

保密★考试结束前

## 金丽衢十二校 2019 学年高三第一次联考

### 英语试题

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本试卷分第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）。第 I 卷 1 至 7 页，第 II 卷 7 至 8 页。满分 150 分，考试用时 120 分钟。考试结束，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

#### 第 I 卷（选择题）

注意事项：

1. 答第 I 卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在本试卷上，否则无效。

#### 第一部分听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. When will the meeting be held?  
A. On 21st.                      B. On 22nd.                      C. On 23rd.
2. What game is the woman watching?  
A. A softball game.              B. A running game.              C. A swimming race.
3. How does the woman feel about her speech?  
A. Confident.                      B. Nervous.                      C. Excited.
4. What does the woman suggest the man do?  
A. Turn off the machine.        B. Buy a new machine.        C. Ask someone else for help.
5. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. At home.                      B. In a restaurant.              C. In a supermarket.

#### 第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why does the woman call the man?  
A. To give him a discount on his order.  
B. To apologize to him.  
C. To thank him.
7. What do we know about the man?  
A. He will be charged less.  
B. He is grateful to the woman.

C. He is going to cancel his order.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. How did the woman know about the new hotel?

A. From the radio.                      B. From her friend.                      C. From the newspaper.

9. What does the woman think of the new hotel?

A. It will bring more job chances.  
B. It may spoil the beautiful place.  
C. It helps develop local tourism.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why did the woman go to Brazil?

A. To work.                                  B. To have a rest.                                  C. To visit her aunt.

11. How long did the woman stay in Brazil?

A. A week.                                      B. A month.                                      C. Two months.

12. What can we learn about Celia?

A. She met the woman a month ago.  
B. She will go to England next year.  
C. She has already left Brazil.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What did the woman want to be at first?

A. A pilot.                                      B. A salesperson.                                      C. An employee in air traffic control.

14. Why did the woman work as a salesgirl?

A. To get money for training.  
B. To enrich her after-school life.  
C. To save money for traveling abroad.

15. What can a first officer do?

A. Arrange for staff to fly which sections.  
B. Share the job of flying planes on a journey.  
C. Do the job of taking off and landing.

16. What is the advantage of being senior first officer?

A. He can fly to more airports.  
B. He can train other people to fly planes.  
C. He can fly to destinations in better weather conditions.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What can we learn from the talk?

A. Janet Gordon has written her own book.  
B. Jessica Watson broke a record in 2010.  
C. Jesse Martin lost fingers while climbing a mountain.

18. What led Jessica to make the attempt?

A. A book.                                      B. Her parents.                                      C. A painting.

19. When did Jordan climb Mount Qomolangma?

A. In 1993.                                      B. In 1996,                                      C. In 2010.

20. What is people's attitude to Jordan's climb up Mount Qomolangma?

A. Supportive.                                      B. Opposed.                                      C. Optimistic,

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节（共 10 个小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 25 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

A few hours after my first mission, returning to Earth on the space shuttle Endeavour, I completed all of my medical tests after flight, met with NASA officials, and reunited with my family. Finally, I was alone in my office room in astronaut crew quarters at the Kennedy Space Center, exhausted and ready for bed. And I did what anyone does when they return to their hotel room on a business trip: I turned on the TV. The television news started up: Such and such had happened, people were shocked, blah blah blah. Sports scores. Silly commercials.

It didn't take more than a minute before I had to turn it off. It felt like my body was rejecting all this input, just as it would reject an organ donation that had the wrong blood type. All of this noise was just completely foreign to who I was-or, more appropriately, who I had become. A few hours before, I had been orbiting Earth, seeing our planet from space, flying the most amazing machine ever built by human hands, working with a team that was the absolute success of human. And now here in my room watching what was being sold as news, and with my newfound perspective, I just could not stomach it. My worldview was changed forever in a profound (深刻的) way.

The biggest change by far and the one for which I will always be most grateful is this big-picture perspective. That will stick with me for the rest of my life.

Whenever I feel the pressure of modern life, the stress about work, or worry about the future, I remember my time in the space station. Back to seeing the sun set. Or watching our galaxy rise on the horizon. Or seeing a sea of lightning flash a hundred times a second. Or simply back to floating weightlessly.

