试卷类型: A

山东新高考质量测评联盟 10 月联考试题

高三英语 2020.10

注意事项:

- 1.答题前,考生务必用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、座号和考生号填写在答题卡和 试卷规定的位置上。
- 2.选择题部分,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。
- 3.答非选择题部分时,必须用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔作答,答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定 区域内相应的位置;如需改动,先划掉原来的答案,然后再写上新的答案;不能使用涂改 液、胶带纸、修正带。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。

第一部分 听力 (共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。现在你有 5 秒钟的时间阅读第一小题的有关内容。

1. Where does the man suggest the woman get study materials?

A. On the Internet. B.From a college. C.At a bookstore.

2. What does the woman dislike about her trip?

A.The weather. B.The scenery. C.The traffic.

3. What was the average SAT score nationwide in 2019?

A.1077. B.1068. C.1059.

4. How does Mark probably feel about the mountain lions' condition?

A.Concerned. B.Angry. C.Indifferent.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

A.A hurricane. B.A theme park. C.A personal experience.

第二节 (共 15 小题: 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。听下面一段对话,回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。现在你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两个小题。

6. Who recommended Imitation of Life to Mike?

A.His father. B.His mother. C.His grandmother.

7. What kind of movie is Mamma Mia?

A.A musical. B.A documentary. C.A sci-fi movie.

听下面一段对话,回答第8至第10三个小题。现在你有15秒钟的时间阅读这三个小题。

8. What caused the man's illness?

A. He kept the air conditioner on.

B.He slept with the window open.

C.He studied for the test the whole night.

9. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. Mother and son. B. Sister and brother. C. Teacher and student.

10. Why does the man refuse to see the doctor today?

A.He will attend a birthday party.

B.He is afraid of seeing doctors.

C.He has a test to take today.

听下面一段对话,回答第 11 至第 13 三个小题。现在你有 15 秒钟的时间阅读这三个小题。

11. How was the weather on May 23,2006?

A.Cloudy. B.Sunny. C.Stormy.

12. What did the accident result in?

A.Memory loss. B.Slight injuries. C.Physical disability.

13. What does David probably do?

A. He's a driver. B.He's a writer. C.He's a doctor.

听下面一段对话,回答第 14 至第 17 四个小题。现在你有 20 秒钟的时间阅读这四个小题。

14. What did Amy plan to do?

A.Go to the cinema. B. Visit some friends. C. Act in a short film.

15. When were the scenes finished filming on Friday?

A. Around 10:45 am. B. Around 6:30 pm. C. Around 11:00 pm.

16. Which day was the busiest?

A.Friday. B.Saturday.

C.Sunday.

17. What is the man interested in doing probably?

A.Shooting.

B. Acting in a film.

C. Working at Starbucks.

听下面一段独白,回答第 18 至第 20 三个小题。现在你有 15 秒钟的时间阅读这三个小题。

18. Why did Wilma Rudolph make the track team at Burt High School?

A.Her sister managed to persuade the coach.

B.Her doctor asked her to exercise by running.

C.Her father insisted that the coach should take her.

19. Where did Ed Temple discover Wilma Rudolph?

A. At Tuskegee Institute. B. At the Melbourne Olympics. C. At Tennessee State University.

20. What is the speaker doing?

A.Teaching a class.

B.Giving a speech.

C. Hosting a program.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

From glaciers to beaches, whale-watching to wine-tasting. New Zealand has so much to offer. Not sure where to begin? Get started with these places.

Try wine-tasting on Waiheke

Home to a magical blend of vineyards, olive groves, beaches, art studios and funky cafes, Waiheke Island is an enchanting oasis. Sip New Zealand's finest wines at one of the many vineyards while enjoying sea views.

Say"kia ora"in Rotorua

Soak up Maori culture and hospitality in Rotorua, the cultural heart of New Zealand. Visit an authentic pre-European Maori village for a cultural show. After a delicious 'hāngi' feast, the thermal hot pools will be calling.

Go wild in Queenstown

Queenstown is the perfect place for an adventure. Experience jet boat rides, skiing, river rafting, hiking and biking, or go bungy jumping where it all began. Not for you? Try spa treatments or outdoor dining for a relaxing alternative.

