金华十校 2026 年 11 月高三模拟考试

英语试题卷

本试卷分为第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题),共 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
请考生按规定用笔将所有试题的答案涂写在答题纸上。

选择题部分

第一部分　听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段录音。每段录音后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段录音后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段录音播放两遍。

1. What does the man want to do?
   A. Play football.
   B. Watch sports on TV.
   C. Use the running machine.
2. What animal is the man afraid of?
   A. Mice.　　B. Snakes.　　C. Rabbits.
3. What will the man probably do next?
   A. Read books about ball game skills.
   B. Teach the woman to play a ball game.
   C. Learn strategies of playing table tennis.
4. What does the woman probably do?
   A. A singer.　　B. A doctor.　　C. A teacher.
5. What is the man probably doing?
   A. Testing a camera.　　B. Taking photographs.　　C. Trying on new clothes.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段录音。每段录音后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段录音前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题都有 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段录音播放两遍。

听第 6 段录音,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the woman doing now?
   A. Getting dressed.　　B. Organizing a party.　　C. Watching online videos.
7. What is the man's attitude towards make-up?
   A. Casual.　　B. Unfavorable.　　C. Understanding.

听第 7 段录音,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. How does the woman feel at first?
   A. Anxious.　　B. Refreshed.　　C. Confused.

9. What is the woman preparing for?

A. A debate competition. B. A graduation speech. C. A school play.

10. What does the man suggest the woman do?

A. Take deep breaths. B. Work hard on her study. C. Bring her notes with her.

听第 8 段录音,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What does the woman admire most about the man?

A. His courage. B. His generosity. C. His confidence.

12. Why does the man decide to jump?

A. To challenge himself.

B. To get on a radio show.

C. To help earthquake victims.

13. What's the date today?

A. June 2nd. B. June 23rd. C. July 14th.

听第 9 段录音,回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. Why is the woman visiting the area?

A. To learn skiing. B. To take a holiday. C. To see the man's hometown.

15. Where are the speakers?

A. At a ski resort. B. In a forest house. C. On a mountain top.

16. Which season does the man think is the best there?

A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Winter.

17. What will the speakers probably do tomorrow?

A. Help with farm work. B. Play snow sports. C. Go hiking.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What is the talk mainly about?

A. How nature inspires technology.

B. How technology affects daily life.

C. How technology can save the planet.

19. Which invention was inspired by sea creatures?

A. Energy-efficient drones.

B. High-speed Japanese trains.

C. Underwater sound wave technology.

20. Who is the speaker?

A. An inventor. B. An engineer. C. A student.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题:每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Repair Café

What is a Repair Café?

Repair Café s are free meeting places and they're all about repairing things (together).

Visitors bring their broken items from home. There, they'll find tools and materials to help make any repairs they need. On clothes, furniture, electrical appliances, bicycles, toys etc. They'll also find expert volunteers, with repair skills in all kinds of fields. Together with the specialists they start making their repairs. It's an ongoing learning process.

Why a Repair Café?

We throw away vast amounts of stuff, even things with almost nothing wrong, and which could get a second life after a simple repair. The trouble is, lots of people have forgotten that they can repair things themselves. Especially younger generations no longer know how to do that. This is a threat to a lasting future and to the circular economy, in which raw materials can be reused again and again.

That's why there's a Repair Café! People with repair skills get the appreciation they deserve. Invaluable practical skills are passed on. Things are being used for longer and don't have to be thrown away. This reduces the volume of raw materials and energy needed to make new products.

Join the Repair Café!

- All Repair Cafés need handy volunteers to act as repair experts, especially those handy with clothing, electrical appliances, bicycles and furniture.
- Repair Cafés often have room for volunteers who can act as host or hostess. In this role, you provide everyone with coffee and tea and you help new visitors at the reception table.
- There is frequently demand for people skilled at computers. You keep the website of your Repair Café up to date and feature your initiative on Instagram, Facebook and Twitter.

