

高考3500单词巧学巧记和精讲精练 -17



*Keep up the
Work*

——顺序法记单词 3-4

顺序法记单词-3

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高考词汇精讲

ikoma wypowiedź gramatyczna, tzw. gwarancja gramatyczna, jest zawsze prawdziwa.

d) Jeżeli podmiot wklęsłygramatyczny, to następujące zasady są możliwe:

- jeśli składnikami podmiotu wklęsłygramatycznego są liczby pojedyncze lub mnoga, to przekazać w zdaniu:
- A z B + orzeczenie w liczbie mnoga;
- Ojciec z synem, gdy dzień pracował w domu;
- A z B + orzeczenie w liczbie pojedynczej;
- Ojciec z synem, gdy dzień pracował na placu;
- B względem A;
- jeśli składnikami podmiotu są wyrazy skasujące (zwierzęta), to orzeczenie może przyjąć formę "Pani z psem", "Szafa z lózkiem" itp., ale nie "Szafa z lózkiem stanowiła się przed wytwarzaniem, kiedy wystawała";
- jeżeli oboma składnikami podmiotu są wyrazy skasujące, to orzeczenie ma zwykle formę liczby mnoga;
- Szafa z lózkiem stanowiły jedynie wyposażenie pokój kuchenny, lecz orzeczenie w liczbie pojedynczej nie jest wykluczone;
- A za ze szczeniątami leżała pod stołem.

continent ~ conventional

continent

/'kɒntɪnənt/

n.大陆

[例] travel throughout the African continent

controversial

/,kɒntrə'vezʃl/

adj.有争议的

[记] contro + vers + ial 控制 + 转动 →
两边转 → 有争议的

conventional

/kən'venʃənl/

adj.普通的，常规的

[记] con + vent + ional 共同 + 走 + 的 →
常规的

convey ~ anniversary

convey

/kən'veɪ/

vt.运送，传送

[记] con + vey共同 + 路 → 运送

[例] convey our good wishes

convince

/kən'veɪns/

vt.使信服

[例] attempt to convince the leaders

corporation

/kɔ:pə'reɪʃən/

n.(大)公司

[记] corpor + ation集体 + 后缀 → 公司

[例] a software corporation

cosy ~ ancestor

**cosy
(cozy)**

/'kəʊzɪ/

*adj.*舒适的

[例] build a cosy nest

credit

/'kredɪt/

*n.*信用

[例] use a credit card

cough

/kɒf/

*vi./n.*咳嗽

[例] cough for a couple of days

course ~ criterion

course

/kɔ:s/

n.课程

[记] 谐音“课时”→课程

[例] a compulsory course and three optional courses

crash

/kræʃ/

n./v.撞毁

[例] a report on an air crash

criterion

/kraɪ'tɪəriən/

n.标准(复数: criteria)

[例] set a specific criterion for the test

cuisine ~ cushion

cuisine

/kwi'zi:n/

n.烹调术；菜

[记] 谐音“馈赠”→赠送菜→菜

[例] learn Chinese cuisine

currency

/'kʌrənsi/

n.货币

[记] curr+ency流+东西→流通的东西
→货币

[例] the euro as currency unit

cushion

/'kuʃən/

n.软垫

[记] 谐音“裤陷”→坐软垫裤就陷进去
→软垫

[例] sit on a cushion on the floor

debate ~ deliberately

debate

/dɪ'beɪt/

n./v.(正式)讨论

[记] de+bate加强+敲打→推敲→讨论

[例] a heated debate [同]discuss

declare

/dɪ'kleə/

vt.声明，宣告

[记] de+clare加强+清楚→声明

[例] declare independence

deliberately

/dɪ'lɪbərətlɪ/

adv.故意地

[记] de+liberate+ly加强+解放+地
→有目的地

[例] let him go deliberately

delicate ~ desperate

delicate

/'delɪkət/

adj. 易破碎的；易病的

[例] a delicate piece of glass

deliver

/dɪ'lɪvə/

vt. 递送(货物)

