

# 英语 试题

浙江强基联盟研究院 命制

考生注意：

1. 本试卷满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 考生作答时，请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域书写的答案无效，在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。

## 第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

1. Why does the woman want to borrow a car?  
A. To go for a test.                      B. To go on a road trip.                      C. To practice driving skills.
2. Where is the lost and found office?  
A. On the first floor.                      B. On the second floor.                      C. On the third floor.
3. What does the woman suggest doing?  
A. Finding more jogging partners.  
B. Keeping exercising together.  
C. Arriving at work earlier.
4. What will the speakers probably do this weekend?  
A. Go to the movies.                      B. Go hiking.                      C. Go to the beach.
5. What does the man think of the woman's salad?  
A. It's delicious.                      B. It's easy to make.                      C. It's nothing special.

第二节(共 15 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Who does the man help through his volunteer work?  
A. Parentless children.                      B. The old people.                      C. Homeless animals.
7. What does the woman think of the man's volunteer work?  
A. It's demanding.                      B. It's challenging.                      C. It's important.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. How long has the coffee shop been open?  
A. Ten years.                      B. Six years.                      C. Four years.
9. What does the woman do?  
A. She is a writer.                      B. She is a teacher.                      C. She is a shop owner.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What is being built in the park?

- A. A children's playground.    B. A picnic area.    C. A garden.

11. What is the woman's suggestion?

- A. Taking boxing classes.  
B. Finding a new relaxing area.  
C. Following David's running path.

12. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Co-workers.    B. Trainer and trainee.    C. Husband and wife.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What should the woman pay more attention to according to the man?

- A. Improving her arm movements.  
B. Moving her feet faster.  
C. Increasing her power.

14. What month is it now?

- A. July.    B. September.    C. November.

15. What does the man suggest the woman do?

- A. Work harder.  
B. Learn from other players.  
C. Have confidence in herself.

16. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. In a classroom.    B. On a tennis court.    C. In an office.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Which way is good for remembering words?

- A. Listening to songs.    B. Reading stories.    C. Writing diaries.

18. Why does the speaker suggest talking to native speakers?

- A. It's good for making friends.  
B. It's beneficial for realizing mistakes.  
C. It's helpful for learning real-life language.

19. What should learners do when language learning seems slow?

- A. Have patience.    B. Set suitable goals.    C. Change to another way.

20. What is the talk mainly about?

- A. The benefits of learning a new language.  
B. The challenges of learning a new language.  
C. The useful methods of learning a new language.

## 第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题,每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳答案。

### A

#### Connect with Caltech

Caltech invites everyone to join its events. You can explore the exciting connections between art, science, and engineering. Join us online or in person for our upcoming events.

#### Astronomy on Tap

Date: October 27, 2025

Time: 7:30 PM—9:30 PM

Place: Dog Haus Biergarten

What do we know about planets outside our solar system? Join us to find out! We will have two short talks, a Q&A session, and fun space facts. You can also enjoy watching stars with telescopes. Live music will be played during breaks.

### Special Performance about Mars

Date: October 30, 2025

Time: 7:30 PM—9:00 PM

Place: Beckman Auditorium

This special show uses music and visuals to tell the story of Mars. It follows our dream of reaching the Red Planet. Could humans live on Mars one day? Come and explore this question.

### Science Journeys Saturday

Date: Saturday, November 8, 2025

Time: 11:30 AM—13:00 PM

Place: Beckman Auditorium

After a hands-on pre-show, Caltech graduate student Alejandro will present his science research, including a drone(无人机) show, and share how he creates inventions and explores new knowledge.

### Writers in Residence Program

Date: November 10, 2025

Time: 6:00 PM—7:00 PM

Place: Dabney Hall, Lounge

Writer Daryl Gregory and Professor Jocelyn Holland will talk about Gregory's new novel, *When We Were Real*. The book asks a big question: what if our world is not real? Join the conversation about reality and science.

