernard Feringa （a Nobel Price winner） and a CNN

reporter.

Q: You often say that universities should be playgrounds. How can we make sure that this is a case?

A: I'm a strong believer in challenging students at all levels —to think, to discover and to go beyond the current knowledge. The universities have a special role here, because academic training and science should go beyond the current horizon. I think that we shouldn't forget that we shouldn't train our students for today or tomorrow; we should train them for 10 to 20 years from now. Because then they will be the innovators in our society, and they will be the persons that make a difference. Train our students for future means that they have to be able to surpass the border of our current knowledge. This is what I mean with **playground**. I mean that you have sufficient space to think, to discover and to be free to make mistakes, but in particular to make the next steps, be creative and not limited by what should be done. A lot of things happen by accident and suddenly you get a major breakthrough or new insight. Schools should encourage students to ask questions and be creative.

Q: What is it that you like so much about teaching?

A: I really enjoy the transfer of the beauty of knowledge: insights, questions, things that we don't know, or the limitations of what we know. I never get tired of my job. I think that you share with your students the opportunity to transfer some knowledge, but also get a lot of things back by asking questions and discussing. Across all fields, from natural sciences to humanities, you have knowledge and insights built upon generations and decades. At the universities we have to transfer a lot of knowledge and teach students the basic skills and techniques. But it's also our duty to go beyond that— to ask them questions about what we don't know and what improvements we can make for the future. Doing surgery in the hospital now might be taken over by robots in the future. How are we going to deal with that? Or will we be able to make fuel for airplanes? These are challenging and tough questions but to share those with the students is really nice. Most of all, I think the beauty of knowledge and the excitement of insights and discoveries is fantastic.

24. What does the professor agree to?

A. Students are bound to surpass their present teachers.

B. Students are expected to be different future citizens.

C. Students are supposed to have more academic trainings

D. Students should definitely be encouraged to be challenged.

25. What does “**playground**” mean to Bernard Feringa?

A. An area for physical activities. B. An area for extra-curricular experiments.

C. An area for bold exploration. D. An area for academic improvements.

26. Which saying can best describe the reason for the professor's devotion to teaching?

A. He who teaches learns. B. Work makes a workman.

C. Never too old to learn. D. Truth never fears investigation.

27. How can you describe Professor Bernard Feringa?

A. Respectable and reliable. B. Innovative and devoted.

C. Generous and sharp-minded. D. Independent and professional.

**C**

Metaura Pro claims to be the world's first wearable air-conditioning device capable of constantly blowing cold air to keep the wearer cool.

Conventional wearable cooling systems only circulate the surrounding air, and thus don't do a very good job of cooling people down. The stronger the wind blows, the hotter you get. This is definitely not what you want during those hot summer days. Metaura Pro, on the other hand, relies on a cooling solution to produce genuinely cold air that is 7 degrees Fahrenheit （华氏的） cooler than that of the surrounding area, in fan mode, and up to 18 degrees Fahrenheit cooler than the surrounding air, in cooling mode. The device has a smart app and relies on artificial intelligence to regulate air temperature.

Metaura Pro is driven by a powerful motor and its cooling modules are made up of 26 lightweight flat objects that wrap around the wearer's neck and help to reduce heat. The motor is linked to a high-speed fan at the back of the device which also drives away some of that warm air around the neck. The device also has a VC plate, which has a liquid-cooled, heat-equalizing mechanism, efficiently creating a temperature differential between hot and cold temperatures.

“What sets Metaura Pro apart from the competition is that it produces genuinely cold air lower than the surround ding temperature, refreshing you during those dog days of summer,” the Metaura Pro Kickstarter crowdfunding page reads.

Metaura Pro not only supplies a cooling function, but also has the capacity for heating as well in winter, it can be used to warm your body to a comfortable temperature, when the surrounding air feels cold.

The device intelligently monitors itself, so when you take it off, it recognizes that it is no longer in use and will automatically shut off and switch to standby mode to save power consumption. Metaura Pro wearable collar is powered by a chargeable battery that can provide only 3 hours of cooling on a single charge. The device weighs 435 grams, which is not heavy, but definitely noticeable.