[记] de + liver 离开 + 提高 → 送上去 → 递送

[例] deliver a parcel

desperate

/'despərət/

adj. 绝望的；不顾一切的

[记] de + sper + ate 离开 + 希望 + 的

[例] be desperate about sth

destination ~ diamond

destination

/'destɪ'neɪʃən/

n. 目的地

determine

/dɪ'tɜ:mɪn/

vt. 决定

diamond

/'daɪəmənd/

n. 钻石

[记]

destin(y) + ation 命运 + 后缀 → 归宿 →
目的地

[例]

reach a destination

[记]

de + termine 加强 + 界线 → 决断 → 决定

[例]

determine one's character

[记]

dia + mond 穿过 + 看作 “山” mount
→ 从山里挖 “钻石”



dignity ~ dimension

dignity

/'dɪgnəti/

n.尊严

[记] dign+ity尊贵+名词后缀→尊严

[例] ignore others' dignity

dilemma

/dɪ'lɛmə/

n.困境，进退两难

[记] 二+争论→两面都有争论→进退两难

[例] be in a dilemma

dimension

/daɪ'menʃən/

n.尺寸，维度

[记] di+mens+ion二+测量→尺寸

[例] cartoons of three dimensions

discrimination ~ document

discrimination

/dɪ'skrɪmɪ'nейʃən/

n.歧视

[记] dis+crimin+ation 分开+辨别→歧视

[例] racial discrimination

dizzy

/'dizi/

adj.头昏眼花的

[例] feel somewhat dizzy in front of flashlights

document

/'dɒkjʊmənt/

n.文件

[记] doc+u+ment 教+容器+后缀→包含指教别人的东西→文件

double ~ drug

double

/dʌbl/

adj. 双倍的

[例] book a double room 7 days in advance

draft

/dra:fɪt/

n. 草稿 v. 起草

[例] draft an important document

drug

/drʌg/

n. 药；毒品

[例] criticize drug abuse

dynamic ~ embarrass

dynamic

/dai'næmɪk/

adj.有活力的

[记] dynam+ic威力+的→有活力的

[例] the most dynamic students

dynasty

/'daɪnəsti/

n.王朝，朝代

[记] dyn+asty威力+人→统治者→王朝

[例] during the Tang dynasty

embarrass

/ɪm'bærəs/

vt.使难堪

[记] em+barr+ass拿+棍+屁股→棍打屁股→使难堪

[例] embarrass sb

emperor ~ entertainment

emperor

/'empərə/

n.皇帝

[记] emper+or命令+者→皇帝

[例] a cruel emperor

enterprise

'entəprais/

n.企业

[记] enter+prise进入+拿→进去拿利润
→企业

[例] assist small enterprises

entertainment

/ˌentə'teinmənt/

n.娱乐

[记] entertain+ment娱乐+后缀

[例] colorful entertainment activities



enthusiastic ~ error

enthusiastic

/ɪn,θju:zɪ'æstɪk/

adj.热情的

[记] **enthusias+tic**热情+的

[例] **be enthusiastic about sports**

environment

/ɪn'veɪrənmənt/

n.环境

[记] **environ+ment**包围+后缀→周围的地方→环境

error

/'erə/

n.错误

[记] **err+or**犯错+后缀→错误

[例] **correct spelling errors [同]mistake**

essay ~ revolution

essay

/'eseɪ/

n.文章，小品文

[记] es+say加强+说→表达出来→文章

[例] publish a critical essay

evolution

/i:və'lju:ʃən/

n.进化

[记] e+vol+ution出+转动+后缀→螺旋形转动→进化

[例] a long evolution

revolution

/rə've'lju:ʃən/

n.革命

[记] r+evolution后+进化→操纵进化

[例] the industrial revolution

excuse ~ fault

excuse

/ɪk'skjus/

n.借口

[记] ex+cuse出+原因→借口

[例] find an excuse for one's absence

experience

/ɪk'spiərɪəns/

n.经验 vt.经历

[记] ex+peri+ence出+周围→去周围看
→经历

fault

/fɔ:l t/

n.过错

[例] punish a serious fault

feast ~ festival

feast

/fi:st/

n.宴席

[例] get drunk at a grand feast

federal

'fedərəl/

adj.联邦的

[例] the federal government of the United States

ferry

'ferɪ/

n.渡船； 渡口

[记] fer+ry运+东西→渡船

[例] cross a river by ferry

festival

'festɪvl/

n.节日

[记] fest+ival庆祝+日子→节日

[例] celebrate Spring Festival

高考词汇精练



I. 根据提示写出单词的正确形式

1. continent n.大陆

2. convey vt.运送, 传送

3. convince vt.使信服

4. course n.课程

5. debate n./v.(正式)讨论

6. declare vt.声明, 宣告

7. deliberately adv.故意地

8. deliver vt.递送(货物)

