**巴蜀中学2022—2023学年下期高2023届信心考试**

**英语试题**

**（满分150分 时间120分钟）**

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话仅读一遍。

1.Where does the conversation take place?

A. In the post office. B. In a taxi. C. In a hotel.

2. What does the man want to know?

A. When Grandma is coming over. B. When his mother will be home. C. When he should call the woman.

3.What will Jeff’s father do?

A. Lose weight. B. Learn driving. C. Buy a car for Jeff.

4.What does the woman mean?

A. The new computer is cool. B. Her computer broke down. C. She needs a bigger computer.

5.How does the man suggest the woman deal with the old shoes?

A. Have them repaired. B. Throw them away. C. Sell them online.

第二节（共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分）

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What will Sam go to Russia for?

A. His mother’s wishes. B. Sightseeing. C. Business.

7. Why does the woman refuse Sam’s invitation?

A. She hasn’t prepared for her trip. B. She is unsuitable for such a trip. C. She prefers to travel with her sister.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. Who is going to Singapore?

A. Grace. B. Steve. C. Taylor.

9. What does the man think of Taylor?

A. Shy. B. Great. C. Bad-tempered.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. Where does the man want to go?

A. Washington. B. New York. C. Chicago.

11. Why does the man refuse to travel at night?

A. It’s too late. B. It’s very tiring. C. It’s dangerous.

12. What time will the man arrive?

A. At 8:40 am. B. At 7:36 am. C. At 6:06 am.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. Where is Susan?

A. In Chicago. B. In Shanghai. C. In New York.

14. What is the man doing now?

A. Visiting the manager. B. Spending his holiday. C. Having a business trip.

15. When does the woman plan to send the purchase order?

A. This Thursday. B. This Friday. C. Next Tuesday.

16. How soon does the woman hope to receive the products?

A. In three days. B. In two weeks. C. In one month.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. How does the speaker find Americans spending one hour driving to work?

A. Normal. B. Tiring. C. Costly.

18. How should one get a learner’s permit?

A. Have classes. B. Take a road test. C. Pass a written test.

19. What does the speaker say about taking classes in driving schools?

A. It is a must. B. You may skip it. C. The cost is high.

20. What does the speaker talk about at last?

A. Traffic rules. B. Safety issues. C. Driving skills.

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

**St Patrick’s Day: All You Need to Know About Your Local Parades**

Thousands of people will crowd around cities, towns, and villages all over the country on Friday for the annual St Patrick’s Day festivities.

**Cork**

Cork City’s St Patrick’s Day parade will start at 1p.m, with the event also live-streamed from 12:45 pm for those unable to be there in person. Featuring Cork’s long-established bands and hundreds of sports and dance groups, the parade will also have a special multi-cultural focus, in the form of the migrant support group Together Razem.

**Limerick**

A huge turnout is expected in Limerick on Friday to watch the parade which kicks off at midday from O’Connell’s St. Serving as Grand Marshall is Limerick native and star of *D’Unbelievables* and the Oscar-nominated *The Banshees of Inisherin*, Jon Kenny, who is looking forward to his “starring role” in this year’s celebrations.

**Waterford**

Following the success of last year’s first-ever three-day festival, Waterford City is hoping to top the 2022 celebrations. The fun kicks off with live music in the Cultural Quarter on Thursday night. On Friday, the parade will set off from the Quays at 1p.m, led by Grand Marshall, boxing champion Kelyn Cassidy. The rest of the weekend will be filled with more music, workshops, and dancing, and there will be a fairground for the kids to enjoy.

**Clare**

Beginning at 11 am from Clare County Council’s headquarters, the parade in Ennis will celebrate the commitment of Clare’s sporting heroes to their local communities. The parade’s hosts are former president of Ennis Rugby (英式橄榄球) Club Jimmy O’Brien, Barefield athlete PJ Purcell, and great-grandniece of Kilnamona boxer Michael McTigue, Aisling Rynne.

21. What is the special focus of Cork City’s St Patrick’s Day?

A. Music and dance with local characteristics.

B. Supporting multiculturalism with Together Razem.

C. Live broadcast from the beginning.

D. Local celebrities host performances.

22. Who will take part in Limerick’s St Patrick’s Day?

A. Jon Kenny. B. Kelyn Cassidy. C. PJ Purcell. D. Michael McTigue.

23. How long can Waterford’s St Patrick’s Day be inferred to last?

A. A week. B. One day. C. Four days. D. Two days.

**B**

In 2000, Andréa Speranza achieved her dream of becoming a firefighter joining the Halifax Regional Fire Service. Her job was exactly as satisfying as she imagined it would be, except for one thing: she still hadn’t seen another woman in her role — not in a magazine, not on television, not in real life. Even today, less than five percent of firefighters in Canada are women. Speranza decided that she wanted to help young women see that they, too, could have a career like hers.

The result is Camp Courage, a program for girls aged 15 to 19 who want to learn more about firefighting. In 2006, Speranza and about 20 volunteers welcomed their first 17 participants, recruiting attendees through advertising in schools and recreation centers. Over the course of eight days, the girls discovered the ins and outs of being first responders: learning how to put out fires, deliver first aid and even use the jaws of life (救生钳) on a car.

Camp Courage now runs one session every year in Halifax and is free to attend. To offset costs, Speranza and her fellow campers fundraise by holding everything from car washes to comedy nights. Hopeful campers must also submit an essay describing how they plan to help their community, or a specific individual in need. And they have to deliver on the plan—from building a bench (长椅) for a senior at a bus stop to launching a local chapter of the Kids Help Phone.

Hundreds of girls have passed through Camp Courage, and 36 percent are doing exactly what 52-year-old Speranza hoped they would: working as first responders across the country. This past summer, the camp held its first session for young women in Halifax, as well as its first national camp in Calgary with plans to roll out more in 2023.