28. How does Metaura Pro manage to keep people cool?

A. By dropping the body temperature. B. By circulating the surrounding air.

C. By producing lower-temperature air. D. By blowing the strong wind around.

29. What is mainly discussed about Metaura Pro in paragraph 3?

A. Its internal structure. B. Its operating costs.

C. Its amazing function. D. Its working principle.

30. What may be the disadvantage of the device?

A. It puts limitation on cooling function. B. It switches to different modes by hand.

C. It possesses a relatively short battery life. D. It depends much on outdoor temperatures.

31. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?

A. A double-mode smart phone app B. A cooling air-conditioning system

C. A rechargeable battery for e-products D. A wearable temperature-adjusting device

D

Evolution （进化 ） can perform extraordinary makeovers; today's airborne songbirds evolved from the wingless, earthbound dinosaurs that wandered millions of years ago. But some organisms seem to be unchanged —in other words, escape natural selection. The coelacanth, a modern-day fish, is nearly identical to its410-million-year-old fossils.

Scientists have long wondered how these species do so. It has been assumed that natural selection keeps some species unchanged by selecting for moderate or average qualities （stabilizing selection） rather than selecting for more extreme qualities that would cause a species to change （directional selection）.

But a study published in the National Academy of Sciences USA contradicts this idea, showing that evolution constantly. favors different qualities in seemingly unchanging animals to improve short-term survival. In the long term, though, “all that evolution cancels out and leads to no change,” says the study's lead author, James Stroud.

Stroud and his colleagues studied for lizard （蜥蜴） specios; all relatively unchanged for 20 million years. The researchers caught members of these populations every six months for three years. They measured each lizard's head size, leg length, mass and height, as well as the size of its sticky toes（脚趾头）, noting which individuals survived. Stroud expected to observe stabılızıng selection at work preserving moderate qualities. Instead he saw clearer evidence of directional selection: some lizards with unique characteristics, such as stickier toes, survived better.

The study offers a good explanation for why we see what we think is stabiliring selection, “says Tadashi Fukami, an ecologist studying evolution at Stanford University. Many new qualities are evolving in the short term, but they don't provide a crucial advantage over the long term. In other words, species staying unchanged may simply have found the best possible combination of qualities for lasting success in their environment. So what happens when the lizards'environment changes more dramatically? To help answer this bigger question, Stroud is still making trips to visit the lizards.

32. Why does the author mention the “coelacanth fish” in paragraph 1?

A. To demonstrate the power of evolution. B. To add evidence to natural selection

C. To give an example of unchanged species. D. To prove species' extraordinary makeovers.

33. What's the focus of paragraph 2?

A. Unsolved mysteries. B. A common belief.

C. A sharp contrast. D. Unique Characteristics.

34. How did Stroud conduct his research?

A. By analyzing lizard fossils. B. By tracking research objects.

C. By illustrating stabilizing selection. D. By categorizing qualities of lizards.

35. What will Stroud probably do in the future?

A. Make trips to visit lizard experts. B. Summarize average features of lizards.

C. Reveal the best combinations of qualities. D. Examine lizards under extreme conditions.

**第二节 （共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

When we are faced with a crisis, or if we have an important decision to make, many of us fall into the trap of over-thinking. We may keep thinking about something constantly and too long. 36 How can we stop ourselves from over-thinking?

Boing something to distract yourself is a good idea. You can find working with your hands is especially good. 37 Your brain simply doesn't have the resources to split itself into a third activity, for example over-thinking.

38 Studies have shown that when someone views something in excitement and anxiety, the brain is-forced to become stuck in the present because all of your senses are completely engaged. You do not have time to focus on something different, which can cause over-thinking.

Constant wishing, hoping and praying do not give you any relief. They just keep you stuck in one place. But taking the smallest step off the crisis really matters. It will set things in motion, making you like a snowball. 39

The traps are things that cause your natural ability to react without you realizing that there is a connection between the two. Thus. avoiding relevant traps is also a good idea. 40 For example, if one of your colleagues is so negative that she always drags you down, stop hanging out with her by having lunch alone at a nearby restaurant.