21. What can visitors do in a Repair Café?

A. Get free second-hand items.　　B. Buy repair tools and materials.

C. Repair things with expert help.　　D. Exchange broken items for new ones.

22. What is the aim of a Repair Café?

A. To preserve valuable items.　　B. To promote the repair profession.

C. To pass down traditional customs.　　D. To contribute to a sustainable future.

23. Which of the following is a suitable volunteer in the Repair Café?

A. Tom, who is an online sales promoter.

B. Jack, who likes making tea and coffee.

C. Lily, who is an experienced receptionist.

D. Amy, who longs to pick up repair skills.

B

When Robert Taylor got the idea to liquify hand soap (肥皂), he knew he had found a big idea — and so did everyone else.

In the late 70's and early 80's, Taylor's small company, The Minnetonka Corporation, had developed a small reputation for coming up with innovative ideas like fruit-scented shampoo, scented candles, and bubble baths. Others saw these ideas as winners also, and the

ideas were quickly copied by larger competitors like Procter & Gamble. Soon after the liquid soap, Softsoap, hit store shelves, it became the bestselling soap on the market. And while many people might enjoy this kind of success, Taylor knew all it meant was that his competitors were now breathing down his neck.

Instead of competing with the "big dogs" head-to-head, Taylor stuck to what he was good at and looked for a more innovative solution. He went to the company that manufactured (制造) the plastic pumps used in his product and placed an order for 100 million units.

One of the benefits of being first to market is that Taylor knew what kind of manufacturing options were available for the product. At the time, there was only one company who could make plastic pumps that could sustain mass-market production. By purchasing such a substantial amount of plastic pumps, he prevented them from supplying his competitors. While it didn't eliminate the competition, it gave him exclusive control of the liquid soap market for an entire year.

Robert Taylor's bold move bought something money usually can't: time. For a full year, while competitors struggled to find another manufacturer or make their own pumps, Softsoap sat alone on store shelves. By the time the big players finally caught up, the brand had already sunk its roots deep into the market. Taylor never tried to outspend Procter & Gamble; he simply outthought them. And when Colgate-Palmolive came knocking in 1987 with a $61-million offer, he walked away with a fortune — proof that in business, the smartest move isn't always the loudest one, but the one that quietly shuts the door behind you.

24. What was The Minnetonka Corporation known for?

A. Launching creative products.　　B. Adopting flexible sales strategies.

C. Cooperating with large companies.　　D. Conducting targeted market research.

25. What was Taylor worried about after Softsoap reached the market?

A. It would make little profit.　　B. It would be in short supply.

C. It would be badly received.　　D. It would face fierce competition.

26. Why did Taylor order 100 million units of plastic pumps?

A. To secure a lower price.　　B. To mass-produce liquid soap.

C. To block access to the pumps.　　D. To start a manufacturing company.

27. What can be a suitable title for the text?

A. Rising from Nothing　　B. Outsmarting the Giants

C. Liquid Soap Making a Hit　　D. Small Business Doing Well

C

Two years ago, "fix what the AI got wrong" wasn't a service anyone advertised. Today, this kind of work is listed as a separate job on freelance (自由职业) platforms. For independent designers, writers, and editors, AI cleanup work — fixing and improving low-quality AI-generated content — has become a new source of income.

Graphic (图形的) design accounts for more of the Freelancer.com postings than any other category, with video editing, proofreading, and content writing rounding out the top

four. According to Freelancer.com chief executive Matt Barrie, the typical client behind this demand is a small business owner who used an AI tool to produce a fast first draft and then discovered they couldn't turn it into something usable on their own. Whatever time the AI draft saved gets spent right back on fixing it.

That dynamic creates a mismatch in how clients expect the fix to be priced. A Florida-based illustrator, Todd Van Linda, was offered roughly $500 to correct thirteen to fifteen AI-generated illustrations for a children's book. The client had worked out this price assuing each picture would only take around 15 minutes to fix. But too often, AI-generated illustrations turn out to be much more time-consuming than expected. So Van Linda turned down the project; his minimum rate is $65 per hour and won't negotiate below it.

Opinions differ on how long this new type of work sticks around. Kym Dunbar, an Australian writer and editor, expects most of this corrective work to **taper off** over the next five to ten years as the underlying AI models get better. A graphic designer based in Spain, however, predicts that AI will be able to match her logo and packaging work within a year or two.