When I'm there in my mind and realize how many billions of these beautiful sunsets there have been and will be in the future, the cares of the world just don't seem that pressing. It goes that, "Do not worry about tomorrow, for tomorrow will worry about itself." Living daily life down here on the planet is so much better with this attitude!

21. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the underlined word stomach in paragraph 2?

- A. Access.                      B. Attend.                      C. Accept.                      D. Afford.

22. What is the most important change to the writer?

- A. He has a broader view of the world.  
B. He doesn't like watching TV any more.  
C. He will always be most grateful for everything.  
D. He can fly the most amazing machine by hands

23. What attitude to life does the writer tend to have?

- A. A caged bird longs for clouds.                      B. Live in the present moment.  
C. Let bygones be bygones.                      D. Time works great changes.

B

On a bright summer morning, many young swimmers gather at a local swimming pool in the state of Maryland. They are members of a competitive summer swim team. As they practice their strokes and cut seconds off of their times, they are getting lots of physical exercise and vitamin D

from the sun. However, the benefits of belonging to a sports team are not just health-related. Team sports also help to build many life skills.

The coach of the swim team is Paul Waas. He explains how swim team teaches the team members skills like discipline (纪律) and focus. "I think the discipline comes into play when you're talking about focusing on the details that your coaches are saying as it makes you faster rather than just going up and down the pool the same way you have every time. So, when you can focus on what you're doing right and what you can do better, then you'll see the improvement. I think they see that from their peers and then it challenges them to do better themselves."

But discipline and focus are just two of the life skills that team sports can teach. There is also responsibility, goal-setting and working within a group.

Again, here is Coach Waas. "I've had kids who, as 7-year-olds on the team, could barely pay attention in practice and were only interested in who was going first. And now they've come back as 8-year-olds and they've set some goals. And now they have things that they want to achieve. They see the record board and they want their name up there."

These life skills can help a child later in life. An article published in the magazine *Fast Company* notes reasons why a company should consider employing former athletes. The writers argue that people who played sports in school are: focused on goals, strong communicators, team players, good at managing their time, and resilient—meaning they do not give up when things get difficult.

Some studies have found that team sports could be especially good for women. A series of studies by the company Ernst & Young found that 90 percent of women in so-called "C-suite" positions (like chief executive officer, or CEO and chief financial officer, or CFO) at several major companies had played sports.

24. What can we infer from paragraph 1?

- A. Bright summer mornings are perfect for swimming.
- B. Swimming can be beneficial to us more than in health.
- C. Being admitted to a swimming team can be competitive.
- D. Being on a sports team benefits children in many aspects.

25. Which of the following will Paul Waas agree with?

- A. Stress from peers makes kids discouraged.
- B. Kids may get inspired by peers' improvements.
- C. Kids can make improvements once they join a team.
- D. 7-year-old kids in the swimming team can learn nothing.

26. The author wrote the passage to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. analyze an upsetting social problem
- B. advocate taking up various team sports
- C. appeal to readers to care for sports safety
- D. share with readers his personal experiences

### C

Garbage sorting has become a hot issue around China, especially after Shanghai began carrying out a regulation on July 1.

Beijing, as a forerunner in environmental protection, has thus been expected to follow suit. The capital of the country has long been campaigning for sorting and recycling household waste, as part of its environmental drive for sustainable growth, local media reported.

The current regulation gives garbage sorting responsibilities to government departments, property management groups and other organizations. It also gives rules for companies, outlining how they're responsible for waste collection, transportation and treatment. Only individuals are not subject to responsibilities.

The long-awaited revision will soon change the situation, "Taking out the trash without sorting it properly will be illegal," said Sun Xinjun, director of the Beijing Commission of Urban Management. In Shanghai, violators are now fined up to 200 yuan (\$30) for trash-sorting violations. The maximum fine in Beijing will not be less than that, he said.

The Beijing city government first set out to promote garbage sorting in 2009. Authorities have since called on citizens to sort their household waste into four types-recyclable waste, kitchen trash, dangerous waste and others-and leave it in a corresponding dustbin or trash can. Blue-colored dustbins signify items within are recyclable, green represents kitchen trash, red corresponds to dangerous materials and grey to other waste.

