**武汉市重点中学5G联合体2022-2023学年度下学期期末考试**

**高二 英语试卷**

命题学校：华中科技大学附中 命题教师：薛万春 审题教师：薛万春 潘晨曦

考试时间：2023年6月28日 试卷满分：150分

★祝考试顺利★

注意事项：

1．答题前，先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试卷和答题卡上，并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。

2．选择题的作答：每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。写在试卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。

3．非选择题的作答：用黑色签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。

4．考试结束后，请将本试卷和答题卡一并上交。

**第一部分 听力 (共两节，满分30分)**

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

**第一节 (共5小题；每小题1. 5分，满分7. 5分)**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman ask the man to bring for her?

A. A cake. B. A chocolate bar. C. A cup of coffee.

2. Who is wearing a yellow dress?

A. Miss Cake. B. Mrs. Smith. C. Mrs. Smart.

3. What does the man ask the woman to do?

A. Tidy up the back yard. B. Finish her homework. C. Clean the car.

4. Where is the woman probably?

A. At home. B. In a car. C. In a hospital.

5. What time will the man get to the bus station?

A. At 12: 00. B. At 12: 20. C. At 12: 35.

**第二节 (共15小题；每小题1. 5分，满分22. 5分)**

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Neighbors. B. Strangers. C. Brother and sister.

7. What will the man do for the woman?

A. Fix her window. B. Buy her a new cup. C. Walk her dog.

听第7段材料，回答第8至9题。

8. When did the speakers see the Scottish play?

B. Three years ago. C. Two years ago. A. One year ago.

9. When will the speakers go on holiday this year?

B. In spring. C. In summer. A. In winter.

听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。

10. Why is the man unable to get a dog?

A. His sister is frightened of dogs. B. His father gets ill around dogs. C. His mother thinks dogs are noisy.

11. What does the woman think of the cat?

A. He looks unfriendly. B. He looks unclean. C. He looks lovely.

12. What will the speakers do next?

A. Drink some water. B. Print a form. C. Talk to an assistant.

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. Their TV viewing habits. B. Their study methods. C. Their hobbies.

14. How long can the woman watch TV on Saturday?

A. One hour. B. Two hours. C. Three hours.

15. What does the man do when he is not studying?

A. He writes books. B. He does some sports. C. He plays the violin.

16. What does the man think of living without a TV?

A. It is surprising. B. It is boring. C. It is easy.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. What is the reason for ChatGPT to become popular?

A. It is free to use. B. It helps people learn quickly.

C. It answers people in a simple style.

18. When did ChatGPT come out?

A. In November 2022. B. In December 2022. C. In February 2023.

19. What has ChatGPT been used to do?

A. Find new sources. B. Write films. C. Build machines.

20. Why does ChatGPT need a large amount of data?

A. To create better tools. B. To know humans better. C. To replace its old system.

**第二部分 阅读 (共两节，满分50分)**

**第一节 (共15小题；每小题2. 5分，满分37. 5分)**

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

What limits you from hiking more often? Many complain that they don’t have a suitable partner to go with. Why not take a look at the great hiking clubs across Canada?

**•Yukon Outdoors Club**

Website: yukonoutdoorsclub. com

Membership cost: $10 for a single membership; $15 for a family membership

Description: The club arranges day hikes, backpacking trips, canoe trips, mountain biking, cross-country skiing trips, snowshoeing trips and various workshops for members to gain new skills and valuable information.

**•UBC Varsity Outdoor Club**

Website: ubc-voc. com

Membership cost: Students $40; non-UBC students $60

Description: The UBC Varsity Outdoor Club is a social group that hikes, mountaineers, rock climbs and ice climbs. Travel and outdoor-minded UBC students and non-students are welcome to join. The UBC VOC has also constructed a few backcountry cottages in the Coast Mountains.

**•Pender Harbor Hiking Group**

Website: penderharbourhiking. weebly. com

Membership cost: Free.

Description: The Pender Harbor Hiking Group offers hikes scheduled two months in advance, so get on the mailing list or check the website regularly to find a hike that’s right for you! Hikes are usually one and a half to two hours long, but some full-day hikes are scheduled, depending on members’ interest.

**•Vernon Outdoors Club**

Website: vernonoutdoorsclub. org

Membership cost: A single membership is $25, and students pay $10. Children are free.

Description: Boasting a membership of close to 200 people, the Vernon Outdoors Club is an active group that enjoys hiking and cycling. The group organizes a Tuesday Rambles event each week and also hosts multi-day trips.