21. What can participants do at the "Astronomy on Tap" event?

- A. Enjoy a science movie about Mars.
- B. Listen to talks and look at stars with telescopes.
- C. Have a face-to-face talk with two famous writers.
- D. Join in a hands-on pre-show and watch a drone show.

22. Which event takes the shortest time?

- A. Astronomy on Tap.
- B. Special Performance about Mars.
- C. Science Journeys Saturday.
- D. Writers in Residence Program.

23. Where is the text most likely from?

- A. A science textbook.
- B. A parenting magazine.
- C. A school website.
- D. A news report.

### B

A father from New York, Nick Tomasso, accidentally started a yearly photo tradition with his son Jackson that shows how the boy grows over time. The photos, which began when Jackson was a baby, feature the two wearing matching Batman T-shirts.

It all started by chance. When Jackson was very little, Nick once wore a Batman T-shirt and also dressed his son in a Batman onesie(连体衣). He thought it would be a cute picture and took one. The next year, they happened to wear new Batman shirts again, so Nick took another photo without remembering the first one. By the third year, Nick realized he had created a tradition without planning to. He then decided to continue it every year.

Nick had shared these photos on his private social media over the years. Recently, he posted a collage(拼图) of the pictures on Reddit, and the story became very popular online. Many people loved seeing the changes in the father and son.

For Nick, the best part is looking back at how his son has grown. He also finds the tradition a good way to **bond** with Jackson, as they both like superheroes. Nick plans to keep taking these photos as long as possible. He thinks it will be funny to see when Jackson becomes taller than him.

Though Nick doesn't have special plans for the photos, he may make a collage or a video for his son's important birthdays. For him, the tradition is not just about pictures—it's about recording time and the love between a father and his son.

24. How did the tradition begin according to the first two paragraphs?
- A. Jackson asked his father to start it.
  - B. It was suggested by one Internet user.
  - C. It happened by accident in the first two years.
  - D. Nick planned it carefully for his social media.
25. What does Nick enjoy most about this tradition?
- A. Becoming famous online.
  - B. Teaching his son about superheroes.
  - C. Seeing his son's growth over the years.
  - D. Buying new Batman shirts every year.
26. What does the underlined word "**bond**" in paragraph 4 mean?
- A. Connect.
  - B. Argue.
  - C. Compete.
  - D. Disagree.
27. What does this passage mainly talk about?
- A. How to become popular on Reddit.
  - B. What superhero kids are interested in.
  - C. The collection of different Batman shirts.
  - D. The story of a father-son photo tradition.

**C**

Food can tell us much about society, history, and even our dreams. What is considered luxury(奢侈的) food changes over time. Let's find out how foods become popular and then go out of style.

History shows many foods' status(地位) has changed. In 18th-century Europe, pineapples were uncommon and expensive, grown in heated glasshouses. They were used at parties to show off wealth, not for eating. However, once steamships could transport them, they became common and lost their luxury status. Similarly, oysters were once a cheap food for the poor in the 18th and 19th centuries. But overfishing and pollution made them hard to find, increasing their value and turning them into a symbol of fine dining.

Some items like sugar, tea, coffee, and cocoa were once expensive gifts only the rich could afford. Europeans' desire for them led to control over foreign lands and the use of enslaved labor. As production grew, costs dropped, making them everyday items for everyone, though they still appear in luxury gift sets.

The story of lobster(龙虾) is also surprising. It was so common on the US East Coast that it was fed to prisoners. Railway companies started serving canned lobster to passengers, who turned out to enjoy it. This new demand made lobster a luxury item in restaurants.

Several factors make a food luxurious. Scarcity is key—if a food is hard to get, like the historical pineapple, it becomes more valuable. High cost, often due to skilled labor, also makes food limited, like Japanese Wagyu beef. Marketing plays a big role too. If famous people or social media advertise a food, it can quickly become a must-have item, even if it's not rare.