Bathe in Milford Sound's scale

Depart from Queenstown or Te Anau and enjoy an afternoon cruise around Milford Sound's dramatic fiords, spectacular waterfalls and snow-capped peaks. Other ways to see the "Eighth Wonder of the World" is by flightseeing, kayaking or overnight boat ride.

- 21.In which place can you best experience local culture?
- A. Waiheke, B. Queenstown, C. Rotorua, D.Milford Sound,
- 22. What will you probably do in Queenstown?
- A.Enjoy thrilling activities.
- B. Visit a Māori village.
- C.See many vineyards.
- D.Get to know local artists.
- 23. Which of the following does Milford Sound provide?
- A. Spa treatments.
- B.Flightseeing.
- C. Hot pools.
- D. Whale-watching.

В

We all love animals, but animals don't feel the same way about us. When we enter their wild world, we are "unnatural" invaders into their homes.

There was a video many of you may have seen on the internet recently of a bear and its cub (幼崽) climbing up a steep, snow-covered hill in Russia. The mama bear makes it to the top without too much trouble, but the baby bear keeps sliding back down. It takes three attempts to reach the top and, no doubt, many cheered at the cub's never-give-up spirit. But nature scientists who saw the video didn't cheer.

Instead, the scientists were upset that the two bears had been frightened into making a dangerous, unnecessary climb by the drone that was filming them. Sophie Gilbert of the University of Idaho said, "It showed a complete lack of understanding from the drone operator of the effects his actions were having on the bears." Other scientists have found that when a drone is hovering near, a bear's heart rate can increase from 41 beats per minute to 162 beats per minute-a high enough rate to cause a heart attack.

Human disturbance has actually been having a far-reaching influence on wildlife.Researchers at the University of Berkeley recently found that many mammals are turning into"night owls"again to avoid contact with humans. Such a shift might not only affect those species themselves, but also have numerous chain effects.

We human beings find ourselves in a strange position in nature. We are part of it but also separate from it, now more than ever, since most of us live in cities. So, when we go off hiking into wild areas to "re-connect" with nature, we should go softly and considerately. It's OK to get close to our animal friends, just not too close-we wouldn't want to scare them, would we?

- 24. What does the video feature?
- A.The baby bear's climbing.
- B. The mama bear's care.
- C.The dangerous environment.
- D. The experiment by scientists.
- 25. Why didn't nature scientists cheer?
- A. They knew the bear's family well.
- B. They were against other scientists.
- C.They knew the cause of the bears' climbing.
- D. They lacked understanding of the drone operator.
- 26. What may be the effect of human disturbance on wildlife?
- A. Food shortage.
- B.Changing habitats.
- C.Ecological imbalance.
- D.Less contact with humans.
- 27. What does the author seem to agree with?
- A.Lose connection with nature.
- B. Tighten the bond with wild animals.
- C.Respect the human-animal distance.
- D. Shoot more videos on animals for study.

C

More than a third of small towns in Georgia lost population in the last year alone, highlighting the challenges of reviving rural areas. New census(人口普查) estimates show that Camilla fell below 5,000 residents. Sparks fell below 2,000, and Milan fell to 661 residents for a loss of 7% of its population. All three towns are in South Georgia.

Many of the young people in these communities graduate from high school and don't come back. They go to college, whatever, they don't come back, "said David Bridges, head of its Center for Rural Prosperity and Innovation in Tifton.

Meanwhile, Georgia's cities are growing, having no problem drawing people from small towns and other cities. Atlanta grew more than 1% in the past year and is now nearing the half-million-resident mark.

The trend of people moving from rural to urban areas is hardly a new one-it's been going on worldwide for more than a century. But continued population losses have raised questions about whether rural areas can do anything to reverse the tide.

Rural residents can face a number of challenges including access to good jobs, transportation and health care. Manufacturing jobs have dried up in many places, while modernization and new

technology means fewer people are needed for farming. And many people are deciding to have smaller families than was typical a century ago.