21. Which club has built remote shelters for hikers?

A. The Yukon Outdoors Club. B. The UBC Varsity Outdoor Club.

C. The Pender Harbor Hiking Group. D. The Vernon Outdoors Club.

22. What should you do if you hope to hike with the Pender Harbour Hiking Group?

A. Make a proper appointment. B. Develop your interest in hiking.

C. Follow the website or the mail. D. Arrange two months ahead of time.

23. What do the four clubs have in common?

A. Providing skill workshops. B. Charging membership fee.

C. Booking in advance. D. Organizing hiking activities.

**B**

Zou Bin, 27, a building worker from Xinhua, Hunan province, was the first Chinese to be awarded first prize for his splendid bricklaying technique at the World Skills Competition in 2015.

Zou’s story of construction began in his early childhood when he played at a construction site where his parents made a living, reported CCTV. As he grew older, he assisted them with their work. “At first, I was just helping them move the bricks and mix mortar (砂浆). Later on, I started learning the skill,” Zou told China Daily.

From the moment he became a building worker, Zou set strict standards for himself to build every wall perfectly, brick by brick. According to Zou, the more walls workers build, the more money they will get. “But if I’m not satisfied with my work, I would push it over and redo it. My fellow workers would **rag** me that no matter how well I do, I wouldn’t get extra pay for that. But I wanted to set the bar high for myself,” said the 27-year-old to China Daily. This working philosophy is surely part of the factors that contributed to his present glory.

When preparing for the competition, he not only practiced for over ten hours during the day, but also learned to read different diagrams at night, determining to build the best wall with all he can. Even if his hands were full of blisters (水泡), he didn’t stop. Finally he got on the stage and won a medal at his first show, reported China Daily.

Although he was crowned as a world champion, Zou is quite humble in life. Calling himself an ordinary migrant worker, he said there are many more outstanding craftsmen out there. Zou is only one representative of the tens of thousands of construction workers who pursue excellence in their work.

24. What do we know about Zou?

A. He learned building skills from his parents. B. He was forced to work at a young age.

C. His parents encouraged him to be a bricklayer. D. He won a medal at an international competition.

25. What is paragraph 3 mainly about?

A. Zou’s career plan. B. Zou’s attitude toward his job.

C. Zou’s colleague’s opinions of him. D. Zou’s effort toward the competition.

26. What does the underlined word “rag” mean?

A. Congratulate C. Show gratitude to B. Laugh at D. Follow

27. Which of the following best describes Zou?

A. Creative and strict. B. Hardworking and humorous.

C. Determined and modest. D. Social and ambitious.

**C**

Used electronics are piing up fast: they are filling up landfills with dangerous pieces of waste. Some e-waste is relatively large, such as air conditioners; other e-waste is more unnoticed, such as smart labels that contain disposable batteries and other equipment.

“It’s these small batteries that are big problems,” says University of California, Irvine, public health scientist Dele Ogunseitan, who is a green technology researcher and adviser for major tech companies and was not involved in developing the battery. “Nobody really pays attention to where they end up.” Researchers at the Cellulose & Wood Materials Laboratory at the Swiss Federal Laboratories for Materials Science and Technology are working to address this problem. Their new paper describes a water-activated paper battery developed from environmentally friendly materials that could eventually present a sustainable alternative to the more harmful batteries common in low-power devices.

The paper battery has the same key components as standard batteries but packages them differently. Like a typical chemical battery, it has a positively charged side and a negatively charged side. A traditional battery’s components are covered in plastic and metal; in the new battery, however, the positively and negatively charged sides are inks printed onto the front and back of a piece of paper. That paper is filled with salt, which dissolves (溶解) when the paper becomes wet. When the paper is dry, the battery is shelf-stable. Once the paper is wet, the battery starts working within 20 seconds. The new battery’s operating performance declines as the paper dries. When the scientists rewet the paper during testing, the battery regained function and lasted an hour before beginning to dry out again.

That future may not be so far off. It is hard to predict a time line for manufacturing such items at scale, but the head of the study says he is in contact with potential industry partners and believes these batteries could make their way into products within the next two to five years.