A. This mindset tends to ruin our day.

B. Put simply, out of sight, out of mind.

C. Just as a saying goes, once bitten, twice shy.

D. You are really getting your brain working for you.

E. Other activities are the ones that arouse your curiosity

F. It engages your movement skills and thinking process

G. Thus, you will gradually move yourself out of the feeling.

**第三部分语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节 （共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

My father, Paul Andrew Figura, was a die-hard fisherman. In my 41 , we went out fishing in all kinds of weather, catching and missing nearly every fish in countless waterways.

Whenever we 42 , Mom would ask: “What time will you be back?” “Who n we can't see the 43 .”Dad would respond. He often 44 it. Sometimes Dad would ask me to 45 some food and water and we'd fish the entire day. I observed firsthand his insistent, rapid-ire casting technique, to which he credited as a 46 factor behind his success. It was one 47 after another after another.

The greatest life lesson that Dad taught me involved dealing with those times when the fish weren't 48 Days when the weather was awful, when the mosquitoes were biting, when my hands were cold. Times when I just wanted to 49 and go home. Dad's 50 ?“Son, you're not going to catch any fish unless you 51 your line. Keep casting,” he'd say.

I learned early the importance of 52 and willingness to keep trying different fish food if you wanted to catch them. Sooner or later they'd 53 . I took that same attitude into my school work. 54 , I got many awards at college. I applied it 55 to whatever job I had as an adult and it made me the person that I am today.

41. A. dream B. career? C. childhood D. adulthood

42. A. got up B. reached out C. stepped back D. set off

43. A. camps B. lines C. tracks D. cottages

44. A. forgot B. rejected C. recalled D. meant

45. A. make B. pack C. heat D. freeze

46. A. cultural B. random C. major D. external

47. A. cast B. step C. strike D. risk

48. A. swimming B. dancing C. gathering D. biting

49. A. wander B. play C. quit D. sleep

50. A. response B. intention C. evaluation D. situation

51. A. abandon B. monitor C. fetch D. wet

52. A. kindness B. insistence C. confidence D. business

53. A. cooperate B. progress C. resist D. integrate

54. A. In surprise B. As a result C. Ahead of time D. In particular

55. A. intentionally B. casually C. hesitantly D. temporarily

**第二节 （共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

For most of us, popcorn is synonymous（同义的） with movie theaters. We go to the movies, buy a popcorn, and enjoy the show 56 even thinking twice about it. But, why? Why do we always eat popcorn at the movies?

One reason for popcorn's increasing 57 （popular） was its mobility: in 1885, the first steam-powered popcorn maker hit the streets, invented by Charles Cretor. The mobile nature of the machine made 58 the perfect production machine to serve customers 59 （attend）outdoor sporting events, or circuses and 60 （fair）. Not only was popcorn mobile, but it could be mass-produced without a kitchen, an advantage 61 another crunchy snack —the potato chip —lacked. Another reason for its dominance over other snacks was its appealing smell when 62 （heat）.

But it wasn't super fancy to movie theatres at first as they didn't allow such a loud and messy food into their performances. 63 relationship between popcorn and the movies was really set in stone during World War II. Things like chocolate and sugar were limited during the war while salt and popcorn kernels were never limited. So the country's favorite go-to-movie snack was even 64 （available） and popular. Ever since popcorn and movies 65 （continue） to be as iconic as any duo（二重奏） out there.

**第四部分写作（共两节，满分40分）**

**第一节 （满分15分）**

假定你是高中生李华，将在假期和你校的英国交换生Jack共同完成一项研究性学习任务。请给 Jack写一封邮件，提议研究偶像对高中生成长的影响。内容包括：1.选题理由；2.实施方案； 3.征询意见。

参考词汇: 偶像idol

注意：

1. 词数80 左右；

2. 请按如下格式在答题纸的相应位置作答。

Dear Jack,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Yours,

Li Hua

**第二节 （满分25分）**

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Most people think that procrastination（拖延症） is a negative habit. But people like me who routinely put off doing assignments, are likely to defend our “slower” approach to getting tasks done.