"The older generation is dying, the younger generation is moving away, and because there are perceived to be fewer business opportunities, financial opportunities, etc. it's very challenging to get inbound population. "Bridges said.

Demographers(人口学家) expect the shift from rural to urban to continue.But there are some bright spots in rural America still. Jackson County near Athens was recently named one of the fastest-growing counties in the nation by the Census Bureau. Amazon opened a large fulfillment center there a couple of years ago.And Young Harris, near the Georgia-North Carolina border, has grown by more than 80% since 2010.

28. What happened to the small towns mentioned in paragraph 1?

A. Their sizes grew rapidly.

B. Their population declined.

C.They drew more residents.

D.They raised challenges to locals.

29. Which of the following best explains "reverse the tide"underlined in paragraph 4?

A.People move from rural to urban areas.

B.Small towns draw people from cities.

C.Rural areas develop their economy quickly.

D.Population continue to grow in urban areas.

30. Why is David Bridges quoted?

B.To offer more evidence.

A. To draw a conclusion.

C.To show his contribution.

- D.To give part of the reasons.
- 31. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?
- A Jackson County is the best town in the US.
- B.Rural towns will keep growing to larger ones.
- C.Others will follow the lead of these bright spots.
- D. There can be measures to help rural towns grow.

D

I recall when I was a young girl back in Canada, I was sitting and watching a baseball game on TV with my father and we started to debate the importance of sports. Different from my father, I argued with all the overconfidence of a teenager that sports is more than just a hobby to keep us physically healthy and went as far as claiming that "There would be more wars if we didn't have sports!"

As an adult, my teenage tendencies of exaggeration(夸张) may have faded but I still firmly believe that sports is more than just a hobby for both participants and audience. The challenging times we are all living through right now with coronavirus is proof to this. The effect of cancelling all sports from professional leagues right down to amateur budding athletic programs, can be felt by millions of people worldwide. To many the social emotional impact is stronger than the physical. The loss of the sense of community, of belonging, and of an extended family is real for many girls, boys, men and women everywhere. Others are feeling physical challenges as well as they are struggling to stay active during these times.

But the human race is incredible and adaptable in tough situations, and sports once again is playing a role. Sports teams are staying in touch online and are a source of much needed support, love and laughter in these times. So many professional athletes are playing vital roles through this crisis by sharing their messages of support and at times, making valuable monetary donations to the cause. Even in areas of isolation(隔离), people are coming out on their balconies and leading their neighbours through a workout programme to help them stay active. Others are turning to online workout programmes to follow. Once again, sports is finding its way.

So,in challenging times such as now, people are still empowered to continue their sports journey and stay strong and healthy.

32. What may the author's father agree about sports?

A.It is a personal hobby.

B.It boosts confidence.

C.It affects social relations.

D.It helps avoid wars.

33. How does life without sports affect people?

A.They lack family connection.

B.They have lost their hobbies.

C.They feel bored more than lonely.

D. They suffer both in body and mind.

34. How do isolated people respond to the tough situations?

A.Struggle to be athletes.

B.Try to stay physically active.

C.Make donations to good causes.

D.Design new sports programmes.

35. What is the best title?

A.Sports reduces risks in our lives

B. Sports continues to offer strength

C.Sports makes the impossible possible

D.Sports has new functions in the pandemic

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Until recently scientific evidence for a link between employee well-being and company performance has been scarce. In the new IZA World of Labor report, Dr. Eugenio Proto, of the University of Warwick's Department of Economics, gives some proof. 36 Finding causal relations between employee well-being and company performance is important for firms to justify spending corporate resources to provide a happier work environment for their employees.

37 Dr.Proto cites a number of researches that uncovered evidence that happiness leads to greater creativity, and that job satisfaction is positively related with worker productivity. 38 These can be defined as people who frequently experience positive emotions like joy, satisfaction, contentment, enthus iasm, and interest. For example, adolescent Americans who are "happier" end up with higher incomes several years later in life.