28. Why is e-waste mentioned in paragraph 1?

A. To introduce the topic. B. To give people warning.

C. To show the seriousness of it. D. To call on people to take action.

29. What is Dele’s attitude towards e-waste?

A. Objective. C. Indifferent. B. Carefree. D. Concerned.

30. What does paragraph 3 mainly talk about?

A. The difference between the paper battery and the traditional battery.

B. The working principle of the paper battery.

C. The problem of the paper battery.

D. The advantage of the paper battery.

31. What is the most suitable title for the text?

A. Paper battery: Is it far off?

B. Paper can work wonders.

C. Paper battery: A creative way to reduce e-waste.

D. Let’s work together to fight e-waste.

**D**

Scientists once thought bigger brains made smarter animals. But birds fly in the face of that logic: with a brain smaller than a walnut, they can develop complicated tools and remember where they hid food. Now research published in Current Biology suggests birds can pull this off because their brain neurons (神经元) use less energy than those of mammals (哺乳动物), letting their bodies support a higher proportion of these cells.

A 2016 study showed that bird brains are denser (密度大的) than those of many other animals. For example, a parrot’s 20-gram brain holds as many neurons as a squirrel monkey’s 30-gram brain.

In the new research, when compared against the neuronal energy budget of mice, humans and other mammals, a pigeon neuron used three times less energy than the average animal’s neuron-a “really surprising” result, says the bird scientist Kaya von Eugen of Ruhr University Bochum in Germany. Although bird neurons are likely smaller than a typical mammal’s, she adds, the difference in energy use “is so big that this cannot be the only explanation. “Perhaps, she suggests, bird brains are organized so that neurons can more easily exchange signals, or maybe birds’ warmer body temperatures let neurons function faster. The author guesses that complex mental needs such as song and flight could have pushed the evolution of more efficient brain cells.

The finding is “pretty remarkable,” says Vanderbilt University scientist Suzana Herculano-Houzel, who worked on the 2016 study but was not involved in the new research. Based on the density difference between mammal and bird brains, she says, the energy difference is “exactly the math you’d expect.” Birds may have evolved this feature simply to work with their limited energy supply, rather than to consider advanced processing needs.

32. What does “pull this off’ underlined in paragraph 1 probably mean?

A. Stop flying whenever they want. B. Have brains smaller than walnuts.

C. Recall the hiding place of food. D. Develop bigger brains.

33. How is the new research conducted?

A. By comparing energy consumption of different species.

B. By referring to the previous research result.

C. By asking different scientists’ opinions.

D. By studying diagrams and numbers.

34. What does Kaya von Eugen find surprising?

A. Bird brains exchange signals more easily.

B. Neurons function faster in birds’ warm body.

C. Birds have more efficient brain cells.

D. Pigeons use much less energy than average.

35. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

A. Birds eat less to become smarter.

B. Bird brains are becoming bigger than before.

C. Birds become smarter due to the insufficient food supply.

D. Birds become smarter to consider how to process food.

**第二节 (共5小题；每小题2. 5分，满分12. 5分)**

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余选项。

Sometimes we get along. 36 But most of the time, we love our brothers and sisters. And research shows that the sibling (兄弟姐妹) bond is about more than family dinners. Growing up with a brother or sister may actually have an impact on our mental and physical health, not to mention it can shape who we become later in life. Here are some of the many benefits of siblings.

They make us happier. For many, that sibling bond means a lifetime of emotional support. That’s why a tight relationship with your siblings can bring happiness later in life. 37 So bonding with our brothers and sisters isn’t only important as we grow and mature, but may also bring major benefits later in life.

Siblings keep us physically fit. 38Many people believe that friends and family have the largest impact on how healthy our lifestyle is. And staying fit together may help grow that sibling bond. Nearly one-third of people with healthy habits distance themselves from those with less healthy ones.

39 Not only can siblings boost mental health and physical fitness, but strong social ties may help you live longer, according to research published in the journal PLOS Medicine. On average, those with poor social connections died about 7. 5 years earlier than those with solid bonds. This may be because caring about our friends and family inspires us to take better care of ourselves. 40

No matter the reason, keeping that strong connection with our siblings could help us live a longer, happier and healthier life.

A. They could help you live longer.

B. Other times they drive us crazy.

C. Our siblings’ health is often similar to our own.

D. Research shows that older people with living siblings are more positive.

E. Siblings make perfect childhood friends, as they share the same environment.

F. Research shows that our siblings can help us stay active.

G. Or it may be because we turn to loved ones for support when we’re sick or stressed.

**第三部分 语言运用 (共两节，满分30分)**

**第一节 (共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I remember the day during our first week of class when we were informed about our semester project of volunteering at a non-profit organization. When the teacher 41 us to the different organizations that needed our help, my last choice was Operation Iraqi Children (OIC). My first 42 of the organization was that it was not going to make enough of a difference with the plans I had in mind.