To promote the awareness of garbage sorting and expand the base of participants, authorities have employed workers to help residents on the spot. With intelligent devices, those who throw in recyclable waste at given sites will be rewarded with bonus points, which can be used to buy daily goods. At some communities, there are no color-coded dustbins. Instead, a scheduled garbage collection service is offered to help improve the environment. In other communities, workers offer a door-to-door service to collect recyclables or kitchen waste.

Beijing Environmental Sanitation Engineering Group has been promoting new garbage sorting facilities such as recycling cabinets and smart kitchen waste trash cans since 2016, Xinhua News Agency reported. Nearly 26,000 metric tons of household waste is generated across Beijing on a daily basis and 29 terminal garbage disposal facilities are working at full capacity. Nearly 9.3 million tons of household waste was processed in the city last year.

27. According to the passage, which dustbins should some used coke cans be thrown into?

- A. Grey-colored dustbins.
- B. Red-colored dustbins.
- C. Green-colored dustbins.
- D. Blue-colored dustbins.

28. We can learn from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. new technology has been applied to help deal with garbage
- B. Beijing carried out a more severe rule on garbage sorting than Shanghai
- C. the change of the current regulation has aroused objection among citizens
- D. the amount of household waste in Beijing is far from something disturbing

29. What is the best title for the text?

- A. How to Sort Garbage in China
- B. The Current Regulation in Beijing
- C. Garbage Collection in Beijing
- D. Waste Recycling Project Counts

30. The passage can be sorted as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a book review
- B. a travel brochure
- C. an environment report
- D. a geography essay

第二节（共5个小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

You may have grown up living with lots of siblings, or this may be your first time sharing your living space with someone else. 31 Follow these tips to make sure you and your roommate keep things pleasant and supportive throughout the year (or even years)!

Be clear about your expectations from the beginning. Do you know in advance that you hate it when someone hits the snooze button (贪睡闹铃) fifteen times every morning? That you're a neat freak(怪人)? That you need ten minutes to yourself before talking to anyone after you wake up?

32 It's not fair to expect him or her to pick up on them right away, and communicating what you need is one of the best ways to avoid problems before they become problems.

Address problems when they're little. Is your roommate always forgetting her things for the shower, and taking yours? 33 Addressing things that annoy you while they're still little can help your roommate be aware of something she may not otherwise know. And addressing little things is much easier than addressing them after they've become big.

34 This may seem simple, but it's probably one of the biggest reasons why roommates experience conflict. Don't think he'll mind if you borrow his shoes for a quick soccer game? For all you know, you just stepped over an uncrossable line. Don't borrow, use, or take anything without getting permission first.

Be mindful of who you bring into your room-and how often. 35 But your roommate may not. Be mindful of how often you bring people over. If your roommate studies best in the quiet, and you study best in a group, can you alternate who hits the library and who gets the room?

- A. Be open to new ideas and experiences.
- B. Respect all the things that belong to your roommate.
- C. You may love having your study group into your room.
- D. Expect to learn, grow and change during the time in the college.
- E. Are your clothes being borrowed faster than you can wash them?
- F. Let your roommate know as soon as you can about your little preferences.
- G. Having a roommate can be both a challenge and a great part of your college experience.

### 第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

#### 第一节 完形填空 (共 20 个小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

We love letters. Just as John Donne, a poet, 36 it, "Letters, to me and my friends mean 37 greetings; they get souls together. Thanks to letters, friends who are 38 speak." He wrote these words nearly 400 years ago. Today, in the age of instant text message, social media, and email, they 39 ring truer than ever, because writing or receiving a letter has become such a 40 event.

A UK-wide survey undertaken by Sunday Times suggests that one in four of us has not 41 a letter for at least 10 years. That's ten years without the bitter-sweet 42 of pacing the floor waiting for the 43; ten years without recognizing the handwriting on the envelope and eagerly 44 the letter to read its content.

We 45 not get them any more, but we still love handwritten letters. In the same survey, one third of 46 people interviewed say that they 47 the content of sentimental (充满情感的) letters. Shouldn't we make 48 to give our friends and families what they will treasure forever? Ann Bickley went online in 2013 and offered to handwrite a letter to anyone who 49 her. Her website received 50,000 50 in its first three months. Five years later, she is still the main 51 behind one-million-lovely-letter. com and has personally written 4,000 letters offering hope and 52 to strangers.

The thought behind a letter 53 as much as its contents. "I never tell anyone that 54 is going to be OK," Ann Bickley says, "I am letting someone know that there is someone in the world who 55 them."