39 First, if happiness in a workplace carries with it a return in terms of enhanced productivity, there are enormous implications for firms' promotion policies and for the way they structure their internal labour markets. For example, managers could be rewarded on the basis of employees' job satisfaction. Second, Proto suggests a win-win situation for everyone. The effect running from happiness to productivity raises the possibility of self-reinforcing spirals-ones that might even operate at a macroeconomic level. Happiness might lead to greater productivity in an economy. 40

A. The conclusions are contrary to what most people think.

- B. However, few companies are willing to invest in this aspect.
- C.In turn, greater well-being in the population can be expected.
- D. These findings have some implications for company practice.
- E. Therefore, policies can be introduced to boost staff happiness.
- F.Other studies show happy people are more likely to succeed in their career.
- G.He notes there is a positive connection between happiness and productivity.

第三部分语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Lots of kids set up lemonade stands in the summer. For many, it's a first step toward learning what it means to 41 your own money. For I1-year-old Cartier Carey, it was a 42 to do a lot more. That's because Carey isn't using his 43 to open a first savings account. Instead, he's 44 it back into his community. His goal is to help single mothers in need. With all the stress and 45 _ uncertainty brought on by the pandemic, Carey decided to focus on the basics: diapers and wipes.

The idea for the project <u>46</u> while Carey was visiting his grandmother who lives in one of the area's more economically depressed neighborhoods. Carey, who is keenly observant for his age, was <u>47</u> by how many women he observed raising children on their own. By the end of July, Carey had raised close to \$5,000 via the lemonade stand and from donations, and <u>48</u> about 6,500 diapers. As of September, at 22,000 diapers, he's <u>49</u> to achieving his total goal of 25,000.

But the generous 11-year-old is no <u>50</u> to worthy causes. Before becoming a "lemonade mogul". Carey launched another community <u>51</u> titled "Carti packs"-care packages for the homeless that <u>52</u> such essentials as deodorant, soap, tissue, and even hand-warmers for when the weather got <u>53</u>

Carey says his greatest 54 comes from knowing he's made a difference and seeing how much his efforts have meant to the people he tries to 55

41.A. earn	B.save	C.spend	D.control
42.A.risk	B.chance	C.course	D.mission
43.A.stands	B.profits	C.fortune	D.wisdom
44.A.investing	B.holding	C.feeding	D.drawing
45.A. political	B.mental	C.financial	D.commercial
46.A.took effect	B.took root	C.made room	D.made sense
47.A. delighted	B.disappointed	C.relaxed	D.shocked
48. A. distributed	B.sold	C.selected	D.produced

49.A.loyal	B.used	C.equal	D.close			
50.A.relief	B.stranger	C.truth	D.use			
51.A.career	B.research	C.initiative	D.investigation			
52.A.returned	B.employed	C.boosted	D.contained			
53.A.fine	B.stormy	C.cold	D. favorable			
54.A.joy	B.hope	C.effort	D.contribution			
55.A.please	B.ignore	C.identify	D.serve			
第二节 (共 10 小题;	每小题 1.5分,	满分 15 分)				
阅读下面短文,在空	白处填入1个足	当的单词或括	号内单词的正确形式。			
56 (leave) out for from the crows back	od for a family o in March 2019.1	of crows and was He first became	her named Stuart Dahlquist spent years s left 57 (shock)when he found a gift acquainted with the bird family after he his front yard five years ago.			
Dahlquist had always delighted in listening to the baby birds chirp(写用) to 59 (they) parents during feeding time. When he found the tiny crows on the ground, he went to help. Despite the squawks of alarm from the 60 (adult), Dahlquist managed to scoop up the chicks and put them back in the nest. He even left out food and water at the base of the tree in case they fell 61 second time. He then began regularly throwing bird food into his front yard, and the crows 62 (apparent) took notice.						
One day when I	Dahlquist was p	reparing for his	s daily feeding routine, he was surprised			
na meno La sena Consensa	63(find)a fir sprig(枝) that had been decorated with a soda can tab.Not only that,it was left					
in the exact spot 64was amazed by the disc		crows.The next	day,he 65(offer)another one and he			
" This isn't only	generous,it's cre	ative,it's art,"Dal	hlquist wrote on social media."My mind is			
blown."						
第四部分 写作(共两	芇,满分40分	•)				
第一节 (满分 15分)						
假定你是李华, 你校	国际部要举行一	-场校园音乐会	, 并请你在开幕式上致辞。内容包括:			
1.活动目的;						
2.活动组织;						
3.活动预期。						

注意:

- 1.写作词数应为80左右;
- 2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

注: 选拔赛 - qualification trial

Ladies and gentlemen.