Yet there is another related trend worth noticing. Van Linda stepped away from AI cleanup jobs late last year, and since then, clients who were dissatisfied with AI-generated results have come back to hire him for original, hand-drawn work instead.

28. What phenomenon does the author point out in paragraph 1?
A. AI services are becoming unreliable.
B. There is a big increase in freelance income.
C. There is a growing demand for freelance jobs.
D. AI cleanup work is emerging as a new service.

29. According to paragraph 3, there is a mismatch between _____.
A. the AI cleanup rates and the original work rates
B. the time AI drafts save and the time to fix them
C. the pay clients offer and the pay freelancers charge
D. the quality of AI drafts and the quality clients expect

30. What does the underlined phrase "taper off" in paragraph 4 mean?
A. Fade away. B. Catch on. C. Take shape. D. Pay off.

31. What does the author imply in the last paragraph?
A. Clients become harder to satisfy. B. AI-generated content is of little value.
C. AI cleanup jobs are here to stay. D. Original work is winning clients back.

D

Think about the last time you instantly liked someone because they reminded you of a friend, or felt oddly tense around a stranger who seemed "different." That premature judgment probably felt personal and specific, but psychology suggests something bigger is happening: your brain is quietly sorting the world into people who are with you, and people who are not. It is fast, and you do not even notice it happening.

This "minimal group" effect is not a modern glitch (缺陷). It is an ancient mental shortcut

built into how human groups survived. Imagine living tens of thousands of years ago in a small band of hunter-gatherers. Your survival depends on the people around you: the ones who share resources, warn you of danger, and defend you when things go bad. In that world, quickly recognizing who is "one of us" could literally mean the difference between life and death. Trusting the ingroup and being cautious of outsiders was, in many contexts, a survival strategy, not a moral failing.

One of the most striking findings in social psychology is how little it takes to set off "us versus them" behavior. In classic lab experiments, people are randomly split into groups — based on something as meaningless as preference for a painting — and then asked to assign rewards. Over and over, participants favor their own group, even when it costs them the chance to maximize total benefit for everyone.

The "minimal group" effect shows that group loyalty switches on with almost no substance behind it. You do not need deep history or real conflict; your brain just needs a label. That is a bit terrifying, because it means biases can form around almost anything: sports teams, fandoms, brands, even whether you prefer cats or dogs.

But it is also hopeful: the lines between "us" and "them" are not carved in stone; they are changeable. One practical strategy is to intentionally expose yourself to stories and voices from outside your usual circles. Another concrete move is to work with someone from a "them" group on a project. Over time, your idea of "us" will grow into something much larger than the version you started with.

32. What do we know about the judgment mentioned in paragraph 1?

A. It occurs randomly.　　B. It happens automatically.

C. It is specific to certain people.　　D. It is based on careful reasoning.

33. What does paragraph 2 mainly talk about?

A. The origin of the "minimal group" effect.

B. The survival challenges of hunter-gatherers.

C. The ancient methods of recognizing insiders.

D. The drawbacks of the "minimal group" effect.

34. According to classic lab experiments, what is the key to group loyalty?

A. Common goals.　　B. Similar preferences.

C. The act of grouping.　　D. The sharing of rewards.

35. What does the author suggest readers do in the last paragraph?

A. Expand their circle of "us".

B. Distinguish "us" from "them".

C. Identify hidden biases in groups.

D. Make their stories and voices heard.

第二节（共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分）

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Can you exercise your brain the way you exercise your body? __36__ We solve

crossword puzzles, download brain-training apps, and take up new hobbies in the hope of preserving our memory and thinking skills. Increasingly, researchers are pointing to another activity that challenges the brain in a particularly powerful way: learning a new language.

Unlike many activities that exercise a single mental skill, language learning engages almost every major cognitive（认知的）system at once. It calls on memory, attention, problem-solving, pattern recognition, and mental flexibility. __37__

One reason scientists are fascinated by bilingualism（双语能力）is its relationship with cognitive reserve, which is the brain's ability to cope with age-related changes while continuing to function effectively. __38__ If one road is blocked, a well-connected network offers plenty of other ways to reach the destination. Likewise, a brain with greater cognitive reserve may be better able to counteract damage. Studies have found that bilinguals may experience the symptoms of dementia（老年痴呆）several years later than their monolingual（单语的）peers.