24. What was probably Speranza’s wish in 2001?

A. To see more female firefighters.

B. To make contact with more teenage girls.

C. To be recruited to the Halifax Regional Fire Service.

D. To work part-time in schools and recreation centers.

25. What does the underlined part “ins and outs” in paragraph 2 mean?

A. Risks. B. Chances. C. Details. D. Purposes.

26. What can be inferred about Camp Courage?

A. It is a nonprofit international organization.

B. It teaches the value of being helpful to others.

C. It requires its campers to write an essay every week.

D. It introduces boys and girls to the emergency services.

27. What can we say about Speranza?

A. She had a burning ambition to play comedy.

B. She used to be reserved and disciplined.

C. She is intellectual and scholarly.

D. She is brave and inspiring.

**C**

The thing about space is that it’s huge — terrifyingly, impossibly vast. It took three days for the Apollo (阿波罗号) to get to the moon. It takes between five months and a year to get to Mars and approximately five years to get to Jupiter (木星). The nearest star outside the Solar System is Proxima Centauri (半人马比邻星), which would take the Voyager spacecraft 80, 000 years or so to get to.

We’re not really constructed for space travel. We don’t live very long, relatively speaking. Our muscles and skeleton need gravity. We need oxygen, warmth, water and food, whereas space doesn’t have any of these. We’re also not in good conditions with high doses of radiation. In other words, space exploration is an incredibly dangerous venture.

When I was a kid, exploring space was a big deal. The first space mission I remember was Viking II, which landed on Mars. Honestly, I was expecting it to find alien life. Not intelligent life, maybe, but life. Subsequently, I knew with absolute certainty that we were not alone in the universe. It was only a matter of time before we’d pick up radio signals from an alien civilization. I figured that one day in the not-too-distant future, those aliens would land, and we’d eventually get to know our intergalactic (星系间的) neighbors.

When the Space Shuttle program was first announced, I was convinced that the future was approaching. We were reaching outward. Humans were going to explore the universe, come into contact with aliens, live on other worlds, and have adventures. And it was all going to fulfill in my lifetime.

Of course, none of that has happened. There have been lots of incredible missions including Voyager I and II, New Horizons, and Cassini. None of these missions have involved astronauts, and the future that a lot of us had stepped into our imaginations hasn’t happened. But we need to continue exploring. Exploration, knowledge, wonder, imagination — these are the best of what it means to be human. Let’s boldly go already. The next giant leap doesn’t have to be Mars. It would be incredible to find microbial (微生物的) life somewhere in outer space.

On January 28, 1986, I sat in the cafeteria of my high school and watched the Space Shuttle Challenger take off. The teachers at my school had set up TVs so that we could get inspired. Instead, we all watched in horror as the space shuttle blew up. Seven astronauts died. Not one of us thought that we should cancel the Space Shuttle program or cut NASA’s budget. If anything, we wanted more. We still do.

28. What can we know from the first two paragraphs?

A. The location of Earth in the universe. B. The main features of space.

C. The limitations of the human body. D. The difficulties of space travel.

29. Why do we need to continue the cause of space exploration?

A. It involves the best things that make us human.

B. Life existing beyond Earth can satisfy our needs.

C. Living on other worlds will bring benefits.

D. We will have great fun having adventures in space.

30. What does the author intend to convey through the last paragraph?

A. Mankind’s journey to space is dangerous but rewarding.

B. We need to stimulate more students to explore the unknown.

C. No difficulties would prevent us from exploring the universe.

D. More efforts should be made to guarantee the safety of astronauts.

31. What is the main theme of this passage?

A. The failed expectations of space exploration. B. The need to continue space exploration.

C. The challenges of space travel. D. The author’s childhood memories of space travel.

**D**

Researchers from Texas A&amp;M University have developed a new bioremediation technology (生物整治技术) using plant-based material and fungi (真菌) that could clean up per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, also called “forever chemicals” or PFAS, are found in soil, water, and even human and animal blood and may be harmful to humans and other species. They are found just about everywhere, from food wrappers to clothing. These chemicals may affect the immune system and may cause liver damage. Extremely high exposures to PFAS may also be linked to cancer.

“PFAS do not degrade (降解) easily in the environment and are poisonous even in a very low concentration,” said Susie Dai, associate professor from Texas A&amp;M. “They must be removed and destroyed to prevent human exposure and negative impacts on the ecosystem. PFAS are so stable and they can occur in water in a very low concentration and you have to concentrate them and then destroy them.”

The only way to actually get rid of these “forever chemicals” is by burning them, which is a long and expensive process. But Texas A&amp;M researchers have found a new way to use a plant-based material that adsorbs the pollutants. As explained by ScienceDirect, adsorption is “The use of solids for removing substances from either gas or liquid.” The adsorbent material is then consumed by microbial fungi. The team recently published their findings for the process framework, which they call RAPIMER, in Nature.

“The plant’s cell wall material serves as a framework to adsorb the PFAS,” Dai explained. “Then this material and the adsorbed chemical serve as food for a microbial fungus. Then it’s gone, and you don’t have the disposal problem.”

This sustainable PFAS clean-up system could be mass-produced for commercial use, leading to a better way to remove these chemical pollutants from the environment. It could also come in handy as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency considers creating PFAS thresholds (阈值) to its water quality standards.