第二节 (满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

At six years old, I dreamed of becoming an artist. My mom knew this, so she gave the perfect gift to a first-grade artist like me. My friends and I called them "Stampy Markers." They quickly became my treasure.

Unfortunately,my little sister thought they were amazing,too. For three days in a row, she would ask to play with my markers. However, each time, she would receive my firm "No." Finally, maybe realizing it is impossible to take them from me, she stopped asking. And I was able to leave them out in my room when I went to school, certain that she understood they were forbidden to her.

The first day that I didn't hide them, I got home from school and went upstairs to my room. Right away, I saw that my markers were not where I had left them. My rainbow-colored treasures were gone!

Suspecting that my sister might have something to do with their disappearance, I searched the entire house for her. Finally, I found her in the basement and, sure enough, she was working on some rainbow drawing with my markers surrounding her.

" Hey! Why did you take them while I was away?" I started yelling at her.

"Sorry...but I..."she murmured.

Before she could make any explanation, I grabbed the markers-at least the ones I could reach-and ran back up to my room, slamming the door shut behind me. I sat there for at least half an hour but it seemed like much longer. Then, I heard my sister's footsteps coming up the stairs.

I opened my mouth, about to demand that she give the rest of my markers back, when I noticed a folded piece of paper being pushed underneath the door.

Once it reached my side of the door, I picked it up. As I read the words written on the cover, my anger quickly fell away, and tears began to well up in my eyes. Then they began running down my cheeks.

注意:

1.续写词数应为 150 左右;

2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

What was on the paper was something that I would never forget.

I opened the door, reached out to her and gave her a hug.

高三英语参考答案及评分标准

2020.10

第一部分 听力(共20小題;每小題1.5分,満分30分)

1 – 5 ACCAB 6 – 10 BABAC 11 – 15 CABAC 16 – 20 BBCAC

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

21 - 25 CABAC 26 - 30 CCBBD 31 - 35 DADBB 36 - 40GEFDC

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

41 – 45 ABBAC 46 – 50 BDADB 51 – 55 CDCAD

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

56. leaving 57. shocked 58. off 59. their 60. adults

61. a 62. apparently 63. to find 64. where 65. was offered

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

One possible version:

Ladies and gentlemen,

Firstly, please permit me to show our warmest welcome to all of you present today. I feel greatly honoured to make this speech on behalf of the organizing committee.

This concert is organized to raise students' interest in music and to provide a platform for those with music talent to show themselves. Lots of students signed up for the show, so we arranged a qualification trial to choose the best ones. Therefore, the performances will be very impressive.

I hope more students will take interest in music after the activity and everyone here will have a wonderful time today.

Thank you for your attention.

应用文写作评分标准

一、评分原则

- 1. 本题总分为15分,按五个档次进行评分。
- 2. 评分时,应主要从内容组织、词汇语法和篇章结构三个方面考虑,具体为:
- (1)对内容要点的覆盖情况以及表述的清楚程度和合理性;
- (2)使用词汇和语法结构的准确性、恰当性和多样性;
- (3)上下文的衔接和全文的连贯性。
- 3. 评分时, 先根据作答的整体情况初步确定其所属档次, 然后以该档次的要求来综合衡量, 确定或调整档次, 最后给分。
 - 4. 评分时还应注意:
 - (1) 词数少于60 或多于100的,从总分中减去2分;
- (2)单词拼写和标点符号是写作规范的重要方面,评分时应视其对交际的影响程度 予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受;
 - (3)书写较差以致影响交际的,将分数降低一个档次。

二、内容要点

- 1. 活动目的;
- 2. 活动组织;
- 3. 活动预期。

三、各档次的给分范围和要求

第五档:(13~15分)能写明全部要点;语言基本无误;行文连贯,表达清楚;