Looking ahead, climate change may make some foods luxurious again. Chocolate and coffee are becoming harder to grow, which could make them expensive in the future. A new idea of sustainable(可持续的) luxury is also appearing. People want food that is not only special but also good for the earth, so they care about how food is produced. The true luxury isn't just about how expensive or uncommon something is.

28. Why were pineapples luxurious in the past?
- A. They were easy to cook.
  - B. They were difficult to get.
  - C. They were good for health.
  - D. They were transported by steamships.

29. What can be inferred from the lobster's story in paragraph 4?
- A. A food's status can rise with short supply.
  - B. A food's status can rise with increased demand.
  - C. A food's status can drop with lower production cost.
  - D. A food's status can change with new ways to market.
30. What does the last paragraph suggest?
- A. Luxury foods will become cheaper.
  - B. People no longer care about the cost of food.
  - C. Sustainable luxury will become popular.
  - D. Climate change may have little effect on food prices.
31. Which can be a suitable title for the passage?
- A. Climate Change Turns Some Foods Luxurious
  - B. From Prison to Palace: The Path of Luxury Foods
  - C. Modern Technology Makes Many Luxuries Affordable
  - D. From Common to Costly: Why Certain Foods Become Luxurious

**D**

Recently, doctors and scientists have noticed a sharp increase in early-onset(早发性的) cancers among people under 50, which includes many types of cancers and has been found in many countries, leading some to wonder if it is becoming a common health problem. A new international study carried out by a research team from the UK-based Institute of Cancer Research, headed by professor Amy Berrington de Gonzalez, suggests that rising cancer rates(率) are not only seen in younger people but also in older adults. Moreover, the cancers with the highest increases in both age groups are related to obesity(肥胖症).

Cancer has long been considered a disease of old age, often resulting from DNA damage that builds up over time. The sharp rise in early-onset cancers has drawn much attention, with concerns about possible new causes. However, this has caused us to overlook the fact that older people still make up most new cancer cases around the world. Therefore, the research team from London aimed to explore whether the increase in early-onset cancers is part of a larger trend affecting all ages.

The team studied data from 42 countries, paying attention to 13 cancer types in adults aged 20—49 and those over 50. They chose cancers reported before to be rising globally in younger adults. Results showed that six cancers increased in young adults in at least 75% of the countries. Five of these also rose in older adults, with colorectal cancer(结直肠癌) being an exception. Early-onset colorectal cancer increased in 88% of countries, compared to only 55% for older adults. Berrington said the larger increase in younger adults may result from better testing in countries with common screening programs.

Additionally, the study found that cancers increasing in both age groups were related to obesity, in line with rising obesity rates among youth and adults. Doctor Christopher Cann and Doctor Efrat Dotan commented that this shows a growing cancer problem across all generations and calls for attention to future social effects.

32. What can we learn about early-onset cancers?
- A. Their increase is hardly related to obesity.
  - B. They are now a common international health issue.
  - C. Young people are the main group affected by their rise.
  - D. Their rising rates involve both younger and older adults.
33. How did the team carry out the study according to paragraph 3?
- A. By quoting an expert.
  - B. By studying data.
  - C. By giving an example.
  - D. By comparing opinions.

34. Why did early-onset colorectal cancer increase more in younger adults, according to Berrington?

- A. Improved testing in some countries.      B. Higher obesity rates in young adults.  
C. Healthier living habits in older adults.      D. Positive changes in diet and lifestyle.

35. Which word best describes Cann and Dotan's attitude to the study finding?

- A. Concerned.      B. Confused.      C. Supportive.      D. Doubtful.

第二节(共 5 小题,每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

### Make an escape room

With a little creativity, you can set up a fun challenge at home. An escape room is an exciting adventure. 36 While there are many escape rooms you can experience, you can also create many at home. Here's how you can get started.

First, choose a theme to make the game attractive. 37 A theme helps get everyone excited before the game even begins, and it will help you guide your direction as you create your clues(线索).