Then, an OIC representative gave us some details, which somewhat 43 me. After doing some research, I believed that we could really do something for those kids. When I went online to the OIC website, I saw pictures of the Iraqi children. Their faces were so powerful in 44 a message of their despair and need that I joined this project without 45 . We decided to 46 as many school supplies as possible, and make them into kits -one kit, one child.

The most 47 day for our group was project day, when all the efforts we put into collecting the items finally came together. When I saw the various supplies we had collected, it 48 me that every kit we were to build that day would 49 be in the hands of an Iraqi child. Over the past four months, I had never 50 how I would feel once our project was completed. While making the kits, I realized that I had lost sight of the true 51 behind it. I had only 52 the fact that it was another school project and one I wanted to get a good grade on. When the kits were completed, and ready to be sent overseas, the warm feeling I had was one I would never 53 .

In the beginning, I dared myself to make a 54 in the life of another person. Now that our project is over, I realize that I have affected not only one life, but ten. With our 55 , ten young boys and girls will now be able to further their education.

41. A. taught B. forced C. introduced D. conducted

42. A. impression B. expression C. comparison D. explanation

43. A. embarrassed B. instructed C. promoted D. interested

44. A. sending B. sharing C. submitting D. motivating

45. A. negotiation B. hesitation C. doubt D. curiosity

46. A. collect B. purchase C. reserve D. combine

47. A. promising B. rewarding C. identifying D. refreshing

48. A. affected B. inspired C. hit D. drove

49. A. accidentally B. purposely C. significantly D. eventually

50. A. imagined B. considered C. believed D. checked

51. A. feeling B. meaning C. willing D. suffering

52. A. cared for B. objected to C. focused on D. dealt with

53. A. fail B. forget C. interrupt D. escape

54. A. fortune B. mistake C. suggestion D. difference

55. A. construction B. enthusiasm C. generosity D. efforts

**第二节 (共10小题；每小题1. 5分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

**A journey enriched with cuisine and culture**

As reported by China Tourism News, the combination of culture and tourism has inspired several cities in China to explore their cooking heritage while transforming food tours into cultural experiences.

Recently the sharp increase in popularity of Zibo barbecue is a clear proof to this effort. Zibo, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(56) (locate) in East China’s Shandong province, was not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (57) (wide) known as a tourist destination. However, over the past three months, the industrial. city’s delicious barbecue \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (58) (gain) large popularity and attracted a massive arrival of visitors who have turned it into a tourist hot spot.

“I never expected Zibo barbecue \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (59) (become) so popular all of a sudden!” said Zhang Linlin, deputy director of the business management department at Shandong College of Tourism and Hospitality. “With the recent much publicity, many of my young colleagues have rushed to try \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (60) out. They all praised its great taste and reasonable price. “

Zhang is researching the Zibo barbecue craze to identify sustainable strategies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (61) can promote youth tourism and support the recovery of the tourism industry.

China boasts a diverse range of cuisine, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (62) (region) throughout the country have been actively exploring the potential of food as a catalyst (催化剂) for tourism growth.

Food plays a vital role in driving tourism spending and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (63) (win) a traveler’s heart. Wu Liyun, an associate professor at the China Academy of Culture and Tourism of Beijing International Studies University, illustrated this point by reflecting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (64) her own experience: “The attractive skewers (烤肉串) of Dujiangyan, the tasty Yimeng stir-fried chicken of Linyi and the pleasant grilled oysters (蚝) of Guangzhou were not only among the most memorable and important components of my plans, but they were the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (65) (great) motivators for me to return,” Wu said.

**第四部分 写作 (共两节，满分40分)**

**第一节 (满分15分)**

假如你是李华，作为交换生在爱尔兰学校学习。你校将举办中国文化演出活动，请你给活动负责人Mr. Brown写一封邮件，申请当主持人。

内容包括：

1．写信目的；

2．你的优势；

3．期待答复。

注意：

1．写作词数应为80左右；

2．请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Mr. Brown,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Li Hua

**第二节 (满分25分)**

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

注意：1．续写词数应为150左右；

2．请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Luz felt anxious as she walked to the front of the classroom. She and her best friend Lavonne had asked their science teacher, Ms. Ohanian, if she could speak to the class before it started. Ms. Ohanian had agreed to set aside a few minutes for her.

“Listen up, class,” Ms. Ohanian announced, “Luz wants to share something with us. “

Actually, Luz was shy and didn’t want to talk about her difficulties using the school bathrooms. But her deskmate Lavonne encouraged her to speak out about it. Luz was very nervous, so she took a deep breath.