Who wouldn't love to receive a letter like that? Let's get writing!

- |                    |                |                  |                |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 36. A. made        | B. put         | C. helped        | D. managed     |
| 37. A. rather than | B. less than   | C. more than     | D. other than  |
| 38. A. absent      | B. active      | C. amused        | D. admirable   |
| 39. A. also        | B. yet         | C. already       | D. still       |
| 40. A. popular     | B. common      | C. rare          | D. simple      |
| 41. A. received    | B. sent        | C. written       | D. rejected    |
| 42. A. success     | B. pleasure    | C. concern       | D. calmness    |
| 43. A. engineer    | B. doctor      | C. police        | D. postman     |
| 44. A. seizing     | B. tearing     | C. hiding        | D. carrying    |
| 45. A. can         | B. must        | C. may           | D. shall       |
| 46. A. American    | B. Chinese     | C. Australian    | D. British     |
| 47. A. forget      | B. change      | C. remember      | D. notice      |
| 48. A. money       | B. room        | C. history       | D. time        |
| 49. A. contacted   | B. interviewed | C. consulted     | D. admired     |
| 50. A. guests      | B. visitors    | C. friends       | D. partners    |
| 51. A. force       | B. strength    | C. source        | D. energy      |
| 52. A. effort      | B. comfort     | C. surprise      | D. experience  |
| 53. A. educates    | B. guides      | C. matters       | D. rewards     |
| 54. A. nothing     | B. anything    | C. something     | D. everything  |
| 55. A. looks after | B. cares about | C. struggles for | D. agrees with |

## 第II卷（非选择题）

**注意：**将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。

第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分45分）

第二节（10个小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

Located on the island of Pemba, Vanta Resort is a remote and luxurious hotel, famed for its unique underwater room that allows guests to enjoy the 56 (beauty) marine life of the Indian Ocean from the comfort of their bed!

The unusual room floats almost 250 meters away from the coast and 57 (hold) in place by several anchoring lines(锚索)leading to the ocean floor. The top two floors of the underwater room are above the surface of the water. At sea level, the landing deck (甲板) in 58 middle contains an area for resting and dining as well as the bathroom facilities. 59 (guest) can also climb a ladder onto the top deck to lay out 60 the sun or gaze up at the stars during the night.

Of course, the real attraction is the bedroom on the bottom level, 61 sits four meters beneath the surface of the water. Besides a double bed 62 (lie) on, the room also has two large windows on each wall, 63 (give) almost total 360-degree view of the water around it. Each window even has underwater spotlights on the outside that attract and illuminate (照明) nearby sea creatures at night, so guests can watch them as they drift off to sleep.

As you can 64 (probable) guess, the cost to enjoy such a hotel room isn't cheap. Spending one night in the underwater room costs US \$1,500 for two people on top of the regular cost of the resort, which 65 (vary) depending on the time of year and duration of your stay.

#### 第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

##### 第一节 应用文写作 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华, 暑期在英国旅游时得到当地导游 Mr. Smith 的悉心照顾, 回国后给他写一封邮件表达谢意。

主要内容: 1. 回忆旅行中美好时光; 2. 遇到的困难和帮助; 3. 邀请他来中国旅游。

注意: 1. 词数 80 左右; 2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

##### 第二节 读后续写 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据所给情节进行续写, 使之构成一个完整的故事。

#### Rescue

Dawn came slowly. A shaft of sunlight reached into the 4-meter-deep crater (弹坑), making the metal of the bomb shine. The boys were numb and tight, and hungry. They tried not to look at the huge shape of the bomb that appeared over them.

Harry suddenly opened his eyes and seized Jack's arm. "Listen!" he whispered. Jack's eye widened instantly, and both boys strained their ears. They could hear a man talking softly. The voice seemed a long way off. Jack went to shout, but Harry clamped his hand over Jack's mouth. "Don't shout," he hissed (发出嘘声), "We'll be blown into pieces."

The soft voice came nearer and nearer. Suddenly, an army captain appeared at the top of crater. He was talking to a mouthpiece (话筒) around his neck. He stopped talking when he saw the boys. "What the..." he said, "Who are you?" Harry found his voice, "Jack and Harry Brown." "Is that dog dead?" asked the captain. "No, he's sleeping," said Harry.