Next, gather props(道具) to set the scene and design puzzles. Round up items like locks, small boxes, paper, pens, and decorations such as posters or drawings. 38

Now, create small challenges that lead players toward the final goal of escaping. For example, design a puzzle like: "I have legs, but don't walk. I'm the place you sit and talk." 39 That clue might help players find a key to a locked box. Then, players can unlock the box, which would hold the next clue.

Hide the clues strategically. Map the escape route: Start at the end and work backward, picking spots for each clue and challenge. You could choose to have a prize at the finish line, like mini pumpkin cookies or other small prizes. Finally, do a test run. Ask an adult to be a test player to make sure the steps work in order. 40 Then, at game time, welcome your players, set a timer, and go!

- A. The answer—a chair—could hide a clue under a mat.  
B. When they are done, make whatever changes as needed.  
C. Prepare a short paragraph to read at the beginning of the game.  
D. Consider placing a small prize, like cookies or a treat, at the finish line.  
E. Simple costume props like hats or flashlights can also add to the atmosphere.  
F. In this adventure, you must solve a lot of puzzles to "escape" a room within a set time limit.  
G. It could be based on a holiday like Halloween, a sports competition, or a classic treasure hunt.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Every evening after dinner, our family gathers in the tatami room for story time. Our 14-year-old daughter plays with her Rubik's Cube, while our 12-year-old sits nearby. My 4-year-old settles into my lap, and my husband 41 against a wooden post. I open our chapter book and continue where we left off.

I have always loved 42 to my children. As a multinational family—American, Filipino, and Chinese—living in the Japanese countryside, we have helped our children stay 43 to English through books. I started when my eldest was just 8 months old, 44 from picture books to chapter books. At first, illustrations(插画) played a big role in their understanding and 45 of stories. Today, they take pleasure in 46 events through words alone. Now that they're older, reading together is less about language and more about 47.

I choose books thoughtfully—interesting novels like *Front Desk*, or stories my kids  
48 . The moment I read aloud some of the funny titles, the whole family 49 with  
laughter. My kids were doubled over, hands holding 50 , as we gasped (喘气) for air  
between waves of laughter.

Reading together also helps us reconnect. We often come to story time carrying the day's  
worries. But once we start reading, we 51 to thinking the same way and find common  
ground even if we 52 each other earlier. This shared experience resets our 53 and  
creates a peaceful space just for us.

This tradition may not last forever, but for now, I 54 these moments. I may not be  
able to protect my children from every storm that life brings, but for a few minutes each day,  
I can offer them a(n) 55 through stories.

- |                     |                   |                 |                 |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. rests        | B. cries          | C. sleeps       | D. knocks       |
| 42. A. listening    | B. talking        | C. reading      | D. writing      |
| 43. A. kind         | B. connected      | C. true         | D. respectful   |
| 44. A. struggling   | B. translating    | C. progressing  | D. searching    |
| 45. A. choice       | B. creation       | C. introduction | D. enjoyment    |
| 46. A. noticing     | B. picturing      | C. holding      | D. counting     |
| 47. A. balance      | B. difference     | C. tie          | D. decision     |
| 48. A. recommend    | B. invent         | C. print        | D. fear         |
| 49. A. cried        | B. argued         | C. chatted      | D. erupted      |
| 50. A. heads        | B. stomachs       | C. hair         | D. faces        |
| 51. A. reply        | B. compare        | C. object       | D. change       |
| 52. A. looked after | B. disagreed with | C. depended on  | D. commented on |
| 53. A. feelings     | B. plans          | C. rules        | D. requests     |
| 54. A. understand   | B. remember       | C. prize        | D. imagine      |
| 55. A. medicine     | B. answer         | C. excuse       | D. shelter      |

### 非选择题部分

第二节(共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Wu Yiren, a six-year-old from a kindergarten in Dalang township, Dongguan, Guangdong province, has gained 56 (popular) because of his love for snooker(斯诺克台球). Too short to reach the table, he often brings a small chair to competitions—a sight 57 has quickly won hearts online.