“Hi, everyone,” she began, “you know me from class, but you don’t all know my whole story. I was in a car accident in the fourth grade, and as a result, my left arm doesn’t really move anymore. “

Luz saw the whole class look at her arm. She hated feeling different from everyone else. She was painful, but she continued.

“It’s hard for me to use the school bathrooms. The door is really heavy and only opens with a knob. My doctor told me that moving a knob can cause damage to my wrist, and advised me to look for rooms with handles-but there aren’t any bathroom doors like that in our school. Plus，the soap dispensers (皂液瓶) in our bathrooms are the kind you need two moving hands for. So, “she said, “after school on Thursday, Lavonne and I are going to sit in the headmaster’s office to ask for new doors, handles, and soap dispensers. We’d like you to

join us. Um. . . thank you. “

“Well, can’t you just ask for help when you use the bathroom?” a girl asked.

Luz didn’t know what to say. She looked to Lavonne, silently asking her for help.

“Do you want to ask for help every time you wash your hands?” Lavonne asked. “The bathroom should be something everyone can use, without needing help for things people can usually do. “

As Luz sat down, a few kids applauded. She felt relieved, and smiled when classmates called out “Good job!” But she was still worried that nobody would show up for her on Thursday.

When Luz and Lavonne arrived at the headmaster’s office on Thursday afternoon, they were surprised.

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Luz’s face was red from smiling when the headteacher arrived. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**武汉市重点中学5G联合体2022-2023学年度下学期期末考试**

**高二 英语试卷 参考答案**

**第一部分听力**

1-5 CBACB 6-10 ACBAB 11-15 ACABC 16-20 CCABB

**第二部分 阅读**

第一节

A: BCD B: DBBC C: ADBC D: CADC

第二节 七选五

BDFAG

**第三部分 知识运用**

第一节 完形填空

41-45 CADAB 46-50 ABCDA 51-55 BCBDD

第二节 阅读填词.

56. located 57. widely 58. has gained 59. to become/have become 60. it

61. that/which 62. regions 63. winning 64. on/upon 65. greatest

**第四部分 写作：**

第一节 应用文 (题目选自英语周报—作文范文自己编写)

Dear Mr. Brown,

My name is Li Hua, an exchange student from China. I’m writing with utter sincerity to apply to be the host of the cross-cultural performance to be held by our school.

Not only have I acquired a good command of English, but also I have hosted many performances concerning culture. Therefore, when the performance features Chinese culture, I can help better introduce it to the audience, which will help them gain a glimpse of China. I have the full confidence that my experience and knowledge will ensure my qualification for this position.

I would greatly appreciate it if you could take my application into account. Exceedingly anticipate your prompt reply at your earliest convenience. (117)

Yours

Li Hua

第二节 读后续写 (题目选自英语周报-————作文范文自己编写)

*When Luz and Lavonne arrived at the headmaster’s office on Thursday afternoon, they were surprised.* Just about every classmates was standing in the office and some even brought friends! They held signs that said things like “Bathrooms Access Now” or pictures of single-hand push soap dispensers and doors with handle. The office was so full that some of Luz’s supporters ended up standing in the hallway. It was quite a change from Wednesday, when she felt nervous and alone before sharing her story. At the sight of this, Luz’s face brightened up with gratitude！ Feeling encouraged and confident, Luz nodded her head determinedly and said to her classmates: “I’m really glad you are all here for me! Thank you all! Now I’m no longer lonely and afraid to speak up for myself! “

*Luz’s face was red from smiling when the headteacher arrived.* He looked around and asked in puzzlement, “What’s all this?” Though feeling nervous, she felt so good with her classmates’ support. She looked at the headmaster and said firmly, “I’m Luz, and I’m here to talk about bathroom accessibility.” Then she told the headmaster her sad story and her appeals. The headteachers nodded now and then as he listened. Finally, he made a call and arranged for workers to solve the problems for the benefit of students like Luz in a day or two. As Luz and Lavonne walked out of the office, they were grinning ear to ear. They felt so excited, and so did all the other students.

**听力部分**

**改编自《2023届江苏省决胜新高考高三年级5月份大联考英语试题》**

**阅读部分部分详解：**

**A篇**

应用文：介绍选择合适的户外活动俱乐部结伴远足的信息。

B. 细节理解题。从第三段最后一句 “The UBC VOC has also constructed a few backcountry cottages in the Coast Mountains. “得出答案为B。

C. 细节理解题。从四段 “The Pender Harbor Hiking Group offers hikes scheduled two months in advance, so get on the mailing list or check the website regularly to find a hike that’s right for you! “可以得出答案为 C.