32. What is mainly explained in paragraph 2?

A. PFAS’s existing forms. B. PFAS’s doubtful origins.

C. PFAS’s potential dangers. D. PFAS’s wide applications.

33. What did Susie Dai say about PFAS?

A. They are unstable.

B. They degrade easily in the environment.

C. They survive longer in water than in the air.

D. They are poisonous even in a low concentration.

34. What happens after the plant-based material adsorbs the pollutants?

A. The material gets eaten. B. The material becomes solid.

C. The material falls into small pieces. D. The material goes on to adsorb fungi.

35. What is the author’s attitude towards the plant-based material?

A. Carefree. B. Worried. C. Positive. D. Reserved.

第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

People refer to never forgetting how to ride a bike or throw a baseball as examples of “muscle memory”, the result of a motor learning. 36 It is a phenomenon that previously trained muscles acquire strength after a period of disuse.

Previous research has shown that the changes actually persist in the muscles themselves. In one study of mice, the results suggest that after nuclei in muscle cells multiply in response to an overload of training, those extra nuclei aren’t lost during subsequent periods of inactivity. They are retained (保留), essentially waiting to be reactivated. If you fell off the fitness wagon (马车) during the pandemic, don’t be frustrated. Once you have got additional nuclei, you are banking the capacity. 37 In fact, a recent study revealed that less than eight weeks of retraining were needed to regain your former fitness. It depends on how fit you were initially, how long the layoff was, how old you are and how long you’d been exercising.

38 It means you still have a distinct advantage when it comes to regaining your former level of fitness. And the principle applies to both resistance training and endurance training. The best way to regain your muscle memory is to start at a level below what you were accustomed to doing, and then gradually increase in terms of duration, frequency, then intensity. 39

Ultimately, muscle memory is a payoff for all the past work you put into learning a sport. 40 You will never know how much muscle memory you may have until you start training again.

A. The best way to tap into it is to “get back on the horse”.

B. Physiologists, on the other hand, define it in a different way.

C. This convinces the researchers that muscle memory may not be long lasting.

D. That is to say, we can do the sports automatically without conscious thought.

E. It is generally safe to increase these elements by 5 percent every week or two.

F. It is evident that the more you exercise, the more muscle memory savings you will have.

G. All this news about muscle memory is encouraging for those who fell off the fitness scheme.

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Although traditional pet stores are somewhere you buy a(n) 41 to be your friend at home, there’s a new kind of pet store 42 you spend some quality time with the animals and just walk away, without taking 43 . What really 44 is the experience.

I visited one of these stores in the Sanlitun area in Beijing. I was targeting call ducks, which are 45 for their cute looks and, of course, their high 46 , each of them can 47 cost a few thousand yuan. Since I was not planning to spend so much on a duck, 48 them in one of these—what I’d call “mini-zoos”—seemed to be the 49 option.

There were a 50 of five call ducks at the store—among other animals—and we 51 a good three hours with them. We got to learn much about them.

Call ducks are not easy to get along with, so playing with them would include a lot of running from our side and quacking (呱呱叫) from theirs. Also, don’t expect them to be house-trained, one of the ducks actually pooped (排便) while 52 on my leg. But none of these little incidents reduced the 53 of holding them in my hands and touching their full chests. It was like the whole world’s joy was in my hands, for those call ducks are fun and 54 —something I would hardly ever expect from work.

That’s the 55 of animals: You don’t have own them—simply spending time with them is enough.

41. A. animal B. apple C. instrument D. book

42. A. that B. where C. how D. which

43. A. nothing B. everything C. anything D. something

44. A. matters B. moves C. separates D. keeps

45. A. endless B. worthless C. important D. famous

46. A. mistakes B. words C. prices D. feelings

47. A. slightly B. easily C. immediately D. carefully

48. A. talking B. eating C. visiting D. painting

49. A. complicated B. perfect C. interesting D. peaceful

50. A. extent B. prevention C. meaning D. total

51. A. bought B. spent C. brought D. cost

52. A. sitting B. remembering C. thinking D. saying

53. A. gratitude B. forgiveness C. faith D. pleasure

54. A. comforting B. annoying C. tough D. anxious

55. A. envy B. pity C. duty D. magic

**第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

In China, the use and cultivation (种植) of green tea goes back thousands of years. While there is no precise way to know 56 (exact) when green tea was first cultivated, the following is 57 we know from historical records.

Legend assigns the discovery of tea to mythological emperor Shennong, who is said 58 (discover) tea in the 28th century BC. Shennong was sitting under a tea tree boiling a pot of water to drink. Some 59 (leaf) fell from the tree into the boiling water, creating the first ever pot of tea. During the Han Dynasty, written records referred 60 the cultivation of green tea. However, this wasn`t green tea for drinking 61 for medical purposes. The Tang Dynasty 62 (consider) by most to be the golden age of Chinese arts and culture. It was during this time that green tea became a popular drink and an important part of 63 (tradition) Chinese culture.

64 first written account of tea culture, Cha jing or The Classic of Tea, was published by Lu Yu. This short but comprehensive work, 65 (cover) ten chapters, discusses everything from the mythological of tea, history, cultivation, preparation to tea culture.

**第四部分 写作（共两节，满分40分）**

第一节（满分15分）

假设你是校英文报的记者，为帮助同学们更好地了解海洋、增强保护海洋的意识，你校举办了一场大型图片展览。请你根据所给提示，写一篇短文报道此次活动。

内容包括：1.时间及地点；

2.展览内容和学生收获；

3.活动反响。

注意：1.写作词数应为80左右；

2.可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

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**第二节****（满分 25分）**

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

One afternoon, Ava drove to her 4-year-old son’s kindergarten to pick him up. When she arrived, as usual, her son Noah came running and said, “Hi, Mom!” It brought a big smile to Ava’s face. “Did you have a good day, sweetie?” she asked. “Yes,” Noah replied.

“Alright, let’s get your things and go home,” Ava said. Noah sat down on one car seat in the back, carrying his school bag which contained books, candies, etc. Then, Ava started the car. “So tell me about the PE class today. Did you have fun?” Ava asked. Noah said he did and explained happily. Ava watched traffic while listening to him.