第四档:(10~12分)能写明全部或绝大部分要点;语言有少量错误;行文不够连贯, 表达基本清楚;

第三档:(7~9分)能写明基本要点;语言虽有较多错误,但能基本达意;

第二档:(4~6分)能写出部分要点;语言错误多,影响意思表达;

第一档:(1~3分)只能写出一两个要点;语言错误很多,只有个别句子正确。

读后续写评分标准

一、评分原则

- 1. 本题总分为 25 分,按七个档次进行评分。
- 2. 评分时,应主要从内容、词汇语法和篇章结构三个方面考虑,具体为:
 - (1)续写内容的质量、完整性以及与原文情境的融洽度;
 - (2) 所使用词汇和语法结构的准确性、恰当性和多样性;
 - (3)上下文的衔接和全文的连贯性。
- 3. 评分时,应先根据作答的整体情况确定其所属的档次,然后以该档次的要求来综合 衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。
- 4. 评分时还应注意:
 - (1) 词数少于120的, 酌情扣分;
 - (2)书写较差以致影响交际的,酌情扣分;
 - (3)单词拼写和标点符号是写作规范的重要方面,评分时应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑,英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。

二、各档次的给分范围和要求

档次	描述
第七档 (22-25 分)	一一创造了新颖、丰富、合理的内容,富有逻辑性,续写完整,与原文情境融洽度高; 一一使用了多样且恰当的词汇和语法结构,表达流畅,语言错误很少,且完全不影响理解; 一一自然有效地使用了段落间、语句间衔接手段,全文结构清晰,前后呼应,意义连贯。
第六档 (18-21 分)	——创造了比较丰富、合理的内容,比较有逻辑性,续写比较完整,与原文情境融洽度较高; ——使用了比较多样且恰当的词汇和语法结构,表达比较流畅,有个别错误,但不影响理解; ——比较有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构比较清晰,意义比较连贯。
第五档 (15-17 分)	一一创造了基本合理的内容,有一定的逻辑性,续写基本完整,与原文情境相关; 一一使用了比较恰当的词汇和语法结构,表达方式不够多样性,表达有些许错误,但基本不影响理解; 一一使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构比较清晰,意义比较连贯。
第四档 (11-14 分)	一一创造了基本完整的故事内容,但有的情节不够合理或逻辑性不强,与原文情境基本相关; 一一使用了简单的词汇和语法结构,有部分语言错误和不恰当之处,个别部分影响理解; 一一尚有语句衔接的意识,全文结构基本清晰,意义基本连贯。
第三档 (6-10 分)	一一内容和逻辑上有一些重大问题,续写不够完整,与原文有一定程度脱节;一一所用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误较多且比较低级,影响理解;一一未能有效地使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不够清晰,意义欠连贯。

第二档 (1-5 分)	一内容和逻辑上有较多重大问题,或有部分内容抄自原文,续写不完整,与原文情境基本脱节;一所使用的词汇非常有限,语法结构单调,错误极多,严重影响理解;一几乎没有使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不清晰,意义不连贯。
第一档 (0分)	——未作答;所写内容太少或无法看清以致无法评判;所写内容全部抄自原文或与题目要求完全不相关。

附:听力录音稿

Text 1

W: I want some free study materials to prepare for the college entrance test. Can I get some at the bookstore?

M:Why not visit the College Board website? It offers free study materials, including practice tests. Text 2

M: How was your trip to London?

W:It was fantastic. I visited a lot of places, churches, museums and the royal palaces, and the weather was fine. Horrible traffic, though.

Text 3

M: Jennifer, do you know what the average score of the SAT nationwide in 2018 was?

W:Yes. I remember it was 1068.

M: In 2019, the average score dropped 9 scores.

Text 4

W:Mark, this report said that mountain lions in southern California were at risk of disappearing within 50 years.

M:Really? I'm so sad to hear that. I do hope action will be taken to help rescue them. This species is very important to us.

Text 5

W: James, do you know what happened to the Jazzland Six Flags Theme Park in New Orleans?

M: It closed forever after being destroyed by Hurricane Katrina in 2005. It opened just in 2000.