D. 推理判断题。从四个户外俱乐部提供的活动中可以归纳推理出D项符合。

《改编自2023年高三下学期5月三校联考高三英语试卷》

**B篇**

记叙文：介绍一名叫Zou Bin的普通工人在平凡的刷墙工作中实现梦想，超越自我并获得国际大奖的励志故事。  
24. D. 细节理解题。首段第一句 “was the first Chinese to be awarded first prize. . . at the World Skills

Competition in 2015”中 to be awarded first prize对应won a medal, World Skill Competition 对应international competition。所以得出答案为D。  
25. B. 主旨大意题。从第三段第一句 “set strict standards”, 以及Zou Bin说的话中的两个 “but— “not satisfied with my work, set the bar high” 可以看出他对自己工作的积极态度和严格要求。  
26. B. 词义猜测题。从第三段第二句可以知道工人的报酬是由他们所建造的墙的数量决定的，所以在Zou Bin说当他不满意自己的工作，他会推倒重做时，可以推理出他的工友 (fellow workers) 会”嘲笑”— “laugh at”他。所以选择B选项。  
27. C. 推理判断题。从文章第三段以及第四段中的描述，尤其是第四段中 “not only practiced for over ten hours during the day. . . determining to build the best wall. . . even if his hands were full of blisters, he didn’t stop”可以看出Zou Bin 是determined (坚定的) ，从最后一段的第一句 “Although he was crowned as a world champion, Zou is quite humble in life” 可以看出他是modest (谦虚的) 。综上选择C选项。

《选编于21st Century (Teens Senior 1) 2023年1月寒假版A11 标题：Building high standards>--语境：人与自我。》

**C篇**

说明文：针对电子垃圾越来越多的现象，提出纸电池的概念，以及纸电池在减少电子垃圾方面的作用。

28. A. 推理判断题。首段提出电子垃圾是为了引入后文话题：纸电池。

29. D. 观点态度题。从第二段Dele所说的话 “It’s these small batteries that are big problems. “以及 “Nobody really pays attention to where they end up. “可以看出，他对电子垃圾是很担忧的态度。

30. B主旨大意题。第三段提到了纸电池和传统电池相似的地方，均有正负极，主要描述了纸电池的工作原理。

31. C主旨大意题。结合全文了解到，本篇文章讲述了纸电池在减少电子垃圾方面可发挥积极作用。选项A不全面，仅涉及到最后一段的部分内容；选项B主语有问题，纸能创造奇迹，而本篇文章是讲纸电池。选项D号召人们抵御电子垃圾，与本文主旨不相符。

《文章改编-选自于Scientific American 2022年11期P26 Tech 栏目Paper battery. >-人与社会。》

**D篇**

说明文。最新研究表明，鸟类由于食物摄入不足，导致它们变得更聪明，这推翻了以前科学家认为的脑容量与智慧成正比的观点。

32. C. 词义猜测题。通过第一段划线部分所处的句子上文they can develop complicated tools and remember where they hid food可看出，下文中birds can pull this off，应该指代前文中can 后面所述内容。选项C “recall the hiding place of food”与前文相符。

33. A. 细节理解题。从第三段in the new research, when compared against the neuronal energy budget of mice, humans and other mammals, a pigeon neuron neuron. . . 可看出，新的研究比较了不同物种对于能量的消耗的不同，选项A与之相符。

34. D. 细节理解题。第三段Kaya von Eugen认为新研究的结果a pigeon neuron used three times less energy than the average animal’s neuron—a “really surprising” result，后面继续提到the difference in energy use is so big that. . . 可以看出选项D为正确选项。

35. C. 推理判断题。最后一段最后一句Birds may have evolved this feature simply to work with their limited energy supply, rather than to consider advanced processing needs. this feature 代指前文出现的最新研究结果：鸟类变得更聪明，这是由于食物有限limited energy supply造成的，与选项C符合。

《D篇改编--选自于Scientific American 2022年12期P18 Neuro Science 栏目 文章名：Food for thought>--人与自然。》

**第二节 七选五：**

夹叙夹议文： 介绍了兄弟姐妹关系的好坏对彼此的身体健康和生活方式的影响。

**(36-40 BDFAG)**

36. B. 根据后文 “But most of time, we love our brothers and sisters”可知，这里前后文为转折关系。B选

项”有时侯他们让人抓狂”后文形成转折，同时可照应前文 “有时我们相处得很好” ，故答案为B。  
37. D. 这部分主要论述兄弟姐妹可以带来情感上的支持。根据后文So bonding with our brothers and sisters

. . . but may also bring major benefits later in life” 可知，兄弟姐妹会在之后的生活中持续产生有益影响，D选项”研究发现在老年时仍然有兄弟姐妹的人更加乐观”与本段主题 “emotional support”、 “bring major benefits later in life”, 故答案 D.