The mother and son were quiet for a couple of minutes. And Ava started to think about what to make for dinner. “How about having some pizza when we get home?” Ava asked Noah. When he didn’t answer, Ava wondered what he was thinking. She knew her son liked pizza, but maybe he wanted something else this time. “You like pizza, don’t you?” Ava asked. Still, Noah didn’t answer.

Ava looked over her shoulder, seeing Noah’s face turning red. He couldn’t speak at all. “Oh, my God! What happened?” Ava asked. She had just passed a four-ways top, and there was a wide, grassy shoulder on the road where she pulled off and jumped out of the car, She ran to the other side of the car and freed Noah from the car seat. His face was still bright red and he couldn’t speak, Clearly, he was choking !

Ava cried out for help and called 911 while pounding her hand against Noah’s back, trying to save her son. But nothing was changing. Suddenly sat all man appeared next to them and took Noah from Ava’s arms. His truck was parked behind them. He held Noah with the boy’s back against his stomach. And, the man thrust (猛推) his hands into Noah’s abdomen (腹部), trying to remove whatever was choking him. Still, nothing happened. Then another family pulled over ahead of them.

注意： 1.续写词数应为150左右。

2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Paragraph l:

*A woman ran towards them, saying she was a nurse and could help.*

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*That day, Ava realized the importance of first aid.*

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**巴蜀中学2022—2023学年下期高2023届信心考试**

**英语试题参考答案**

听力:1~5 BACBC 6~10 CBABB 11~15 CBACA 16~20 CACBA

阅读：21-23 BAC 24-27ACBD 28-31DACB 32-35 CDAC

七选五：36-40. BAGEF

完形填空：41-45ABCAD 46-50CBCBD 51-55BADAD

语法填空：

56. exactly 57. what 58. to have discovered 59. leaves 60. to

61. but 62. was considered 63. traditional 64. The 65. covering

作文1：

To help us learn more about the oceans and improve our awareness of protecting the oceans, a large exhibition of pictures was held in our school last Friday.

The exhibition was held from 14:00 to 16:00 in the school hall. Various pictures of the oceans were shown at the exhibition whose topics were mainly about the present conditions of the world oceans. Looking at these pictures, all students realized the importance of ocean protection and they all said they would try their best to protect the oceans.

The exhibition was well received by the students so that they hope such exhibitions should be held as much as possible.

作文2

Paragraph l:

*A woman ran towards them, saying she was a nurse and could help.* She repeated the tall man’s actions, but her actions appeared more skillful and proper. Suddenly, a piece of candy flew from Noah’s mouth. And Noah cried, showing he could breathe, which made all the people smile with relief. Ava expressed sincere gratitude to both the nurse and the man. Then she held Noah in her arms. Soon, Noah’s face returned to normal color. The nurse was there and rubbed his back to help calm the child as here covered.

Paragraph 2:

*That day, Ava realized the importance of first aid. Before the nurse left.* Ava asked her to teach her and the other people how to properly rescue a person from choking. They all listened to her instruction carefully. Later, Ava posted her experience online to remind more people to pay attention to first aid. Now she is attending a first aid course that can equip her to deal with more.

**听力材料**

**Text1**【原文】W: I’d like to go to Hotel Stratford on the 5th Avenue, please.

M: There’s some road work going on near the post office, so I’ll have to take a different route. The map says it will be around 20 minutes.

**Text2**【原文】M: What time is Grandma coming over tomorrow? She said she would call this morning, but I haven’t heard from her.

W: I’m not sure, either. Ask mom when she’s home. I’m sure she knows.

**Text3**【原文】W: What’s your New Year resolution, Jeff?

M: I’m going to lose weight this year. And I’m going to learn driving. Dad has promised to buy me a car.

**Text4**【原文】W: I think I need a new notebook.

M: Why? Is there a new, big and cool computer out on the market?

W: No, mine doesn’t work.

**Text5**【原文】W: I’ve decided to get rid of some of my old shoes. Do you have any suggestions?

M: Yes. Have you planned to throw them away? Why not sell them online?

**Text6**【原文】M: Hasn’t it been hard for you without your sister and brother, Mom?

W: Yes, Sam, of course. We haven’t seen each other for a long time.

M: Mom, I have a surprise for you! I’ll go on a business trip to Russia. I want you to come with me. You can meet them finally.

W: No, Sam. It’s very thoughtful of you, but I’m too old and sick to travel so far.

**Text7**【原文】M: Grace, I heard from the personnel (人事部) manager that you’re going to be sent to Singapore. Are you looking forward to it?

W: Sure, Steve. This gives me a chance to work with Taylor.

M: Yes. He is a good manager. You’ll learn a lot from him.

W: I hope so. I’ve never been out of the country, so I’m very nervous about it.

**Text8**【原文】M: I’d like to buy a flight ticket for this afternoon.

W: All right. To Washington or to New York?

M: To New York, please.

W: I’m sorry the tickets to New York for this afternoon have been sold out. But we still have some left for this evening.

M: For this evening? I’m not used to traveling in the evening.

W: Why? An evening flight will cost much less.

M: I think it’s more dangerous to travel at night.

W: So what about a flight tomorrow morning? It takes off at 6:06. And it arrives at New York one and a half hours later.

M: All right. I’ll take this one. How much is it?

W: Four hundred and eighty dollars.

M: Here’s the money. Thank you.

**Text9**【原文】W: Hi, Mr. Mathew, this is Susan Miller speaking from Chicago. Now we’d like to place an order with you.

M: Oh. Very glad to hear that! When can you send your purchase order?

W: We will send it as soon as possible. We hope you can hurry on the order.