9. desperate adj.绝望的, 不顾一切的

10. destination n.目的地

11. determine vt.决定

12. dilemma n.困境, 进退两难

13. double adj.双倍的

14. embarrass vt.使难堪

15. enthusiastic adj.热情的

16. environment n.环境

17. excuse n.借口

18. experience n.经验 vt.经历

19. fault n.过错



II. 写出单词的正确含义

1. controversial *adj.* 有争议的

2. conventional *adj.* 普通的，常规的

3. corporation *n.* (大)公司

4. cosy(cozy) *adj.* 舒适的

5. credit *n.* 信用

6. cough *vi./n.* 咳嗽

7. crash *n./v.* 撞毁

8. criterion *n.* 标准

9. cuisine *n.* 烹调术；菜

10. currency *n.* 货币

11. cushion *n.* 软垫

12. delicate *adj.* 易破碎的；易病的

13. diamond *n.* 钻石

14. dignity *n.* 尊严

15. dimension *n.* 尺寸，维度

16. discrimination *n.* 歧视

II. 写出单词的正确含义

17. dizzy *adj.* 头昏眼花的
18. document *n.* 文件
19. draft *n./v.* 草稿；起草
20. dynamic *adj.* 有活力的
21. dynasty *n.* 王朝，朝代
22. ferry *n.* 渡船；渡口
23. festival *n.* 节日
24. enterprise *n.* 企业

25. entertainment *n.* 娱乐
26. error *n.* 错误
27. essay *n.* 文章，小品文
28. evolution *n.* 进化
29. revolution *n.* 革命
30. feast *n.* 宴席
31. federal *adj.* 联邦的



III. 单词活用

1. Years of school life have taught me a lot of things, of which what strikes me most is that we should take care not to hurt others with our words, deliberately (故意地) or by accident.
2. Obviously, a good learning habit can help us to speed up to reach our destinations (目的地).
3. Let me see all the official documents (文件) concerning the sale of the land.

III. 单词活用

4. He often drafts (起草) speeches for his headmaster.
5. It was the culture, rather than the language, that made it hard for him to adapt to the new environment (环境) abroad.

IV. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

1. When they asked him for his opinion, he declared (declare) against the policy.
2. Do you want to get this book delivered (deliver) to your house or would you prefer to come to the shop for it yourself?
3. I've never felt so embarrassed (embarrass) in my life.

1. Though clumsy and disabled in eyesight, he was ambitious and wanted to live a life with dignity.
2. She was in a dilemma whether to stay at school or get a job.
3. He has always been enthusiastic about sports.

1. 广告传递的信息是：瘦就是美。 (convey)

Ads convey the message that being thin is beautiful.

2. 我相信未来人们网上购物会变得更加方便。 (be convinced that...)

I'm convinced that it will be more convenient for people to do shopping online in the future.

3. 我会组织一些英语活动，例如举办英语辩论赛或英语演讲比赛。 (English debates)

I will organize some English activities, for example, to hold English debates or English speech contests.

4. 如果你渴望成功，你应该让自己习惯过一种积极而又繁忙的生活。 (be desperate for)

If you are desperate for success, you should accustom yourself to living an active and busy life.

顺序法记单词-4

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高考词汇精练

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高考词汇精讲



fibre ~ figure

fibre(fiber)