I'm the only procrastination in my family. My parents and sister were all born with the “do it right now” gift. They are always in a rush, as if closely rushed by an invisible deadline. Personally, I prefer a more relaxed pace. When my parents voiced their concern about my tendencies, saying “Don't put off until tomorrow what you can do today,” “No way!” I responded, confidently presenting my research as a defense. It said people procrastinated when they need to solve a problem or commit to a topic or project. In these cases, delayıng a decision can be beneficial. This was because our minds continue to reflect on problems even when we were not actively thinking about them, which could lead to more creative solutions. My findings filled me with satisfaction and pride. My method of getting things done was just as good as my sister's…or so I thought.

At school we'd been talking about architecture and design. As part of the final assessment my teacher Mr. Smith announced an exciting project that each student would have a month to complete. We were expected to choose our materials, construct a small building and make use of things we had learned in class. Not only would the winners receive extra credit, but the winning constructions would be proudly displayed in the cafeteria. “I have no clue how I could get it done," my friend Nate sighed in despair. I didn't say anything. Not because I shared his anxiety-but because I was not nervous at all. I loved hands-on projects! Picturing my brilliant work exhibited in the cafeteria, I was fully convinced that I would definitely produce something that could impress everyone. So relaxed was I that I didn't give it a second thought for weeks.

注意：

1. 续写词数应为150左右；

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

|  |
| --- |
| Before I knew it, I had only one day left for the project.  That taught me a great lesson. |

**杭州学军中学2024届高三模拟 答案**

1-5 CBABC 6-10ABBAC 11-15ACABC 16-20 CBCAA 21-23 DCB

24-27 DCAB 28-31 CDCD 32-35 CBBD 36-40 AFEGB 41-45 CDBDB

46-50 CADCA 51-55 DBABA

56. without 57. popularity 58. it 59. attending 60. fairs

61. that/which 62. heated 63. The 64. more available 65. have continued

*Possible version 1:*

Dear Jack,

I hope this email finds you well. I am excited that we are to work together on a research project during the upcoming holidays.

After giving it some thought, I would like to propose a project that explores the influence of idols on the growth of high school students. That's because idols, ranging from celebrities to common people who inspire them, often serve as role models and can have a profound impact on teenager's values and behaviors. Our approach would involve surveying peers, analyzing data, and perhaps interviewing educators to gain deeper insights.

Would this be something you're interested in? Please let me know your thoughts at your earliest convenience, as I am eager to embark on this research journey with you.

Yours,

Li Hua

*Possible version 2:*

Dear Jack,

How's everything going? I have an intriguing topic in mind for our research project in the upcoming holidays that I believe might interest you —The Influence of Idols on High School Students’Growth.

My inspiration stems from observing how idols can significantly shape young people's values, self-identity, and behaviors. The project will involve conducting surveys and interview s with a diverse group of high school students to gather data on their perspectives regarding idols and write a comprehensive report detailing our conclusions and insights.

What do you think of it? I'm really keen to get your perspective on this.

Yours,

Li Hua

Para.1 Before I knew it. I had only one day left for the project. In a panic I hastily and quickly gluing together what I pulled out from our recycle bin, my hands shaking with the weight of each hasty decision. The finished result looked miserable. Several of my classmates, including Nate, had created amazingly detailed constructions. They used materials like clay, wood and so on and were highly praised by Mr. Smith. When I saw their models, I felt even more embarrassed about mine. It was obvious that they had put a lot more time into the assignment than I had.

Para.2 That taught me a great lesson. I learnt from that day the importance of deciding on my priorities and budgeting my time. From then on, I tackled things a lot earlier instead of putting things off until tomorrow. As a result, not only did I finish my tasks on time, but I also felt better because I didn't have to panic at the last minute. At the end of the semester, my work was chosen by Mr Smith on another occasion. Seeing my change, my parents and my sister were so proud of me. It dawned on me that getting things done on time instead of being a procrastinator really counted.