M: No problem, but I’ll have to check another purchase order, which is to be finished this Friday. Now I’m in Shanghai on business. Anyway, I’ll let you know when I come back. And then we can sign a contract.

W: Thanks.

M: Well, I’m afraid we can’t send the products until after the Christmas holidays. We will begin our holiday in New York next Tuesday, and our company will be closed for two weeks.

W: That’s all right. We’ll try to have a meeting for the details of the order and send it to you this Thursday. I hope you tell your market manager about it.

M: OK. Once we get our purchase order, we will begin preparing your bookings.

W: Thanks. We need the products in one month.

M: Fine.

**Text10**【原文】M: Many people in the USA are really dependent on their cars to go to work or school. In fact, most American workers spend an hour driving to work each day. In order to drive in the USA, you have to go to your local Department of Motor Vehicles first, and take a written test to get your learner’s permit. If you pass this test, you can practice driving and then you can pass a road test and get your license. To prepare for the road test, you can take classes at a driving school. If you cannot, you can practice driving by yourself. If you are caught driving with only a learner’s permit, you may get into trouble with the law. Once you get your driver’s license in one state, you can drive in all of the states in America. Wherever you drive, you will see signs posted along the road indicating the speed limit. The local police use special equipment to test your speed. If they find you are speeding or driving over the speed limit, the police can stop you and give you a ticket.

**A**

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章介绍了四个城市庆祝St Patrick’s Day的活动安排。

21. 细节理解题。根据**Cork**的“Featuring Cork’s long-established bands and hundreds of sports and dance groups, the parade will also have a special multi-cultural focus, in the form of the migrant support group Together Razem. (游行将以科克久已成立的乐队和数百个体育和舞蹈团体为特色，还将以移民支持团体Together Razem的形式，特别关注多元文化。)”可推知，Cork市的活动的特别之处为：与Together Razem一起支持多元文化，故选B项。

22. 细节理解题。根据**Limerick**的“Serving as Grand Marshall is Limerick native and star of *D’Unbelievables* and the Oscar-nominated *The Banshees of Inisherin*, Jon Kenny, who is looking forward to his ‘starring role’ in this year’s celebrations. (担任游行总指挥的是利默里克本地人，也是《难以置信》和奥斯卡提名的《伊尼舍林女妖》的主演Jon Kenny，他期待着在今年的庆祝活动中扮演‘主角’。)”可知，Jon Kenny要参加Limerick的St Patrick’s Day节日活动。故选A项。

23. 细节理解题。根据**Waterford**的“The fun kicks off with live music in the Cultural Quarter on Thursday night. On Friday, the parade will set off from the Quays at 1 pm, led by Grand Marshall, boxing champion Kelyn Cassidy. The rest of the weekend will be filled with more music, workshops, and dancing, and there will be a fairground for the kids to enjoy. (周四晚上，文化区将举办现场音乐表演，为庆祝活动拉开序幕。周五，游行将于下午1点从码头出发，由拳击冠军凯林·卡西迪担任大游行元帅。周末的其余时间将充满更多音乐、工作坊和舞蹈活动，还将设有游乐场供孩子们享受。)”可知，Waterford的St Patrick’s Day节日活动从周四晚上开始，到周末结束，可能持续4天。故选C项。

**B**

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。Andréa Speranza是一名女性消防员，多年来她一直致力于鼓励其他年轻女性像她一样成为消防员。

24. 推断判断题。根据第一段首句“In 2000, Andréa Speranza achieved her dream of becoming a firefighter joining the Halifax Regional Fire Service. (2000年，安德拉西塔·斯佩兰萨实现了成为一名消防员的梦想，加入了哈利法克斯地区消防局。)”以及“Speranza decided that she wanted to help young women see that they, too, could have a career like hers. (斯佩兰萨决定，她想帮助年轻女性看到，她们也可以拥有像她一样的事业。)”可知，Speranza希望看到更多的女孩能够像她一样成为消防员。故选A。

25. 词义猜测题。根据第二段末句“Over the course of eight days, the girls discovered the ins and outs of being first responders: learning how to put out fires, deliver first aid and even use the jaws of life (救生钳) on a car. (在八天的课程中，女孩们学习了作为第一响应者的 ：学习如何灭火，提供急救，甚至在汽车上使用救生钳。)”可知，女孩们在这八天里学习如何灭火、提供急救，甚至是使用救生钳这些作为急救人员需要掌握的详细内容。所以，划线词词义为“详细内容”。故选C。

26. 推断判断题。根据第三段中最后两句“Hopeful campers must also submit an essay describing how they plan to help their community, or a specific individual in need. And they have to deliver on the plan—from building a bench (长椅) for a senior at a bus stop to launching a local chapter of the Kids Help Phone. (有希望的露营者还必须提交一篇文章，描述他们计划如何帮助他们的社区，或有需要的特定个人。他们必须实现这个计划——从在公交车站为一位老人建一张长椅，到在当地成立一个Kids Help Phone分会。)”可知，Camp Courage这一机构向人们传递乐于助人的价值观。故选B。

27. 推断判断题。通读全文，尤其是首段首句“In 2000, Andréa Speranza achieved her dream of becoming a firefighter joining the Halifax Regional Fire Service. (2000年，安德拉西塔·斯佩兰萨实现了成为一名消防员的梦想，加入了哈利法克斯地区消防局。)”以及第二段首句“The result is Camp Courage, a program for girls aged 15 to 19 who want to learn more about firefighting. (其结果就是“勇气营”，这是一个针对15至19岁想要了解更多消防知识的女孩的项目。)”可知，Speranza是一名女性消防员，由此可见她非常勇敢；另外，她还通过Camp Courage这一机构来鼓励其他年轻女性成为消防员，所以她还是一位鼓舞人心的消防员。故选D。