The captain spoke into the mouthpiece again, "Sergeant (中士)," he said, stopped and took a breath before he went on. "There are two kids and a dog down here." Then the captain crouched down and stared closely at the bomb. "Don't move and don't speak," he said, "or we'll all go up." He began talking quietly to his sergeant.

Jack and Harry were too stiff to move. They held Raf, the dog, tightly and waited. Another man appeared at the top of the crater. "I thought so," he said, "It's them all right."

"It's Old Tin Hat!" whispered Jack. Old Tin Hat was carrying a ladder. He and the captain lowered the ladder into the loose earth next to the two boys. "Keep still," the captain warned them. As the captain held on at the top, Old Tin Hat started to come down the ladder very slowly, very gently, step by step. At last, he reached the bottom, and with one movement, he lifted Jack on his back. Harry watched as Jack was carried up. It seemed to take an age.

注意: 1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右;

2. 应使用 5 个以上短文中标有下划线的关键词语;

3. 续写部分分为两段, 每段开头语已为你写好;

4. 续写完成后, 请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语。

#### Paragraph 1:

*With a sudden fall of earth, Old Tin Hat froze halfway up.* \_\_\_\_\_

#### Paragraph 2:

*Old Tin Hat pulled Harry onto his back, carrying Raf under his arm.* \_\_\_\_\_

# 2019 学年金丽衢十二校高三第一次联考

## 英语参考答案

### 一、听力（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

1-5 BCBCA          6-10 BACBA          11-15 CBCAB          16-20 ABACB

### 二、阅读理解（第一节 10 小题，每小题 2.5 分；第二节 5 小题；每小题 2 分。满分 35 分）

21-23 CAB          24-26 DBB          27-30 DACC          31-35 GFEB

### 三、语言运用

#### 第一节完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

36-40 BCADC          41-45 ABDBC          46-50 DCDAB          51-55 ABCDB

#### 第二节语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

56. beautiful          57. is held          58. the          59. Guests          60. in  
61. which          62. to lie          63. giving          64. probably          65. varies

### 四、书面表达

#### 第一节应用文写作（满分 15 分）

##### One possible version:

Dear Smith,

I'm writing to express my heartfelt gratitude for your help while I was traveling in England during summer vacation.

It is your detailed and humorous introduction that enables me to have a deeper insight into British culture and have a wonderful time there. I am also deeply impressed by your sincere help to get me some medicine when I caught a cold and your perfect advice in choosing gifts for my family.

Thanks again for all your efforts! I do hope someday you'll come to China and let me show you around my hometown.

Yours,

Lihua

#### 第二节：读后续写（满分 25 分）

##### One possible version:

*With a sudden fall of earth, Old Tin Hat froze halfway up. Harry gasped with terror but luckily the ladder was steady. Old Tin Hat started up again. No sooner had he got to the top than hands reached out and Jack disappeared. Again down the ladder came Old Tin Hat, gently and cautiously. Eventually, he joined Harry and Raf. Though he suggested that dog went last, Harry insisted that they would be together.*

*Old Tin Hat puled Harry onto his back, carrying Raf under his arm. Old Tin Hat started to climb the ladder for the second time. The weight of the boy and the dog made him gasp. With great efforts, they came to the top of the crater. Everybody was rescued! A faint cheer rose from a long way off. A group of people crowded behind the barrier. And there was Mom! Harry rushed over, hugging his mom tightly. Later, news came that the bomb was taken away, safe.*

## 听力部分录音稿

这是金丽衢十二校联考英语考试听力部分。该部分分为第一、第二两节。

注意，回答听力部分时，请先将答案标在试卷上。听力部分结束前，你将有两分钟的时间将你的答案转涂到客观题答题卡上。

### 停顿 00'10"

请看听力部分第一节。

**第一节** 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

现在，你有 5 秒钟的时间阅读第 1 小题的相关内容。

#### Text 1

M: I'm arranging a meeting to discuss our prices. Is the 20th any good for you?

W: Sorry no. I can't do that or the following day. **What about the 22nd?**

M: It'll have to be. **We need to announce the new prices before the 23rd.**

#### Text 2

M: Dorothy, turn off that television and let's go. The softball game starts in twenty minutes.

W: Just a second. I want to find out who won the race.

M: What race? A marathon?