The encouraging news is that these benefits are not limited to people who learned two languages in childhood. __39__ They form new neural pathways as they master unfamiliar sounds, grammar, and vocabulary. With repeated use, those pathways become more efficient, allowing the brain to process information with increasing ease.

__40__ Genetics, education, physical activity, sleep and diet all play important roles. But learning another language stands out because it challenges the mind, rewards curiosity, fosters human connection, and may even help build a brain that's better prepared for the years ahead.

A. Adults enjoy the potential as well.
B. The answer is not straight-forward.
C. No single activity can promise a healthy brain forever.
D. Few everyday activities ask quite so much of the brain.
E. As we age, many of us look for ways to stay mentally sharp.
F. Think of cognitive reserve as alternative routes through a busy city.
G. The benefits of learning language can transfer beyond language itself.

第三部分　语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节（共 15 个小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Most parents wait years before handing their kids kitchen duties. Deanna Knight __41__ her son Russ was ready by his first birthday.

Knight and her son became popular online when she started filming the little child helping her in the kitchen. "We began with really simple things like __42__ vegetables and fruits," she said in an interview. "As he's gotten older, we've slowly given him more __43__." Knight noted that her son __44__ being involved. "He gets so excited when he gets to help and is always eager to __45__." she said.

The mother believes that involving children in kitchen tasks gives them a chance to develop __46__ skills, such as basic cooking methods, while also building confidence and independence. "But beyond that, it gives us meaningful time together and allows him to __47__ our family," said Knight.

Still, she __48__ that the process takes longer and gets __49__ than if she did it herself. "It can be tempting (诱人的) to just do something yourself because it's faster, but the extra __50__ is worth it," she shared.

Knight regularly __51__ Russ' progress on her social media account, hoping to __52__ other parents not to wait until their children are "old enough". "You don't need a complicated recipe. Give them one __53__ job and gradually build from there," Knight said. "And __54__ a little mess! After all, the goal isn't __55__ — it's giving them the opportunity to practice."

41. A. insisted	B. pretended	C. decided	D. hoped
42. A. cooking	B. eating	C. washing	D. growing
43. A. responsibility	B. praise	C. advice	D. inspiration
44. A. suggested	B. loved	C. imagined	D. missed
45. A. share	B. change	C. play	D. participate
46. A. business	B. survival	C. communication	D. management
47. A. contribute to	B. stand for	C. count on	D. talk about
48. A. admits	B. fears	C. regrets	D. remembers
49. A. funnier	B. messier	C. simpler	D. safer
50. A. expense	B. service	C. time	D. demand
51. A. assesses	B. checks	C. observes	D. documents
52. A. warn	B. beg	C. require	D. encourage
53. A. interesting	B. manageable	C. meaningful	D. specific
54. A. expect	B. avoid	C. create	D. leave
55. A. recognition	B. innovation	C. perfection	D. competition

非选择题部分

注意:将答案写在答题纸上。写在本试卷上无效。

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Fang Shanfei never thought his village, Gaotiankeng, was special, __56__ did he understand technical terms like the Bortle scale. But things changed when strangers arrived in 2017, eager to stare at the stars he had seen all his life.

In the largely mountainous province, Zhejiang, farmers in remote areas rely mainly on selling homegrown produce and rural specialties, __57__ bring them limited incomes. Fang's village, however, possesses something rare: __58__ sky dotted with stars. Gaotiankeng is one of the few __59__ (remain) places in eastern China free of light pollution. __60__ (professional) classify it as a Class 2 dark-sky zone.

In 2024, it was __61__ (official) added to the world list of dark sky protected areas. A year later, the Beijing Planetarium (天文馆) set up a permanent astronomical observation site there, the first in the Yangtze River Delta (三角洲) __62__ (join) the top institution's official observation system. The Hangzhou Astronomical Society has also set up a monitoring station there. On the mountaintop, an astronomy museum, equipped with professional instruments and a dome theater, __63__ (stand) alongside a stargazing camping base.

Actually, before dark-sky tourism took off, Gaotiankeng was almost an empty village. Young people migrated to cities __64__ more opportunities, leaving much of the farmland __65__ (abandon). Today, villagers are returning and farmland is reclaimed. Five villager-operated homestays (民宿) are in business, each generating an annual income of more than 100,000 yuan.