**C**

【导语】本文是一篇夹叙夹议文，主要讲的是虽然太空探索很困难，但是我们仍然要继续下去，因为这是作为人类最好的意义。

28. 推理判断题。根据第一段的“The thing about space is that it’s huge — terrifyingly, impossibly vast. It took three days for the Apollo to get to the moon. It takes between five months and a year to get to Mars and approximately five years to get to Jupiter. The nearest star outside the Solar System is Proxima Centauri, which would take the Voyager spacecraft 80, 000 years or so to get to.(关于太空的事情是它是巨大的——可怕的，难以置信地巨大。阿波罗计划花了三天时间才到达月球。到达火星需要5个月到1年的时间，到达木星需要5年左右的时间。离太阳系最近的恒星是半人马座比邻星，旅行者号宇宙飞船要花大约8万年才能到达)”和第二段的“In other words, space exploration is an incredibly dangerous venture.(换句话说，太空探索是一项极其危险的冒险)”可知，从前两段我们可以知道太空旅行的困难，故选D。

29. 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段的“But we need to continue exploring. Exploration, knowledge, wonder, imagination — these are the best of what it means to be human.(但我们需要继续探索。探索、知识、惊奇、想象——这些是作为人类最好的意义)”可知，我们要继续太空探索事业，是因为它包含了使我们成为人类的最好的东西。故选A。

30. 推理判断题。根据最后一段的“Instead, we all watched in horror as the space shuttle blew up. Seven astronauts died. Not one of us thought that we should cancel the Space Shuttle program or cut NASA’s budget. If anything, we wanted more. We still do.(相反，我们都惊恐地看着航天飞机爆炸。七名宇航员死亡。我们中没有一个人认为我们应该取消航天飞机计划或削减美国宇航局的预算。如果有的话，我们想要更多。我们现在依然如此)”可知，作者想通过最后一段传达的信息是任何困难都不能阻止我们探索宇宙。故选C。

31. 主旨大意题。通读全文，尤其是倒数第二段的“But we need to continue exploring. Exploration, knowledge, wonder, imagination —these are the best of what it means to be human. Let’s boldly go already. The next giant leap doesn’t have to be Mars. It would be incredible to find microbial (微生物的) life somewhere in outer space.(但我们需要继续探索。探索、知识、惊奇、想象——这些是作为人类最好的意义。让我们大胆地走吧。下一个巨大的飞跃不一定是火星。在外太空找到微生物是不可思议的)”和最后一段的“Instead, we all watched in horror as the space shuttle blew up. Seven astronauts died. Not one of us thought that we should cancel the Space Shuttle program or cut NASA’s budget. If anything, we wanted more. We still do.(相反，我们都惊恐地看着航天飞机爆炸。七名宇航员死亡。我们中没有一个人认为我们应该取消航天飞机计划或削减美国宇航局的预算。如果有的话，我们想要更多。我们现在依然如此)”可知，本文主要讲的是虽然太空探索很困难，但是我们仍然要继续下去，因为这是作为人类最好的意义，因此主题是继续进行太空探索的必要性。故选B。

**D**

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。主要介绍了研究人员开发了一种新的生物整治技术，使用植物性材料和真菌，可以清理全氟烷基和多氟烷基物质。

32. 主旨大意题。根据第二段“Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, also called “forever chemicals” or PFAS, are found in soil, water, and even human and animal blood and may be harmful to humans and other species. They are found just about everywhere, from food wrappers to clothing. These chemicals may affect the immune system and may cause liver damage. Extremely high exposures to PFAS may also be linked to cancer. (全氟烷基和多氟烷基物质，也被称为“永久化学品”或PFAS，存在于土壤、水中，甚至人类和动物的血液中，可能对人类和其他物种有害。它们几乎无处不在，从食品包装到衣服。这些化学物质可能会影响免疫系统，并可能导致肝脏损伤。极度暴露于PFAS也可能与癌症有关)”可知，本段主要介绍了PEAS潜在的危险。故选C。

33. 细节理解题。根据第三段““PFAS do not degrade (降解) easily in the environment and are poisonous even in a very low concentration,” said Susie Dai, associate professor from Texas A&amp;M.(“PFAS在环境中不容易降解，即使在很低的浓度下也有毒，”德克萨斯农工大学的副教授Susie Dai说)”可知，Susie Dai认为，即使PEAS在很低的浓度下也是有毒的。故选D。

34. 细节理解题。根据倒数第二段““The plant’s cell wall material serves as a framework to adsorb the PFAS,” Dai explained. “Then this material and the adsorbed chemical serve as food for a microbial fungus. Then it’s gone, and you don’t have the disposal problem.”(戴解释说：“植物的细胞壁材料可以作为吸附PFAS的框架。然后这种材料和吸附的化学物质就成了微生物真菌的食物。然后它就消失了，你就没有要处理的问题了。”)”可知，在吸附PFAS后，植物性材料及其吸附的化学物质就沦落为微生物真菌的食物，即这些材料被吃掉了。故选A。

35. 推理判断题。根据最后一段“This sustainable PFAS clean-up system could be mass-produced for commercial use, leading to a better way to remove these chemical pollutants from the environment. It could also come in handy as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency considers creating PFAS thresholds (阈值) to its water quality standards.(这种可持续的PFAS清洁系统可以大规模生产用于商业用途，从而找到更好的方法从环境中去除这些化学污染物。随着美国环境保护局考虑为其水质标准设定PFAS阈值，它也可能派上用场)”可知，作者认为PEAS清洁系统可以派上用场，作者对于这种植物性材料的前景持有积极的态度。故选C。

**七选五**

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。介绍了运动中肌肉记忆这一现象，肌肉记忆是你过去为学习一项运动所付出的所有努力的回报，你锻炼得越多，你的肌肉记忆就会储存得越多。即使健身中断，当重新健身，还是有明显的优势的。