/'faɪbə/

n.纤维

[例] a jacket made of fibre

fiction

/'fɪkʃən/

n.小说，虚构的故事

[例] imaginative science fiction

figure

/'figə/

n.数字；外形 vt.计算

[例] keep a slim figure,
figure out what it is

file

/faɪl/

n.档案；文档

[例] set up a new file

finance

/faɪ'næns/

n.财政；资金

[记] 谐音“犯难事”→资金是很多企业
犯难的事→资金

flame

/fleɪm/

n.火焰

[例] light the Asian Games flame

flat ~ focus

flat

/flæt/

adj.扁平的 n.一套公寓房

[例] have a flat tyre, a flat road

flesh

/fleʃ/

n.(水果)肉，肌肉

[例] the red flesh of a watermelon

focus

/'fəʊkəs/

n.焦点 vt.聚焦

[例] focus on the third chapter

fold ~ fragile

fold

/fəʊld/

vt. 折叠

[例] fold a foldable bicycle

fountain

/'faʊntən/

n. 泉水，喷泉

[例] a fountain in the middle of the square

fragile

/'frædʒaɪl/

adj. 易破碎的

[记] frag + ile 破碎 + 的

[例] transport fragile goods carefully



fragrant ~ function

fragrant

/'freɪgrənt/

adj. 芳香的

[例] smell fragrant flowers in a flowerbed

frequent

/'fri:kwənt/

adj. 频繁的

[例] frequent eruptions of a nearby volcano

function

/'fʌŋkʃən/

n. 功能, 作用

[例] hire a function room



fundamental ~ gallery

fundamental

/'fʌndə'mentl/

adj. 基本的

[记] fund(a) + mental 基金 + 心理的 → 基金在心里是基础 → 基本的

funeral

/'fju:nərəl/

n. 葬礼

[例] wear black clothes at the funeral

gallery

/'gæləri/

n. 画廊；艺术品陈列室

[例] look through a long gallery

garage ~ gay

garage

/'gærɑ:ʒ/

*n.*车库

[例] a two-car garage

garbage

/'ga:bɪdʒ/

*n.*垃圾

[例] clear away garbage once a day
[同]rubbish, trash

gay

/geɪ/

*adj.*快乐的

[例] gay laughter

gesture ~ glory

gesture

/'dʒestʃə/

n. 手势；姿势

[例] make a strange gesture

globe

/gləʊb/

n. 地球；地球仪

[例] travel around the globe

glory

/'glɔ:rɪ/

n. 光荣

[例] be in one's glory

gravity ~ group

gravity

/'grævətɪ/

n.重力，万有引力

[记] grav+ity重+名词后缀→重力

[例] be attracted by gravity

grill

/grɪl/

n.烤(肉)架

[例] roast a chicken wing on a grill

group

/gru:p/

n.群，组

[例] have a discussion in groups



guarantee ~ harmony

guarantee

/'gærən'ti:/

vt./n.保证

[记] **guar+antee**看作“保卫” **guard+一体**
→保整体→保证

guilty

/'gɪltɪ/

adj.有罪的；内疚的

[记] **guilt+y**罪过+的

[例] prove sb guilty/innocent

harmony

/'ha:mənɪ/

n.和谐

[记] **har+mony**看作**hard+**看作
money→难用钱换来→和谐

[例] in harmony

hatch ~ hesitate

hatch

/hætʃ/

v.孵化

[例] **hatch ten eggs**

heel

/hi:l/

n.脚跟；鞋跟

[例] **a pair of high-heeled crystal shoes**

hesitate

/'hezɪteɪt/

vi.犹豫

[记] **hesit + ate** 粘 + 动词后缀 → 粘着不动
→ 犹豫

[例] **hesitate at a crossroads**

hook ~ indicate

hook

/hʊk/

n.钩子

[例] bite a fishing hook

imitate

/'ɪmɪteɪt/

v.模仿

[例] imitate native speakers' accent

indicate

/'ɪndɪkeɪt/

vt.(用姿势、物体)表明

[记] in+dic+ate进入+说→说明

[例] indicate a decline tendency



individual ~ innocent

individual

/ɪndɪ'veɪdʒuəl/

n.个人

[记] in+divid+ual进入+分开+人→分成个体→个人
[例] united individuals

initial

/ɪ'nɪʃəl/

adj.最初的n.(姓名或组织的)首字母

[记] in+it+ial向内+走+的→最初的

innocent

/'ɪnəsənt/

adj.无辜的，无罪的

[记] in+noc+ent无+伤害+的+无罪的
[例] innocent men [反]guilty

inspire

/ɪn'spaɪə/

vt.鼓舞，鼓励

instrument

/'ɪnstrəmənt/

n.仪器；器具

intelligence

/ɪn'telɪdʒəns/

n.智力；情报

[记] in+spire进入+呼吸→打气→鼓励

[例] inspire youngsters

[记] instru(ct)+ment教学+后缀→教学
器具

[例] a musical instrument

[记] in+tellig+ence进入+远→思维
深远→智力

[例] intelligence test

lack ~ laundry

lack

/læk/

vt./n.缺乏

[例] lack confidence and determination

lame

/leɪm/

adj.跛的

[记] 谐音“累么”→跛着腿走路“累么”?
→跛的

[例] an old lame cow

laundry

/'laʊndri/

n.洗衣房; 待/已洗的衣服

[记] laund(e)r+y洗+地方→洗衣房

[例] air the laundry

leading ~ leak

leading

/'li:dɪŋ/

adj.领先的，主要的

[记] lead+ing领导+的→领先的

[例] take the leading position