38. F. 这部分主要论述兄弟姐妹对我们身体健康和生活方式具有积极的影响。F选项 “研究表明兄弟姐

妹可以使我们保持活力”与本段主题相关。故答案为F。

39. A. 根据后文”. . . but strong social ties may help you live longer”可知，兄弟姐妹对我们的寿

命也会产生积极的影响。A选项符合本段主题。  
40. G. 根据前文”This may be because caring about our friends and family inspires us to take better care of

ourselves. “可知，这里解释了兄弟姐妹可以使我们寿命更长的原因，G选项”或许是因为当我们生病或有压力时，可以向所爱的人寻求支持和帮助”承接上文解释原因，符合文意，故答案为G。

《选自于21st Century (Teens Senior1) 2023年1月寒假版A15--语境：人与社会。》

**第三部分 语言运用**

**第一节 完形填空**

**语篇类型：记叙文**

主题语境：人与社会——志愿服务——伊拉克儿童行动组织志愿者

文章大意：在网站上看到伊拉克儿童的面孔后，作者感受到了他们的绝望和需求。于是，作者和其他志愿者决定为伊拉克儿童尽可能多地收集学习用品，使得十名伊拉克儿童得以继续接受教育。

41. C. “当老师把不同的组织机构介绍给我们的时候，我的选择是OIC。” A教，教学；B强迫；C主持，主导；都不符合题意。

42. A. “我对这个组织的第一印象是它不会对我心目中的计划产生足够的影响。” A印象； B. 表达； C. 比较； D. 解释；B、C、D均不符合题意。

43. D “OIC的代表给了我们一些详细的介绍，这也从某种程度上让我非常感兴趣。” 后面一句话说到we could really do something也可以暗示interest比较合适。只有感兴趣才会想去做。

44. A. “他们的脸如此有力地传达了他们的绝望和需要，以至于我毫不犹豫地加入了这个项目。” B 分享；C 服从；D激励；不符合题意。

45. B. “毫不犹豫地加入了这个项目”，A 商讨；讨论。作者参加这个项目，不存在和谁商讨的问题；C怀疑，这个项目也不需要存在什么怀疑的问题；D好奇；均不符合题意。

46. A. 下一段第一和第二句都用到了collect, 原词复现。

47. B. 后面提到所有的努力都得到了最终的回报，所以这一天是最有”回报”的一天 (rewarding) 。A有前途的；C识别的，确认的；D新鲜的。

48. C. 固定句子结构：it hit sb that…

49. D. “每一个我们所制作的盒子最终都会送到伊拉克孩子的手中。” A意外地，偶然地；B故意地；C有意义地。ABC均不符合题意。

50. A. “在过去的四个月里，我从来没有想过我们的计划最终完成是什么样的感受”。B考虑 (to think about sth carefully, especially in order to make a decision) ；B认为，相信；D检查。均不符合题意。

51. B. “当我在做这些箱子的时候，我意识到，我忽视了隐藏在他背后的真正含义。” 文章讨论的是做这件事的意义，和A情感；C意愿；D遭遇都无关。

52. C. “我关注到这个事实…” ，A喜欢；B反对；D处理。均不符合题意。

53. B. “当箱子做完，准备送到海外，这种温暖的感觉是我从来不会忘记的。” A失败；C打扰，搅乱；D逃跑。

54. D. “一开始，我鼓励自己去改变别人的生活”，文章第一段最后一句也提示，固定短语make a

difference。

55. D. “在我们的努力下…”。A建设；B热情；C慷慨，均不符合题意。

《改编自2021年北京卷B篇阅读》

**第二节 填词：**

新闻报道：在中国后疫情时期，文化和旅游的结合，特别是饮食文化，积极有力地促进了国内旅游业的恢复和发展。

56. located. 考查v-ed作后置定语用法。

57. widely. 考查词性转换。

58. has gained. 谓语时态语态考查。

59. to become /have become考查不定式作结果状语。

60. it. 通过上下文考查代词。

61. that/which. 考查定语从句关系代词的用法。

62. regions. 考查名词变复数。

63. winning 考查v-ing用作介词宾语的用法。

64. on. (reflect on. ) 介词考查。

65. greatest. 考查形容词的最高级。

**改编自《China Daily》中的新闻报道。**

听力原文

**Text 1**

M: I’m going to the café across the street. Need anything?