36. 下文“It is a phenomenon that previously trained muscles acquire strength after a period of disuse. (这是一种现象，以前训练过的肌肉在一段时间不使用后获得力量)”是从生理学对运动作的一个定义。结合选项，B项“Physiologists, on the other hand, define it in a different way. (另一方面，生理学家则用不同的方式来定义它)”引起下文，语意一致。故选B。

37. 前文“If you fell off the fitness wagon (马车) during the pandemic, don’t be frustrated. Once you have got additional nuclei, you are banking the capacity. (如果你在疫情期间放弃了健身计划，不要沮丧。一旦你有了额外的核，你就储存了容量)”介绍如果健身计划中断，也没有关系。下文“In fact, a recent study revealed that less than eight weeks of retraining were needed to regain your former fitness. (事实上，最近的一项研究表明，不到八周的再训练就能恢复你以前的健康)”介绍如果中断健身以后，不到八周的再训练就能恢复你以前的健康。结合选项，A项“The best way to tap into it is to “get back on the horse”. (进入这种状态的最好方法是“重新开始”)”承接上文的“因为疫情放弃了健身计划”，所以要重新开始，启下“重新开始很快就能恢复以前的状态”。故选A。

38. 下文“It means you still have a distinct advantage when it comes to regaining your former level of fitness. (这意味着当你恢复到以前的健康水平时，你仍然有明显的优势)”介绍即使健身中断，当重新健身，还是有明显的优势的。结合选项，G项“All this news about muscle memory is encouraging for those who fell off the fitness scheme. (所有这些关于肌肉记忆的新闻对那些放弃健身计划的人来说都是鼓舞人心的)”与后文之间为前后照应关系，鼓舞人心的是：当你恢复到以前的健康水平时，你仍然有明显的优势。故选G。

39. 前文“The best way to regain your muscle memory is to start at a level below what you were accustomed to doing, and then gradually increase in terms of duration, frequency, then intensity. (恢复肌肉记忆的最好方法是从低于你习惯的水平开始，然后逐渐增加持续时间、频率和强度)”介绍恢复肌肉记忆的具体方法。结合选项，E项“It is generally safe to increase these elements by 5 percent every week or two. (一般来说，每一两周增加5%的这些元素是安全的)”仍为恢复肌肉记忆的具体方法，为细节的延续。故选E。

40. 前文“Ultimately, muscle memory is a payoff for all the past work you put into learning a sport. (最终，肌肉记忆是你过去为学习一项运动所付出的所有努力的回报)”介绍肌肉记忆是你过去为学习一项运动所付出的所有努力的回报。结合选项，F项“It is evident that the more you exercise, the more muscle memory savings you will have. (很明显，你锻炼得越多，你的肌肉记忆就会储存得越多)”为前文的同义句，努力越多，回报越多；锻炼越多，肌肉记忆就会储存得越多。故选F。

**完形填空**

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。文章介绍了一种新型宠物店，你可以在那里与动物共度美好时光，但不用买走它们，作者在那里与柯尔鸭度过了美好的时光，获得快乐和抚慰。

41. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：虽然传统的宠物店是你买一只动物作为家里朋友的地方，但有一种新型的宠物店，你可以在那里与动物共度美好时光，然后什么都不带就走了。A. animal动物；B. apple苹果；C. instrument仪器；D. book书。根据句中“traditional pet stores”可知，在宠物店你可以买到一只动物，由此可知，空格处应用“animal”，且与下文“you spend some quality time with the animals”中的“animals”呼应。故选A项。

42. 考查定语从句。句意：虽然传统的宠物店是你买一只动物作为家里朋友的地方，但有一种新型的宠物店，你可以在那里与动物共度美好时光，然后什么都不带就走了。A. that那，那个；B. where（在）……的地方；C. how怎样，如何；D. which哪个。分析句子可知，句子为限制性定语从句，先行词为“pet store”，在从句中作地点状语，故应用关系副词“where”引导从句。故选B项。

43. 考查代词词义辨析。句意：虽然传统的宠物店是你买一只动物作为家里朋友的地方，但有一种新型的宠物店，你可以在那里与动物共度美好时光，然后什么都不带就走了。A. nothing没有什么；B. everything所有事物；C. anything任何事物；D. something某事，某物。根据句中“just walk away”可知，你可以不在这里购买动物，在和动物共度美好时光后，可以直接离开，“without”为否定词，由此可知，空格处应用“anything”，表示你不带走任何事物。故选C项。

44. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：真正要紧的是体验。A. matters要紧，事关紧要；B. moves移动；C. separates分开；D. keeps保持。根据上文“you spend some quality time with the animals and just walk away”可知，在这类宠物店里重要的是你可以在那里与动物共度美好时光，由此可知，体验是真正要紧的事。故选A项。

45. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我的目标是柯尔鸭，它们以可爱的外表而闻名，当然，它们的价格很高，每只都能轻易地花几千元。A. endless无穷无尽的；B. worthless无价值的；C. important重要的；D. famous著名的。根据句中“their cute looks”可知，“可爱的外表”是鸭子吸引人的原因，由此可知，它们以可爱的外表而闻名，“be famous for…”意为“以……而闻名”。故选D项。

46. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：我的目标是柯尔鸭，它们以可爱的外表而闻名，当然，它们的价格很高，每只都能轻易地花几千元。A. mistakes错误；B. words单词；C. prices价格；D. feelings感觉。根据句中“cost a few thousand yuan”可知，每只鸭子售价几千元，由此可知，它们的价格很高。故选C项。