leaf

/li:f/

n.叶子

[例] draw a red maple leaf

leak

/li:k/

n./v.漏

[例] No rule but leaks. [关]leaky



length ~ limit

length

/lenθ/

n. 长度

[例] measure the length of a bamboo pole

licence

/'laɪsəns/

n. 执照

[记] licen + ce 许可 + 东西 → 执照

[例] get a driving licence

lid

/lɪd/

n. (小) 盖子； 眼睑

[例] take off the lid from a kettle [同] cover

limit

/'lɪmɪt/

vt./n. 限制

[例] set a time limit

高考词汇精练



I. 根据提示写出单词的正确形式

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. figure <i>n.数字；外形 vt.计算</i> | 11. inspire <i>vt.鼓舞，鼓励</i> |
| 2. focus <i>n.焦点 vt.聚焦</i> | 12. intelligence <i>n.智力；情报</i> |
| 3. fold <i>vt.折叠</i> | 13. lack <i>n.缺乏</i> |
| 4. function <i>n.功能，作用</i> | 14. leading <i>adj.领先的，主要的</i> |
| 5. glory <i>n.光荣</i> | 15. limit <i>vt./n.限制</i> |
| 6. guarantee <i>vt./n.保证</i> | |
| 7. guilty <i>adj.有罪的；内疚的</i> | |
| 8. harmony <i>n.和谐</i> | |
| 9. hesitate <i>vi.犹豫</i> | |
| 10. indicate <i>vt.(用姿势、物体)表明</i> | |



II. 写出单词的正确含义

1. fibre(fiber) *n.* 纤维

2. fiction *n.* 小说，虚构的故事

3. file *n.* 档案；文档

4. finance *n.* 财政；资金

5. flame *n.* 火焰

6. flat *adj./n.* 扁平的；一套公寓房

7. flesh *n.* (水果)肉，肌肉

8. fountain *n.* 泉水，喷泉

9. fragile *adj.* 易破碎的

10. fragrant *adj.* 芳香的

11. frequent *adj.* 频繁的

12. fundamental *adj.* 基本的

13. funeral *n.* 葬礼

14. gallery *n.* 画廊；艺术品陈列室

15. garage *n.* 车库

16. garbage *n.* 垃圾

II. 写出单词的正确含义

17. gay *adj.* 快乐的

18. gesture *n.* 手势；姿势

19. globe *n.* 地球；地球仪

20. gravity *n.* 重力，万有引力

21. grill *n.* 烤(肉)架

22. hatch *v.* 孵化

23. heel *n.* 脚跟；鞋跟

24. hook *n.* 钩子

25. imitate *v.* 模仿

26. individual *n.* 个人

27. innocent *adj.* 无辜的，无罪的

28. instrument *n.* 仪器；器具

29. lame *adj.* 跛的

30. laundry *n.* 洗衣房；待/已洗的衣服

31. leaf *n.* 叶子

32. leak *n./v.* 漏

33. licence(*license*) *n.* 执照

III. 单词活用

1. With the development of the network, computers have become very important in communication, finance (财政)and trade.
2. In this kind of high-pressure situation, many leaders bother their assistants with frequent (频繁)meetings.
3. In your new job, you will be expected to perform many different functions (作用).

III. 单词活用

4. In everyday communication, information conveyed by gestures (手势) is often misinterpreted.
5. The man insisted that he was innocent (清白的), and that they should set him free.
6. Dolphins are animals of high intelligence (智力) and they can communicate.

IV. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

1. The quilts and the blankets were folded (fold)neatly and the floor was mopped thoroughly.
2. The passage indicates (indicate)that it is human's activities that have resulted in the environmental destruction to the village.
3. Mary felt cut off from the outside world, since she lacked (lack)an Internet connection and couldn't receive any e-mail.
4. The length of the article should be limited (limit)to 400 words or so.

1. I was trying to figure out how to swim to the boys in a straight line.
2. As a result, I had no choice but to completely focus on my study, for which I am very sorry.
3. We want to build up a harmonious society, in which everyone lives in peace and in harmony with each other.

1. 我们应该注意小细节，这保证我们最终能成功。 (guarantee)

We should pay attention to small details, which can guarantee us to succeed in the end.

2. 如果有其他我可以为你做的，请毫不犹豫地跟我联系。 (hesitate)

If there is something else I can do for you, please don't hesitate to contact me.

3. 他激励了很多年轻人参与这项运动。 (inspire sb to do)

He inspired many young people to take up the sport.

I love to remember in this way!