His father, Wu Zhijian, a doctor and longtime snooker lover, often spent evenings 58 (play) with friends. The younger Wu would watch 59 (quiet) nearby, and through this constant exposure(接触), he gradually developed a strong interest 60 the sport. Realizing his interest, the family arranged for him to train with Li Jianbing, a coach from the Chinese Billiard Sports Association. Since Li's guidance, Wu's skills 61 (improve) quickly. Most of Wu's free time now is spent practicing. He has a clear goal: to train hard, learn the basics fully, 62 one day become a professional player.

Wu's story reflects 63 bigger change underway in Dongguan. The city is changing from supporting industries to 64 (build) a snooker culture. By developing a complete snooker industry, Dongguan is creating a new image as the "City of Snooker."

The year 2025 is impressive for Chinese snooker. In May, China's Zhao Xintong became the first Asian player 65 (win) the World Snooker Championship in the United Kingdom, while Bai Yulu kept her title at the 2025 World Women's Snooker Championship in Dongguan by defeating the world's top-ranked player.

#### 第四部分 写作(共三节,满分 40 分)

##### 第一节 单词拼写(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

请根据下列各句所给首字母提示和中文提示,结合语境在空白处填入适当的单词,使空白处单词形式正确,语义完整。

66. Last year, I studied in Canada as an e \_\_\_\_\_ student and experienced a completely different culture.
67. He g \_\_\_\_\_ from a famous law school, which helped him land a job at a top law firm.
68. As was reported, the earthquake d \_\_\_\_\_ hundreds of houses, leaving many families homeless overnight.
69. If you have any questions about the project, please c \_\_\_\_\_ me by email before Friday.
70. The hotel room has a great v \_\_\_\_\_ of the sea—we can see waves every morning.
71. She practices \_\_\_\_\_ (书法) every evening in her study, using a soft brush and black ink to write traditional Chinese poems.
72. If you want to join the school trip, you need to pay \_\_\_\_\_ (额外的) money for the bus ticket.
73. During the past summer vacation, I \_\_\_\_\_ (做志愿者) at a local animal shelter to take care of abandoned dogs and cats.
74. Although he faced many \_\_\_\_\_ (失败), he never gave up on his dreams.
75. Each handmade bag in the shop is \_\_\_\_\_ (独一无二的), reflecting the designer's creativity and personality.

##### 第二节 完成句子(共 5 小题,每空 1 分,满分 15 分,每空填一词。)

76. 她那亲切的微笑和礼貌的态度给参加面试的每一个人留下了一个深刻的印象。  
Her warm smile and polite attitude left \_\_\_\_\_ on everyone she met at the interview.
77. 得知您非常需要一位英语老师,我迫不及待地想写信申请这个职位。  
Learning that you are in great need of an English teacher, I can't wait to write to \_\_\_\_\_ the position.
78. 外面这么吵以至于我现在无法专心听讲座了。  
It is so noisy outside that I can't \_\_\_\_\_ the lecture now.
79. 面对考试压力时,我会通过深呼吸来控制自己的情绪。  
When feeling stressed about exams, I try to \_\_\_\_\_ my emotions through deep breathing.
80. 正是这本实用的健康指南,让青少年们没有放弃健康的饮食习惯。  
\_\_\_\_\_ the practical wellness book \_\_\_\_\_ keeps teenagers from \_\_\_\_\_ their healthy eating habits.

##### 第三节 应用文写作(满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你校英文校刊为迎接 World Health Day,将开设“Healthy Living, Happy Life”专栏,现面向全校征稿。请你写一篇文章投稿,内容包括:

1. 你的一个健康习惯;
2. 你的具体做法和收获。

注意:

1. 词数 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

#### My Healthy Habit