第四部分　写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你校英文报正在征集毕业季专刊的栏目主题,旨在记录高中三年的故事和感悟。目前已确定的栏目有"Fun Moments"。请给编辑部写一封信,再推荐一个栏目并说明理由。

注意:

(1)写作词数应为 80 左右;

(2)请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Editor,

I'm glad to hear that you're collecting column themes for the upcoming graduation special issue.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

This year's state fair finally came to an end, and to Molly's greatest delight, her family's homemade apple sauce claimed the first prize. Staring at the shining medal in her hand, Molly couldn't help recalling the special Apple Day.

Molly woke up early that day. A cool breeze blew down from the mountains and

chilled her feet. Downstairs, Dad dragged the big blackened pot out of the basement, and then handed Molly a basket. "Pick enough so we can share our sauce this year!" Mom called from the door.

The apple orchard (果园) was a short walk away. Apples hung on branches, gleaming in the sun. Dad always said their sauce was "almost the best." Almost. And every year, it was the same kind of apple, the same recipe, the same second place. There was just something missing from their sauce, Molly thought as she picked. If only they could figure out what it was, they might win the first place this year.

CRASH! Molly fell to the ground. It was Sam, her messy little cousin who lived next door. He had run into her and knocked her over. "Molly, I came to pick apples, too!" He waved a dirty old bag above his head.

Molly shouted at Sam to pick apples from an ancient tree, whose tiny apples were too sour to eat. Molly sighed. She hoped Sam would stay out of the way. But Sam did not care. He stuffed his bag full of apples anyway.

Back home, Dad got the apple sauce mill (碾磨机) ready, which was used to turn cooked apples into smooth sauce while Molly washed the apples, which were then poured into the big pot on the stove (炉子). Mom stood by the stove, ready to stir the pot. Suddenly, Sam shook his bag of tiny sour apples into the boiling pot, too.

注意:

(1)续写词数应为 150 个左右;

(2)请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

"No!" Molly screamed, her heart sinking as the sour apples mixed with the sweet ones.
Dad held a spoon of the freshly-made apple sauce to Molly's lips.

金华十校 2026 年 11 月高三模拟考试

英语答案

第一部分 听力（每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

1-5 BCCAB 6-10 CBABC 11-15 ACACB 16-20 BCACC

第二部分 阅读理解（每小题 2.5 分，满分 50 分）

21-23 CDC 24-27 ADCB 28-31 DCAD 32-35 BACA

36-40 EDFAC

第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 15 个小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

41-45 CCABD 46-50 BAABC 51-55 DDBAC

第二节 （共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

56. neither/nor	57. which	58. a	59. remaining	60. Professionals
61. officially	62. to join	63. stands	64. for	65. abandoned

第四部分 写作 (共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

【审题重点】

1. 明确体裁与对象：推荐信，写作对象为校英文报编辑。写作语气应礼貌、诚恳，符合高中生向编辑部投稿建议的身份。

2. 明确主题与任务：题目要求为“毕业季特刊”推荐一个栏目（已有“Fun Moments”），并说明理由。毕业季专刊的核心目的在于“记录高中三年的故事和感悟”，因此推荐的栏目必须契合毕业季的“纪念、感恩、成长”等情感基调。

【内容要点】

1. 写出具体的栏目名称；如：Advice to Underclassmen(给学弟学妹的建议); The Thank-You Wall(致谢墙)；Words Left Unsaid(未说出口的话)；Then and Now(彼时与此刻)；Classroom Legends(教室传奇)；Senior Superlatives(毕业之最)；Letter to My Younger Self(致曾经的自己)等等；

2. 建议包含一个隐性要点：简要介绍该栏目，即在该栏目下学生可以写什么或做什么；

3. 推荐理由必须言之有物，具体且有说服力，可以从情感价值或成长意义等角度展开。

【评分原则】

本题总分为 15 分，按 5 个档次给分。评分时，先根据审题、内容要点和语言初步确定其所属档次，然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次，最后给分。:

Possible version 1：

Dear Editor,

I’m glad to hear that you’re collecting column themes for the upcoming graduation special issue. Here, I’d like to recommend another column— “Our Glorious Failures”.