W: **It's kind of a marathon, but for swimmers.**

#### Text 3

W: I'm so tired. **I spent all last night thinking about the graduation speech I have to give in a couple of days.**

M: Come on, you'll be fine. And it's an exciting opportunity to speak before the whole school.

#### Text 4

M: Hey Susan, can you take a look at this copy machine? It's a new one. I can't turn it on.

W: I'm actually in the middle of something. **You may turn to Jim; he is free now.**

#### Text 5

M: Would you like a cup of coffee?

W: Yes, thanks. And put some sugar in it please.

M: Where did you put the sugar?

W: Isn't it in the cupboard?

#### Text 6

W: Mr. Fredriks, **I am really sorry but it seems the order is going to be late.**

M: Late? What...

W: It's just that something went wrong with the computer system last week and some of the orders were lost.

M: Lost?!What...

W: We've now recovered them and we're working very hard to complete them. So... we hope to have your order delivered next week. We are very grateful for your patience and to show you just how grateful we are, **we'd like to offer you a five percent discount on the whole shipment.**

M: **That's OK.** I suppose there is no other choice.

### Text 7

W: Unbelievable!

M: What? What's unbelievable?

W: The new hotel. **The paper says they're going to build a hotel here next to the seaside cottages.**

M: Oh, I heard about that from a friend. It's a new ComfortBreak hotel.

W: That's going to look ugly. I really love those seaside cottages. I used to come here on holiday with my parents when I was a child.

M: But it will bring some jobs, and it can hold more tourists.

W: It holds more tourists but not necessarily brings more, because **it doesn't match those beautiful seaside cottages.**

M: Maybe you can do a piece about it on the radio show. You know, **get someone from ComfortBreak to the show and tell us why they're spoiling a beautiful place with a big, ugly hotel.**

W: Good idea.

### Text 8

M: How was your trip to Brazil, Sue?

W: I liked it very much.

M: Why did you go there?

W: **I went to Sao Paulo to film some of the coffee plantations. It lasted two months.** And during filming I went to Rio de Janeiro on the coast to rest for a week. And I also visited my aunt Judy

M: You also visited Celia there, didn't you?

W: Celia's in Brazil? Oh, I thought she was still in New York.

M: She stayed in New York just for a month and then she was moved to Brazil. **But she will go to London next year.**

### Text 9

M: In today's interview, I'm talking to Molly, a commercial airline pilot. Molly, did you always want to fly?

W: I did, yes. **My father worked in air traffic control so planes were always a topic of conversation in our house. At first, I wanted to do his job** but then there were a few holidays abroad by air. That's when I developed an interest in becoming professional pilot.

M: So how did you get started?

W: It wasn't easy. I did well at school and went to university. Actually, a degree isn't necessary for a pilot, but I wanted to have more advantage over others. **Then I spent a few years working in sales. It was boring but I needed to save enough money to go to training school to get my private pilot's license.** I then needed to do at least 150 hours of flying time.

M: And then six months ago you started to fly professionally?

W: Yes. I'm now a first officer. **I get to fly the plane for certain sections of journeys,** but it is up to the captain to decide who will fly which sections before we take off.

M: Hmm. So where does your career go from here?

W: The next step is senior first officer. **That will allow me to fly to more airports and under different weather conditions.** Eventually, I can apply to become a captain.

### Text 10

**W: Jessica Watson who was born in 1993 became the youngest person to sail non-stop around the world alone in 2010.** The journey took seven months. During that time she went through heavy storms and had to do repair on the boat herself as, according to the rules, she was not allowed to stop at any port halfway or receive anything that another person gave her. **She was inspired to make the voyage after reading a book written by the previous record holder Jesse Martin,** who sailed around the world at the age of 18. Since completing her voyage, Jesse has written her own book called True Spirit.

**Jordan Romero, born in 1996, became the youngest person to climb Mount Qomolangma at the age of 14.** He was accompanied on the climb by his father. He was inspired to achieve it after seeing a painting at his school which showed the seven continents' highest peaks.

**The parents of both Jessica and Jordan have received criticism for allowing their children to put themselves in danger.** One sixteen-year-old girl called Janet Gordon lost five fingers from frostbite while attempting to climb Qomolangma two years before Jordan and a Dutch court took a girl away from her parents and put her into state care to stop her attempt to beat Jessica's record.