47. 考查副词词义辨析。句意：我的目标是柯尔鸭，它们以可爱的外表而闻名，当然，它们的价格很高，每只都能轻易地花几千元。A. slightly轻微地；B. easily轻易地；C. immediately立即；D. carefully仔细地。根据句中“cost a few thousand yuan”可知，每只鸭子售价几千元，由此可知，每只鸭子轻易就要花几千元。故选B项。

48. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：由于我不打算在鸭子身上花那么多钱，所以去其中一个——我称之为“迷你动物园”——参观它们似乎是一个完美的选择。A. talking谈论；B. eating吃；C. visiting参观；D. painting用颜料画。根据上文“there’s a new kind of pet store \_\_\_\_\_ you spend some quality time with the animals”可知，在这里你可以与动物共度美好时光，由此可知，你可以在这里参观鸭子等动物。故选C项。

49. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：由于我不打算在鸭子身上花那么多钱，所以去其中一个——我称之为“迷你动物园”——参观它们似乎是一个完美的选择。A. complicated复杂的；B. perfect完美的；C. interesting有趣的；D. peaceful和平的。根据句中“Since I was not planning to spend so much on a duck”可知，我不打算在鸭子身上花那么多钱，由此可知，在这里参观它们似乎是一个完美的选择，因为我不需要花钱买走它们。故选B项。

50. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：商店里总共有五只柯尔鸭，还有其他动物，我们和它们度过了整整三个小时。A. extent程度；B. prevention防止；C. meaning意思；D. total总数。根据句中“five call ducks”可知，商店里共有五只柯尔鸭，由此可知，这里说的是鸭子的总数是五只。故选D项。

51. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：商店里总共有五只柯尔鸭，还有其他动物，我们和它们度过了整整三个小时。A. bought买；B. spent度过；C. brought带来；D. cost花费。根据上文“there’s a new kind of pet store \_\_\_\_\_ you spend some quality time with the animals”中的“spend”可知，我们可以在那里与动物共度美好时光，由此可知，我们和它们度过了整整三个小时。故选B项。

52. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：另外，不要指望它们会养成良好的卫生习惯，其中一只鸭子坐在我腿上时真的排便了。A. sitting坐；B. remembering记得；C. thinking思考；D. saying说。根据上文“we \_\_\_\_\_ a good three hours with them”可知，我们在那里和鸭子玩耍，由此可知，当一只鸭子坐在我腿上时，它排便了。故选A项。

53. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：但这些小事件都没有减少把它们握在手中，触摸它们丰满胸膛的乐趣。A. gratitude感激；B. forgiveness原谅；C. faith信仰；D. pleasure乐趣。根据下文“It was like the whole world’s joy was in my hands”可知，好像整个世界的欢乐都掌握在我手中，由此可知，把它们握在手中、抚摸它们给我带来了乐趣。故选D项。

54. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：这就像整个世界的快乐都掌握在我手中，因为那些柯尔鸭很有趣，也很令人安慰——这是我在工作中几乎从未想过的。A. comforting令人安慰的；B. annoying烦人的；C. tough艰苦的；D. anxious焦虑的。根据句中“It was like the whole world’s joy was in my hands”可知，柯尔鸭给我带来了快乐，由此可知，它们可以治愈人心，是令人安慰的。故选A项。

55. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：这就是动物的魔力：你不必拥有它们——只要花时间和它们在一起就足够了。A. envy嫉妒；B. pity怜悯；C. duty责任；D. magic魔力。根据上文“It was like the whole world’s joy was in my hands”和句中“simply spending time with them is enough”可知，只要和动物在一起就会给我们带来快乐，由此可知，这是动物的魔力。故选D项。

**语法填空**

【导语】本文是说明文。文章介绍了中国的绿茶 。

56. 考查副词。句意：虽然没有确切的方法知道绿茶是什么时候开始种植的，但以下是我们从历史记录中得知的。此处修饰动词know，应用副词，作状语。故填exactly。

57. 考查表语从句。句意：虽然没有确切的方法知道绿茶是什么时候开始种植的，但以下是我们从历史记录中得知的。系动词is后是表语从句，从句中缺少宾语，应用连接代词what引导，指代“我们知道的事情”。故填what。

58. 考查非谓语动词。句意：传说茶的发现要归功于神话中的神农皇帝，据说他在公元前28世纪发现了茶。固定句型somebody is said to have done，表示据说某人已经做某事，表示动作已经发生，用了动词不定式的完成时。故填to have discovered。

59. 考查名词复数。句意：一些叶子从树上掉到沸水里，创造了第一壶茶。some修饰名词复数形式，leaf的复数是leaves。故填leaves。

60. 考查介词。句意：在汉代，有文字记载提到了绿茶的种植。固定搭配refer to表示提到，to是介词。故填to。

61. 考查连词。句意：然而，这不是用于饮用的绿茶，而是用于医疗目的的。固定搭配not...but表示不是……而是。故填but。

62. 考查动词语态。句意：唐朝被大多数人认为是中国艺术和文化的黄金时代。主语The Tang Dynasty后缺少谓语动词，唐朝和认为是被动关系，应用被动语态，表示过去发生的事情用一般过去时，主语是单数，be动词使用was。故填was considered。

63. 考查形容词。句意：正是在这一时期，绿茶成为一种流行的饮料，成为中国传统文化的重要组成部分。此处修饰Chinese culture，应用形容词，作定语。故填traditional。

64. 考查冠词。句意：第一部关于茶文化的书面记录《茶经》是由鲁豫出版的。序数词前加定冠词，位于句首，首字母大写。故填The。

65. 考查非谓语动词。句意：这部简短而全面的作品，共十章，讨论了从茶的神话，历史，栽培，准备到茶文化的一切。谓语动词是discuss，cover是非谓语动词，作品和包括是主动关系，应用现在分词，作定语。故填covering。