This is a column where students can share a moment they messed up — a failed speech or a wrong answer that set the whole class laughing. Such moments, though hardly flattering, are precisely the ones we might remember most vividly. They remind us that nobody breezes through high school, and that our stumbles often teach us more than our triumphs. Years from now, aren’t these the stories we recount with the most affection?

I believe this column pairs beautifully with “Fun Moments”, and together they paint a true picture of our three years here. I hope you’ll consider my suggestion.

Yours,
Li Hua

Possible version 2：

Dear Editor,

I'm glad to hear that you're collecting column themes for the upcoming graduation special issue. Besides "Fun Moments", I'd like to recommend another column— "Words Left Unsaid".

In this column, students can write down what they've never had the courage to say: a thank-you to a teacher who stayed after class to explain a tricky problem, or an apology to a classmate for a careless remark. Since three years pass so quickly and many feelings remain buried until it's too late, giving these unsaid words a voice will not only bring warmth but also help us leave high school with fewer regrets.

After all, what better time than graduation to say what truly matters? I believe this column will give the graduation special issue the voices it has so far lacked.

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

【语篇主题】

本文主题范畴为"人与自我"之"做人与做事"。生活中的"意外"未必是坏事，有时候不完美的小插曲反而会成为独一份的惊喜。

【逻辑与伏笔】

1. **"something missing"的悬念：**原文中 Molly 家的苹果酱参赛年年第二，总觉得苹果酱里"少了点什么"，续写第二段最好揭晓答案，回扣"missing something"。
2. **Sam 的酸苹果和本年度冠军：**Sam 摘的是"tiny sour apples"，这些酸苹果成为了苹果酱获得冠军的秘诀。
3. **Mom 提到的"share our sauce this year"：**结尾也可以写分享苹果酱。

【写作内容】

第一段可以写 Molly 的反应、家人的态度、一家人继续熬制苹果酱的行为等；

第二段可以写品尝苹果酱发现意外的美味、参赛获奖等，最好能点出"missing something"的"something"是什么，可以是"missing 的就是酸苹果" 也可以是"意外也能创造美好"等，合理即可。

【评分说明】

本题总分为 25 分，按五个档次进行评分。

评分时，主要从续写情节内容、语言表达和过渡衔接三个方面考虑，具体为：

1. 续写的完整性以及与原文情境的融洽度；
2. 使用词汇、句型和语法结构的准确性、恰当性和多样性，以及与原文的协同性；
3. 上下文的衔接和全文的连贯性；
4. 单词拼写和标点符号也要予以考虑；书写较差，酌情扣分。

【评分细则】

1. 写作思路可开放式作答(不限定范文为唯一写作思路)，合理即可；
2. 按照五个档次评分规则进行给分，拉开差距；
3. 学生只要作答思路完整合理，表达准确，卷面整洁，可按照第五档给高分。

One possible version:

"No!" Molly screamed, her heart sinking as the sour apples mixed with the sweet

ones. She reached for the pot, but Dad waved her off. "It'll be fine. A little extra flavor never hurt anyone." Mom just chuckled. Sam stood by the counter, shoulders hunched, cheeks pink. After all those years of coming second, Molly thought, they might not even finish second this time. She sighed. There was no going back now. They went through the routine: Mom stirred the pot over the stove, and Dad worked the apple sauce mill until the cooked apples turned into a smooth, thick mixture. By late afternoon, the sauce was done, filling the whole house with a warm steam.

Dad held a spoon of the freshly-made apple sauce to Molly's lips. Molly stuck out her tongue, ready to spit it out. The first taste was sweet; then something fresh and sharp followed. She took another spoonful, and then a third, no longer trying to hide her surprise. At the fair the next day, their sauce was an instant standout, unlike any other entry. When the first prize was announced, Molly knelt down beside Sam and asked, "You know what was missing all those years?" "A happy accident." Sam grinned, licking sauce from his fingers. "I love Apple Day!" Molly smiled. "Me too, Sam." That weekend, jars of the prize-winning sauce were carried door to door, and not a single drop was left by Sunday evening.