W:It had a really short life.

Text 6

W: Mike, what's your favorite movie?

M:It's Imitation of Life. My dad and his mom loved watching this movie when my dad was a teenager.

W:So it's a very old movie.

M:You're right.

W: So did they recommend the movie to you?

M:No. My mom showed me this movie when I was in high school. I really loved watching it. When I talked about this movie with my dad, he told me he and his mother also loved watching it very much. So what's your favorite movie?

W: Mamma Mia. Every time I watch this movie, I love singing the songs along with the roles. Text 7

M: Mum, I don't feel too well today.

W:Oh dear. Tell me what is wrong.

M: I have a dry throat and my head hurts. My ears ache, too.

W: Did you sleep with the air conditioner on again?

M: No. I just slept with the window open the whole night.

W:Oh, that's it. You must have a cold. Let me see. Hmm, your head feels hot. I think you had better stay home today, and I will make an appointment with Dr. White. His clinic is near our home. Hopefully, Dr. White's clinic has a free appointment.

M:Oh no! I'm afraid I have no time to see the doctor. I have an important test today. I can't miss it, Mum. And it's Clara's birthday tomorrow. I promised to go tomorrow!

Text 8

- W: Have you ever experienced anything horrible, David?
- M: Not really. But something horrible once happened to my elder brother. It was May 23, 2006. My brother had just been swimming. He was on his way from his home in Hastings to work. It was raining hard and the wind was strong. And the visibility was terrible. He was crossing the road when a white van drove into him and he fell.
- W: He must have got seriously injured.
- M:You bet. The van hit the side of his head and he rolled under a parked car. He lost his consciousness and was taken to hospital.
- W: How long did he stay in hospital?
- M: You may not believe it, but he didn't wake up for four years at the hospital. When he finally woke up, he didn't remember anything.
- W:Really? Wait, it's just one of the stories written by you, right? You make a living out of writing.
- M: It's true I write. But this is something that has truly happened.
- W:Oh, I'm so sorry to hear that. That's really horrible!

Text 9

- M: Amy, how was your past three days?
- W: It was busy. I had planned to go to watch the latest film with my friends, but I was asked to act in a short film instead.
- M: Really? That's exciting. So have you finished shooting it?
- W:Yes. That's why I was so busy. On Friday we filmed two scenes. The crew was called at 6: 00 pm and the actor was called at 7:30 pm. We finished filming those scenes around 11:00 pm.
- M: That was a bit late.
- W:Yes. But the following day was much busier. The crew was called at 10:00 am, and the actor was called at noon. I went from working at Starbucks from 7:00 am to 11:00 am, and went straight to set to get ready. We then worked until about 6:00 pm, and then packed up.
- M: What about the last day?
- W:On Sunday, the crew was called at 6:00 am, and the actor was called at 7:30 am. We had to be completely packed up from our location by 10:45 am. We filmed everything just in time.
- M:Good. Please tell me if you are asked to do that again. I also want such an opportunity.

W:OK.

Text 10

W:Good evening, everyone. In tonight's program, let's learn something about Wilma Rudolph. She was one of the most celebrated female athletes of all time. Wilma Rudolph weighed only 4.5 pounds when she was born. The doctor doubted she would survive. She developed two severe diseases as a child and was disabled for most of her childhood. Wilma didn't start school until she was eight. When she was in the eighth grade, Wilma Rudolph's sister made the track team at Burt High School, but Wilma didn't. Her father told the coach that the Rudolph sisters were a "package deal"—either both girls made the team, or neither girls made the team. Wilma thus made the team, and began to develop her track skills.

A few years later, Wilma participated in a track meet at Tuskegee Institute, where she lost every single race. But Track Coach Ed Temple of Tennessee State University saw her that day and thought she had potential. He admitted her to his summer "track camps" at Tennessee State University. Only a year later, at the age of 16, Wilma Rudolph won a bronze medal at the 1956 Olympics in Melbourne, Australia. Wilma Rudolph was now a hero in her hometown of Clarksville. But she was not satisfied with a bronze medal...

To know more about Wilma Rudolph, please wait for our program at the same time tomorrow night.