W: Yes. Can you get me a large black coffee please? I have to write two articles this afternoon, so

I need it to keep me focused and awake.

M: Sure. I’ll get you a chocolate cake too.

**Text 2**

M: Is that woman in the yellow dress Miss Cake, our new English teacher?

W: No. That is Bob Smith’s mom. She is meeting with Mrs. Smart to discuss Bob’s recent

behavior.

M: Yes. He fell asleep in class yesterday.

**Text 3**

M: Mary, can you tidy up all your toys from the back yard before your mom gets home?

W: Sure thing, Dad. I’m just finishing my homework.

M: OK. I’ll be outside cleaning the car if you need me.

**Text 4**

M: Hey, Lisa. Have you seen the doctor yet?

W: Yes. He thought my leg was broken and suggested that I should take an X-ray. I might need to

stay at home for a long time.

M: OK. Text me when you’re finished and I’ll come to pick you up.

**Text 5**

M: I’m on the train to Central Station. It gets in at 12: 00. That gives me 20 minutes to get to the

bus station.

W: OK. I’ll wait for you at Gate 35 when you get here. It’s the bus to Aberdeen.

M: Great. See you soon.

**Text 6**

M: Mrs. Black, I want to apologize. I accidently kicked my ball into your garden and I think I

heard a window break.

W: It wasn’t a window. It was just a cup I had left outside.

M: Well, anyway, I’m sorry. I’d like to buy a new one for you.

W: There’s no need, Kevin. It was an old cup.

M: But my sister says we should always pay for our mistakes.

W: Your sister is very wise. If you want to make it up to me, you could walk my dog.

M: OK.

W: Great.

**Text 7**

M: This is exciting. I can’t remember the last time we were at the theater.

W: It was three years ago. We came to see the Scottish play.

M: You’re right, and we went to Scotland the following year.

W: Yes, and we stayed in a really nice hotel with the mountain views.

M: We should go back there this year.

W: Definitely. Maybe we should go in winter instead of summer.

M: That’s a great idea. Because the landscape will look beautiful covered in snow.

W: We’ll look at our holiday plan when we get home. The show is about to begin.

**Text 8**

M: Oh, look at the little dog. He’s cute. Can we take him home, Mom?

W: I’m afraid we can’t. Your father can’t be around dogs. Their hair makes him ill.

M: What about this cat instead?

W: He doesn’t look very friendly.

M: He just needs a loving home to come to.

W: OK. But you need to look after him.

M: What will I need to do?

W: You’ll need to brush him and clean his toilet box. You will also need to feed him and make

sure he’s drinking enough water.

M: OK. I can do that.

W: OK. Let’s go speak to the adoption assistant and fill out the form.

**Text 9**

M: How often are you allowed to watch TV, Sylvia?

W: I’m allowed to watch one hour of TV every day, as long as I have finished my homework.

M: What about at the weekend?

W: At the weekend, I can watch two hours each day.

M: Wow, that’s a lot. I’m not allowed to watch TV at all.

W: Really? So you don’t watch movies or sports?

M: No, I only see sports if I am at the event.

W: That is a shame. Some TV shows can be both entertaining and educational. Why don’t your

parents let you watch TV?

M: They say it is bad for my eyes. If I am not studying, I am practicing the violin.

W: I honestly don’t know how you get by without watching TV. I would be bored out of my mind.

M: I think you’d be surprised how easy it is to live without one. You would read more books.

W: I guess that’s true.

**Text 10**

Recently, an AI powered chatbot called ChatGPT has drawn lots of attention. It becomes popular

because it is able to understand human language and respond in a simple style. It can answer

questions, take part in discussions, and even provide helpful suggestions. Since it came out on

November 30th, 2022, ChatGPT has been used to write books, essays and films. It has also been

able to write computer code for websites. ChatGPT was created to help people better communicate with machines and to make it easier to get information quickly. ChatGPT works by taking in large amounts of text data from a variety of sources. This allows the system to learn how language works and how to understand humans better than any other AI system. It can create suitable responses based on a person’s needs. All in all, ChatGPT is a powerful tool that will make it easier for people to communicate with machines and robots.