英语听力原文

Text 1

M: Are you nearly finished, dear? The football game is starting soon, and I'd like to get home in time to watch it on TV.

W: Yeah, I'm almost finished with the weight machines. I just need five minutes to cool down on the running machine, and then we'll go.

Text 2

M: Lots of people are scared of mice, but they don't bother me. Rabbits frighten me to death.

W: What? Are you serious? Mice are the ones that are scary along with snakes! They carry a lot of viruses.

Text 3

M: I've never played table tennis before, and I already know I'm going to lose. I'm terrible at these kinds of ball games!

W: There're many skills and it's also important to learn strategies. Don't worry, I'll teach you.

Text 4

W: Ever since my doctor gave me this new medicine, my voice has sounded much better.

M: Try one of these sweets. I use them all the time when I'm teaching children. They're great when you've been singing onstage for hours. And they're sugar-free.

Text 5

M: Okay, we'll take a few more pictures in this costume, and then you can go and change into the next one.

W: Will I need to change my make-up as well?

M: No, you look great on camera.

W: Okay, I'm going to pick out some new clothes later.

Text 6

M: Why are you on Weibo? I'm about to call a taxi driver, and you're not even dressed!

W: Relax! I'm watching these videos to do my eye make-up, so I can look nice for the party.

M: Hmm… It looks complicated!

W: It is… That is why I need a video!

M: I don't know how I feel about these "beauty influencers".

W: Why? I think they're great! I've learned so many make-up skills from them.

M: But is that the information you really need to know?

W: What do you mean?

M: Well… They use so much make-up and they almost look like different people afterwards.

Text 7

M: Olivia, what's the matter? Why are you crying?

W: I can't get up on that stage. I'm going to look so stupid. I can't do anything but be mad at myself. I can't remember even a single word I planned to say up there. My mind is just blank!

M: The same thing happened to me when I was on the school debate team. But it'll be a real shame if you don't make your speech. You worked so hard to graduate at the top of our class. Take it easy.

W: You're right. I just need to take some deep breaths and that will refresh me. Do you have any other advice?

M: Take your notes and read from them if you need to.

Text 8

W: Wow, you're really going to jump from a plane?

M: I am!

W: Why? That's crazy!

M: Because I want to raise as much money for charity as possible.

W: Well, I can't help but admire your bravery. It's not easy to face your biggest fear, particularly when you don't have to.

M: Well, I have to do something. I keep reading these terrible articles about the recent earthquakes in Turkey and Syria.

W: Yes, I watched a TV news report about them last night.

M: I really want to do something to help. So, when the local radio station announced a charity jump, I thought it sounded perfect.

W: When does it take place?

M: On the 23rd of this June. So, exactly three weeks from today!

Text 9

W: I live in Europe, but I've never seen these mountains before.

M: Well, this mountain chain is called the Alps. And I'm glad you accepted my invitation to visit my parents' mountain home. I grew up here in this forest house and still visit it whenever I can.

W: I knew this area was famous for snow mountains, but I'm lucky to experience the traditional lifestyle here.

M: And thankfully, you're visiting now during the summer, because this is by far the best time of the year. From mid-October until late spring, it's freezing. Although there's no skiing now, we can ride bicycles or go hiking together.

W: Oh, I'd love to go hiking. Do we have time to go today?
M: Let's go tomorrow morning. My father will need our help with farm work before dinner.

Text 10

Nature and technology often seem to work against each other. It cannot be denied that the rise of modern technology has often come at a high cost to the natural world. However, it's sometimes possible for the two sides to exist in harmony. Actually, many of the world's greatest inventions have been inspired by nature. For example, the Wright brothers, American aircraft engineers, took inspiration from the flight of birds, while underwater sound wave technology was inspired by the way whales and dolphins communicate. More recently, the shape of high-speed Japanese trains was inspired by fishing birds, which can move through the water without creating much disturbance. It's not just animals that have inspired useful inventions. In 2022, the University of Hong Kong developed a tiny, energy-efficient drone. It was inspired by the design of tree seeds. Like many people, I feel it's now time for technology to "return the favor". That is why I'm currently studying to become an environmental engineer. My dream is one day to create an invention that will significantly help deal with climate change.